

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Mar 25, 2024 – 10:07 pm GMT

PDB ID : 8PF3

Title : Crystal structure of Trypanosoma brucei trypanothione reductase in complex

with 1-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-4-(((5-((4-fluorophenethyl)carbamoyl)furan-2-yl)

methyl)(4-fluorophenyl)carbamoyl)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)piperazin-1-ium

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Deposited on : 2023-06-15

Resolution : 2.15 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS: 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

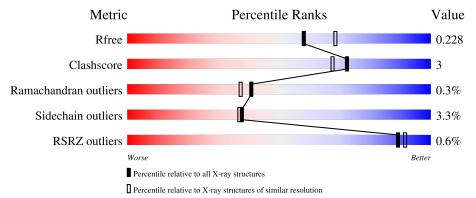
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.15 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	1479 (2.16-2.16)
Clashscore	141614	1585 (2.16-2.16)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1560 (2.16-2.16)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1559 (2.16-2.16)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1456 (2.16-2.16)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	495	88%	10%	
1	В	495	87%	11%	
1	С	495	89%	9%	
1	D	495	90%	9%	



The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	YJ6	A	502	-	-	-	X
3	YJ6	В	502	-	-	-	X
3	YJ6	С	502	-	-	-	X
4	PEG	A	504	-	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 16115 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Trypanothione reductase.

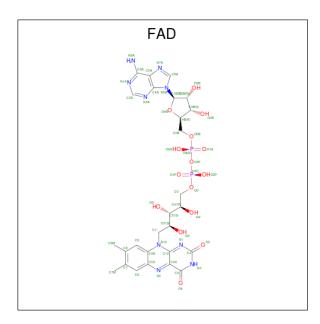
Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	489	Total	С	N	О	S	0	10	0
1	A	409	3790	2412	649	708	21	0	10	U
1	В	489	Total	С	N	О	S	6	14	0
1	Ъ	409	3795	2419	644	712	20	0	14	0
1	С	486	Total	С	N	О	S	5	6	0
1		400	3731	2377	636	699	19		0	0
1	D	490	Total	С	N	О	S	0	5	0
1	ש	490	3751	2388	638	705	20		0	

There are 12 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A3L6KZJ1
A	-1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP A0A3L6KZJ1
A	0	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A3L6KZJ1
В	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A3L6KZJ1
В	-1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP A0A3L6KZJ1
В	0	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A3L6KZJ1
С	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A3L6KZJ1
С	-1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP A0A3L6KZJ1
С	0	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A3L6KZJ1
D	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A3L6KZJ1
D	-1	SER	_	expression tag	UNP A0A3L6KZJ1
D	0	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A3L6KZJ1

• Molecule 2 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula: $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$).

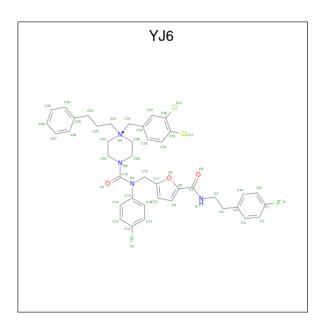




Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	٨	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
2	A	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	0
2	В	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
2	Б	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	0
2	C	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
2		1	53	27	9	15	2	U	0
2	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	ש	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	

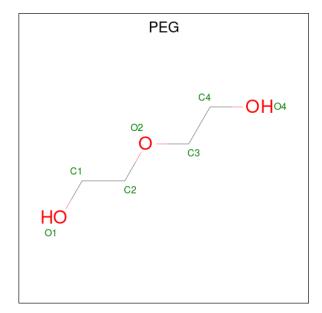
• Molecule 3 is 4-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl]- {N}-(4-fluorophenyl)- {N}-[[5-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethylcarbamoyl]furan-2-yl]methyl]-4-(3-phenylpropyl)-1,4\$l^{4}-diazinane-1-carboxamid e (three-letter code: YJ6) (formula: $C_{41}H_{41}Cl_2F_2N_4O_3$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	С	Cl	F	N	Ο	0	0
	11	1	52	41	2	2	4	3	O	U
3	В	1	Total	\mathbf{C}	Cl	F	N	Ο	0	0
	D	1	52	41	2	2	4	3	O	U
3	C	1	Total	\mathbf{C}	Cl	F	N	Ο	0	0
		1	52	41	2	2	4	3	U	U
3	D	1	Total	С	Cl	F	N	О	0	0
3	ש	1	52	41	2	2	4	3		

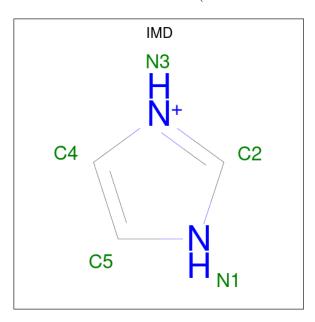
 $\bullet \ \ Molecule\ 4 \ is\ DI(HYDROXYETHYL)ETHER\ (three-letter\ code:\ PEG)\ (formula:\ C_4H_{10}O_3).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
4	С	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
4	D	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 5 is IMIDAZOLE (three-letter code: IMD) (formula: $\mathrm{C_3H_5N_2}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	В	1	Total C 5 3	N 2	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

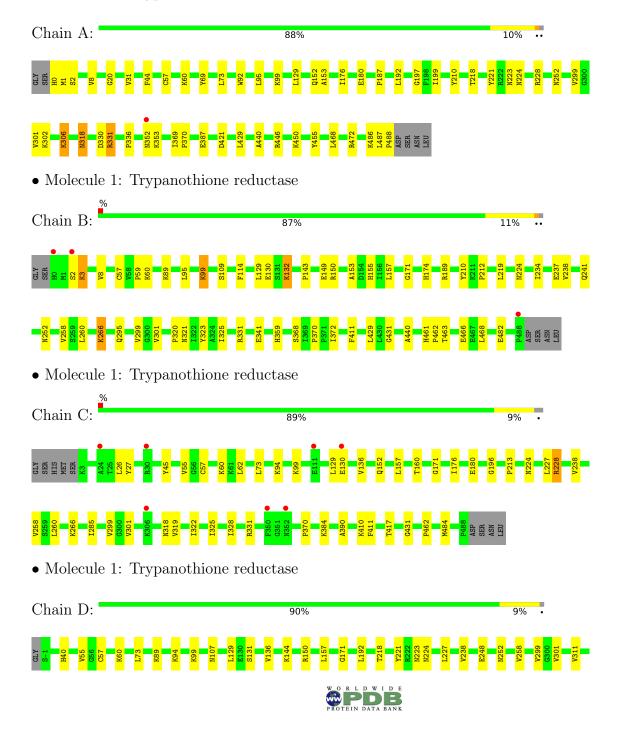
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	178	Total O 178 178	0	0
6	В	141	Total O 141 141	0	0
6	С	110	Total O 110 110	0	0
6	D	166	Total O 166 166	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Trypanothione reductase







4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	100.70Å 63.74Å 170.10Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 97.75° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	168.54 - 2.15	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	168.54 - 2.15	EDS
% Data completeness	99.6 (168.54-2.15)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.7 (168.54-2.15)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.21 (at 2.14Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0267	Depositor
D D.	0.179 , 0.224	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.186 , 0.228	DCC
R_{free} test set	5804 reflections (4.96%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	38.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.051	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.29 , 28.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.51, < L^2>=0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	16115	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	44.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 9.46% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FAD, IMD, YJ6, PEG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.69	0/3891	0.85	1/5272~(0.0%)	
1	В	0.69	0/3913	0.84	0/5304	
1	С	0.71	0/3827	0.82	0/5188	
1	D	0.70	0/3845	0.85	$2/5215 \ (0.0\%)$	
All	All	0.70	0/15476	0.84	3/20979 (0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	D	150	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.40	117.60	120.30
1	D	150	ARG	CB-CA-C	5.24	120.87	110.40
1	A	455	TYR	CA-CB-CG	5.13	123.15	113.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3790	0	3826	36	0
1	В	3795	0	3845	29	0
1	С	3731	0	3767	19	0
1	D	3751	0	3779	18	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	53	0	31	0	0
2	В	53	0	31	0	0
2	С	53	0	31	0	0
2	D	53	0	31	0	0
3	A	52	0	0	3	0
3	В	52	0	0	2	0
3	С	52	0	0	3	0
3	D	52	0	0	2	0
4	A	14	0	20	9	0
4	С	7	0	10	2	0
4	D	7	0	10	0	0
5	В	5	0	5	0	0
6	A	178	0	0	6	0
6	В	141	0	0	2	0
6	С	110	0	0	2	0
6	D	166	0	0	2	0
All	All	16115	0	15386	106	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 106 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
		$\operatorname{distance} (\text{\AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:199:ILE:H	4:A:504:PEG:H32	1.26	1.00
3:D:502:YJ6:C21	3:D:502:YJ6:C33	2.42	0.97
1:B:320:PRO:O	1:B:321[B]:ASN:ND2	2.03	0.89
1:A:336:PRO:HG3	3:B:502:YJ6:CL1	2.22	0.77
1:D:224[A]:ASN:HD22	1:D:252:ASN:HD21	1.32	0.77

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



The Analysed column shows the r	number of residu	ues for which	the backbone	conformation	was
analysed, and the total number of	residues.				

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	$496/495 \; (100\%)$	485 (98%)	11 (2%)	0	100	100
1	В	501/495 (101%)	481 (96%)	17 (3%)	3 (1%)	25	18
1	С	490/495~(99%)	471 (96%)	17 (4%)	2 (0%)	34	29
1	D	$493/495 \; (100\%)$	480 (97%)	11 (2%)	2 (0%)	34	29
All	All	1980/1980 (100%)	1917 (97%)	56 (3%)	7 (0%)	41	29

5 of 7 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	2[A]	SER
1	В	2[B]	SER
1	В	132	LYS
1	D	481	GLY
1	С	45	TYR

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	\mathbf{ntiles}
1	A	$412/407 \; (101\%)$	397 (96%)	15 (4%)	35	33
1	В	$416/407\ (102\%)$	403 (97%)	13 (3%)	40	39
1	С	$405/407\ (100\%)$	388 (96%)	17 (4%)	30	28
1	D	$408/407 \; (100\%)$	393 (96%)	15 (4%)	34	32
All	All	1641/1628 (101%)	1581 (96%)	60 (4%)	38	32

5 of 60 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	57	CYS
1	D	335	THR
1	С	213	PRO

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	331	ARG
1	D	485	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 11 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	152	GLN
1	С	318	ASN
1	D	107	ASN
1	С	359	HIS
1	В	174	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

13 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	$ ag{ths}$	В	ond ang	les
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	FAD	A	501	-	53,58,58	0.70	0	68,89,89	0.84	2 (2%)



Mal	Trino	Chain	Dag	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	FAD	D	501	-	53,58,58	0.63	0	68,89,89	0.82	2 (2%)
3	YJ6	D	502	-	54,57,57	0.70	1 (1%)	69,79,79	1.42	9 (13%)
4	PEG	A	504	-	6,6,6	0.08	0	5,5,5	0.27	0
3	YJ6	A	502	-	54,57,57	0.67	2 (3%)	69,79,79	1.01	6 (8%)
2	FAD	В	501	-	53,58,58	0.65	0	68,89,89	0.84	2 (2%)
3	YJ6	С	502	-	54,57,57	0.71	2 (3%)	69,79,79	1.18	6 (8%)
5	IMD	В	503	-	3,5,5	0.26	0	4,5,5	0.64	0
2	FAD	С	501	-	53,58,58	0.64	0	68,89,89	0.81	1 (1%)
4	PEG	D	503	-	6,6,6	0.19	0	5,5,5	0.16	0
3	YJ6	В	502	-	54,57,57	0.65	1 (1%)	69,79,79	1.33	6 (8%)
4	PEG	A	503	-	6,6,6	0.62	0	5,5,5	0.47	0
4	PEG	С	503	-	6,6,6	0.24	0	5,5,5	0.22	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	FAD	A	501	-	-	4/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
2	FAD	D	501	-	-	3/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
3	YJ6	D	502	-	-	11/34/50/50	0/6/6/6
4	PEG	A	504	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
3	YJ6	A	502	-	-	20/34/50/50	1/6/6/6
2	FAD	В	501	-	-	4/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
3	YJ6	С	502	-	-	14/34/50/50	0/6/6/6
5	IMD	В	503	-	-	-	0/1/1/1
2	FAD	С	501	-	-	4/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
4	PEG	D	503	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
3	YJ6	В	502	-	-	18/34/50/50	0/6/6/6
4	PEG	A	503	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
4	PEG	С	503	-	-	1/4/4/4	-

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
3	A	502	YJ6	C10-C11	-3.53	1.34	1.39
3	С	502	YJ6	C10-C11	-3.48	1.34	1.39

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
3	D	502	YJ6	C10-C11	-3.24	1.35	1.39
3	В	502	YJ6	C10-C11	-3.10	1.35	1.39
3	С	502	YJ6	C12-C11	-2.41	1.49	1.51

The worst 5 of 34 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	В	502	YJ6	C20-C21-N4	5.87	115.17	108.75
3	D	502	YJ6	C20-C21-N4	5.31	114.55	108.75
3	D	502	YJ6	C12-C11-C10	4.56	136.49	129.06
3	В	502	YJ6	C12-C11-C10	4.23	135.96	129.06
3	С	502	YJ6	C39-C38-N4	4.06	113.19	108.75

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 86 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	502	YJ6	O3-C7-C8-C9
3	A	502	YJ6	N3-C19-N2-C13
3	A	502	YJ6	N2-C19-N3-C20
3	A	502	YJ6	N2-C19-N3-C39
3	A	502	YJ6	O1-C19-N3-C20

All (1) ring outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	502	YJ6	C20-C21-C38-C39-N3-N4

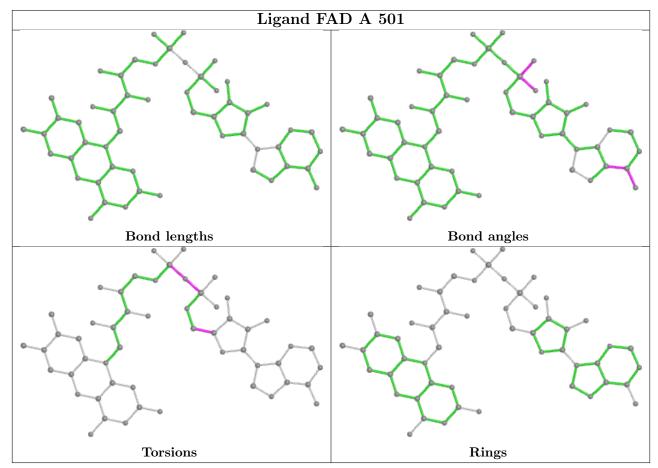
7 monomers are involved in 21 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	D	502	YJ6	2	0
4	A	504	PEG	7	0
3	A	502	YJ6	3	0
3	С	502	YJ6	3	0
3	В	502	YJ6	2	0
4	A	503	PEG	2	0
4	С	503	PEG	2	0

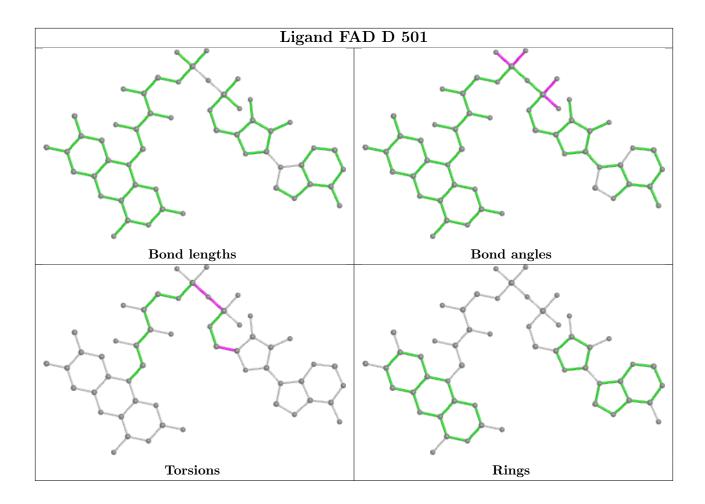
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will



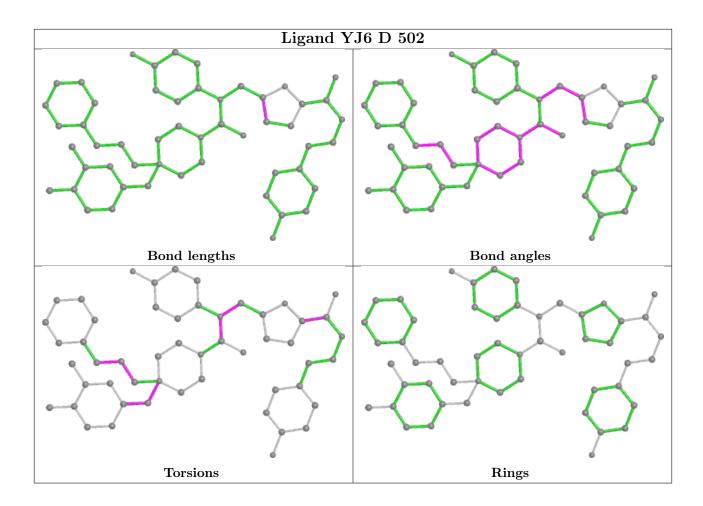
also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



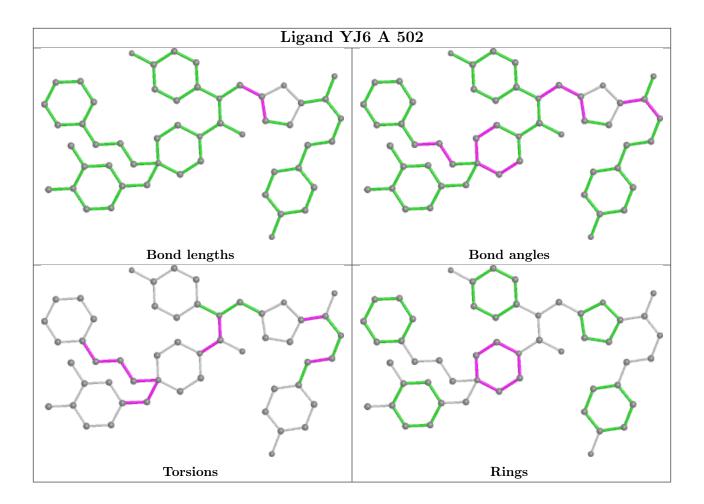




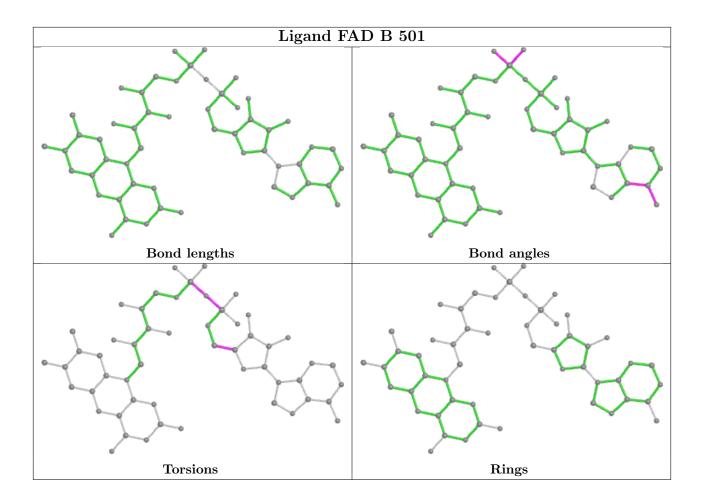




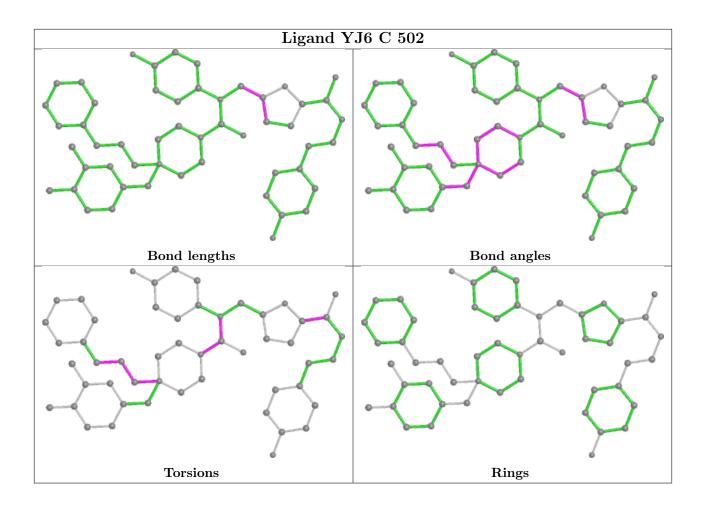




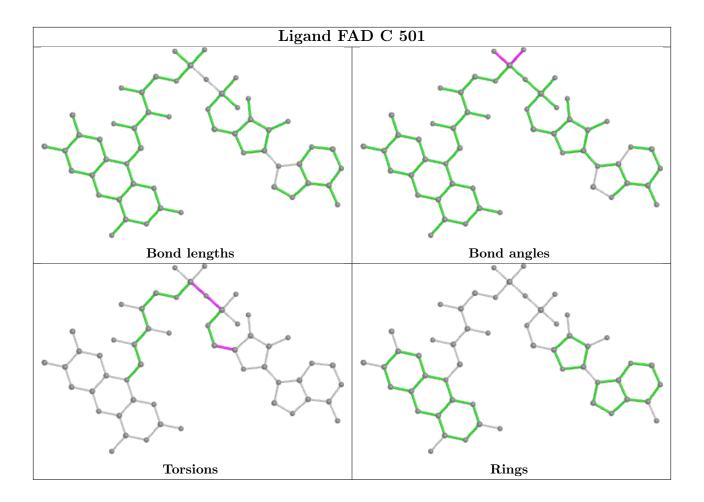




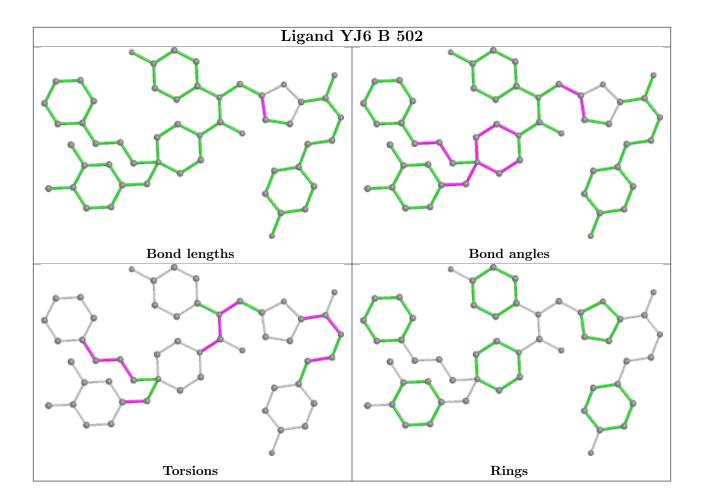












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	489/495 (98%)	-0.28	1 (0%) 95 96	25, 36, 56, 86	0
1	В	489/495 (98%)	-0.24	3 (0%) 89 91	27, 39, 64, 110	1 (0%)
1	С	486/495 (98%)	-0.04	7 (1%) 75 80	27, 45, 90, 123	1 (0%)
1	D	490/495 (98%)	-0.25	0 100 100	25, 39, 61, 95	0
All	All	1954/1980 (98%)	-0.21	11 (0%) 89 91	25, 39, 73, 123	2 (0%)

The worst 5 of 11 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	С	352	ASN	5.6
1	С	30	ARG	4.6
1	В	0	HIS	3.5
1	В	488	PRO	3.0
1	В	2[A]	SER	2.9

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

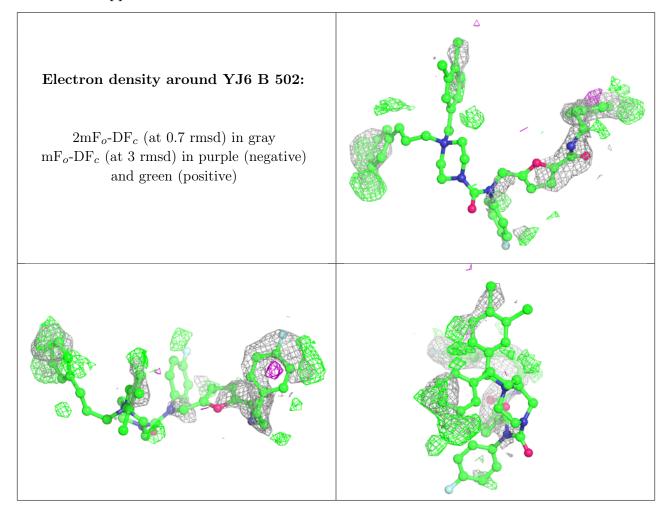
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	YJ6	В	502	52/52	0.47	0.58	53,123,156,159	52
3	YJ6	A	502	52/52	0.56	0.48	48,108,149,157	52
3	YJ6	D	502	52/52	0.66	0.40	72,155,213,222	0
5	IMD	В	503	5/5	0.66	0.24	79,82,89,90	0
3	YJ6	С	502	52/52	0.70	0.50	41,123,179,184	52
4	PEG	С	503	7/7	0.72	0.31	65,82,90,94	0
4	PEG	A	503	7/7	0.77	0.29	20,23,25,25	7
4	PEG	A	504	7/7	0.86	0.27	22,28,38,45	7
4	PEG	D	503	7/7	0.88	0.22	64,77,85,86	0
2	FAD	С	501	53/53	0.97	0.10	34,43,53,59	0
2	FAD	В	501	53/53	0.98	0.09	27,32,39,41	0
2	FAD	A	501	53/53	0.98	0.10	21,28,32,34	0
2	FAD	D	501	53/53	0.98	0.10	24,28,31,32	0

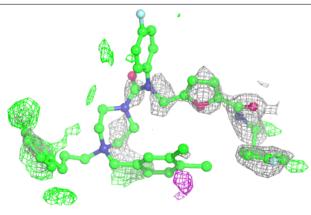
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

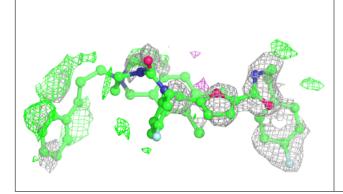




Electron density around YJ6 A 502:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

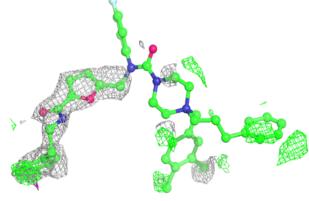


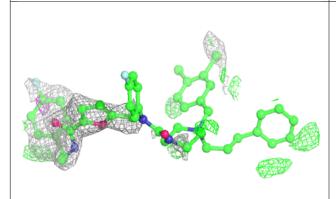


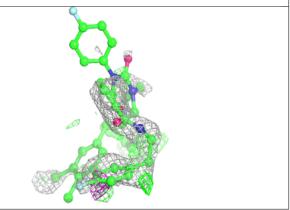


Electron density around YJ6 D 502:

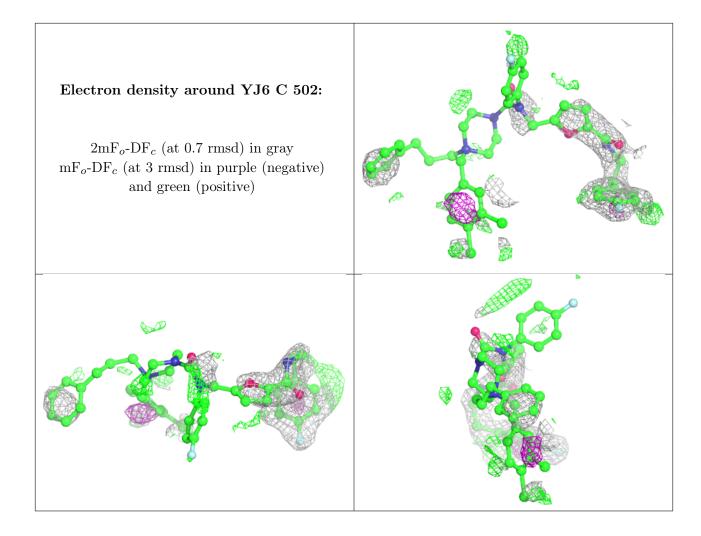
 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)







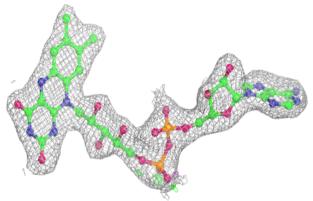


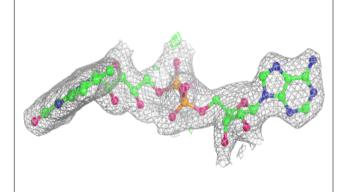


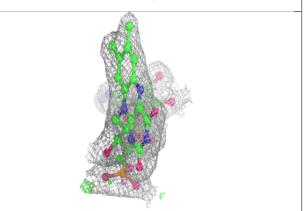


Electron density around FAD C 501:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

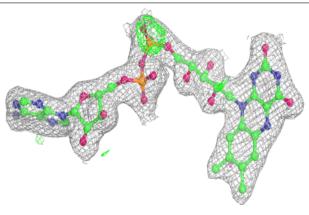


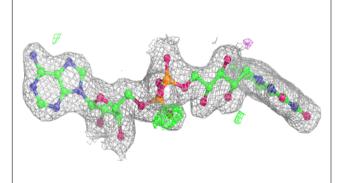


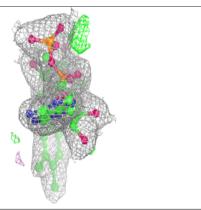


Electron density around FAD B 501:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



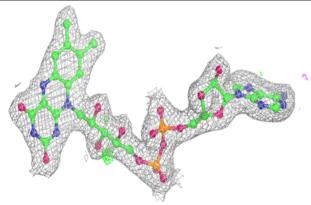


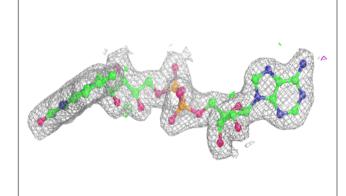


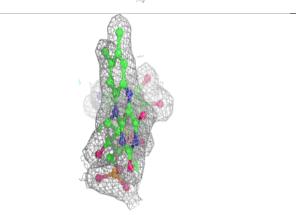


Electron density around FAD A 501:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

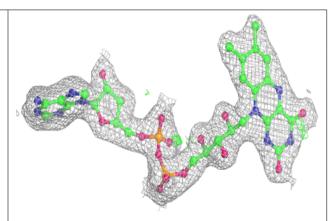


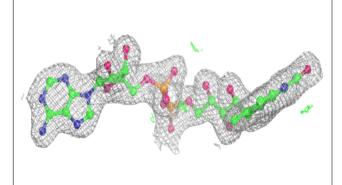


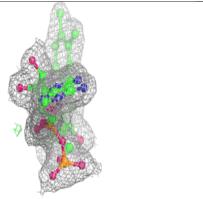


Electron density around FAD D 501:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

