

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Feb 21, 2022 – 07:05 pm GMT

PDB ID : 7ORK

EMDB ID : EMD-13040

Title: La Crosse virus polymerase in transcription mode with cleaved capped RNA

entering the polymerase active site

Authors: Arragain, B.; Durieux Trouilleton, Q.; Baudin, F.; Cusack, S.; Schoehn, G.;

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Deposited on : 2021-06-06

Resolution : 3.10 Å(reported)

Based on initial model : 6Z6G

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.0.dev97

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

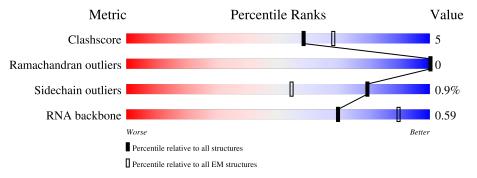
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.26

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$		
Clashscore	158937	4297		
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023		
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826		
RNA backbone	4643	859		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain					
1	A	2276	5%	82%			13% •		
2	Н	17		76%			24%	•	
3	Т	25		56%	8%	8%	28%		
4	Р	14	14%		86%				



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 18699 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called RNA-directed RNA polymerase L.

	\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues		Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
Ī	1	Λ	2182	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	
	1	А	2102	17799	11378	2974	3331	116	0	U	

There are 14 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	34	LYS	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP A5HC98
A	1032C	SER	-	insertion	UNP A5HC98
A	1032D	GLY	-	insertion	UNP A5HC98
A	1032E	TRP	-	insertion	UNP A5HC98
A	1032F	SER	-	insertion	UNP A5HC98
A	1032G	HIS	-	insertion	UNP A5HC98
A	1032H	PRO	-	insertion	UNP A5HC98
A	1032I	GLN	-	insertion	UNP A5HC98
A	1032J	PHE	-	insertion	UNP A5HC98
A	1032K	GLU	-	insertion	UNP A5HC98
A	1032L	LYS	-	insertion	UNP A5HC98
A	1032M	GLY	-	insertion	UNP A5HC98
A	1032N	SER	-	insertion	UNP A5HC98
A	1032O	GLY	-	insertion	UNP A5HC98

• Molecule 2 is a RNA chain called RNA (5'-R(P*AP*CP*GP*AP*GP*UP*GP*UP*CP*GP *UP*AP*CP*CP*AP*AP*G)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	\overline{oms}			AltConf	Trace
2	Н	17	Total 365	C 163		O 117	P 17	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a RNA chain called RNA (5'-R(P*AP*CP*UP*UP*GP*GP*UP*AP*GP*UP*AP*CP*UP*AP*CP*UP-3').



Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
3	Т	18	Total 379	C 170	N 64	O 127	P 18	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a RNA chain called RNA (5'-D(*(GTG))-R(P*A)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
4	Р	2	Total	C	11	0	P	0	0
			(4	31	15	24	4		

 \bullet Molecule 5 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
5	A	2	Total Mg 2 2	0

• Molecule 6 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
6	A	1	Total Zn 1 1	0

 \bullet Molecule 7 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3).$

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			AltConf
7	А	1	Total	С	N	O	Р	0
•		_	31	10	5	13	3	



• Molecule 8 is water.

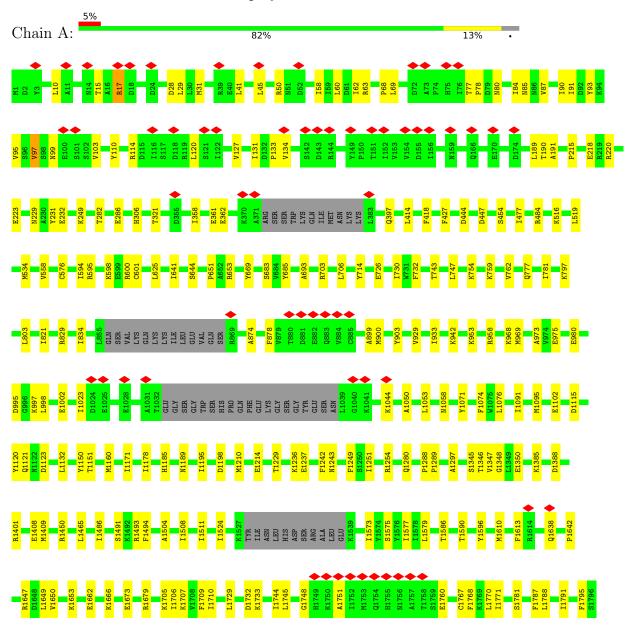
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
8	A	41	Total O 41 41	0
8	Н	4	Total O 4 4	0
8	Т	3	Total O 3 3	0



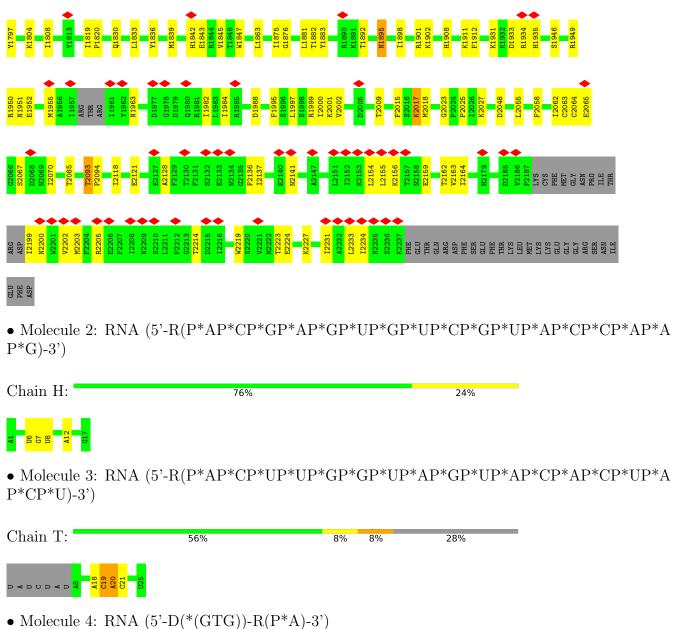
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: RNA-directed RNA polymerase L







• Molecule 4: RNA (5-D(*(G1G))-R(F*A)-5)

Chain P: 14% 86%



4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	76579	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	18000	Depositor
Magnification	130000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.025	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.010	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.001	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0035	Depositor
Map size (Å)	283.8, 283.8, 283.8	wwPDB
Map dimensions	440, 440, 440	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.645, 0.645, 0.645	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, ATP, GTG, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.32	0/18162	0.48	0/24495	
2	Н	0.36	0/408	0.67	0/634	
3	Т	0.26	0/422	0.67	0/654	
4	Р	0.17	0/24	0.58	0/35	
All	All	0.32	0/19016	0.49	0/25818	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	17799	0	17841	180	0
2	Н	365	0	185	0	0
3	Т	379	0	193	1	0
4	Р	74	0	38	2	0
5	A	2	0	0	0	0
6	A	1	0	0	0	0
7	A	31	0	12	0	0
8	A	41	0	0	0	0
8	Н	4	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	Т	3	0	0	0	0
All	All	18699	0	18269	181	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 181 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:2154:LEU:HD11	1:A:2199:ILE:HD12	1.61	0.82
1:A:2093:THR:HG23	1:A:2094:PRO:HD3	1.65	0.79
1:A:558:VAL:HG22	1:A:595:ARG:HG3	1.68	0.76
1:A:97:VAL:HG13	1:A:133:PRO:HD2	1.69	0.75
1:A:2136:PHE:HA	1:A:2141:ASN:HD22	1.55	0.72

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	$2168/2276\ (95\%)$	2099 (97%)	69 (3%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was



analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric Outlier		Percentiles	
1	A	2011/2097 (96%)	1992 (99%)	19 (1%)	78 91	

5 of 19 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	2163	VAL
1	A	2202	VAL
1	A	2203	MET
1	A	2200	ASN
1	A	1988	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	2225	ASN
1	A	2169	HIS
1	A	2134	ASN
1	A	1895	ASN
1	A	2141	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
2	Н	16/17 (94%)	4 (25%)	0
3	Т	17/25 (68%)	4 (23%)	0
4	Р	0/14	-	-
All	All	33/56 (58%)	8 (24%)	0

5 of 8 RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	Н	6	U
2	Н	7	G
2	Н	8	U
2	Н	12	A
3	Т	18	A

There are no RNA pucker outliers to report.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	$ ag{ths}$	В	ond ang	les
WIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	$\mid \# Z > 2 \mid$
7	ATP	A	2304	5	26,33,33	0.64	0	31,52,52	0.74	1 (3%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	ATP	A	2304	5	-	7/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
7	A	2304	ATP	C5-C6-N6	2.31	123.86	120.35

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 torsion outliers are listed below:



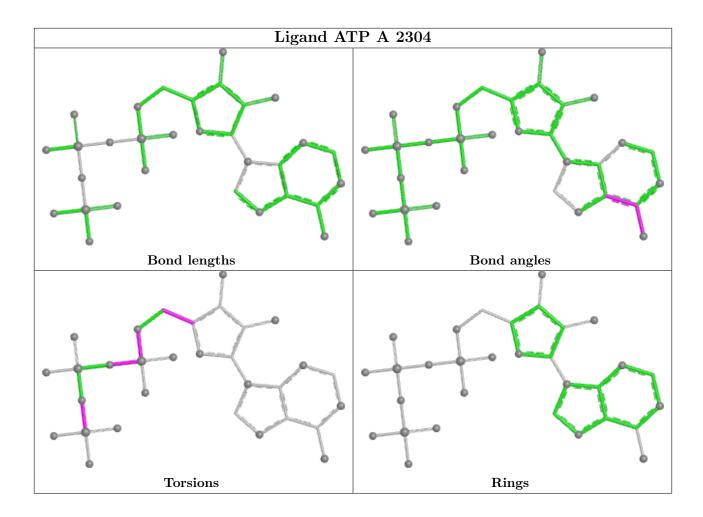
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	A	2304	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
7	A	2304	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
7	A	2304	ATP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
7	A	2304	ATP	PB-O3A-PA-O5'
7	A	2304	ATP	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



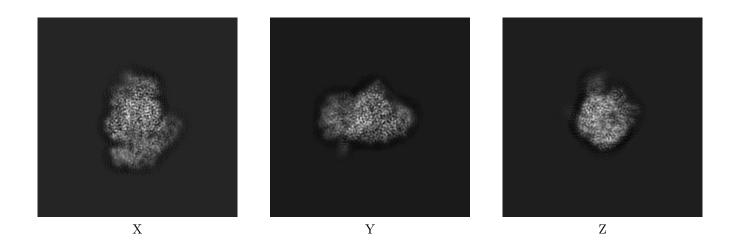
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-13040. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

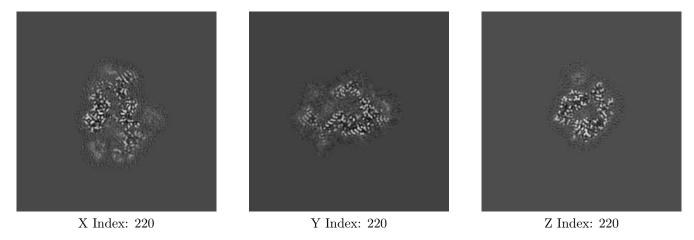
6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map

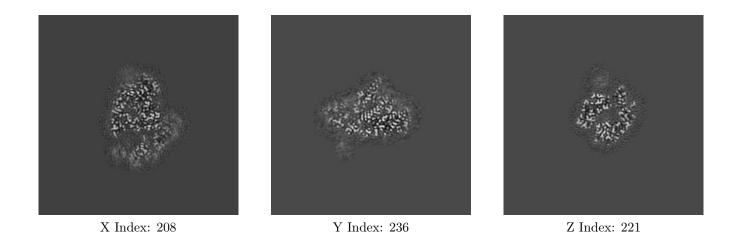




The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

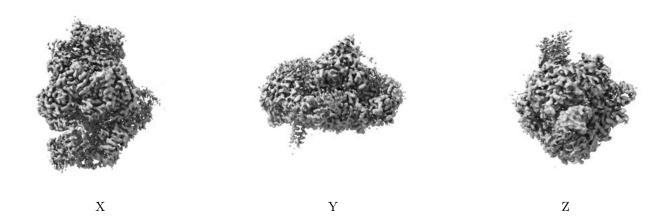
6.3.1 Primary map



The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0035. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.



6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

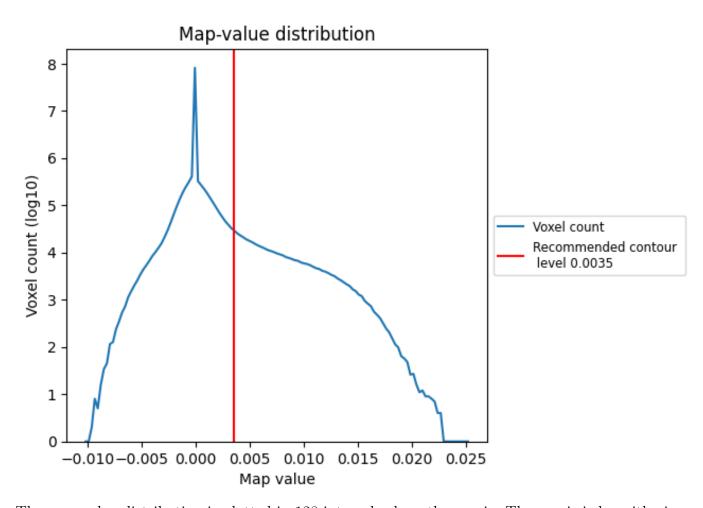
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

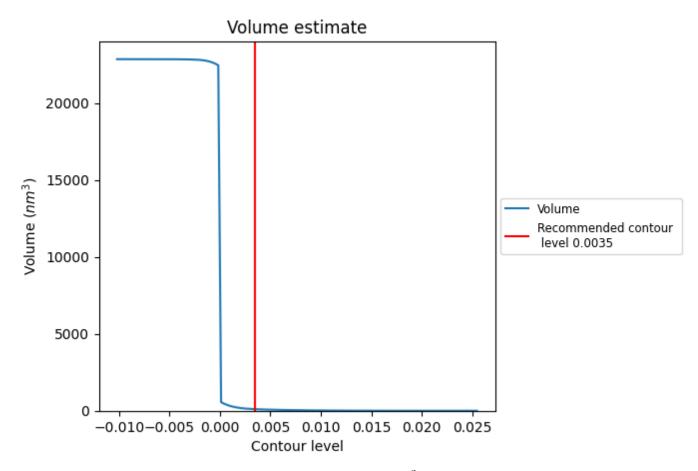
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

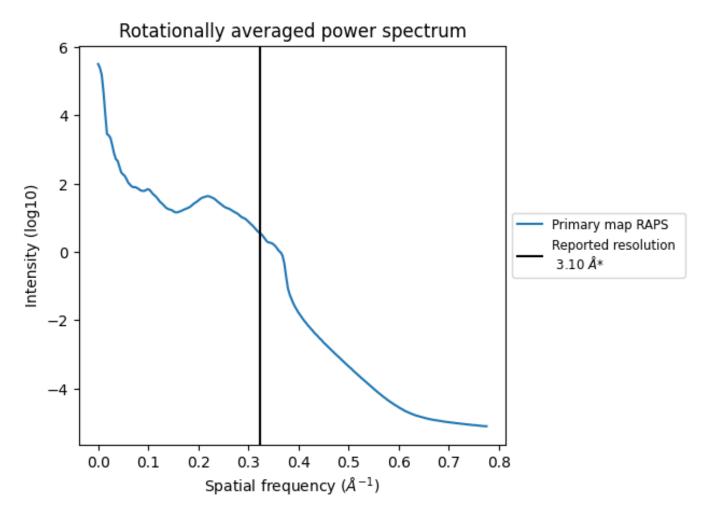


The volume at the recommended contour level is $104~\mathrm{nm}^3$; this corresponds to an approximate mass of $94~\mathrm{kDa}$.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



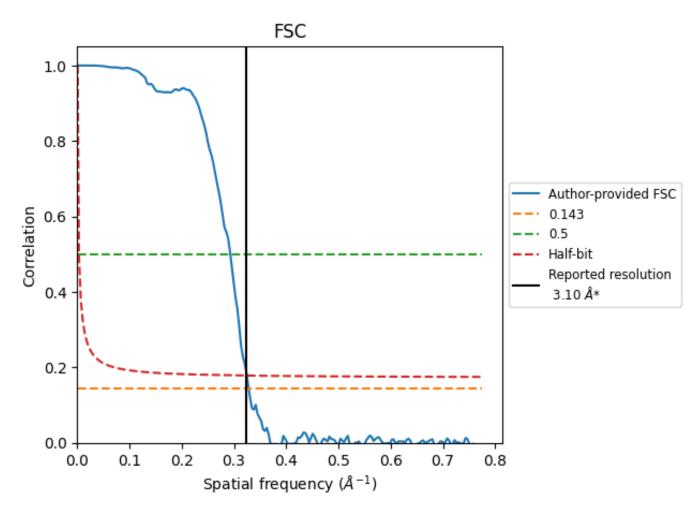
^{*}Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.323 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.323 $\rm \AA^{-1}$



8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)			
resolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit	
Reported by author	3.10	-	-	
Author-provided FSC curve	3.05	3.41	3.08	
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-	

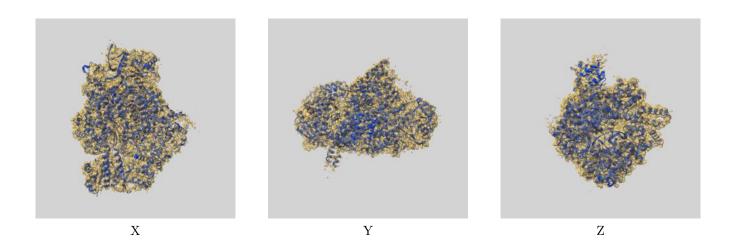
^{*}Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-13040 and PDB model 7ORK. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

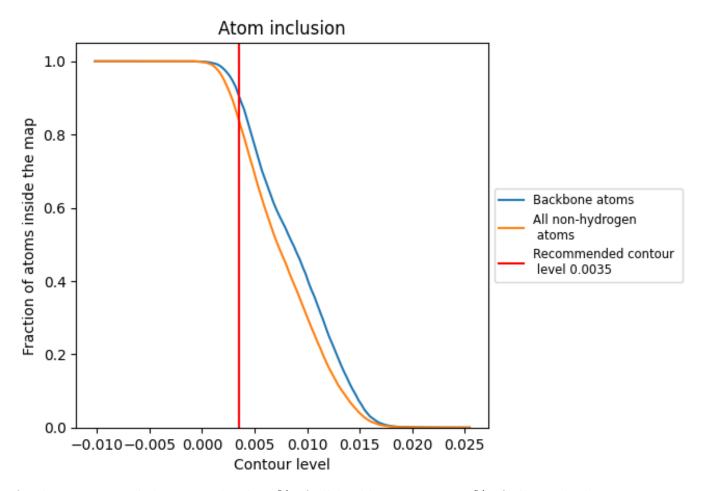
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0035 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.



9.2 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 91% of all backbone atoms, 84% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

