

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 18, 2022 - 10:02 pm BST

PDB ID	:	7016
EMDB ID	:	EMD-12691
Title	:	ABC transporter NosDFY, nucleotide-free in lipid nanodisc, R-domain 3
Authors	:	Mueller, C.; Zhang, L.; Lu, W.; Einsle, O.; Du, J.
Deposited on	:	2021-03-28
Resolution	:	Not provided

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

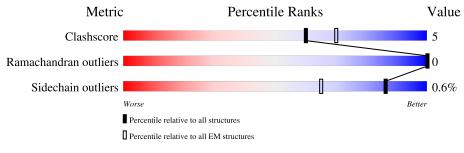
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1. dev 43
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ	:	FAILED
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.31.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is unknown.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	${ m EM} { m \ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$	
	$(\# {\it Entries})$	(#Entries)	
Clashscore	158937	4297	
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023	
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826	

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	436	71% 20%	8%
2	В	308	85%	11% ••
2	С	308	86%	11% •
3	D	276	89%	8% •
3	Е	276	86%	• 10%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11651 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Probable ABC transporter binding protein NosD.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace		
1	А	402	Total 3140	C 1950	N 566	0 613	S 11	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Probable ABC transporter ATP-binding protein NosF.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
2	В	299	Total 2303	C 1441		0 428	${f S}7$	0	0
2	С	298	Total 2295	C 1436			S 6	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Probable ABC transporter permease protein NosY.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace								
3	Л	267	Total	С	Ν	0	\mathbf{S}	0	0							
0	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	207	2015	1355	319	334	7	0	0
3	F	248	Total	С	Ν	0	\mathbf{S}	0	0							
5	3 E	E 248		1284	300	306	6		0							

• Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
4	А	1	Total Mg 1 1	0

• Molecule 5 is water.

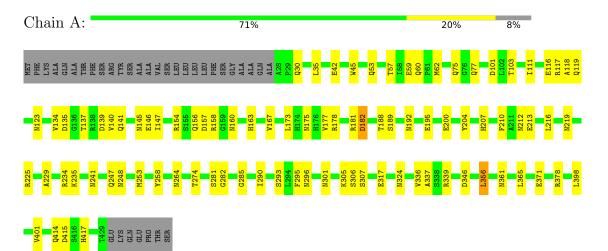
Mo	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
5	А	1	Total O 1 1	0



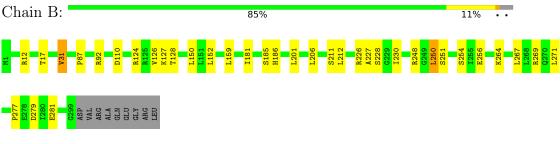
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

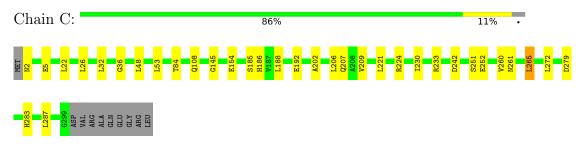
• Molecule 1: Probable ABC transporter binding protein NosD



• Molecule 2: Probable ABC transporter ATP-binding protein NosF

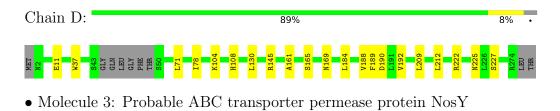


• Molecule 2: Probable ABC transporter ATP-binding protein NosF



• Molecule 3: Probable ABC transporter permease protein NosY





Chain E:	86%	• 10%
MET N2 A42 SEA GLY GLN GLY GLY GLY THR THR SEA SEA SEA	LT2 L184 L184 L184 L184 L184 L213 P206 E207 E207 E207 E206 E207 E206 E207 C113 C123 C123 C12 C12 C12 C12 C12 C12 C12 C12 C12 C12	SER LEU GLY ALA ASP L245 L245 R274 LEU LEU



4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	68188	Depositor
Resolution determination method	Not provided	
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{\AA}^2)$	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Chain		lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Unam	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.39	0/3204	0.74	6/4349~(0.1%)	
2	В	0.40	0/2338	0.71	1/3161~(0.0%)	
2	С	0.37	0/2330	0.69	2/3151~(0.1%)	
3	D	0.38	0/2060	0.62	0/2809	
3	Е	0.35	0/1939	0.63	0/2646	
All	All	0.38	0/11871	0.69	9/16116~(0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	B	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 9 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	182	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	8.54	125.99	118.30
1	А	356	LEU	CA-CB-CG	8.46	134.75	115.30
1	А	35	LEU	CA-CB-CG	8.18	134.10	115.30
2	В	31	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	-6.84	99.96	110.90
2	С	265	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.08	129.29	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	В	250	LEU	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	3140	0	3017	53	0
2	В	2303	0	2357	22	0
2	С	2295	0	2345	21	0
3	D	2015	0	2136	13	0
3	Ε	1896	0	2026	5	0
4	А	1	0	0	0	0
5	А	1	0	0	1	0
All	All	11651	0	11881	111	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 111 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:301:ASN:H	1:A:324:ASN:HD22	1.39	0.69
1:A:116:GLU:HG2	1:A:117:ARG:HG3	1.82	0.61
2:C:224:ARG:HB3	2:C:283:HIS:HB3	1.83	0.60
2:C:221:LEU:O	2:C:261:ASN:ND2	2.38	0.57
1:A:188:THR:HG22	1:A:210:PHE:HB2	1.85	0.57

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	400/436~(92%)	365~(91%)	35~(9%)	0	100	100
2	В	297/308~(96%)	278~(94%)	19 (6%)	0	100	100
2	\mathbf{C}	296/308~(96%)	272~(92%)	24 (8%)	0	100	100
3	D	263/276~(95%)	258~(98%)	5(2%)	0	100	100
3	Е	242/276~(88%)	235~(97%)	7(3%)	0	100	100
All	All	1498/1604~(93%)	1408 (94%)	90 (6%)	0	100	100

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	F	Perce	ntiles
1	А	339/365~(93%)	336~(99%)	3~(1%)		78	78
2	В	244/251~(97%)	243 (100%)	1 (0%)		91	91
2	С	243/251~(97%)	241 (99%)	2(1%)		81	81
3	D	205/212~(97%)	205 (100%)	0		100	100
3	Ε	193/212~(91%)	192 (100%)	1 (0%)		88	88
All	All	1224/1291~(95%)	1217~(99%)	7 (1%)		86	86

5 of 7 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	279	ASP
2	С	84	THR
3	Е	183	PHE
2	С	233	ARG
1	А	356	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 22 such sidechains are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	2	ASN
2	В	245	HIS
2	В	176	GLN
2	С	245	HIS
1	А	145	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-12691. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

This section was not generated.

6.2 Central slices (i)

This section was not generated.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

This section was not generated.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

This section was not generated.

6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)

This section was not generated.

7.2 Volume estimate versus contour level (i)

This section was not generated.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

This section was not generated. The rotationally averaged power spectrum had issues being displayed.



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section was not generated.

