W O R L D W I D E
wwPDB
PROTEIN DATA BANK

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Mar 17, 2022 – 03:47 am GMT

PDB ID	:	7NYZ
EMDB ID	:	EMD-12659
Title	:	Cryo-EM structure of the MukBEF-MatP-DNA monomer (partially open conformation)
Authors	:	Buermann, F.; Lowe, J.
Deposited on	:	2021-03-23
Resolution	:	6.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

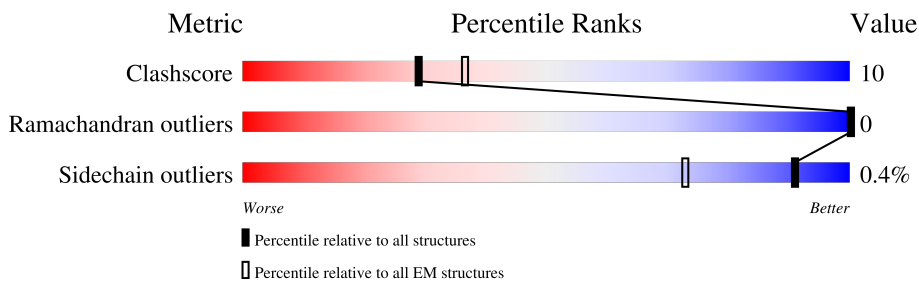|		
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.0.dev97
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.27

1   Overall quality at a glance   ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 6.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.
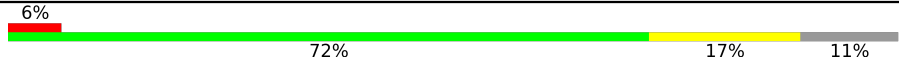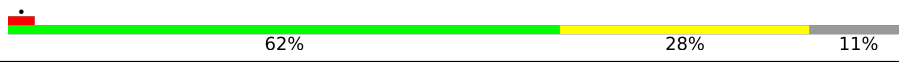
Metric	Percentile Ranks	Value
Clashscore		10
Ramachandran outliers		0
Sidechain outliers		0.4%

Worse   *Better*

■ Percentile relative to all structures

▯ Percentile relative to all EM structures
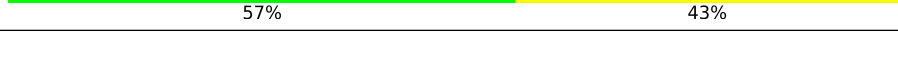
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	1482	8% — 76% — 22% — ·
1	B	1482	7% — 76% — 23% — ·
2	C	440	20% — 55% — 21% — 24%
2	D	440	· — 13% — 8% — 79%
3	E	240	28% — 61% — 27% — 12%
3	F	240	27% — 65% — 17% — · — 18%
4	G	78	14% — 62% — 31% — 8%
4	H	78	5% — 67% — 26% — 8%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	I	151	6% 72% 17% 11%
5	J	151	62% 28% 11%
6	K	80	18% 10% 72%
7	L	80	24% 72%
8	M	30	83% 17%
8	N	30	57% 43%

2   Entry composition ⓘ

There are 11 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 70851 atoms, of which 34755 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Chromosome partition protein MukB.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
1	A	1467	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			23552	7298	11712	2189	2313	40		
1	B	1467	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			23553	7298	11713	2189	2313	40		

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1407	GLN	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP A0A0F7LRY2
B	1407	GLN	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP A0A0F7LRY2

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Chromosome partition protein MukF.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
2	C	335	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			5330	1702	2626	470	524	8		
2	D	94	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1469	461	736	125	143	4		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Chromosome partition protein MukE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
3	E	212	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			3441	1090	1719	301	322	9		
3	F	198	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			3246	1029	1627	284	298	8		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Acyl carrier protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
4	G	72	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1105	349	543	85	127	1		

Continued on next page...

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
4	H	72	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1105	349	543	85	127	1		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Macrodomain Ter protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
5	I	134	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			2272	714	1137	215	202	4		
5	J	135	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			2288	719	1144	217	204	4		

- Molecule 6 is a DNA chain called matS2 DNA 80 b, oligo FBA769.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
6	K	22	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0	0
			694	214	249	80	130	21		

- Molecule 7 is a DNA chain called matS2 DNA 80 b, oligo FBA770.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
7	L	22	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0	0
			702	216	248	84	132	22		

- Molecule 8 is a DNA chain called DNA 80 b.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
8	M	30	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0	0
			961	300	346	105	180	30		
8	N	30	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0	0
			961	300	346	105	180	30		

- Molecule 9 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
9	A	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
9	B	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	

- Molecule 10 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf
10	A	1	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			43	10	12	5	13	3	
10	B	1	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			43	10	12	5	13	3	

- Molecule 11 is 4'-PHOSPHOPANTETHEINE (three-letter code: PNS) (formula: $C_{11}H_{23}N_2O_7PS$).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms							AltConf
11	G	1	Total	C	H	N	O	P	S	0
			42	11	21	2	6	1	1	
11	H	1	Total	C	H	N	O	P	S	0
			42	11	21	2	6	1	1	

3   Residue-property plots ⓘ

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.
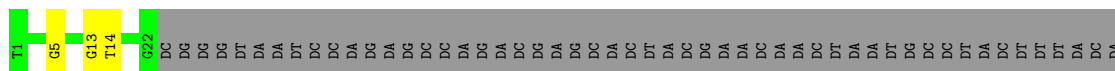
• Molecule 1: Chromosome partition protein MukB
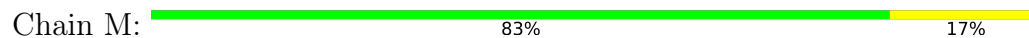
• Molecule 1: Chromosome partition protein MukB

Chain B:

• Molecule 2: Chromosome partition protein MukF

Chain C:

• Molecule 2: Chromosome partition protein MukF

Chain D:

• Molecule 3: Chromosome partition protein MukE

Chain E:

61%   27%   12%

28%

• Molecule 3: Chromosome partition protein MukE

Chain F:

27%

65%   17% • 18%

• Molecule 4: Acyl carrier protein

Chain G:

14%

62%   31%   8%

MET SER T2 I3 E4 E5 R6 V7 K8 K9 I10 I11 G12 L15 G16 V17 K18 Q19 E20 E21 V22 T23 N24 N25 A26 E30 G33 A34 D35 S36 L37 V40 M44 A45 L46 E47 E48 E53 I54 E57 K61 I62 Q66 I69 N73 GLY HIS GLN ALA

• Molecule 4: Acyl carrier protein

Chain H:

5%

67%   26%   8%

MET SER T2 K9 E13 Q14 L15 G16 E20 N24 N25 A26 V29 E30 A34 D35 S36 V40 V43 E48 E49 E57 E58 T64 V65 Q66 Y71 I72 N73 GLY HIS GLN ALA

• Molecule 5: Macrodomain Ter protein

Chain I:

6%

72%   17%   11%

M1 E7 K14 T29 I32 E33 A40 L47 P51 V52 R53 V54 L55 I58 E59 Q60 H61 M62 Q72 T73 R78 A84 E85 H86 Q87 R90 K91 S116 I119 V120 Q121 L122 I123 K129 A133 N134 GLN MET SER SER LEU LYS HIS ASP

LEU GLU ALA ILE LEU GLY LYS ASN GLU

• Molecule 5: Macrodomain Ter protein

Chain J:

62%   28%   11%

M1 Q5 N8 L9 E10 K14 L18 K21 H22 I28 I32 E33 A36 D42 K46 P51 V54 L55 E56 W57 I58 E59 Q60 H61 M62 N63 M70 K71 Q72 T73 I74 R75 R78 K79 N83 A84 E85 H86 R90 K91 D95 V100

L104 L107 S108 Q109 R110 R111 L115 T118 L122 D125 Y132 Q135 MET SER SER LEU LYS HIS ASP LEU GLU ALA ILE LEU GLY LYS ASN GLU

• Molecule 6: matS2 DNA 80 b, oligo FBA769

Chain K:

18%   10%   72%

DC DT DC DG DC DC DT DG DT DA DA DA DG DT DA DG DG DC DA DT DT DA DG DT DT DG DT DC DG DT DA DG DT DC DG DT DG DC DT DG DG DT DG DC DT DC DG DA DT DA DC DC DG C59

T63 G64 T65 T66 A67 C68 A69 T73 A74 A80

• Molecule 7: matS2 DNA 80 b, oligo FBA770

Chain L:

24%   72%

T1 G5 G13 T14 G22 DC DG DG DT DA DT DC DC DA DG DA DC DA DG DA DG DC DA DC DT DA DG DA DA DC DA DA DC DT DA DT DG DC DC DT DA DC DT DT DA DC DA

DG DG DC DG DA DG

• Molecule 8: DNA 80 b

Chain M:

83%   17%

A1 T12 A13 T14 T22 A23 T24 T28 A29 T30

• Molecule 8: DNA 80 b

Chain N:

57%   43%

A3 T4 A5 T6 A7 T12 A13 T14 A15 T16 A17 T18 A19 T20 A21 T22 A23 T24 T32

4 Experimental information ⓘ

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	41109	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/Å^2)$	40	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.044	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.007	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.002	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.012	Depositor
Map size (Å)	462.23843, 462.23843, 462.23843	wwPDB
Map dimensions	318, 318, 318	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.45358, 1.45358, 1.45358	Depositor

5   Model quality ⓘ

5.1   Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, PNS, ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$|Z|$ >5	RMSZ	#$|Z|$ >5
1	A	0.53	15/11999 (0.1%)	0.64	5/16166 (0.0%)
1	B	0.50	11/11999 (0.1%)	0.67	14/16166 (0.1%)
2	C	0.25	0/2753	0.51	0/3727
2	D	0.25	0/741	0.51	0/1000
3	E	0.30	0/1753	0.57	0/2361
3	F	0.27	0/1648	0.62	2/2218 (0.1%)
4	G	0.25	0/565	0.47	0/765
4	H	0.25	0/565	0.44	0/765
5	I	0.26	0/1160	0.54	0/1560
5	J	0.45	2/1169 (0.2%)	0.64	0/1572
6	K	0.52	0/498	0.90	0/766
7	L	0.52	0/509	0.91	0/784
8	M	0.55	0/689	1.04	0/1061
8	N	0.51	0/689	0.98	0/1061
All	All	0.46	28/36737 (0.1%)	0.66	21/49972 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

The worst 5 of 28 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	363	ARG	CZ-NH1	-7.98	1.22	1.33
1	B	308	ARG	CZ-NH1	-7.79	1.23	1.33
1	A	352	ARG	CZ-NH1	-7.77	1.23	1.33
1	A	345	ARG	CZ-NH1	-7.75	1.23	1.33

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	363	ARG	CZ-NH2	-7.50	1.23	1.33

The worst 5 of 21 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	1056	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.27	124.93	120.30
1	A	362	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	8.19	125.91	121.00
3	F	106	PRO	CA-N-CD	-7.84	100.52	111.50
1	B	307	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	7.64	125.58	121.00
3	F	104	LEU	CA-CB-CG	7.55	132.66	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	1028	TYR	Sidechain

5.2   Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	11840	11712	11708	252	0
1	B	11840	11713	11707	251	0
2	C	2704	2626	2623	73	0
2	D	733	736	735	26	0
3	E	1722	1719	1718	61	0
3	F	1619	1627	1626	37	0
4	G	562	543	542	20	0
4	H	562	543	542	13	0
5	I	1135	1137	1136	24	0
5	J	1144	1144	1144	32	0
6	K	445	249	250	8	0
7	L	454	248	249	3	0
8	M	615	346	346	5	0
8	N	615	346	346	8	0
9	A	1	0	0	0	0
9	B	1	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
10	A	31	12	12	3	0
10	B	31	12	12	0	0
11	G	21	21	21	1	0
11	H	21	21	21	0	0
All	All	36096	34755	34738	726	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 726 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:D:54:ASP:OD1	2:D:57:ARG:NH2	2.00	0.94
5:J:56:GLU:O	5:J:60:GLN:NE2	2.04	0.91
1:A:316:LEU:HD12	1:A:1082:ILE:HD12	1.56	0.88
2:C:262:ARG:NH2	2:D:42:ARG:O	2.07	0.88
5:J:84:ALA:O	5:J:90:ARG:NH1	2.08	0.87

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	1465/1482 (99%)	1417 (97%)	48 (3%)	0	100	100
1	B	1465/1482 (99%)	1412 (96%)	53 (4%)	0	100	100
2	C	331/440 (75%)	315 (95%)	16 (5%)	0	100	100
2	D	92/440 (21%)	89 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
3	E	210/240 (88%)	207 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
3	F	196/240 (82%)	186 (95%)	10 (5%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
4	G	70/78 (90%)	69 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
4	H	70/78 (90%)	66 (94%)	4 (6%)	0	100	100
5	I	132/151 (87%)	129 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
5	J	133/151 (88%)	130 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	4164/4782 (87%)	4020 (96%)	144 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2　Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	1269/1281 (99%)	1266 (100%)	3 (0%)	93	96
1	B	1269/1281 (99%)	1262 (99%)	7 (1%)	86	92
2	C	286/376 (76%)	284 (99%)	2 (1%)	84	90
2	D	79/376 (21%)	79 (100%)	0	100	100
3	E	189/212 (89%)	188 (100%)	1 (0%)	88	93
3	F	177/212 (84%)	177 (100%)	0	100	100
4	G	63/67 (94%)	63 (100%)	0	100	100
4	H	63/67 (94%)	63 (100%)	0	100	100
5	I	121/136 (89%)	121 (100%)	0	100	100
5	J	122/136 (90%)	122 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	3638/4144 (88%)	3625 (100%)	13 (0%)	91	94

5 of 13 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	673	ARG
1	B	1034	MET
3	E	108	ARG
2	C	17	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	C	228	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 17 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	C	230	GLN
5	J	60	GLN
1	A	1065	HIS
1	B	62	ASN
1	B	595	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$
10	ATP	A	1502	9	26,33,33	0.63	0	31,52,52	1.07	1 (3%)
11	PNS	H	101	4	13,20,21	0.19	0	18,26,29	0.44	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#|Z| > 2	Counts	RMSZ	#|Z| > 2
10	ATP	B	1502	9	26,33,33	0.63	0	31,52,52	1.07	3 (9%)
11	PNS	G	101	4	13,20,21	0.18	0	18,26,29	0.34	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
10	ATP	A	1502	9	-	1/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
11	PNS	H	101	4	-	3/24/26/27	-
10	ATP	B	1502	9	-	2/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
11	PNS	G	101	4	-	2/24/26/27	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
10	B	1502	ATP	C5-C6-N6	2.29	123.83	120.35
10	A	1502	ATP	C5-C6-N6	2.27	123.80	120.35
10	B	1502	ATP	O3'-C3'-C2'	-2.04	105.23	111.82
10	B	1502	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	2.02	139.77	132.83

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
11	H	101	PNS	C37-C38-C39-N41
10	A	1502	ATP	PB-O3B-PG-O1G
11	H	101	PNS	C37-C38-C39-O40
10	B	1502	ATP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B
11	G	101	PNS	O33-C32-C34-O35

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
10	A	1502	ATP	3	0
11	G	101	PNS	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand ATP A 1502

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand PNS H 101

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand ATP B 1502

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand PNS G 101

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings
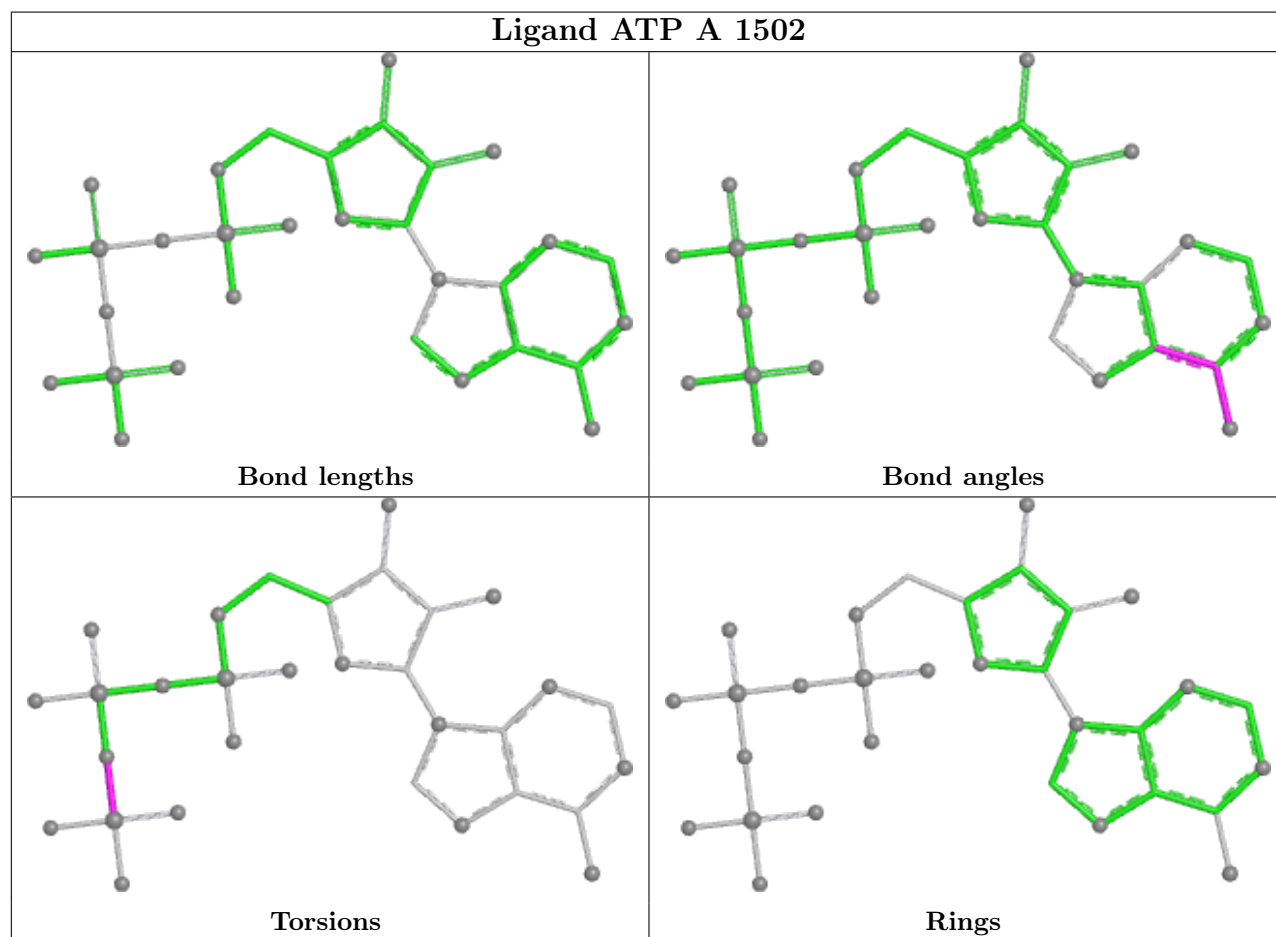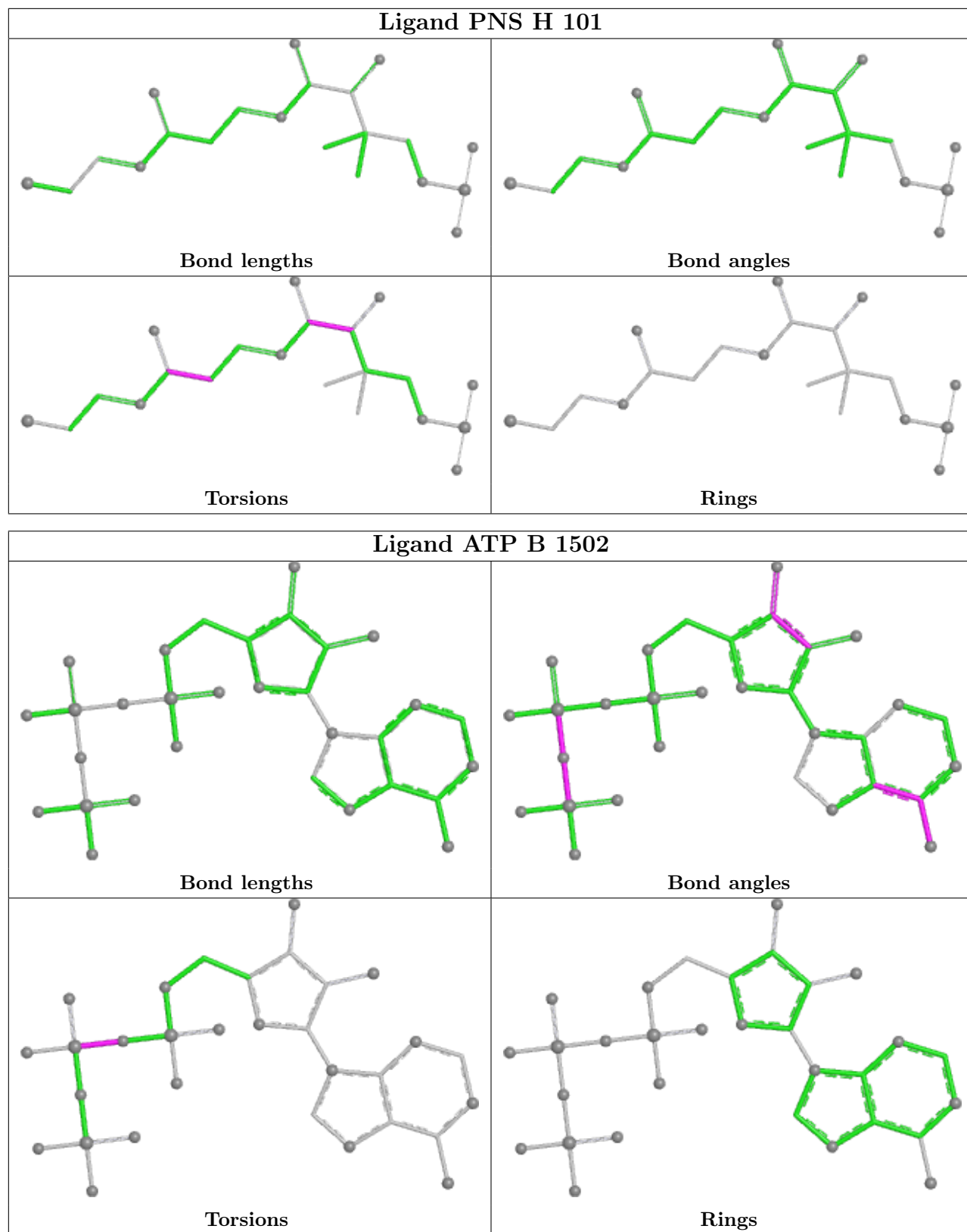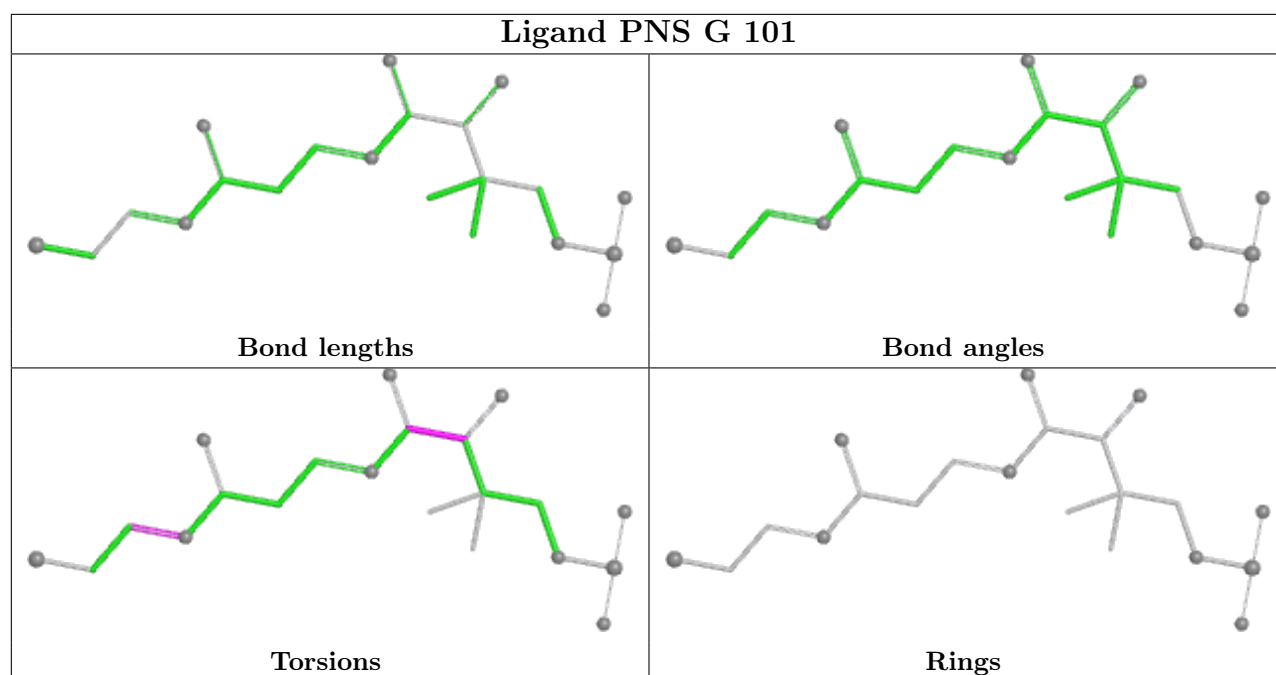
5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6　Map visualisation ⓘ

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-12659. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1　Orthogonal projections ⓘ
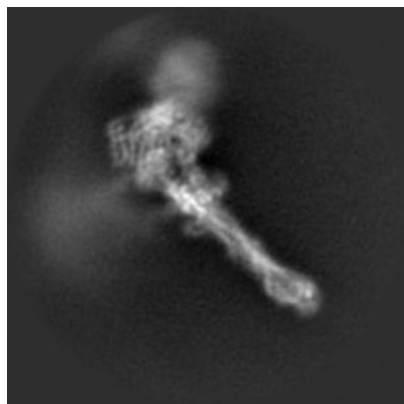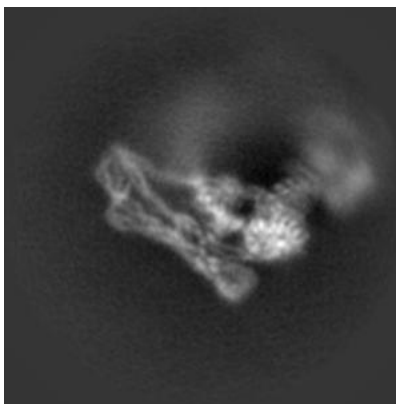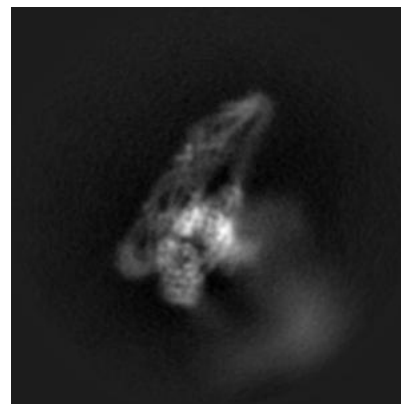
6.1.1　Primary map

| X | Y | Z |

6.1.2　Raw map

| X | Y | Z |
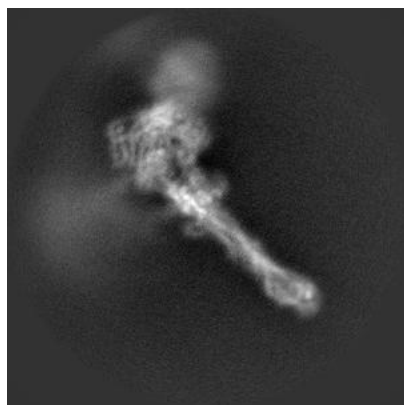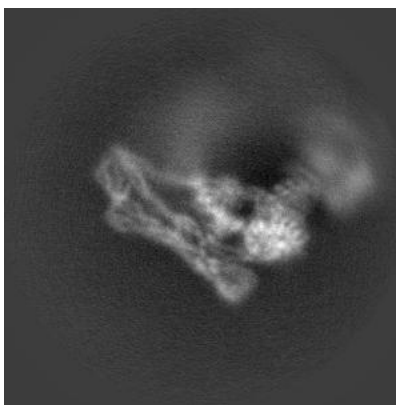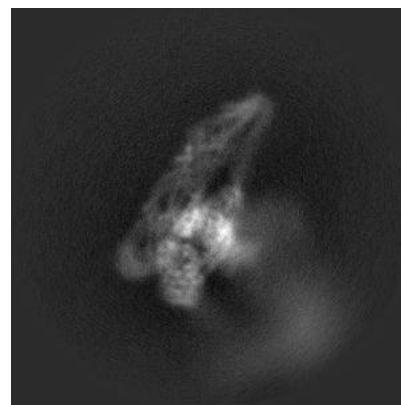
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices ⓘ
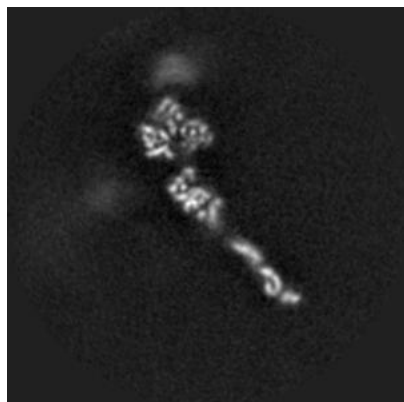
6.2.1 Primary map
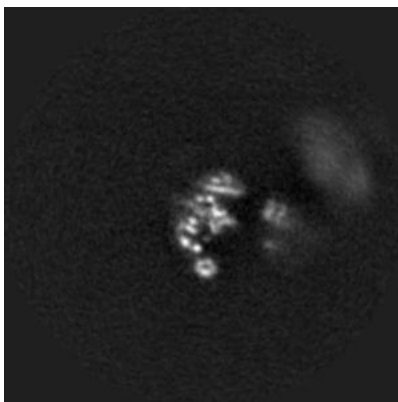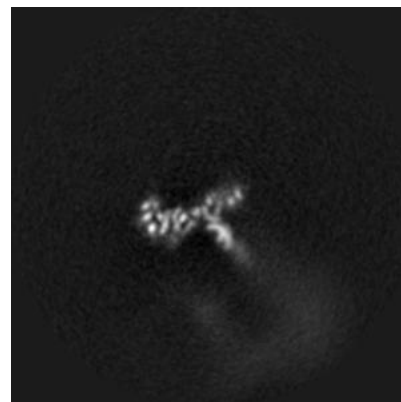
X Index: 159   Y Index: 159   Z Index: 159

6.2.2 Raw map
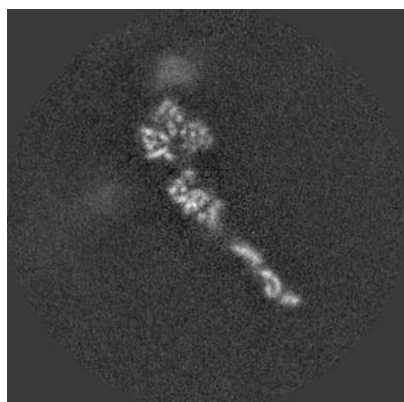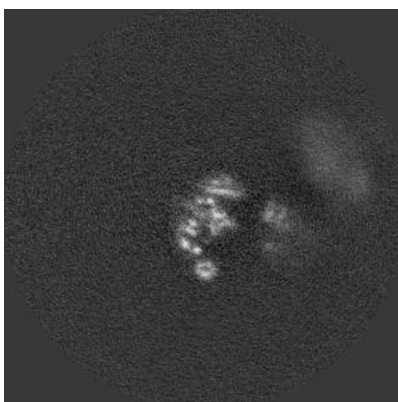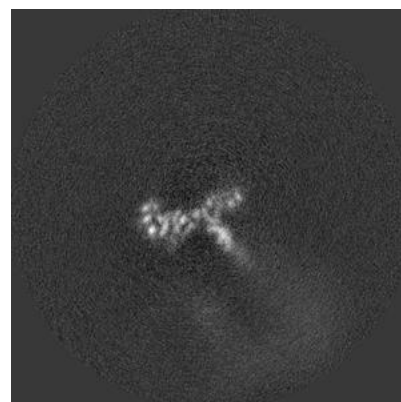
X Index: 159   Y Index: 159   Z Index: 159

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map
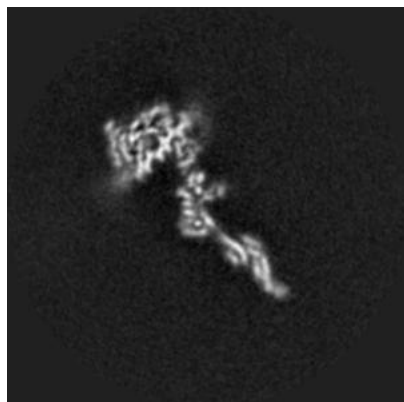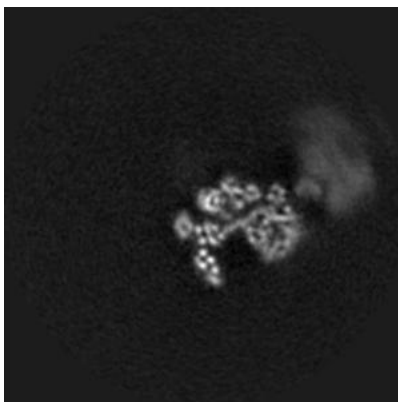
X Index: 141	Y Index: 144	Z Index: 169
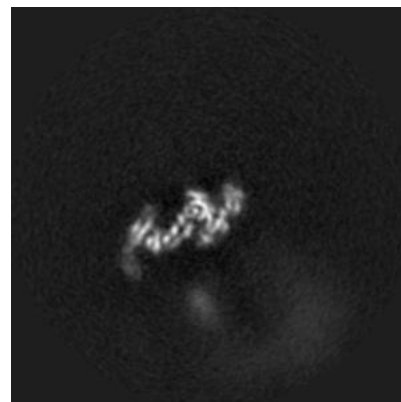
6.3.2 Raw map
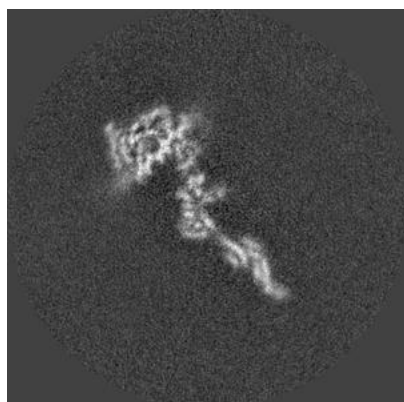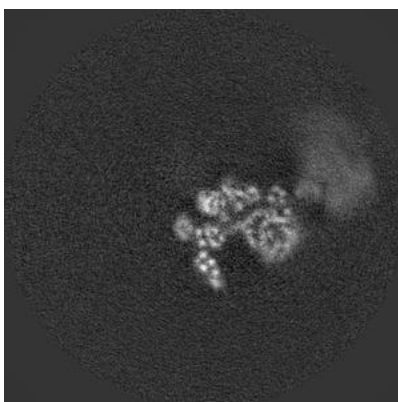
X Index: 141	Y Index: 143	Z Index: 169
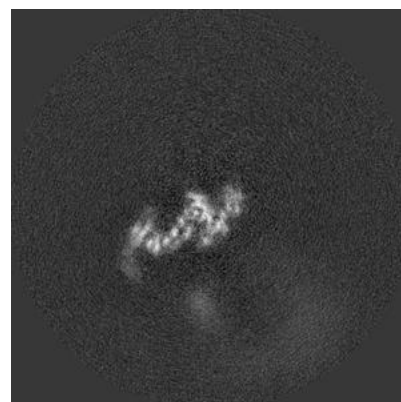
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4   Orthogonal surface views ⓘ

6.4.1   Primary map

| X | Y | Z |

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.012. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.4.2   Raw map

| X | Y | Z |

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure

- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

6.5.1 emd_12659_msk_1.map (i)
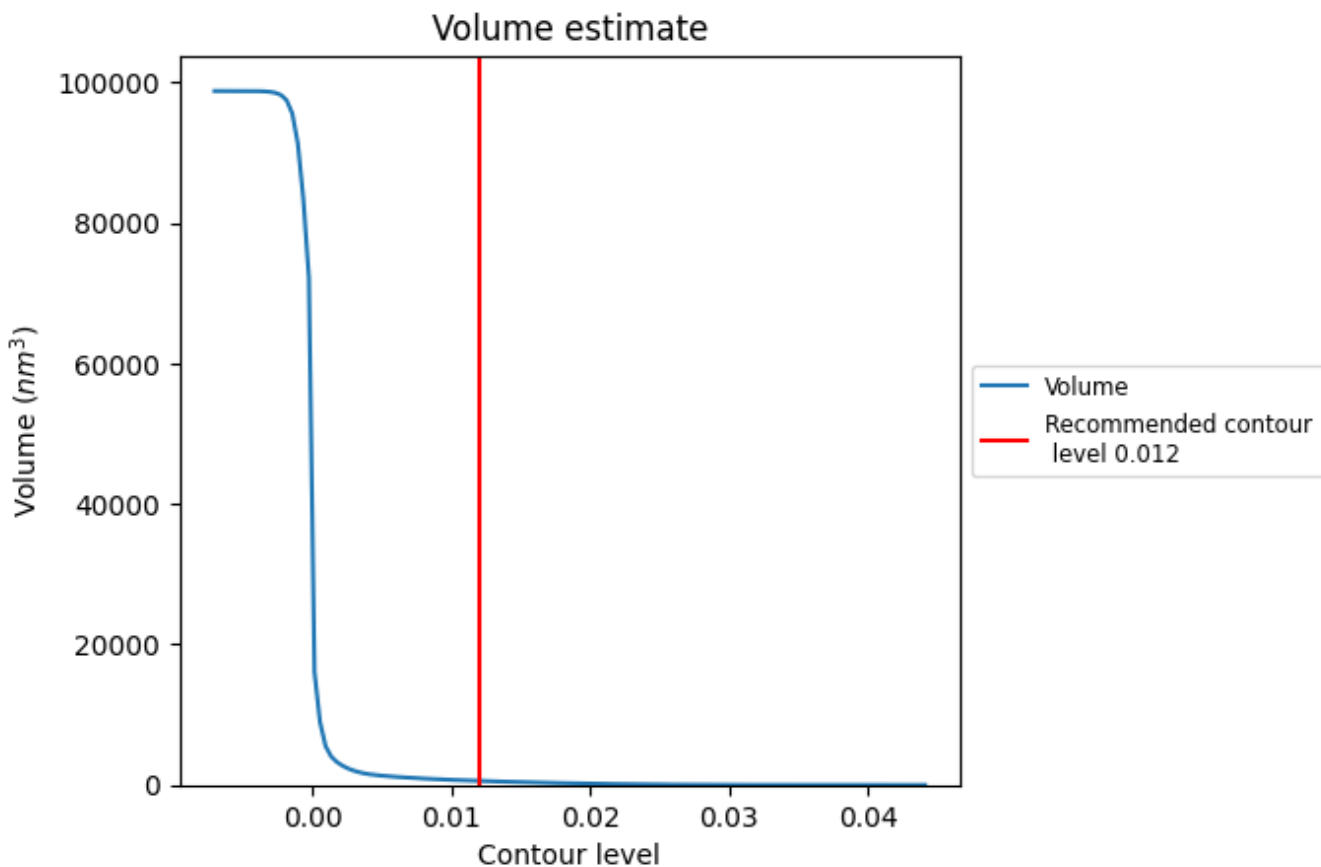

| X | Y | Z |
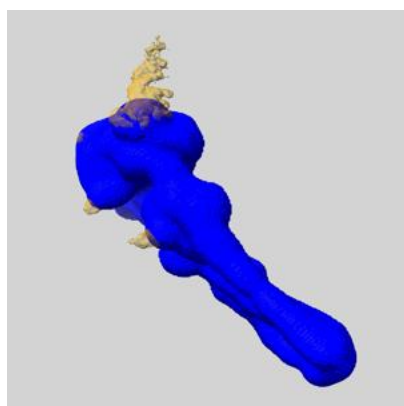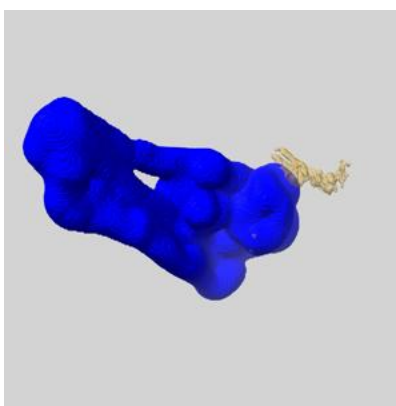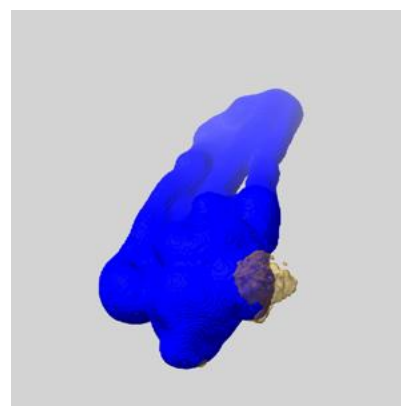
7 Map analysis ⓘ

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution ⓘ
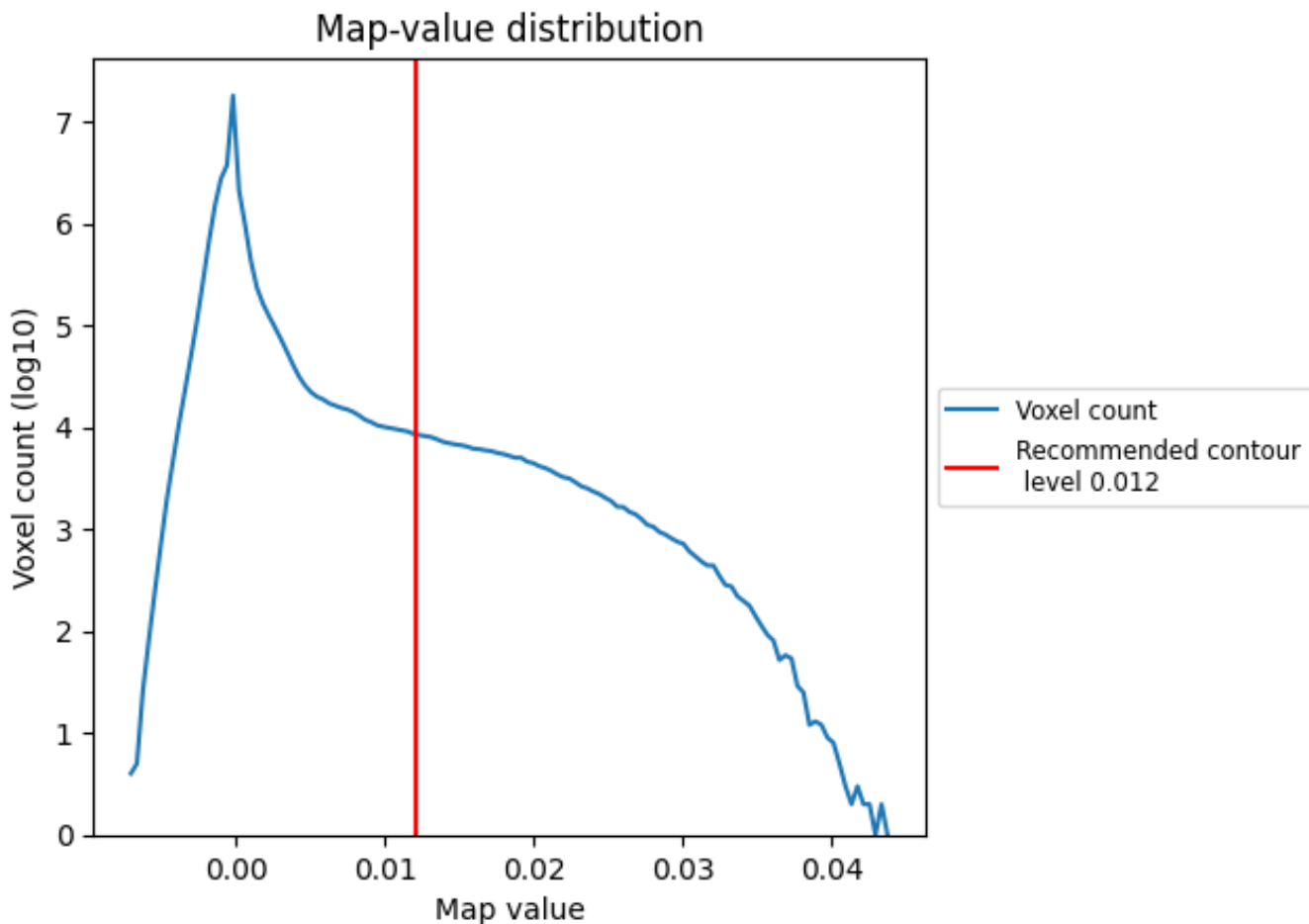
The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

7.2 Volume estimate ⓘ

The volume at the recommended contour level is 581 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 525 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3   Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ
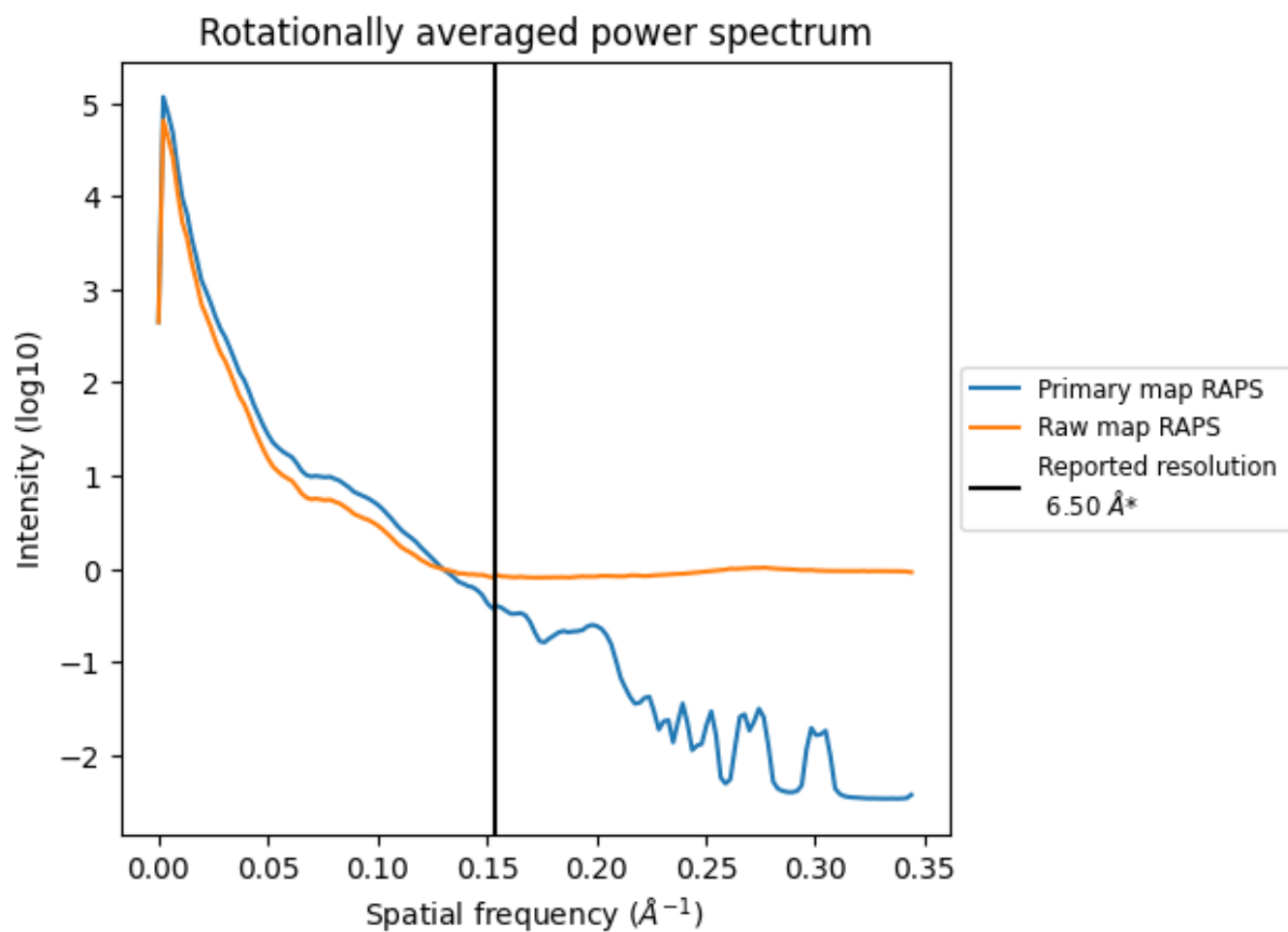
*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.154 Å^{-1}

8   Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1   FSC (i)
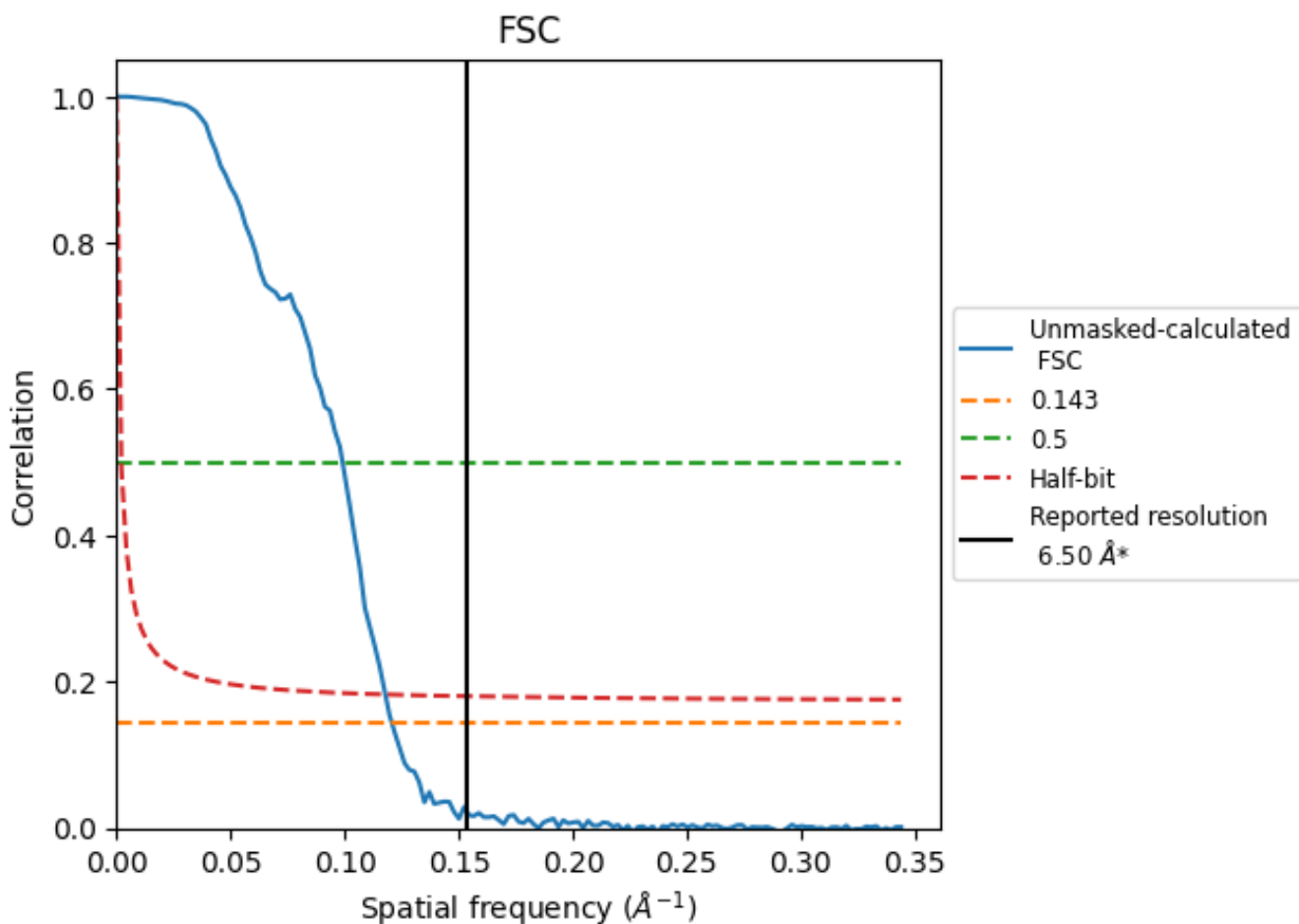
*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.154 $\mathring{A}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates ⓘ

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	6.50	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	8.28	10.09	8.49

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 8.28 differs from the reported value 6.5 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit ⓘ

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-12659 and PDB model 7NYZ. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

9.1 Map-model overlay ⓘ

X   Y   Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.012 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2   Atom inclusion ⓘ
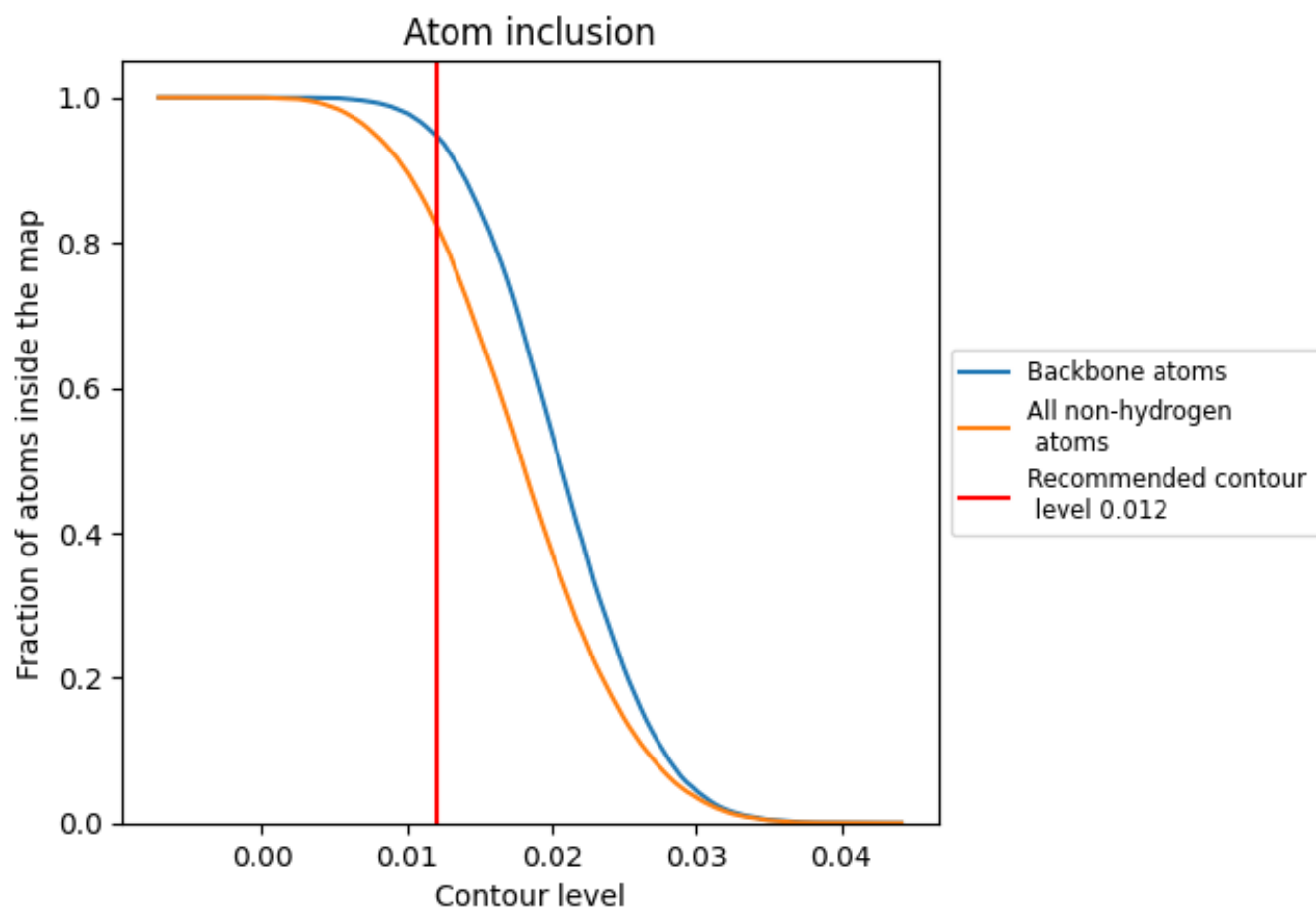
At the recommended contour level, 95% of all backbone atoms, 83% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.