

# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Jun 6, 2023 – 12:12 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	2MH4
BMRB ID	:	19617
Title	:	Solution structure of the Big domain from Leptospira interrogans
Authors	:	Mei, S.
Deposited on	:	2013-11-17

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

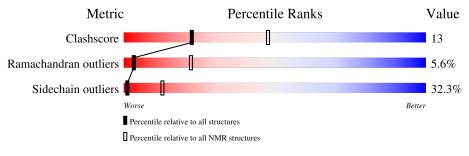
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.33

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 70%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} \ { m archive} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	А	101	39%	47%	• 5% 9%			



# 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 20 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues							
Well-defined core	Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model						
1	A:6-A:92 (87)	1.21	20				

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 5 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 4, 5, 7, 14, 17, 20
2	3, 8, 11, 12, 15
3	1, 6, 18
Single-model clusters	9; 10; 13; 16; 19



# 3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1308 atoms, of which 644 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called LigB-like protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	٨	02	Total	С	Н	Ν	0	S	0
	A	92	1308	404	644	112	147	1	0

There are 10 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual Comment		Reference
A	1	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q8EZS3
А	93	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q8EZS3
А	94	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q8EZS3
А	95	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q8EZS3
А	96	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8EZS3
А	97	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8EZS3
А	98	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8EZS3
А	99	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8EZS3
А	100	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8EZS3
А	101	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8EZS3

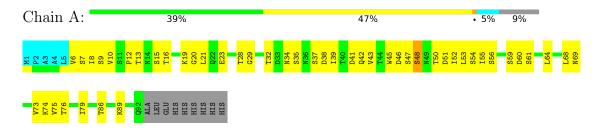


# 4 Residue-property plots (i)

## 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

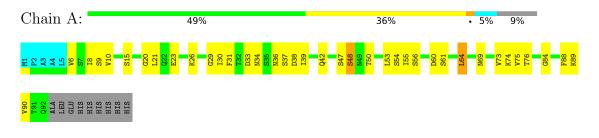
• Molecule 1: LigB-like protein



# 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 20. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: LigB-like protein





# 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *DGSA-distance geometry simulated annealing.* 

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Sparky	structure solution	
Sparky	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	797
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	770
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	27
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	70%



# 6 Model quality (i)

## 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	631	607	607	$16 \pm 4$
All	All	12620	12140	12140	313

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models		
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total	
1:A:53:LEU:HD13	1:A:73:VAL:HG13	0.96	1.35	8	1	
1:A:8:ILE:HD13	1:A:79:ILE:HG21	0.87	1.46	1	1	
1:A:75:VAL:HG23	1:A:86:THR:HG23	0.83	1.49	19	2	
1:A:43:VAL:HG22	1:A:79:ILE:HD13	0.79	1.54	2	1	
1:A:8:ILE:HD11	1:A:82:ILE:HD13	0.78	1.56	13	1	

5 of 202 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

## 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

## 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Pe	erc	entiles
1	А	86/101 (85%)	$69 \pm 3 \ (80 \pm 3\%)$	$13\pm3~(15\pm3\%)$	$5\pm2~(6\pm3\%)$		3	22
All	All	1720/2020~(85%)	1371 (80%)	252~(15%)	97~(6%)		3	22

5 of 17 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	20	GLY	17
1	А	39	ILE	10
1	А	6	VAL	8
1	А	61	SER	8
1	А	35	SER	7

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	75/86~(87%)	$51 \pm 4 \ (68 \pm 5\%)$	$24 \pm 4 (32 \pm 5\%)$	1 13
All	All	1500/1720~(87%)	1016 (68%)	484 (32%)	1 13

5 of 62 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	21	LEU	19
1	А	23	GLU	18
1	А	64	LEU	18
1	А	15	SER	18
1	А	48	SER	15

## 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 70% for the well-defined parts and 69% for the entire structure.

## 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

	707
Total number of shifts	797
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	770
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	27
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

• No matching atom found in the structure. First 5 (of 27) occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Dec	Trune	Atom	Shift Data		
	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	А	93	ALA	Н	8.541	•	
1	А	93	ALA	HA	4.301	•	•
1	А	93	ALA	HB1	1.344		•
1	А	93	ALA	HB2	1.344	•	•
1	А	93	ALA	HB3	1.344		•
1	А	93	ALA	CA	51.518		•
1	А	93	ALA	CB	18.674	•	•
1	А	93	ALA	Ν	124.95		•
1	А	94	LEU	Н	8.49	•	•
1	А	94	LEU	HA	4.204		•
1	А	94	LEU	HB2	1.51	•	•
1	A	94	LEU	HB3	1.383	•	•
1	А	94	LEU	HD11	0.802	•	•
1	А	94	LEU	HD12	0.802		•

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	<i>J</i> <u>1</u>				Shift Data				
List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity		
1	A	94	LEU	HD13	0.802	•	•		
1	А	94	LEU	CA	54.043	•	•		
1	A	94	LEU	CB	41.232	•	•		
1	А	94	LEU	CG	25.775	•	•		
1	А	94	LEU	CD1	24.193	•	•		
1	А	94	LEU	CD2	22.221	•	•		
1	А	94	LEU	Ν	122.217	•	•		
1	А	95	GLU	Н	8.359	•	•		
1	А	95	GLU	CA	55.177				
1	А	95	GLU	CB	29.371	•	•		
1	А	95	GLU	Ν	121.722	•	•		
1	А	96	HIS	Н	8.413	•	•		
1	A	96	HIS	N	120.269	•	•		

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#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	92	$0.89 \pm 0.26$	Should be applied
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	87	$0.76 \pm 0.17$	Should be applied
$^{13}C'$	0		None (insufficient data)
<sup>15</sup> N	92	$-0.02 \pm 0.41$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 70%, i.e. 731 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1050. 0 out of 11 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	346/440~(79%)	176/180~(98%)	85/174~(49%)	85/86~(99%)
Sidechain	385/561~(69%)	243/365~(67%)	142/179~(79%)	0/17~(0%)
Aromatic	0/49~(0%)	0/25~(0%)	0/22~(0%)	0/2~(0%)
Overall	731/1050~(70%)	419/570~(74%)	227/375~(61%)	85/105~(81%)

## 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

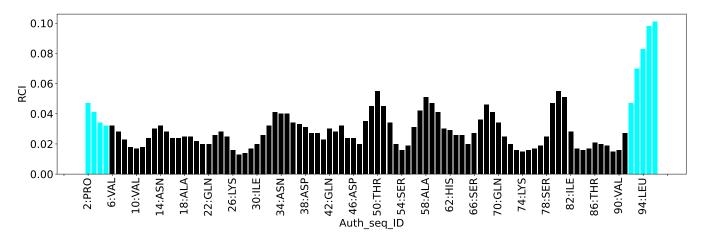
There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.



#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





# 8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

## 8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	699
Intra-residue ( i-j =0)	156
Sequential ( i-j =1)	273
Medium range ( $ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$ )	34
Long range $( i-j  \ge 5)$	228
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	8
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	111
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	8.0
Number of long range restraints per residue <sup>1</sup>	2.3

<sup>1</sup>Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

## 8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

#### 8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	2.0	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	0.5	0.32
>0.5 (Large)	None	None



#### 8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than  $1^\circ$  are not included in the calculation.

Bins $(^{\circ})$	Average number of violations per model	Max ( $^{\circ}$ )
1.0-10.0 (Small)	7.2	7.0
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	None	None
>20.0 (Large)	None	None



# 9 Distance violation analysis (i)

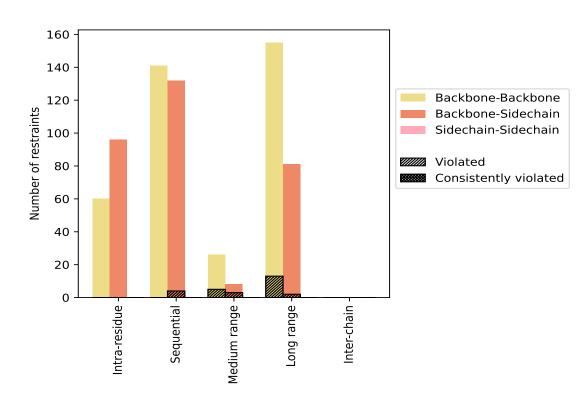
## 9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Bestroints type	Count	$\%^1$	Vie	lated	3	Consis	tentl	y Violated <sup>4</sup>
Restraints type	Count	70-	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$ \%^2 $	$\%^1$
Intra-residue ( i-j =0)	156	22.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	60	8.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	96	13.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential ( i-j =1)	273	39.1	4	1.5	0.6	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	141	20.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	132	18.9	4	3.0	0.6	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ( $ i-j  > 1 \&  i-j  < 5$ )	34	4.9	8	23.5	1.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	26	3.7	5	19.2	0.7	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	8	1.1	3	37.5	0.4	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range $( i-j  \ge 5)$	228	32.6	13	5.7	1.9	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	147	21.0	11	7.5	1.6	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	81	11.6	2	2.5	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	8	1.1	2	25.0	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	699	100.0	27	3.9	3.9	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	382	54.6	18	4.7	2.6	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	317	45.4	9	2.8	1.3	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

 $^1$  percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints,  $^2$  percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category,  $^3$  violated in at least one model,  $^4$  violated in all the models





9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)

Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

## 9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

MadalID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	5	Maan (Å)	Mor (Å)	$SD^6$ (Å)	Madian (Å)
Model ID	$IR^1$	$SQ^2$	$MR^3$	$LR^4$	$  IC^5  $	Total	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	$SD^{*}(A)$	Median (Å)
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.16	0.16	0.0	0.16
3	0	2	1	0	0	3	0.16	0.22	0.04	0.15
4	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.2
5	0	2	0	0	0	2	0.14	0.16	0.02	0.14
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	0	0	1	1	0	2	0.13	0.13	0.0	0.13
8	0	0	2	1	0	3	0.22	0.32	0.08	0.22
9	0	0	0	1	0	1	0.22	0.22	0.0	0.22
10	0	1	1	2	0	4	0.16	0.21	0.04	0.17
11	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.17	0.17	0.0	0.17

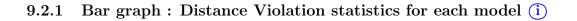
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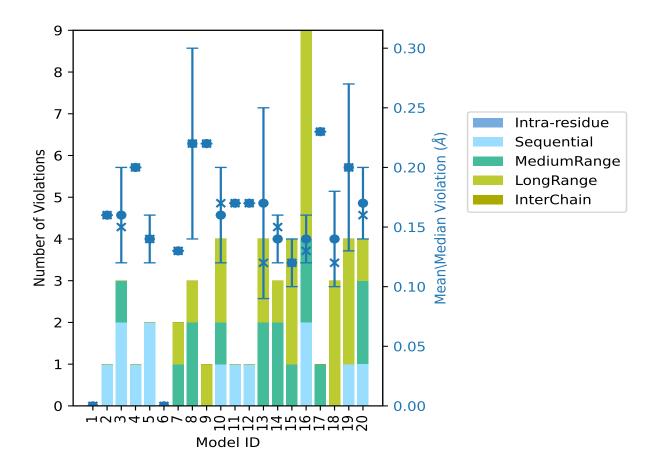


Madal ID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	5	Mean (Å)	Mar (Å)	$SD^6$ (Å)	Madian (Å)
Model ID	$\mathrm{IR}^{1}$	$SQ^2$	$MR^3$	$LR^4$	$  IC^5  $	Total	Mean (A)	Max (Å)	$SD^{6}$ (Å)	Median (Å)
12	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.17	0.17	0.0	0.17
13	0	0	2	2	0	4	0.17	0.31	0.08	0.12
14	0	0	2	1	0	3	0.14	0.16	0.02	0.15
15	0	0	1	3	0	4	0.12	0.15	0.02	0.12
16	0	2	2	5	0	9	0.14	0.17	0.02	0.13
17	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.23	0.23	0.0	0.23
18	0	0	0	3	0	3	0.14	0.2	0.04	0.12
19	0	1	0	3	0	4	0.2	0.28	0.07	0.2
20	0	1	2	1	0	4	0.17	0.21	0.03	0.16

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 $^1$ Intra-residue restraints,  $^2$ Sequential restraints,  $^3$ Medium range restraints,  $^4$ Long range restraints,  $^5$ Inter-chain restraints,  $^6$ Standard deviation





The mean(dot), median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right



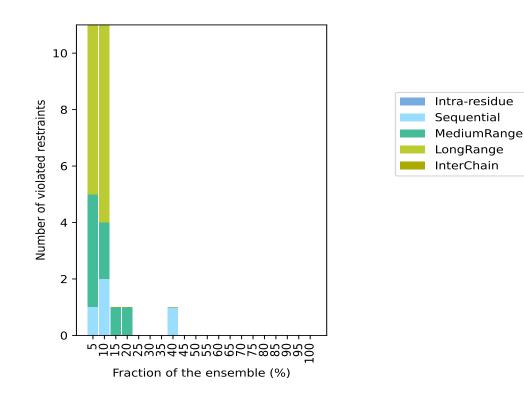
## 9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 666(IR:156, SQ:269, MR:26, LR:215, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Nu		of vio	lated	restra	aints	Fractio	n of the ensemble
$IR^1$	$SQ^2$	$MR^3$	LR <sup>4</sup>	IC <sup>5</sup>	Total	$\operatorname{Count}^6$	%
0	1	4	6	0	11	1	5.0
0	2	2	7	0	11	2	10.0
0	0	1	0	0	1	3	15.0
0	0	1	0	0	1	4	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	25.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	35.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	20	100.0

 $^{1}$ Intra-residue restraints,  $^{2}$ Sequential restraints,  $^{3}$ Medium range restraints,  $^{4}$ Long range restraints,  $^{5}$ Inter-chain restraints,  $^{6}$  Number of models with violations





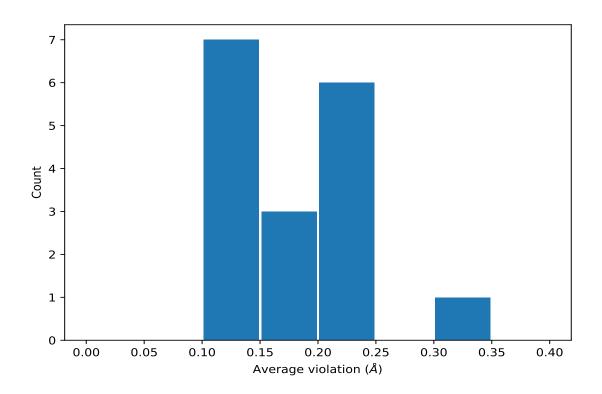
#### 9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

## 9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

#### 9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble





#### 9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	$\mathbf{Models}^1$	Mean (Å)	$SD^1$ (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,402)	1:A:60:ASP:H	1:A:61:SER:HB3	8	0.16	0.02	0.16
(1,229)	1:A:35:SER:H	1:A:32:THR:H	4	0.13	0.02	0.12
(1,268)	1:A:41:ASP:H	1:A:39:ILE:HD11	3	0.2	0.03	0.22
(1,268)	1:A:41:ASP:H	1:A:39:ILE:HD12	3	0.2	0.03	0.22
(1,268)	1:A:41:ASP:H	1:A:39:ILE:HD13	3	0.2	0.03	0.22
(1,273)	1:A:42:GLN:H	1:A:40:THR:HB	2	0.32	0.01	0.32
(1,269)	1:A:42:GLN:H	1:A:43:VAL:HB	2	0.22	0.01	0.22
(1,149)	1:A:25:PHE:H	1:A:62:HIS:H	2	0.2	0.04	0.2
(1,158)	1:A:26:LYS:H	1:A:11:SER:H	2	0.2	0.08	0.2
(1,196)	1:A:31:PHE:H	1:A:6:VAL:H	2	0.19	0.03	0.19
(1,230)	1:A:35:SER:H	1:A:32:THR:HA	2	0.16	0.04	0.16
(1,325)	1:A:48:SER:H	1:A:53:LEU:HA	2	0.14	0.01	0.14

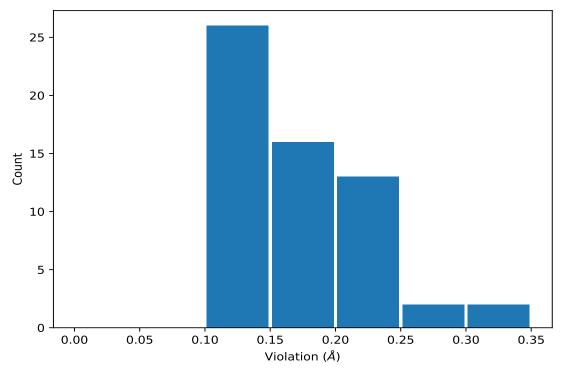
 $^1\mathrm{Number}$  of violated models,  $^2\mathrm{Standard}$  deviation



## 9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

#### 9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



#### 9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,273)	1:A:42:GLN:H	1:A:40:THR:HB	8	0.32
(1,273)	1:A:42:GLN:H	1:A:40:THR:HB	13	0.31
(1,158)	1:A:26:LYS:H	1:A:11:SER:H	19	0.28
(1,149)	1:A:25:PHE:H	1:A:62:HIS:H	19	0.25
(1,268)	1:A:41:ASP:H	1:A:39:ILE:HD11	17	0.23
(1,268)	1:A:41:ASP:H	1:A:39:ILE:HD12	17	0.23
(1,268)	1:A:41:ASP:H	1:A:39:ILE:HD13	17	0.23
(1,269)	1:A:42:GLN:H	1:A:43:VAL:HB	3	0.22
(1,268)	1:A:41:ASP:H	1:A:39:ILE:HD11	8	0.22
(1,268)	1:A:41:ASP:H	1:A:39:ILE:HD12	8	0.22
(1,268)	1:A:41:ASP:H	1:A:39:ILE:HD13	8	0.22

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,196)	1:A:31:PHE:H	1:A:6:VAL:H	9	0.22
(1,269)	1:A:42:GLN:H	1:A:43:VAL:HB	10	0.21
(1,233)	1:A:36:ASN:H	1:A:34:ASN:HB2	20	0.21

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# 10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

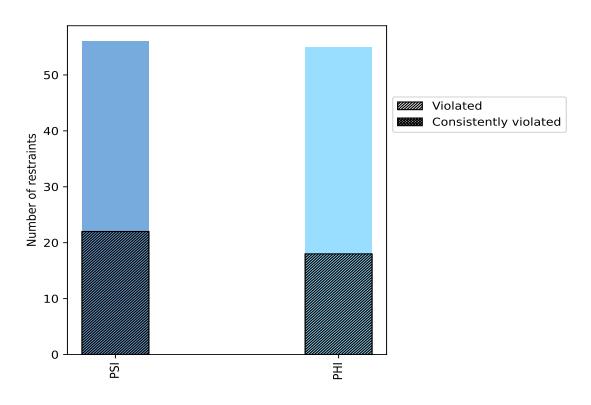
## 10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than  $1^{\circ}$  are not included in the calculation.

Angle trine	Count	$\%^1$	Vie				Consistently Violated <sup>4</sup>		
Angle type	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	
PSI	56	50.5	22	39.3	19.8	0	0.0	0.0	
PHI	55	49.5	18	32.7	16.2	0	0.0	0.0	
Total	111	100.0	40	36.0	36.0	0	0.0	0.0	

 $^1$  percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints,  $^2$  percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type,  $^3$  violated in at least one model,  $^4$  violated in all the models

#### 10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

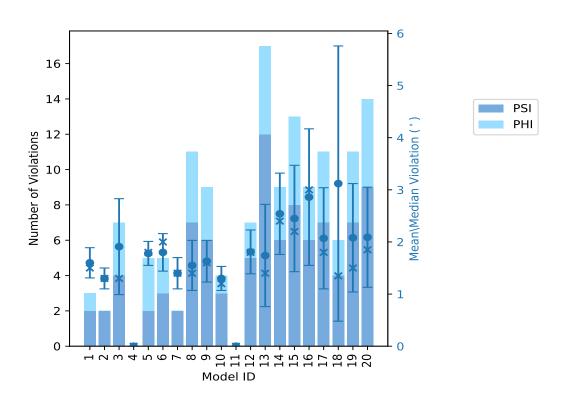


## 10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than  $1^{\circ}$  are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Nun	nber o	of violations	$\mathbf{M}_{oon}$ (°)	$M_{ov}$ (°)	SD (°)	Median (°)
Model ID	PSI	PHI	Total	Mean $(^{\circ})$	Max (°)	$\mathbf{SD}$ (°)	Median ()
1	2	1	3	1.6	2.0	0.29	1.5
2	2	0	2	1.3	1.5	0.2	1.3
3	4	3	7	1.91	3.7	0.92	1.3
4	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	2	3	5	1.78	2.1	0.23	1.8
6	3	2	5	1.8	2.2	0.36	2.0
7	2	0	2	1.4	1.7	0.3	1.4
8	7	4	11	1.55	2.7	0.48	1.4
9	6	3	9	1.63	2.6	0.4	1.6
10	3	1	4	1.3	1.7	0.23	1.2
11	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
12	5	2	7	1.81	2.5	0.42	1.8
13	12	5	17	1.74	5.2	0.98	1.4
14	6	3	9	2.54	4.0	0.78	2.4
15	8	5	13	2.45	4.7	1.02	2.2
16	6	3	9	2.86	5.6	1.31	3.0
17	7	4	11	2.07	4.9	0.97	1.8
18	4	2	6	3.12	7.0	2.64	1.35
19	7	4	11	2.08	3.9	1.04	1.5
20	9	5	14	2.09	4.6	0.96	1.85





#### 10.2.1 Bar graph : Dihedral violation statistics for each model (i)

The mean(dot), median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

## 10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Nun	iber o	f violated restraints	Fractio	n of the ensemble
PSI	PHI	Total	$\operatorname{Count}^1$	%
4	8	12	1	5.0
1	3	4	2	10.0
6	3	9	3	15.0
2	1	3	4	20.0
3	0	3	5	25.0
2	1	3	6	30.0
0	0	0	7	35.0
2	1	3	8	40.0
0	1	1	9	45.0
2	0	2	10	50.0
0	0	0	11	55.0

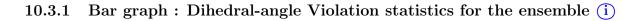
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Nun	nber o	of violated restraints	Fractio	n of the ensemble							
PSI	PHI	Total	$\operatorname{Count}^1$	%							
0	0	0	12	60.0							
0	0	0	13	65.0							
0	0	0	14	70.0							
0	0	0	15	75.0							
0	0	0	16	80.0							
0	0	0	17	85.0							
0	0	0	18	90.0							
0	0	0	19	95.0							
0	0	0	20	100.0							

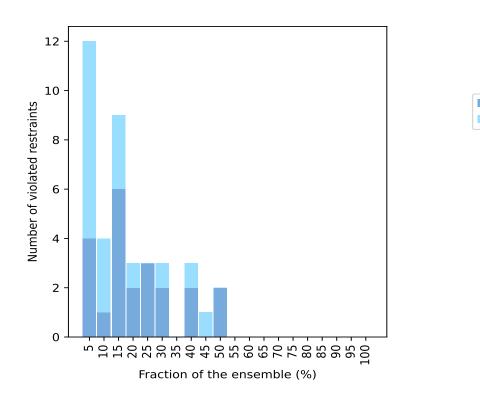
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 $^{1}$  Number of models with violations



PSI

PHI



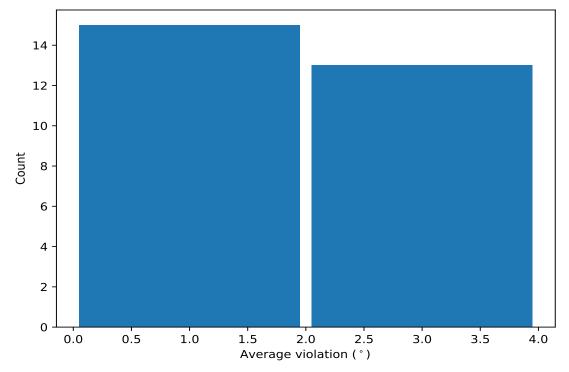
## 10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble (i)

## 10.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models



in the ensemble



#### 10.4.2 Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	$Models^1$	Mean	$\mathbf{SD}^2$	Median
(1,45)	1:A:36:ASN:N	1:A:36:ASN:CA	1:A:36:ASN:C	1:A:37:SER:N	10	2.47	1.41	1.85
(1,61)	1:A:47:SER:N	1:A:47:SER:CA	1:A:47:SER:C	1:A:48:SER:N	10	1.57	0.45	1.35
(1,46)	1:A:36:ASN:C	1:A:37:SER:N	1:A:37:SER:CA	1:A:37:SER:C	9	2.3	0.75	2.4
(1,43)	1:A:33:ASP:N	1:A:33:ASP:CA	1:A:33:ASP:C	1:A:34:ASN:N	8	2.56	1.27	2.05
(1,90)	1:A:78:SER:C	1:A:79:ILE:N	1:A:79:ILE:CA	1:A:79:ILE:C	8	2.56	1.23	2.15
(1,89)	1:A:78:SER:N	1:A:78:SER:CA	1:A:78:SER:C	1:A:79:ILE:N	8	2.04	0.75	1.8
(1,49)	1:A:38:ASP:N	1:A:38:ASP:CA	1:A:38:ASP:C	1:A:39:ILE:N	6	2.17	0.75	2.0
(1,64)	1:A:53:LEU:C	1:A:54:SER:N	1:A:54:SER:CA	1:A:54:SER:C	6	2.13	1.31	1.75
(1,41)	1:A:32:THR:N	1:A:32:THR:CA	1:A:32:THR:C	1:A:33:ASP:N	6	1.72	0.49	1.4
(1,7)	1:A:9:SER:N	1:A:9:SER:CA	1:A:9:SER:C	1:A:10:VAL:N	5	1.6	0.3	1.6

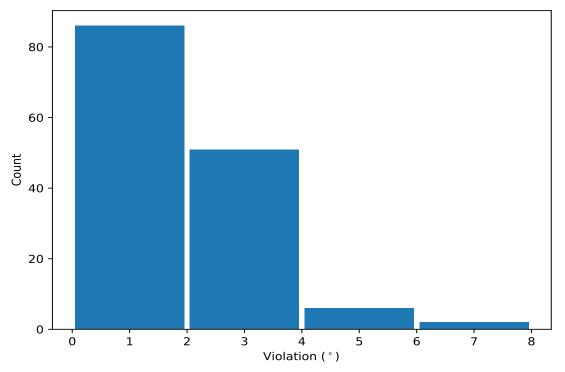
<sup>1</sup> Number of violated models, <sup>2</sup>Standard deviation, All angle values are in degree (°)



## 10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

#### 10.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



#### 10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the list of violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation ( $^{\circ}$ )
(1,40)	1:A:31:PHE:C	1:A:32:THR:N	1:A:32:THR:CA	1:A:32:THR:C	18	7.0
(1,39)	1:A:31:PHE:N	1:A:31:PHE:CA	1:A:31:PHE:C	1:A:32:THR:N	18	6.7
(1,45)	1:A:36:ASN:N	1:A:36:ASN:CA	1:A:36:ASN:C	1:A:37:SER:N	16	5.6
(1,90)	1:A:78:SER:C	1:A:79:ILE:N	1:A:79:ILE:CA	1:A:79:ILE:C	13	5.2
(1,64)	1:A:53:LEU:C	1:A:54:SER:N	1:A:54:SER:CA	1:A:54:SER:C	17	4.9
(1,43)	1:A:33:ASP:N	1:A:33:ASP:CA	1:A:33:ASP:C	1:A:34:ASN:N	15	4.7
(1,43)	1:A:33:ASP:N	1:A:33:ASP:CA	1:A:33:ASP:C	1:A:34:ASN:N	20	4.6
(1,71)	1:A:59:SER:N	1:A:59:SER:CA	1:A:59:SER:C	1:A:60:ASP:N	14	4.0
(1,28)	1:A:25:PHE:C	1:A:26:LYS:N	1:A:26:LYS:CA	1:A:26:LYS:C	19	3.9
(1,90)	1:A:78:SER:C	1:A:79:ILE:N	1:A:79:ILE:CA	1:A:79:ILE:C	15	3.7

