



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 20, 2022 – 11:36 AM EST

PDB ID : 7MFF
EMDB ID : EMD-23815
Title : Dimeric (BRAF)₂:(14-3-3)₂ complex bound to SB590885 Inhibitor
Authors : Martinez Fiesco, J.A.; Ping, Z.; Durrant, D.E.; Morrison, D.K.
Deposited on : 2021-04-09
Resolution : 3.89 Å (reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

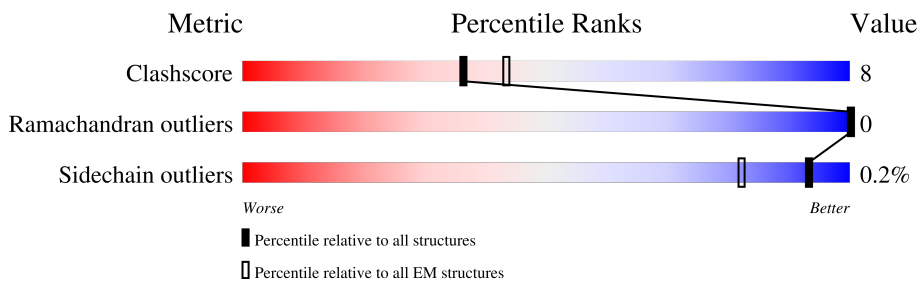
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.2

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.89 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	C	245	
1	D	245	
2	A	766	
2	B	766	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8003 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

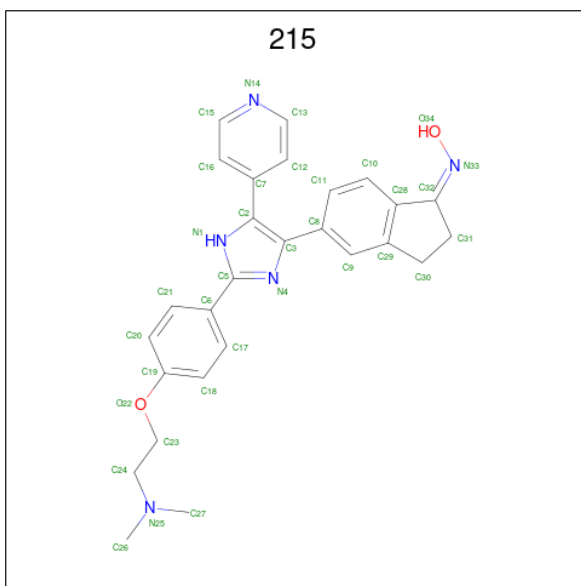
- Molecule 1 is a protein called 14-3-3 protein zeta/delta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	C	229	Total 1808	C 1135	N 302	O 362	S 9	0	0
1	D	228	Total 1793	C 1125	N 297	O 361	S 10	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Serine/threonine-protein kinase B-raf.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace	
			Total	C	N	O	P			S
2	A	271	Total 2163	C 1382	N 378	O 389	P 1	S 13	0	0
2	B	272	Total 2171	C 1388	N 379	O 390	P 1	S 13	0	0

- Molecule 3 is (1Z)-5-(2-{4-[2-(DIMETHYLAMINO)ETHOXY]PHENYL}-5-PYRIDIN-4-YL)-1H-IMIDAZOL-4-YL)INDAN-1-ONE OXIME (three-letter code: 215) (formula: C₂₇H₂₇N₅O₂).

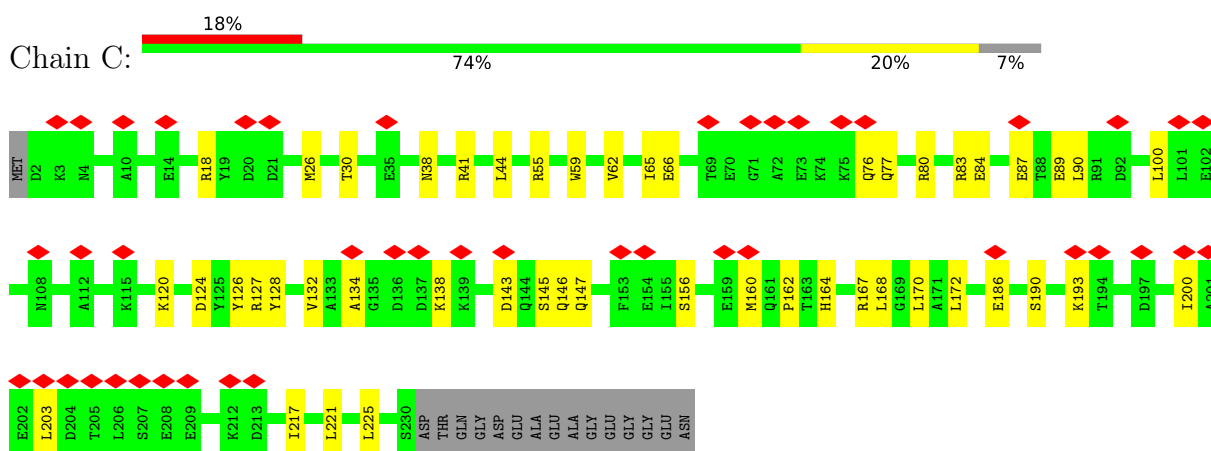


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	
3	A	1	34	27	5	2	0
3	B	1	34	27	5	2	0

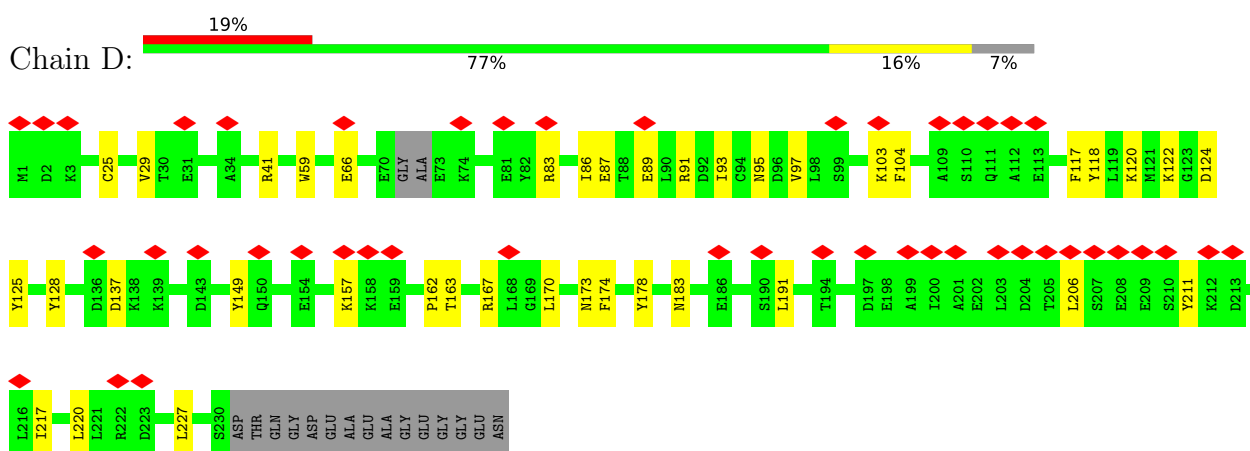
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

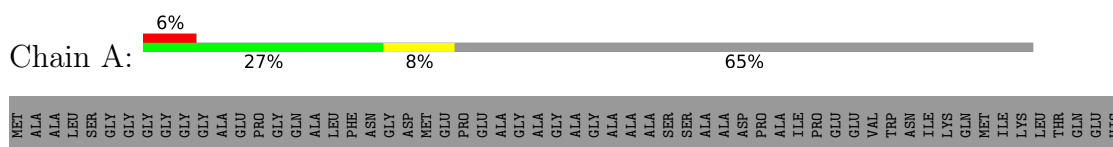
- Molecule 1: 14-3-3 protein zeta/delta



- Molecule 1: 14-3-3 protein zeta/delta



- Molecule 2: Serine/threonine-protein kinase B-raf



ASP	ARG	GLN	SER	SEP	ALA	PRO	ASN	VAL	HIS	ILE	ASN	THR	ILE	GLU	PRO	VAL	ASN	ASN	ILE	ASP	ASP	LEU	ILE	ARG	ASP	GLN	GLY	PHE	ARG	GLY	ASP	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	THR	GLY	LEU	SER	ALA	PRO	ALA	SER	LEU	PRO	PRO	GLY	SER	GLY	LEU	THR	ASN	VAL	LYS	ALA	LEU	GLN	LYS	SER	PRO
GLY	PRO	GLN	ARG	GLU	ARG	LYS	SER	SER	SER	ILE	GLU	ASP	ARG	ARG	VAL	MET	LYS	THR	LEU	GLY	ARG	ILE	ARG	ASP	SER	SER	GLN	GLY	PHE	D449	W450	E451	I452	P453	D454	G455	Q456	I457	R462	S467	V471	Y472	V482	K483	N484	L485	N486	V487	T488	A489	P490	T491	P492	Q493	Q496	A497				
F498	K499	H500	E501	V504	T508	R509	SER	SER	SER	SER	G518	G519	S520	L525	A526	I527	L537	Y538	H539	I543	I544	E545	E549	L553	I554	I555	I556	T560	A561	O562	G563	H564	H568	R575	D576	L577	K578	N581	L584	D587	V590	D594	F595	G596	L597	V600														
LYS	SER	ARG	TRP	SER	GLY	SER	HIS	GLN	PHE	GLU	GLN	LEU	S614	G615	S616	I617	L618	A621	V624	I625	R626	M627	Q628	D629	K630	M631	P632	T633	S634	F635	O636	S637	F642	Y647	T651	L654	P655	Y656	S657	M658	I659	M660	M661	R662	D663	O664	I665	T666	F667	M668	V669	R671								
G672	Y673	L674	S675	P676	D677	L678	S679	K680	Y681	R682	S683	M684	K687	K700	R701	D702	E703	R704	F705	L706	F707	F708	Q709	I710	L711	K723	I724	H725	R726	S729	E730	P731	S732	L733	ASN	ARG	ALA	GLY	PHE	GLN	THR	GLU	ASP	PHE	SER	LEU	TYR	ALA	CYS	ALA	SER	PRO	LYS	THR	PRO					
ILE	GLN	ALA	GLY	TYR	GLY	ALA	PHE	PRO	VAL	HIS																																																		

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	203343	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	57	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.313	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.200	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.010	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.049	Depositor
Map size (Å)	175.24, 175.24, 175.24	wwPDB
Map dimensions	130, 130, 130	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.348, 1.348, 1.348	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SEP, 215

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	C	0.24	0/1833	0.44	0/2470
1	D	0.24	0/1817	0.47	0/2451
2	A	0.24	0/2199	0.48	0/2967
2	B	0.24	0/2207	0.48	0/2978
All	All	0.24	0/8056	0.47	0/10866

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	C	1808	0	1769	27	0
1	D	1793	0	1736	27	0
2	A	2163	0	2198	42	0
2	B	2171	0	2209	43	0
3	A	34	0	27	1	0
3	B	34	0	27	0	0
All	All	8003	0	7966	134	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (134) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:578:LYS:HZ2	2:A:580:ASN:HB2	1.50	0.76
2:B:628:GLN:HG2	2:B:629:ASP:H	1.52	0.75
1:C:162:PRO:HA	1:C:167:ARG:HE	1.55	0.72
2:A:668:MET:HG2	2:A:674:LEU:HB2	1.71	0.72
1:D:157:LYS:HA	1:D:167:ARG:HH21	1.55	0.71
2:B:654:LEU:HD12	2:B:655:PRO:HD2	1.73	0.71
2:B:576:ASP:OD1	2:B:578:LYS:NZ	2.23	0.70
2:A:564:MET:HE3	2:A:577:LEU:HD21	1.74	0.70
2:B:723:LYS:O	2:B:726:ARG:NH2	2.26	0.69
1:D:120:LYS:HB2	1:D:170:LEU:HD13	1.75	0.68
2:A:516:PHE:HA	2:A:529:THR:HG22	1.76	0.67
2:A:721:LEU:HD12	2:A:722:PRO:HD2	1.78	0.66
2:B:484:MET:HB3	2:B:526:ALA:HB2	1.75	0.66
1:D:227:LEU:HD11	2:B:726:ARG:HE	1.61	0.66
1:C:66:GLU:O	1:C:76:GLN:NE2	2.29	0.66
1:C:84:GLU:HA	1:C:87:GLU:HB2	1.78	0.66
1:D:149:TYR:HB3	1:D:174:PHE:HD1	1.61	0.64
1:C:38:ASN:HA	1:C:41:ARG:HH11	1.63	0.63
2:A:640:TYR:HE1	2:A:697:LEU:HD23	1.65	0.61
2:B:519:TYR:HA	2:B:527:ILE:HA	1.82	0.61
2:B:618:LEU:HD23	2:B:655:PRO:HG2	1.84	0.60
2:A:454:ASP:HB3	2:A:522:LYS:HG3	1.83	0.59
1:D:103:LYS:HG3	1:D:104:PHE:HD2	1.67	0.59
2:A:509:ARG:NH2	2:B:508:THR:O	2.36	0.58
1:C:156:SER:HB2	1:C:167:ARG:HG3	1.84	0.58
1:D:149:TYR:HB3	1:D:174:PHE:CD1	2.38	0.58
2:A:467:SER:H	2:A:483:LYS:HZ1	1.52	0.58
2:B:624:VAL:HG12	2:B:632:PRO:HB2	1.86	0.58
1:C:134:ALA:HA	1:C:138:LYS:HD2	1.84	0.58
2:A:656:TYR:HB3	2:A:659:ILE:HD13	1.86	0.58
2:A:463:ILE:HB	2:A:471:VAL:HG23	1.85	0.57
1:D:178:TYR:O	1:D:183:ASN:N	2.38	0.57
1:C:77:GLN:HA	1:C:80:ARG:HH12	1.69	0.56
2:A:624:VAL:HG12	2:A:632:PRO:HB2	1.87	0.56
2:B:584:LEU:HG	2:B:587:ASP:HA	1.86	0.56
1:D:206:LEU:HD13	1:D:211:TYR:HB3	1.86	0.56
1:C:120:LYS:HB2	1:C:170:LEU:HD13	1.87	0.56
2:A:618:LEU:HD11	2:A:655:PRO:HG2	1.88	0.56
1:D:170:LEU:O	1:D:174:PHE:N	2.38	0.56
2:B:669:VAL:HG22	2:B:674:LEU:HB3	1.89	0.55

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:564:MET:O	2:B:568:HIS:ND1	2.32	0.55
2:A:450:TRP:CH2	2:B:509:ARG:HG3	2.43	0.54
1:C:26:MET:HG3	1:C:44:LEU:HD13	1.90	0.54
2:A:548:PHE:HB2	2:A:553:LEU:HD22	1.91	0.53
2:B:504:VAL:HG22	2:B:600:VAL:HG23	1.89	0.53
2:A:541:LEU:HD13	2:A:648:GLU:HG2	1.91	0.52
2:B:562:GLN:HA	2:B:711:LEU:HD11	1.90	0.52
1:C:126:TYR:HB3	1:C:145:SER:HB3	1.92	0.52
2:A:467:SER:OG	2:A:594:ASP:OD1	2.26	0.52
1:C:55:ARG:NE	1:C:89:GLU:OE2	2.41	0.51
2:B:682:ARG:NH1	2:B:684:ASN:OD1	2.44	0.51
2:A:581:ASN:ND2	2:A:594:ASP:HB3	2.25	0.50
2:A:692:LEU:HD11	2:A:710:ILE:HG23	1.93	0.50
2:A:556:ILE:HG23	2:A:590:VAL:HG21	1.93	0.50
2:B:560:THR:HG22	2:B:590:VAL:HG11	1.92	0.50
2:A:573:ILE:HG22	2:A:575:ARG:HG3	1.93	0.49
1:C:66:GLU:OE1	1:C:83:ARG:NH1	2.45	0.49
2:B:556:ILE:HG13	2:B:590:VAL:HG21	1.94	0.49
1:C:193:LYS:HD2	1:C:225:LEU:HD13	1.94	0.49
1:D:66:GLU:OE2	1:D:83:ARG:NH2	2.46	0.49
1:D:217:ILE:HA	1:D:220:LEU:HD12	1.95	0.49
1:D:125:TYR:HA	1:D:128:TYR:HD2	1.79	0.48
2:A:634:SER:O	2:A:637:SER:OG	2.27	0.48
1:D:162:PRO:HD2	1:D:163:THR:H	1.78	0.47
2:A:552:LYS:O	2:A:556:ILE:HG13	2.14	0.47
1:D:124:ASP:CG	1:D:173:ASN:HD21	2.17	0.47
2:B:647:TYR:O	2:B:651:THR:OG1	2.19	0.47
1:C:18:ARG:NH1	1:D:89:GLU:OE1	2.40	0.47
2:B:452:ILE:HD11	2:B:518:GLY:HA3	1.97	0.47
1:D:162:PRO:HA	1:D:167:ARG:HD3	1.97	0.47
2:A:578:LYS:NZ	2:A:580:ASN:HB2	2.24	0.47
2:B:647:TYR:OH	2:B:677:ASP:O	2.20	0.47
2:A:454:ASP:N	2:A:454:ASP:OD1	2.45	0.46
2:B:581:ASN:HD21	2:B:594:ASP:HB2	1.80	0.46
1:C:143:ASP:O	1:C:147:GLN:HG3	2.16	0.46
2:A:461:GLN:NE2	2:A:462:ARG:O	2.49	0.46
2:B:617:ILE:HG13	2:B:618:LEU:HD12	1.97	0.46
2:A:634:SER:OG	2:A:701:ARG:NH1	2.49	0.46
2:A:640:TYR:HB2	2:A:704:ARG:NH1	2.31	0.46
2:B:485:LEU:H	2:B:485:LEU:HD23	1.80	0.46
2:B:575:ARG:NH2	2:B:597:LEU:O	2.49	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:581:ASN:ND2	2:B:594:ASP:HB2	2.30	0.46
2:A:481:ALA:HB2	2:A:531:TRP:HE3	1.81	0.45
2:A:485:LEU:HD23	2:A:485:LEU:H	1.81	0.45
2:A:504:VAL:HG11	2:A:598:ALA:HB3	1.97	0.45
2:B:472:TYR:N	2:B:482:VAL:O	2.47	0.45
1:C:124:ASP:OD1	1:C:127:ARG:NH2	2.47	0.45
1:D:91:ARG:O	1:D:95:ASN:ND2	2.36	0.45
2:B:642:PHE:HE2	2:B:710:ILE:HG21	1.82	0.45
1:C:186:GLU:O	1:C:190:SER:OG	2.23	0.45
1:D:174:PHE:HE2	1:D:191:LEU:HD22	1.82	0.45
1:D:59:TRP:HB2	1:D:86:ILE:HG21	1.99	0.44
2:B:539:HIS:HA	2:B:543:ILE:HG12	1.99	0.44
2:B:568:HIS:HD2	2:B:635:PHE:CD1	2.36	0.44
2:B:628:GLN:CG	2:B:629:ASP:H	2.27	0.44
2:A:485:LEU:HG	2:A:487:VAL:H	1.83	0.44
1:D:41:ARG:HD2	1:D:117:PHE:CG	2.53	0.43
1:C:62:VAL:HA	1:C:65:ILE:HD12	2.00	0.43
1:C:168:LEU:HB3	1:C:217:ILE:HG21	1.99	0.43
2:A:659:ILE:HG21	2:A:665:ILE:HD11	2.00	0.43
2:B:471:VAL:HA	2:B:483:LYS:HA	2.00	0.43
2:B:656:TYR:CD2	2:B:665:ILE:HD11	2.53	0.43
1:C:172:LEU:HD12	1:C:221:LEU:HG	2.00	0.43
2:B:549:GLU:O	2:B:553:LEU:N	2.49	0.43
2:B:705:PRO:HG2	2:B:710:ILE:HD11	1.99	0.43
1:C:59:TRP:CE2	1:C:132:VAL:HG23	2.53	0.42
2:A:617:ILE:HG22	2:A:620:MET:HE3	2.01	0.42
1:D:93:ILE:O	1:D:97:VAL:HG23	2.18	0.42
1:D:118:TYR:O	1:D:122:LYS:N	2.46	0.42
2:A:537:LEU:HD21	2:A:649:LEU:HD21	2.00	0.42
1:D:137:ASP:N	1:D:137:ASP:OD1	2.50	0.42
2:B:706:LEU:HB3	2:B:708:PRO:HD2	2.02	0.42
1:C:128:TYR:OH	2:A:729:SEP:O3P	2.21	0.42
2:A:701:ARG:HA	2:A:704:ARG:HH21	1.84	0.42
1:D:87:GLU:O	1:D:91:ARG:N	2.46	0.42
2:B:680:LYS:HD3	2:B:680:LYS:HA	1.88	0.42
1:C:30:THR:HG21	1:C:100:LEU:HD21	2.01	0.42
1:D:25:CYS:O	1:D:29:VAL:HG23	2.20	0.42
2:A:706:LEU:O	2:A:710:ILE:HG13	2.20	0.42
1:C:160:MET:SD	1:C:164:HIS:ND1	2.89	0.41
2:B:656:TYR:OH	2:B:676:PRO:HD3	2.20	0.41
2:B:724:ILE:HA	2:B:726:ARG:NH2	2.36	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:457:ILE:H	2:B:457:ILE:HD12	1.85	0.41
2:B:485:LEU:O	2:B:487:VAL:HG23	2.21	0.41
2:B:634:SER:O	2:B:637:SER:OG	2.30	0.41
1:D:174:PHE:CE2	1:D:191:LEU:HD22	2.55	0.41
1:C:200:ILE:HD13	1:C:203:LEU:HD11	2.03	0.40
2:A:562:GLN:OE1	2:A:711:LEU:HD11	2.21	0.40
2:A:635:PHE:O	2:A:639:VAL:HG23	2.22	0.40
2:A:567:LEU:HD11	2:A:595:PHE:CZ	2.56	0.40
1:C:90:LEU:HD22	1:C:132:VAL:HG11	2.03	0.40
1:C:143:ASP:O	1:C:146:GLN:HG2	2.22	0.40
1:D:124:ASP:HB3	1:D:128:TYR:CE2	2.57	0.40
2:A:594:ASP:HA	3:A:801:215:O34	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	227/245 (93%)	226 (100%)	1 (0%)	0	100	100
1	D	224/245 (91%)	221 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
2	A	266/766 (35%)	251 (94%)	15 (6%)	0	100	100
2	B	267/766 (35%)	251 (94%)	16 (6%)	0	100	100
All	All	984/2022 (49%)	949 (96%)	35 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM

entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	191/209 (91%)	191 (100%)	0	100	100
1	D	189/209 (90%)	189 (100%)	0	100	100
2	A	237/656 (36%)	236 (100%)	1 (0%)	91	94
2	B	238/656 (36%)	237 (100%)	1 (0%)	91	94
All	All	855/1730 (49%)	853 (100%)	2 (0%)	93	96

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	A	684	ASN
2	B	630	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	A	580	ASN
2	A	581	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	SEP	B	729	2	8,9,10	1.53	1 (12%)	8,12,14	1.51	2 (25%)
2	SEP	A	729	2	8,9,10	1.54	1 (12%)	8,12,14	1.84	2 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	SEP	B	729	2	-	0/5/8/10	-
2	SEP	A	729	2	-	4/5/8/10	-

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	729	SEP	P-O1P	3.34	1.61	1.50
2	A	729	SEP	P-O1P	3.33	1.61	1.50

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	729	SEP	P-OG-CB	-3.47	108.74	118.30
2	A	729	SEP	OG-CB-CA	3.35	111.41	108.14
2	B	729	SEP	OG-CB-CA	2.88	110.95	108.14
2	B	729	SEP	P-OG-CB	-2.44	111.57	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	729	SEP	N-CA-CB-OG
2	A	729	SEP	CB-OG-P-O1P
2	A	729	SEP	CB-OG-P-O2P
2	A	729	SEP	CB-OG-P-O3P

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	729	SEP	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	215	A	801	-	33,38,38	0.81	0	31,53,53	0.38	0
3	215	B	801	-	33,38,38	0.81	0	31,53,53	0.39	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	215	A	801	-	-	5/8/29/29	0/5/5/5
3	215	B	801	-	-	3/8/29/29	0/5/5/5

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	801	215	C31-C32-N33-O34
3	A	801	215	C23-C24-N25-C26
3	B	801	215	C31-C32-N33-O34
3	B	801	215	C23-C24-N25-C26
3	A	801	215	C20-C19-O22-C23
3	A	801	215	C18-C19-O22-C23

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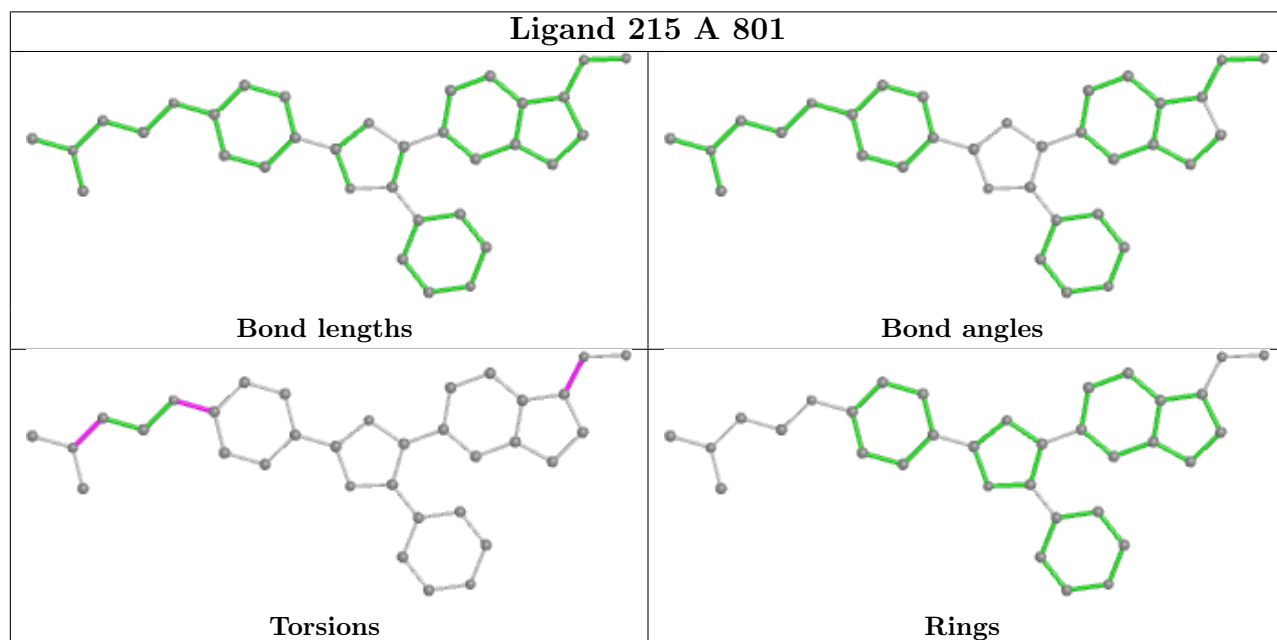
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	801	215	C28-C32-N33-O34
3	B	801	215	C28-C32-N33-O34

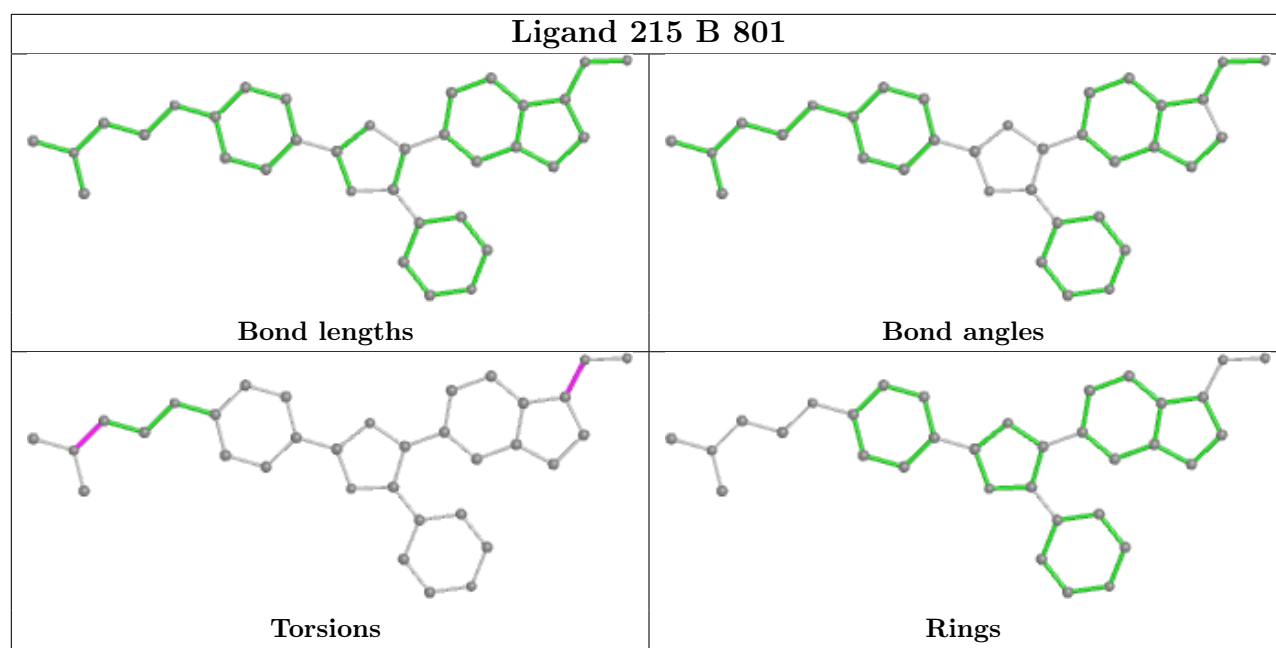
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	801	215	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

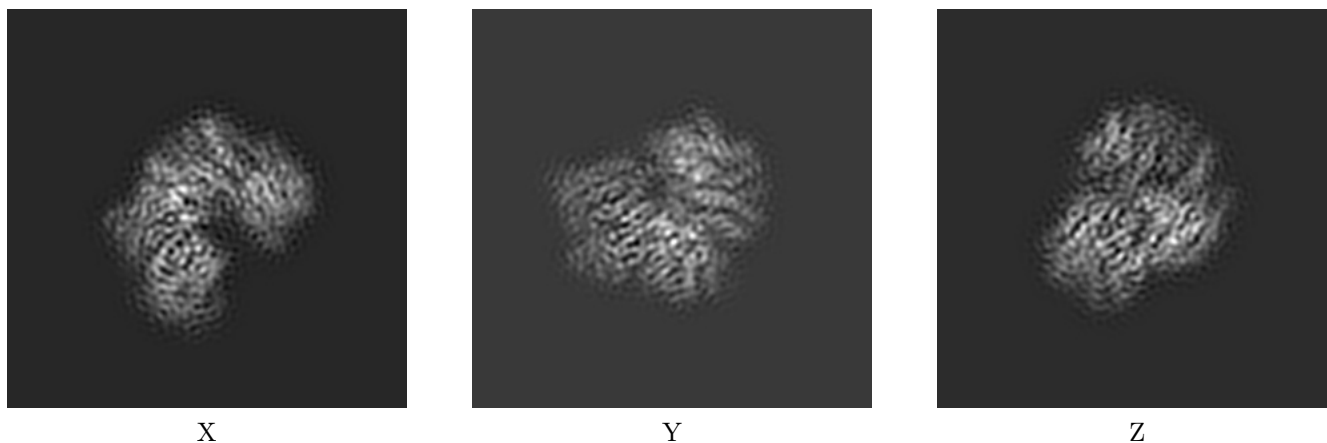
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-23815. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

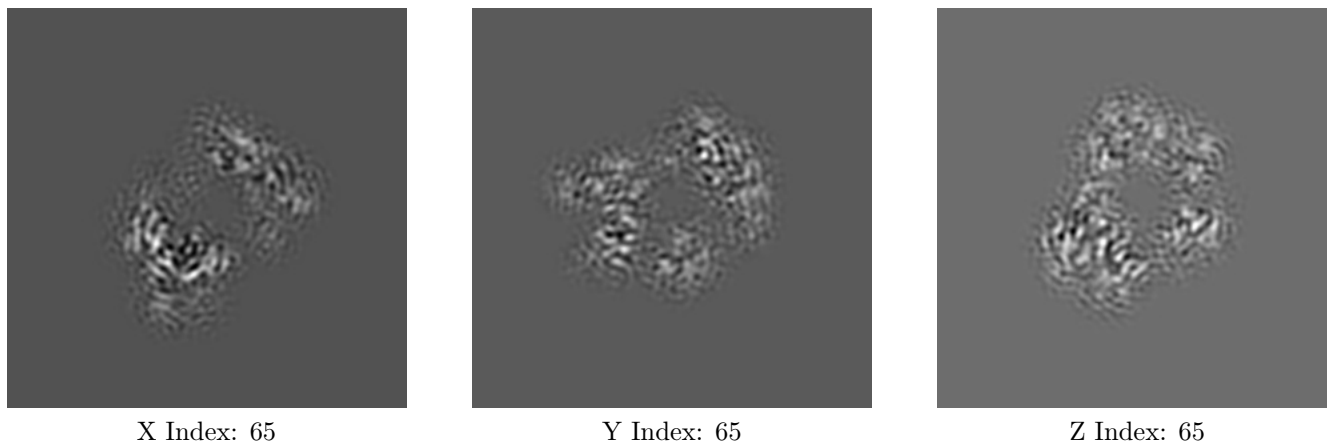
6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

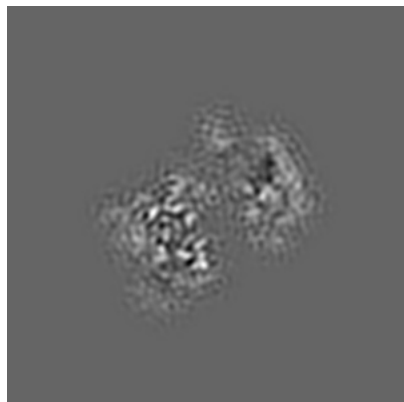
6.2.1 Primary map



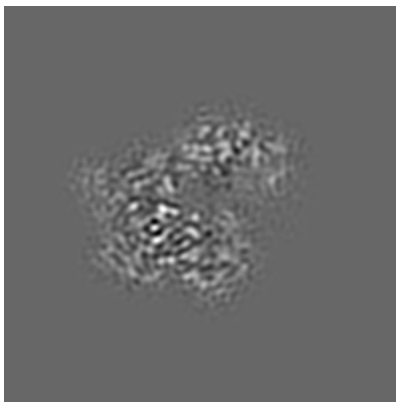
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

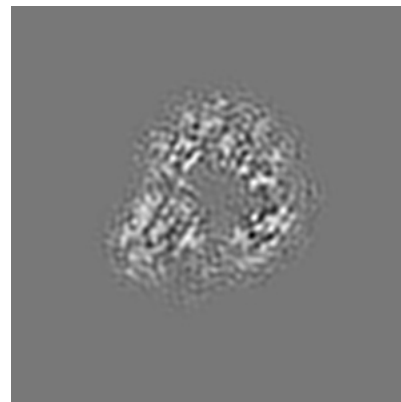
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 57



Y Index: 58



Z Index: 70

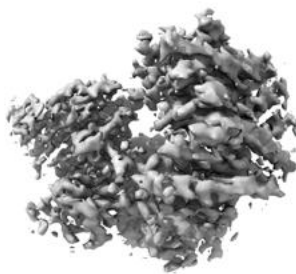
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

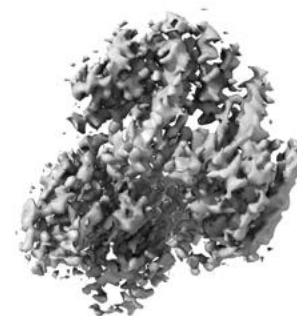
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.049. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

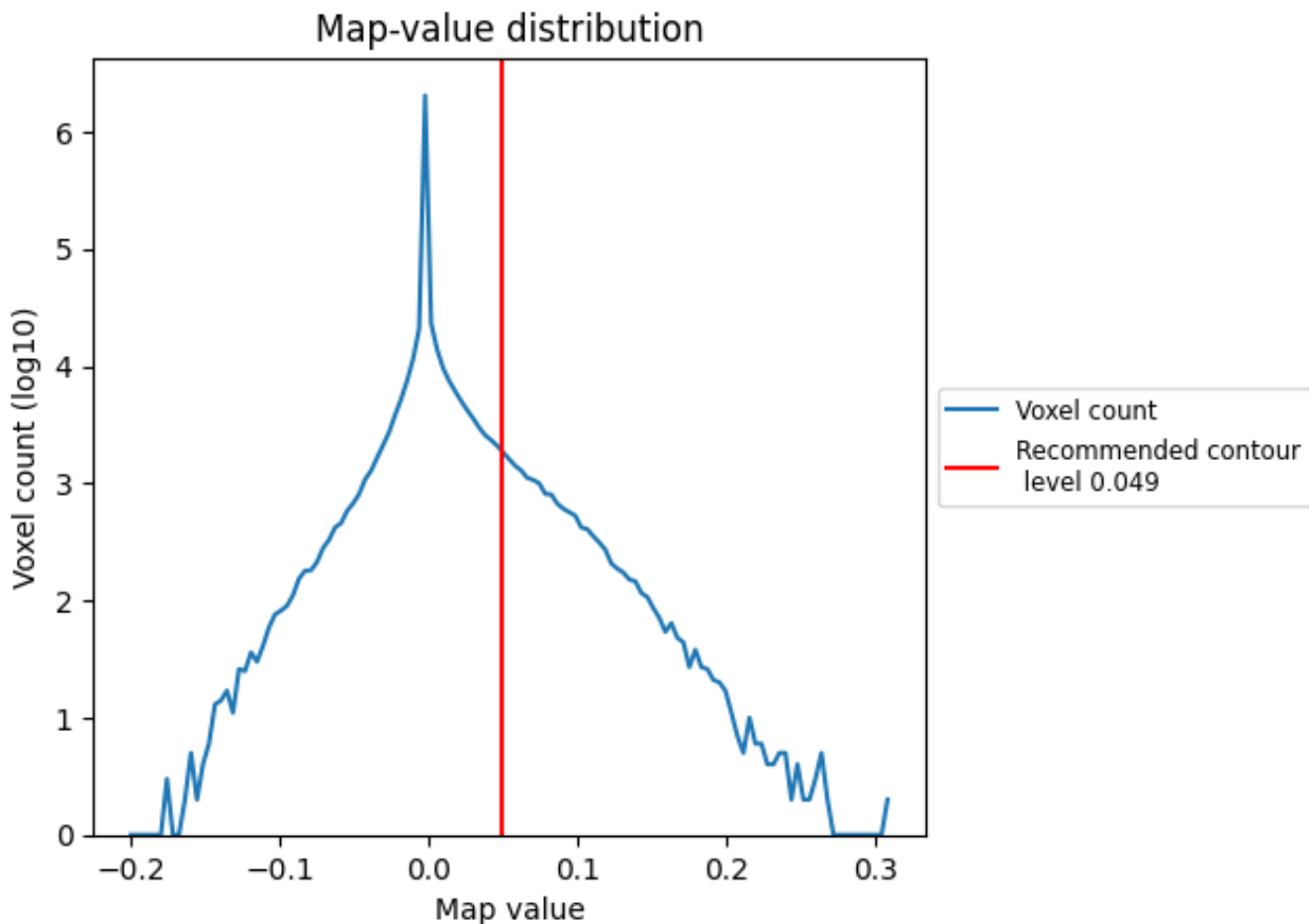
6.5 Mask visualisation

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

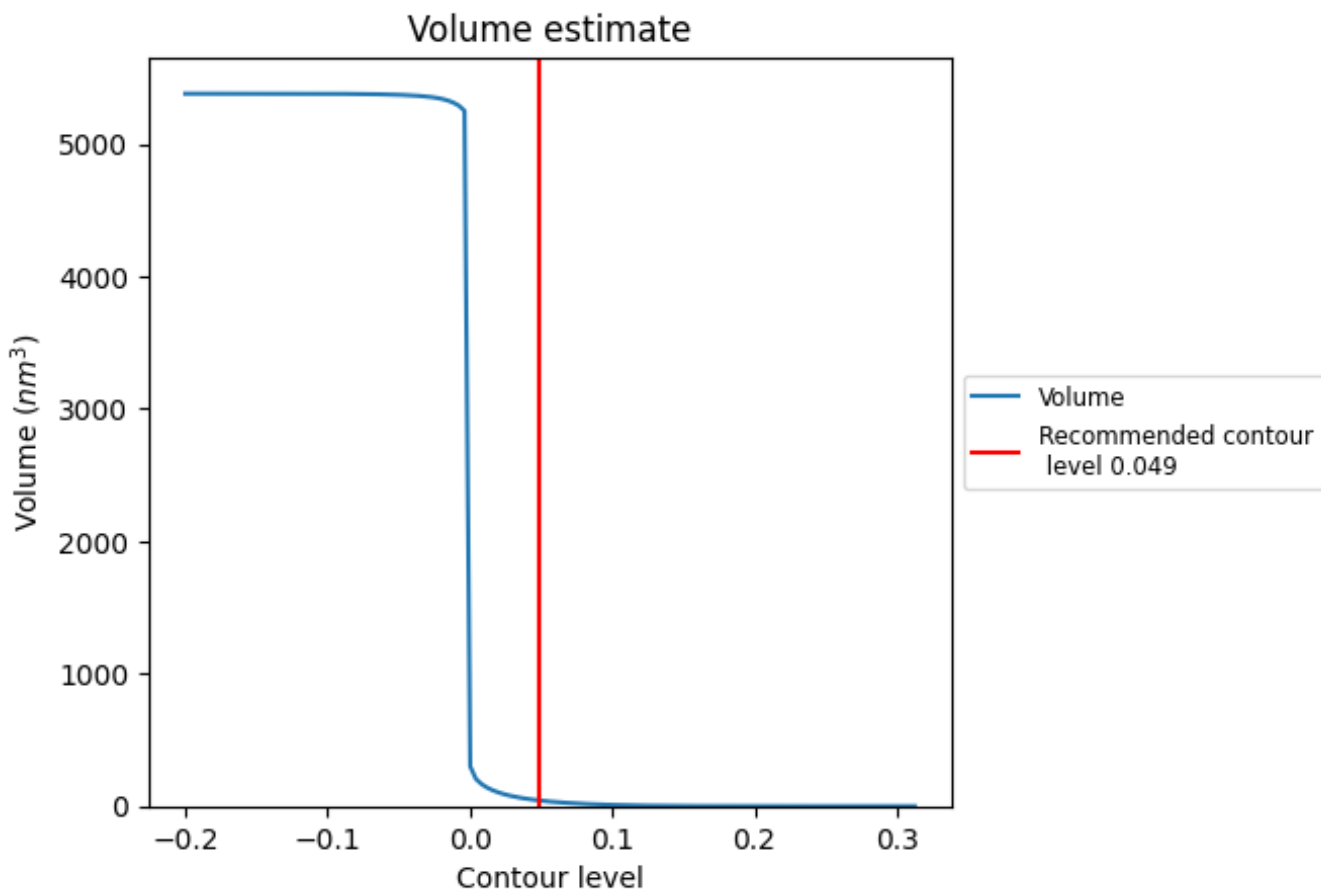
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

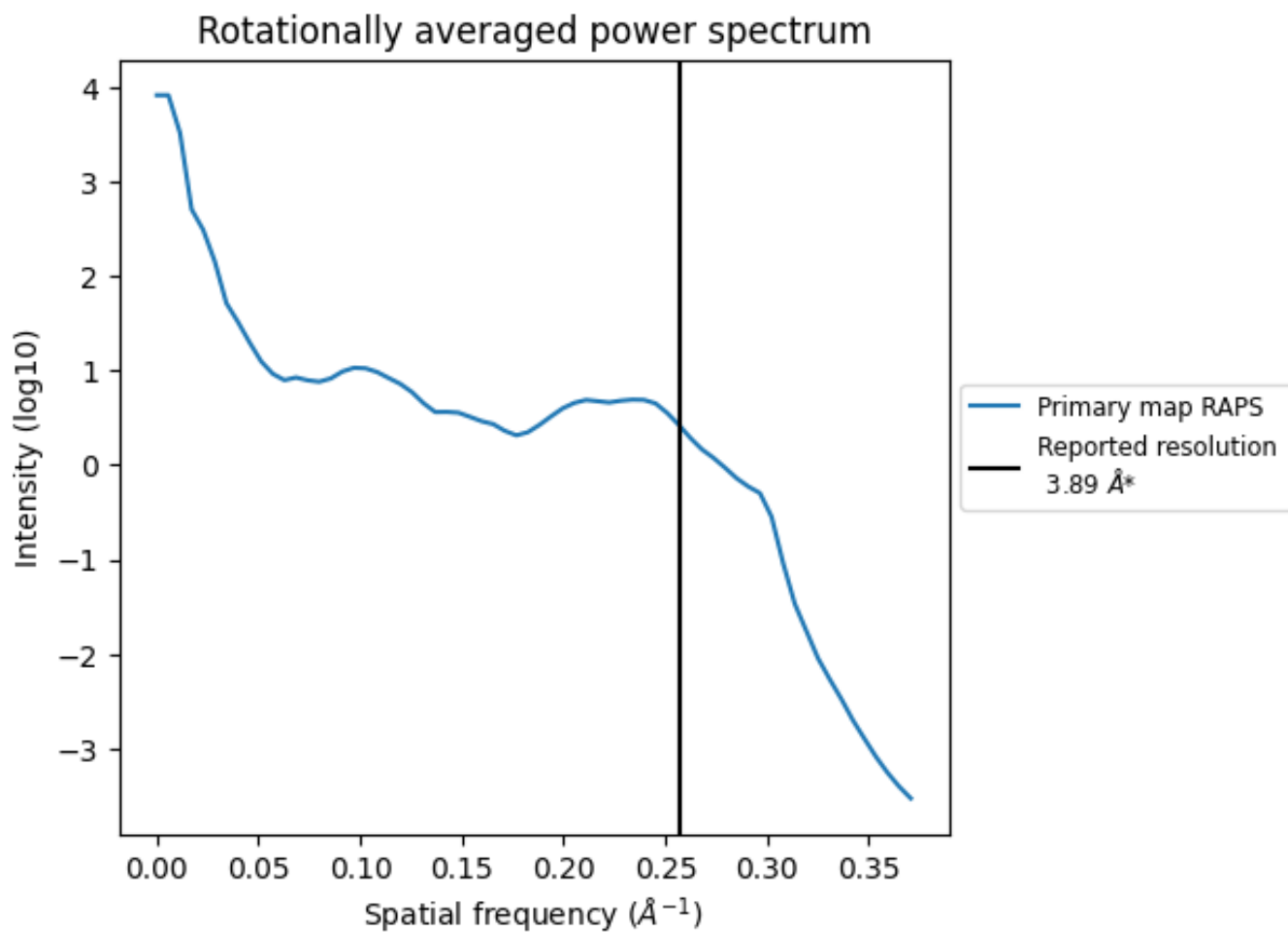
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 43 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 39 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum i

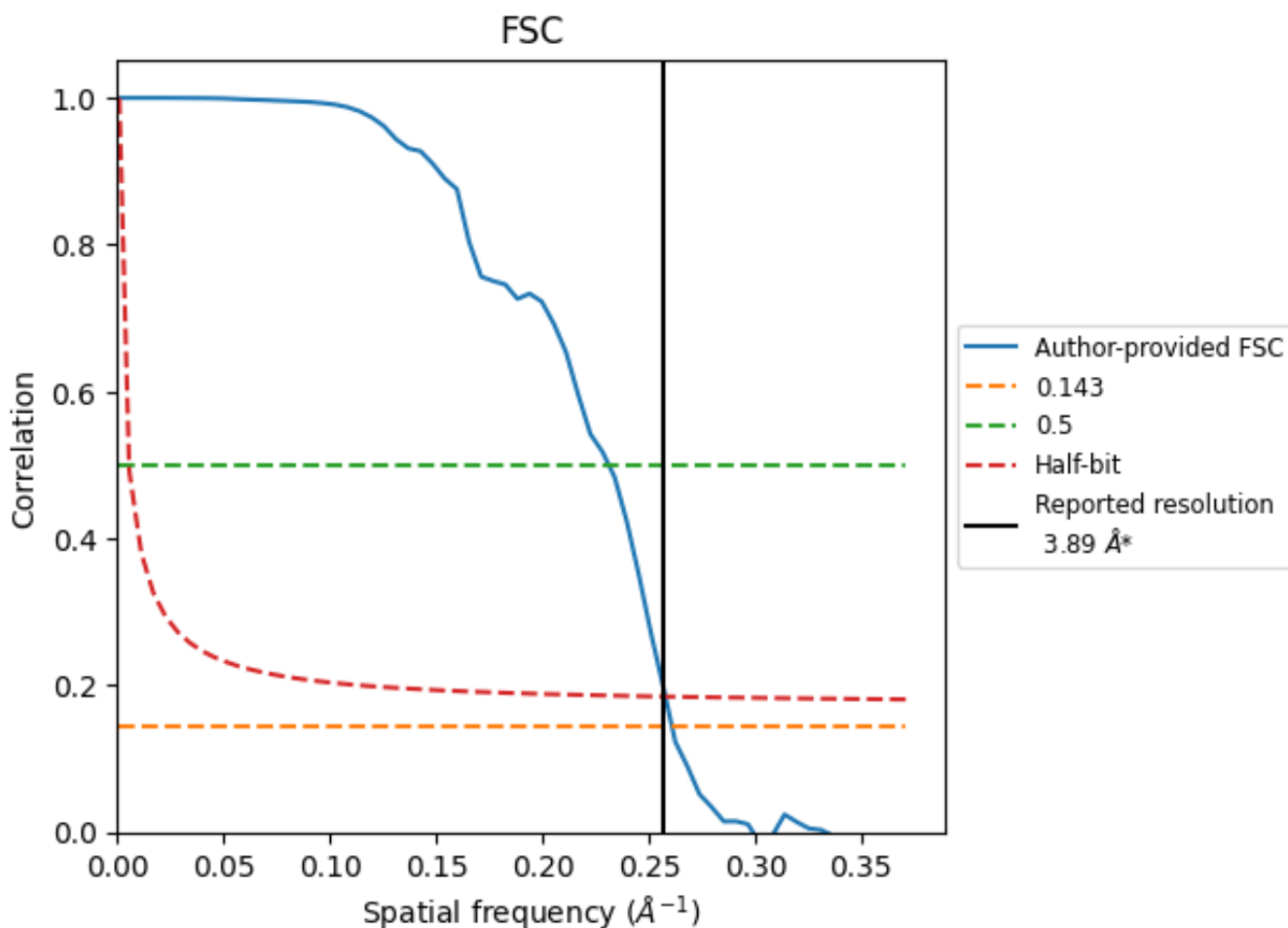


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.257 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.257 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

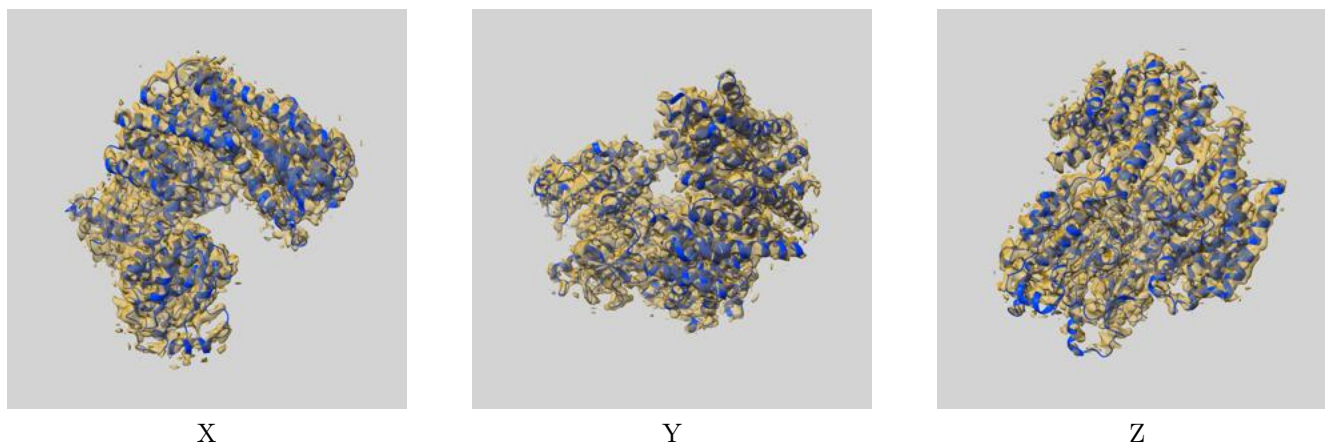
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.89	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.83	4.33	3.88
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

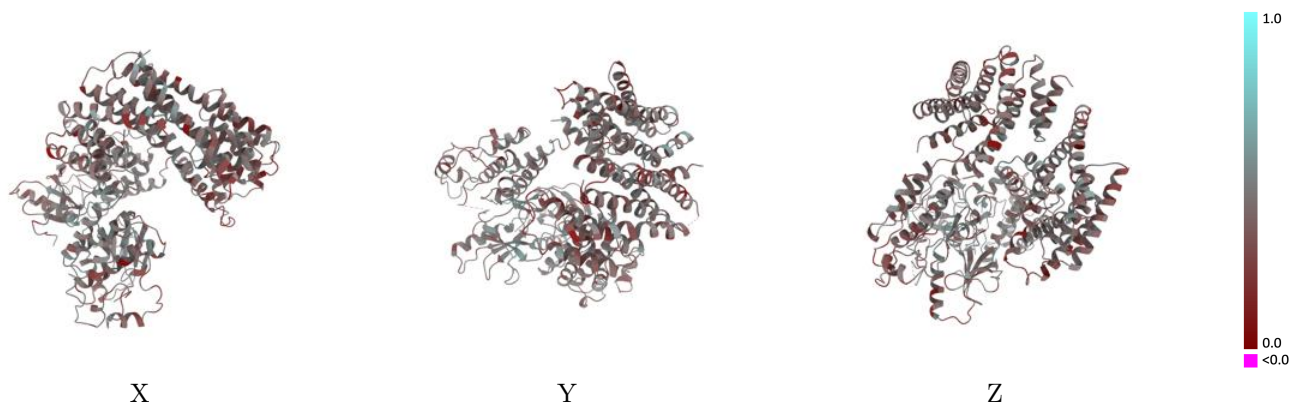
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-23815 and PDB model 7MFF. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



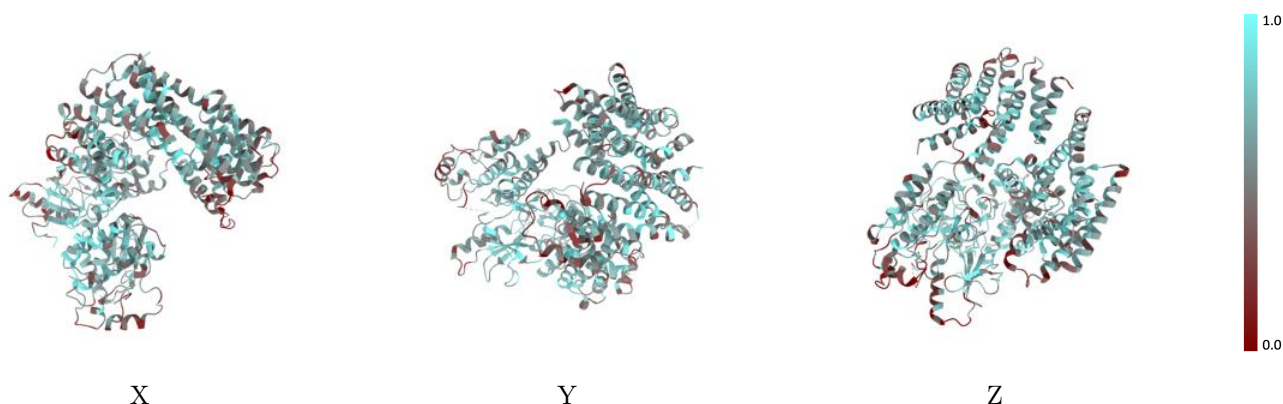
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.049 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



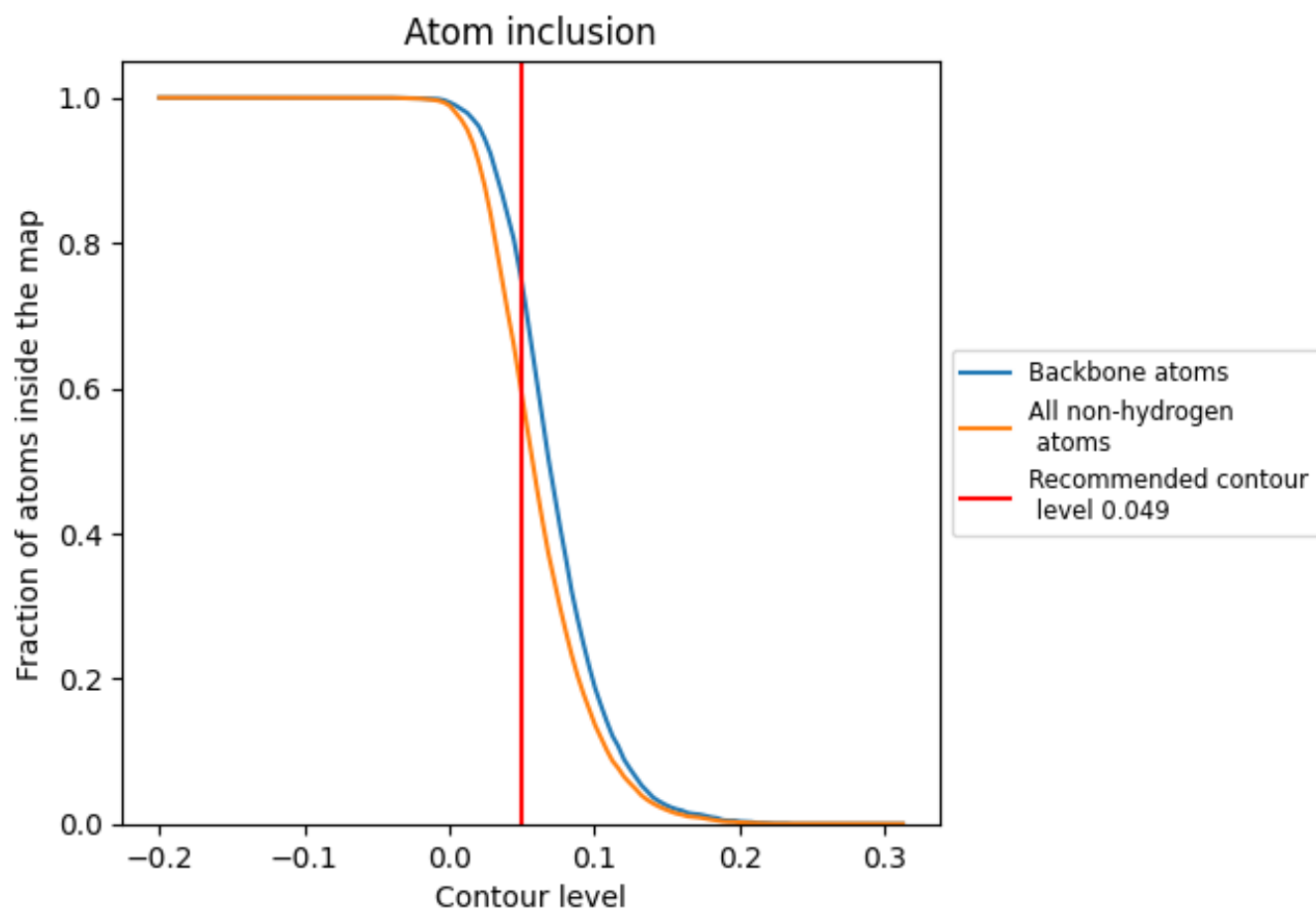
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.049).



9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 75% of all backbone atoms, 60% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.049) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.6009	 0.4070
A	 0.6308	 0.4310
B	 0.5689	 0.4030
C	 0.6153	 0.4010
D	 0.5892	 0.3860

