

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Aug 8, 2020 – 09:03 PM BST

PDB ID : 1LPN

Title: ANALOGS OF REACTION INTERMEDIATES IDENTIFY A UNIQUE

SUBSTRATE BINDING SITE IN CANDIDA RUGOSA LIPASE

Authors: Grochulski, P.G.; Cygler, M.C.

Deposited on : 1995-01-11

Resolution : 2.18 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.13.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

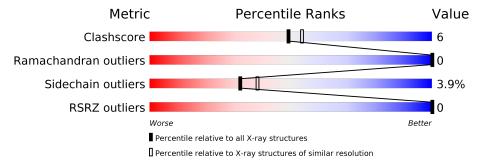
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.18 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	7689 (2.20-2.16)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	7564 (2.20-2.16)
Sidechain outliers	138945	7564 (2.20-2.16)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6738 (2.20-2.16)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	A	549	83%	13%					
2	В	2	100%						



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4211 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called LIPASE.

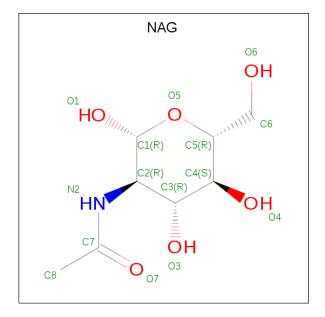
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	534	Total 4022	C 2556	N 659	O 788	S 19	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



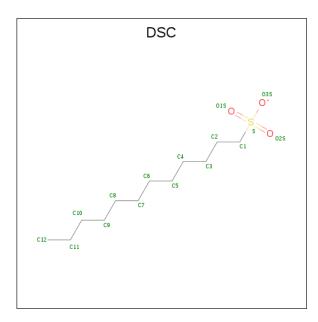


$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0
3	A	1	14	8	1	5	0	0

• Molecule 4 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	2	Total Ca 2 2	0	0

 $\bullet \ \ Molecule\ 5\ is\ DODECANESULFONATE\ ION\ (three-letter\ code:\ DSC)\ (formula:\ C_{12}H_{25}O_3S).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total 15			0	0
5	A	1	Total 15			0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

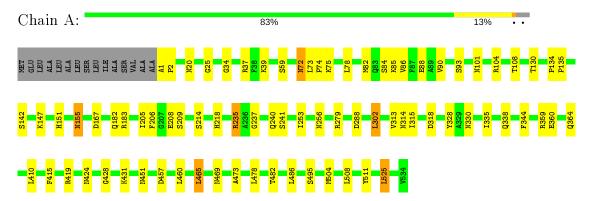
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	115	Total O 115 115	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: LIPASE



• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain B:

NAG1 NAG2



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants	65.00Å 97.40Å 176.40Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	8.00 - 2.18	Depositor
resolution (A)	51.69 - 2.18	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) (8.00-2.18)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	77.1 (51.69-2.18)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.57 (at 2.18 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.151 , (Not available)	Depositor
It, It free	0.152 , (Not available)	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	21.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.073	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32,68.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o$ , $F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	4211	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.03% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, NAG, DSC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.48	0/4118	0.75	$2/5601 \ (0.0\%)$	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	${f Atoms}$	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	315	ILE	N-CA-C	-5.42	96.38	111.00
1	A	525	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.33	127.57	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4022	0	3892	46	0
2	В	28	0	25	0	0
3	A	14	0	13	0	0
4	A	2	0	0	0	0
5	A	30	0	50	4	0
6	A	115	0	0	4	0
All	All	4211	0	3980	48	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including



hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (48) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

A 4 1	A 4 0	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance} \; ({ m \AA})$	$overlap(\AA)$
1:A:1:ALA:HB3	1:A:2:PRO:HD3	1.63	0.79
1:A:338:GLN:HE21	1:A:451:ASN:HD21	1.30	0.79
1:A:167:ASP:H	1:A:256:ASN:HD21	1.30	0.78
1:A:424:ASN:HD21	1:A:495:SER:H	1.30	0.77
1:A:235:ARG:HD2	6:A:609:HOH:O	1.93	0.67
5:A:561:DSC:H82	6:A:675:HOH:O	1.97	0.64
1:A:142:SER:HB2	1:A:147:LYS:O	2.00	0.61
1:A:73:LEU:HB3	1:A:74:PRO:HD3	1.83	0.60
1:A:253:ILE:HG22	6:A:700:HOH:O	2.03	0.58
1:A:338:GLN:NE2	1:A:451:ASN:HD21	1.98	0.58
1:A:167:ASP:N	1:A:256:ASN:HD21	1.98	0.57
1:A:235:ARG:HD3	1:A:478:LEU:HD21	1.87	0.57
1:A:183:ARG:HH11	1:A:218:HIS:HD1	1.53	0.57
1:A:86:VAL:O	1:A:90:VAL:HG12	2.06	0.55
1:A:465:LEU:O	1:A:469:ASN:HB2	2.07	0.55
1:A:330:ASN:HD22	1:A:428:GLY:HA2	1.71	0.54
1:A:302:LEU:HB3	5:A:560:DSC:H111	1.88	0.54
1:A:182:GLN:HE22	1:A:214:SER:HB3	1.72	0.54
1:A:130:THR:HG23	1:A:155:ASN:HD22	1.72	0.53
1:A:473:ALA:HB1	1:A:482:THR:OG1	2.09	0.53
1:A:135:PRO:HB3	1:A:151:HIS:CG	2.44	0.53
1:A:25:GLY:H	1:A:101:ASN:HD22	1.58	0.52
1:A:84:SER:O	1:A:88:GLU:HG2	2.10	0.51
1:A:59:SER:O	1:A:93:SER:HA	2.10	0.50
1:A:167:ASP:H	1:A:256:ASN:ND2	2.03	0.50
1:A:25:GLY:H	1:A:101:ASN:ND2	2.09	0.50
1:A:72:ASN:ND2	1:A:75:LYS:H	2.11	0.48
1:A:78:LEU:O	1:A:82:MET:HG3	2.13	0.48
1:A:209:SER:HA	1:A:241:SER:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:134:PRO:HG2	1:A:457:ASP:HB3	1.97	0.46
1:A:39:LYS:HD3	1:A:279:ARG:NH2	2.31	0.45
1:A:344:PHE:HE2	5:A:561:DSC:H61	1.80	0.45
1:A:208:GLU:HA	1:A:240:GLN:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:486:LEU:HD13	1:A:486:LEU:HA	1.73	0.45
1:A:78:LEU:HD23	1:A:78:LEU:HA	1.81	0.45
1:A:205:ILE:O	1:A:237:GLY:HA2	2.17	0.44
1:A:1:ALA:HB3	1:A:2:PRO:CD	2.42	0.44
1:A:313:VAL:HG13	1:A:314:ASN:N	2.33	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{ll}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{\AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} { m Clash} \\ { m overlap} \ ({ m \AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:104:ARG:HD2	1:A:108:THR:HB	2.00	0.43
5:A:561:DSC:H62	6:A:675:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:330:ASN:ND2	1:A:428:GLY:HA2	2.33	0.43
1:A:360:GLU:O	1:A:364:GLN:HG3	2.18	0.43
1:A:1:ALA:CB	1:A:2:PRO:HD3	2.42	0.43
1:A:431:LYS:HB2	1:A:431:LYS:HE3	1.86	0.43
1:A:134:PRO:HA	1:A:135:PRO:HD3	1.75	0.42
1:A:335:ILE:HG12	1:A:419:ARG:HG3	2.01	0.42
1:A:34:GLY:O	1:A:37:ARG:HB2	2.21	0.41
1:A:504:MET:HE2	1:A:511:TYR:OH	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percer	ntiles
1	A	532/549 (97%)	504 (95%)	28 (5%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mo	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles
1	A	431/441 (98%)	414 (96%)	17 (4%)	32 38



All (17) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	20	ASN
1	A	72	ASN
1	A	85	LYS
1	A	155	ASN
1	A	206	PHE
1	A	235	ARG
1	A	288	ASP
1	A	302	LEU
1	A	318	ASP
1	A	328	TYR
1	A	359	ARG
1	A	410	LEU
1	A	415	PHE
1	A	460	LEU
1	A	465	LEU
1	A	508	LEU
1	A	525	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (14) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	20	ASN
1	A	72	ASN
1	A	101	ASN
1	A	155	ASN
1	A	182	GLN
1	A	187	GLN
1	A	240	GLN
1	A	256	ASN
1	A	330	ASN
1	A	338	GLN
1	A	339	ASN
1	A	424	ASN
1	A	456	GLN
1	A	500	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Dec	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	cles
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	$\mid \# Z  > 2$						
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	14,14,15	1.40	3 (21%)	17,19,21	1.57	4 (23%)						
2	NAG	В	2	2	14,14,15	1.09	2 (14%)	17,19,21	1.24	2 (11%)						

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
2	В	2	NAG	C4-C5	2.36	1.58	1.53
2	В	1	NAG	C1-C2	-2.36	1.48	1.52
2	В	1	NAG	C8-C7	2.20	1.55	1.50
2	В	1	NAG	C4-C5	-2.10	1.48	1.53
2	В	2	NAG	O5-C1	-2.02	1.40	1.43

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
2	В	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6	3.46	112.63	107.20
2	В	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-3.07	105.24	110.49

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Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
2	В	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2	-2.26	112.27	116.10
2	В	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.25	115.24	112.19
2	В	1	NAG	O5-C5-C4	-2.12	105.68	110.83
2	В	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.01	108.12	111.29

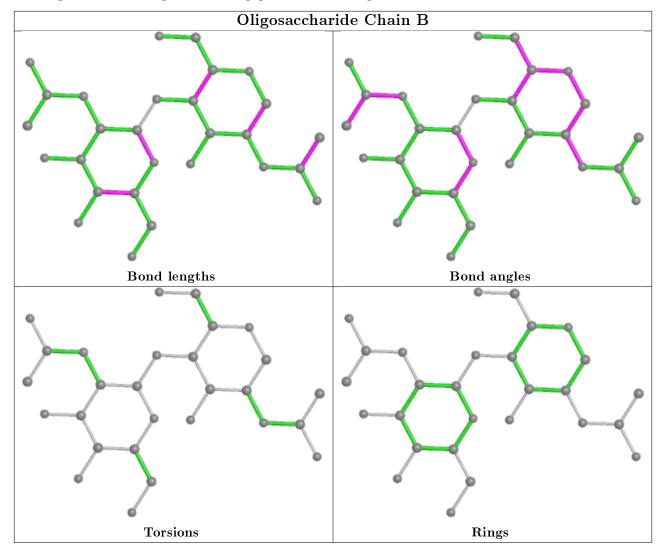
There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Typ	Tuno	Chain	Res	Pog	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	туре			LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
5	DSC	A	560	1	11,14,15	0.22	0	13,14,17	1.23	1 (7%)	
5	DSC	A	561	1	11,14,15	0.23	0	13,14,17	1.91	3 (23%)	
3	NAG	A	991	1	14,14,15	1.22	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.10	4 (23%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	DSC	A	560	1	-	2/12/12/13	-
5	DSC	A	561	1	-	3/12/12/13	-
3	NAG	A	991	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	${ m Observed}({ m \AA})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(\mathbf{\AA})$
3	A	991	NAG	C3-C2	3.26	1.59	1.52

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
3	A	991	NAG	C1-O5-C5	6.34	120.78	112.19
5	A	561	DSC	O2S-S-C1	4.05	112.91	105.50
5	A	561	DSC	C2-C1-S	-3.99	105.41	112.51
5	A	560	DSC	O2S-S-C1	3.29	111.52	105.50
5	A	561	DSC	O1S-S-C1	3.20	111.36	105.50
3	A	991	NAG	O3-C3-C4	-2.97	103.49	110.35
3	A	991	NAG	O4-C4-C3	-2.31	105.00	110.35
3	A	991	NAG	O4-C4-C5	2.22	114.80	109.30



There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	561	DSC	C2-C1-S-O1S
5	A	561	DSC	C2-C1-S-O2S
5	A	560	DSC	C2-C1-S-O1S
5	A	561	DSC	C2-C3-C4-C5
5	A	560	DSC	C11-C10-C9-C8

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	560	DSC	1	0
5	A	561	DSC	3	0

#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\text{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	534/549 (97%)	-0.68	0 100 100	8, 17, 34, 51	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

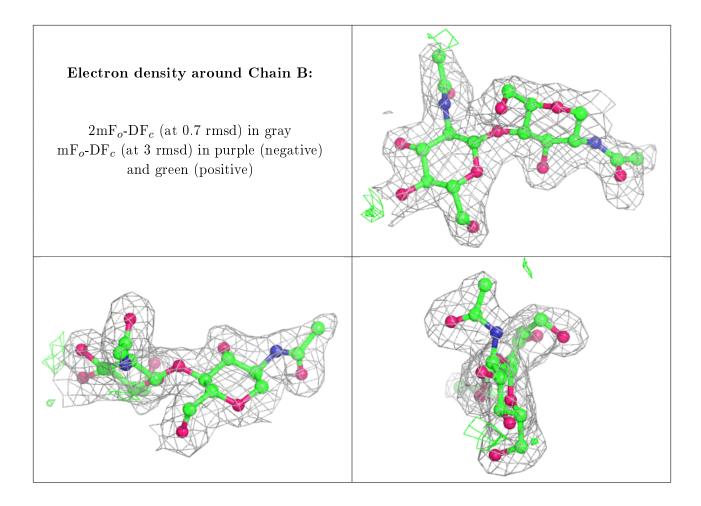
### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.94	0.09	28,36,43,47	0
2	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.96	0.08	24,27,40,41	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	NAG	A	991	14/15	0.93	0.08	28,33,40,41	0
5	DSC	A	561	15/16	0.94	0.22	19,39,43,45	6
4	CA	A	589	1/1	0.98	0.11	38,38,38,38	0
4	CA	A	590	1/1	0.98	0.05	10,10,10,10	1
5	DSC	A	560	15/16	0.99	0.10	13,15,26,26	0

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

