WORLDWIDE PDB
PROTEIN DATA BANK

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

May 26, 2020 – 11:16 am BST

PDB ID	:	4LAQ
Title	:	Crystal structure of a therapeutic single chain antibody in the free form
Authors	:	Celikel, R.; Gokulan, K.; Peterson, E.C.; Varughese, K.I.
Deposited on	:	2013-06-20
Resolution	:	2.80 Å(reported)

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

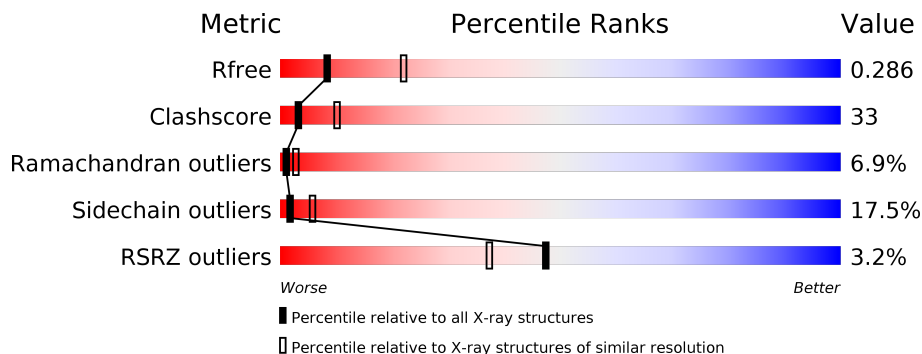|		
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.11
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	Percentile Ranks	Value
Rfree		0.286
Clashscore		33
Ramachandran outliers		6.9%
Sidechain outliers		17.5%
RSRZ outliers		3.2%

Worse   *Better*

∎ Percentile relative to all X-ray structures

▯ Percentile relative to X-ray structures of similar resolution

Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	3140 (2.80-2.80)
Clashscore	141614	3569 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3498 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3500 (2.80-2.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3078 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	H	249	3% 46% 31% 10% · 11%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	SO4	H	301	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition ⓘ

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1746 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

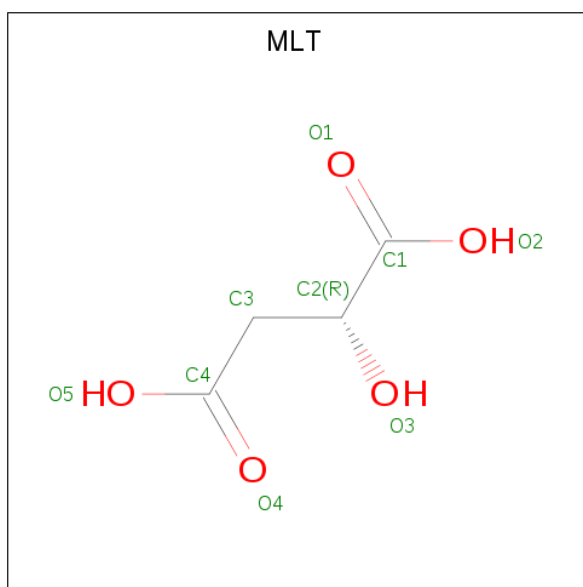- Molecule 1 is a protein called Single chain antibody fragment scFv6H4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	H	222	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1724	1085	285	346	8			

- Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O_4S).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	H	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 3 is D-MALATE (three-letter code: MLT) (formula: $C_4H_6O_5$).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	H	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			9	4	5		

- Molecule 4 is NICKEL (II) ION (three-letter code: NI) (formula: Ni).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	H	1	Total	Ni	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	H	7	Total	O	0	0
			7	7		

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Single chain antibody fragment scFv6H4

Chain H:
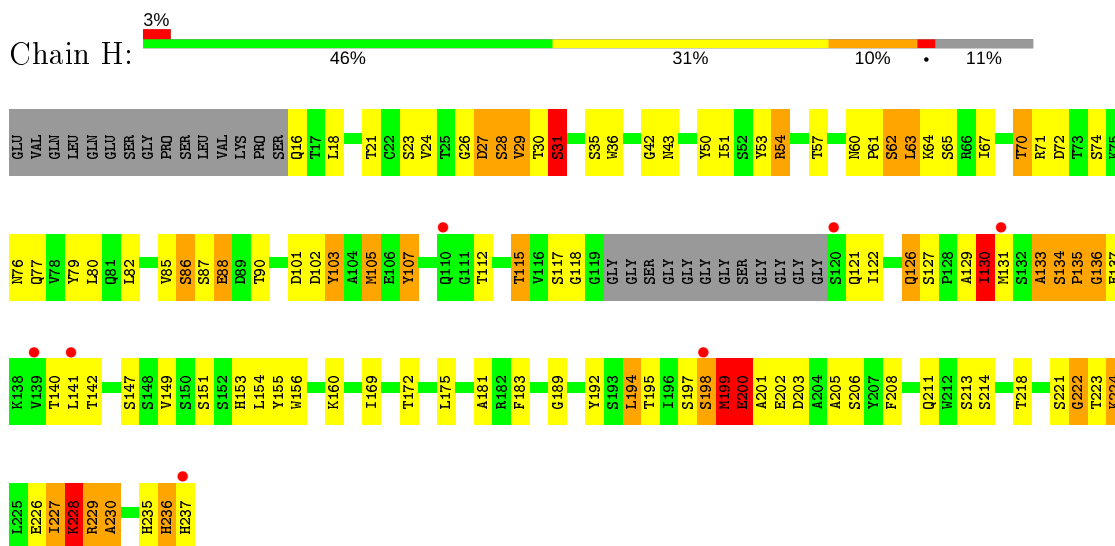
4   Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 3	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	88.34Å 88.34Å 88.34Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	36.09 – 2.80 36.06 – 2.60	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.8 (36.09-2.80) 99.6 (36.06-2.60)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.82	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.02	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	2.19 (at 2.61Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0029, CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.208 , 0.270 0.222 , 0.286	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	338 reflections (4.68%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	64.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.000	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.35 , 60.6	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< |L| > = 0.48, < L^2 > = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.066 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	1746	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	71.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.50% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

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[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.
[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NI, SO4, MLT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$|Z|$>5	RMSZ	#$|Z|$>5
1	H	0.78	1/1775 (0.1%)	0.77	1/2411 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	H	0	2

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	H	105	MET	C-N	6.96	1.50	1.34

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	H	134	SER	N-CA-C	5.24	125.14	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	H	133	ALA	Peptide
1	H	222	GLY	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	H	1724	0	1608	111	2
2	H	5	0	0	0	3
3	H	9	0	4	0	0
4	H	1	0	0	0	0
5	H	7	0	0	2	0
All	All	1746	0	1612	111	5

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 33.

All (111) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:H:133:ALA:O	1:H:227:ILE:HG22	1.35	1.23
1:H:133:ALA:O	1:H:227:ILE:CG2	2.05	1.04
1:H:198:SER:O	1:H:199:MET:O	1.74	1.03
1:H:227:ILE:HD12	1:H:227:ILE:H	1.27	1.00
1:H:60:ASN:OD1	1:H:62:SER:OG	1.77	1.00
1:H:126:GLN:HG3	1:H:222:GLY:H	1.31	0.93
1:H:28:SER:O	1:H:29:VAL:HB	1.69	0.93
1:H:133:ALA:O	1:H:227:ILE:HA	1.72	0.88
1:H:51:ILE:HG13	1:H:57:THR:HG22	1.58	0.85
1:H:199:MET:HG3	1:H:227:ILE:HG23	1.60	0.84
1:H:199:MET:HG3	1:H:227:ILE:CG2	2.14	0.76
1:H:121:GLN:HG3	1:H:218:THR:HG21	1.66	0.76
1:H:31:SER:HA	1:H:53:TYR:HD2	1.51	0.75
1:H:200:GLU:O	1:H:202:GLU:N	2.19	0.75
1:H:160:LYS:HD3	1:H:205:ALA:HB2	1.68	0.74
1:H:31:SER:HA	1:H:53:TYR:CD2	2.21	0.74
1:H:236:HIS:N	1:H:237:HIS:HB2	2.05	0.72
1:H:133:ALA:O	1:H:227:ILE:CA	2.37	0.71
1:H:63:LEU:O	1:H:65:SER:N	2.23	0.71
1:H:137:GLU:O	1:H:198:SER:HA	1.92	0.69
1:H:181:ALA:HB3	5:H:403:HOH:O	1.92	0.69
1:H:235:HIS:HA	1:H:237:HIS:HB2	1.75	0.68

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:H:151:SER:O	1:H:172:THR:HG23	1.93	0.68
1:H:16:GLN:O	1:H:85:VAL:HG22	1.93	0.67
1:H:28:SER:O	1:H:29:VAL:CB	2.42	0.66
1:H:235:HIS:CA	1:H:237:HIS:HB2	2.25	0.65
1:H:133:ALA:C	1:H:227:ILE:HG22	2.15	0.65
1:H:236:HIS:N	1:H:237:HIS:CA	2.61	0.64
1:H:26:GLY:C	1:H:27:ASP:O	2.34	0.64
1:H:236:HIS:CB	1:H:237:HIS:HA	2.27	0.64
1:H:105:MET:CE	1:H:107:TYR:OH	2.46	0.63
1:H:229:ARG:O	1:H:230:ALA:CB	2.46	0.63
1:H:63:LEU:HD12	1:H:67:ILE:HG21	1.80	0.62
1:H:194:LEU:HD23	1:H:195:THR:N	2.15	0.62
1:H:141:LEU:HD22	1:H:223:THR:HG21	1.82	0.62
1:H:229:ARG:O	1:H:230:ALA:HB3	2.00	0.62
1:H:31:SER:CA	1:H:53:TYR:HD2	2.13	0.61
1:H:134:SER:O	1:H:137:GLU:HG3	1.99	0.61
1:H:227:ILE:HD12	1:H:227:ILE:N	2.03	0.61
1:H:126:GLN:OE1	1:H:208:PHE:HA	2.01	0.61
1:H:140:THR:HA	1:H:195:THR:HG22	1.83	0.60
1:H:130:ILE:HG23	1:H:130:ILE:O	2.01	0.60
1:H:197:SER:O	1:H:198:SER:HB3	2.01	0.60
1:H:235:HIS:C	1:H:237:HIS:HB2	2.21	0.60
1:H:199:MET:O	1:H:200:GLU:CG	2.50	0.59
1:H:122:ILE:HD12	1:H:214:SER:HB3	1.83	0.58
1:H:105:MET:CE	1:H:107:TYR:CE1	2.87	0.58
1:H:105:MET:CE	1:H:107:TYR:HE1	2.17	0.58
1:H:134:SER:OG	1:H:135:PRO:HD2	2.04	0.58
1:H:122:ILE:CD1	1:H:214:SER:HB3	2.34	0.58
1:H:141:LEU:CD2	1:H:223:THR:HG21	2.34	0.57
1:H:122:ILE:HD13	1:H:149:VAL:HG12	1.87	0.57
1:H:101:ASP:CG	1:H:102:ASP:H	2.07	0.57
1:H:30:THR:C	1:H:53:TYR:CD2	2.78	0.57
1:H:31:SER:CA	1:H:53:TYR:CD2	2.88	0.57
1:H:129:ALA:O	1:H:130:ILE:HB	2.05	0.55
1:H:236:HIS:N	1:H:237:HIS:HA	2.21	0.55
1:H:105:MET:HE3	1:H:107:TYR:CE1	2.42	0.55
1:H:236:HIS:N	1:H:237:HIS:CB	2.70	0.54
1:H:189:GLY:O	1:H:192:TYR:HE1	1.90	0.53
1:H:198:SER:C	1:H:199:MET:O	2.44	0.53
1:H:230:ALA:O	5:H:401:HOH:O	2.18	0.53
1:H:63:LEU:HD12	1:H:67:ILE:CG2	2.39	0.52

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:H:31:SER:HA	1:H:53:TYR:CB	2.40	0.52
1:H:31:SER:N	1:H:53:TYR:CD2	2.78	0.52
1:H:172:THR:HG21	1:H:192:TYR:HE2	1.75	0.52
1:H:36:TRP:CE2	1:H:80:LEU:HB2	2.46	0.51
1:H:200:GLU:C	1:H:202:GLU:H	2.12	0.50
1:H:236:HIS:HB2	1:H:237:HIS:HA	1.94	0.50
1:H:133:ALA:O	1:H:227:ILE:CB	2.59	0.50
1:H:136:GLY:HA2	1:H:198:SER:HB2	1.94	0.49
1:H:105:MET:HE2	1:H:107:TYR:CE1	2.47	0.49
1:H:86:SER:O	1:H:88:GLU:N	2.45	0.49
1:H:172:THR:HG22	1:H:192:TYR:CE2	2.48	0.49
1:H:42:GLY:O	1:H:43:ASN:HB2	2.13	0.49
1:H:72:ASP:OD1	1:H:74:SER:HB3	2.13	0.48
1:H:199:MET:HE3	1:H:227:ILE:HG13	1.94	0.48
1:H:71:ARG:HG2	1:H:72:ASP:N	2.28	0.48
1:H:153:HIS:HB2	1:H:213:SER:HB3	1.94	0.48
1:H:30:THR:C	1:H:53:TYR:CE2	2.87	0.48
1:H:134:SER:HA	1:H:227:ILE:HG22	1.96	0.48
1:H:105:MET:HE3	1:H:107:TYR:HE1	1.78	0.47
1:H:130:ILE:HD12	1:H:224:LYS:HG2	1.95	0.47
1:H:183:PHE:HD2	1:H:194:LEU:HD21	1.79	0.47
1:H:172:THR:CG2	1:H:192:TYR:HE2	2.27	0.47
1:H:189:GLY:O	1:H:192:TYR:CE1	2.67	0.47
1:H:194:LEU:HD23	1:H:195:THR:H	1.79	0.47
1:H:51:ILE:HG13	1:H:57:THR:CG2	2.39	0.47
1:H:18:LEU:HB2	1:H:85:VAL:HG11	1.97	0.46
1:H:149:VAL:O	1:H:149:VAL:HG23	2.16	0.46
1:H:154:LEU:HD13	1:H:155:TYR:N	2.31	0.46
1:H:172:THR:CG2	1:H:192:TYR:CE2	2.99	0.46
1:H:156:TRP:HB2	1:H:169:ILE:HB	1.98	0.45
1:H:18:LEU:HB3	1:H:82:LEU:HB3	1.98	0.45
1:H:160:LYS:HD3	1:H:205:ALA:CB	2.44	0.45
1:H:228:LYS:HA	1:H:228:LYS:HD2	1.51	0.45
1:H:130:ILE:HD12	1:H:224:LYS:HB3	1.98	0.45
1:H:90:THR:HG23	1:H:115:THR:HA	1.99	0.44
1:H:50:TYR:C	1:H:50:TYR:CD1	2.90	0.44
1:H:54:ARG:HD2	1:H:54:ARG:HA	1.56	0.44
1:H:227:ILE:CD1	1:H:227:ILE:H	2.03	0.44
1:H:61:PRO:C	1:H:63:LEU:N	2.73	0.42
1:H:169:ILE:HD12	1:H:194:LEU:HG	2.00	0.42
1:H:199:MET:SD	1:H:203:ASP:HB2	2.60	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:H:237:HIS:CD2	1:H:237:HIS:C	2.93	0.42
1:H:169:ILE:HG12	1:H:175:LEU:HD23	2.01	0.42
1:H:121:GLN:HG3	1:H:218:THR:CG2	2.43	0.41
1:H:199:MET:O	1:H:200:GLU:CB	2.68	0.41
1:H:70:THR:HG23	1:H:79:TYR:HB2	2.01	0.41
1:H:77:GLN:NE2	1:H:79:TYR:OH	2.50	0.40
1:H:72:ASP:O	1:H:76:ASN:N	2.55	0.40

All (5) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:H:301:SO4:O2	2:H:301:SO4:O3[10_545]	0.03	2.17
2:H:301:SO4:O1	2:H:301:SO4:O3[7_555]	0.03	2.17
2:H:301:SO4:S	2:H:301:SO4:O3[7_555]	1.43	0.77
1:H:54:ARG:NE	1:H:102:ASP:OD2[9_555]	2.04	0.16
1:H:103:TYR:CD1	1:H:117:SER:O[7_555]	2.07	0.13

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	H	218/249 (88%)	187 (86%)	16 (7%)	15 (7%)	1 3

All (15) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	H	130	ILE
1	H	199	MET
1	H	200	GLU
1	H	27	ASP
1	H	87	SER

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	H	198	SER
1	H	29	VAL
1	H	31	SER
1	H	135	PRO
1	H	201	ALA
1	H	228	LYS
1	H	230	ALA
1	H	28	SER
1	H	136	GLY
1	H	118	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	H	194/210 (92%)	160 (82%)	34 (18%)	2	6

All (34) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	H	21	THR
1	H	23	SER
1	H	24	VAL
1	H	31	SER
1	H	35	SER
1	H	54	ARG
1	H	62	SER
1	H	63	LEU
1	H	64	LYS
1	H	70	THR
1	H	86	SER
1	H	88	GLU
1	H	103	TYR
1	H	107	TYR
1	H	112	THR
1	H	115	THR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	H	126	GLN
1	H	127	SER
1	H	130	ILE
1	H	131	MET
1	H	142	THR
1	H	147	SER
1	H	194	LEU
1	H	199	MET
1	H	200	GLU
1	H	206	SER
1	H	211	GLN
1	H	221	SER
1	H	224	LYS
1	H	226	GLU
1	H	227	ILE
1	H	228	LYS
1	H	229	ARG
1	H	236	HIS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	H	39	GLN
1	H	76	ASN
1	H	77	GLN
1	H	159	GLN
1	H	211	GLN
1	H	233	HIS
1	H	237	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#$|Z| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	#$|Z| > 2$
3	MLT	H	302	-	2,8,8	1.88	1 (50%)	3,10,10	1.86	1 (33%)
2	SO4	H	301	-	4,4,4	0.67	0	6,6,6	0.85	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	MLT	H	302	-	-	0/2/8/8	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	H	302	MLT	C3-C2	-2.56	1.49	1.53

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	H	302	MLT	C3-C2-C1	-3.13	107.11	111.10

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	H	301	SO4	0	3

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	H	222/249 (89%)	0.10	7 (3%)	47	37	39, 70, 94, 154	0

All (7) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	H	139	VAL	3.0
1	H	131	MET	3.0
1	H	110	GLN	2.5
1	H	198	SER	2.4
1	H	237	HIS	2.3
1	H	141	LEU	2.3
1	H	120	SER	2.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
3	MLT	H	302	9/9	0.85	0.45	116,122,128,134	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å²)	Q<0.9
2	SO4	H	301	5/5	0.96	0.15	99,101,104,110	4
4	NI	H	303	1/1	0.96	0.41	107,107,107,107	1

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.