

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Oct 10, 2023 – 04:38 AM EDT

PDB ID : 7L05

Title : Complex of novel maytansinoid M24 bound to T2R-TTL (two tubulin al-

pha/beta heterodimers, RB3 stathmin-like domain, and tubulin tyrosine lig-

ase)

Authors : Franklin, M.C. Deposited on : 2020-12-11

Resolution : 2.21 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

 $EDS \quad : \quad 2.35.1$ 

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

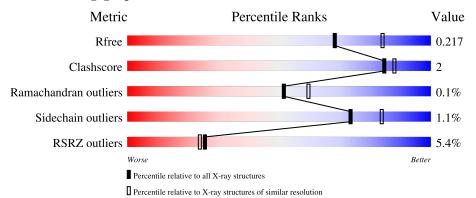
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.21 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\#  ext{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	5912 (2.24-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	6646 (2.24-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6543 (2.24-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6544 (2.24-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5797 (2.24-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	451	93%	
1	С	451	89%	9% •
2	В	445	87%	7% 5%
2	D	445	<del>5%</del> 87%	7% 6%

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
3	Е	149	79%	•	19%
4	F	384	84%		5% 11%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 14 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 18587 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Tubulin alpha-1B chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues		$\mathbf{At}$	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	439	Total 3434	C 2173	N 583	O 656	S 22	0	1	0
1	С	440	Total 3471	C 2197	N 586	O 664	S 24	0	8	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Tubulin beta chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	В	421	Total 3325	C 2095	N 563	O 641	S 26	0	5	0
2	D	420	Total 3309	C 2082	N 558	O 643	S 26	0	5	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Stathmin-4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	Е	121	Total 1017	C 629	11	O 198	S 6	0	3	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
Е	3	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P63043
Е	4	ALA	-	cloning artifact	UNP P63043
Е	146	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P63043
Е	147	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P63043
Е	148	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P63043
Е	149	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P63043
Е	150	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P63043
Е	151	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P63043

• Molecule 4 is a protein called Tubulin Tyrosine Ligase.

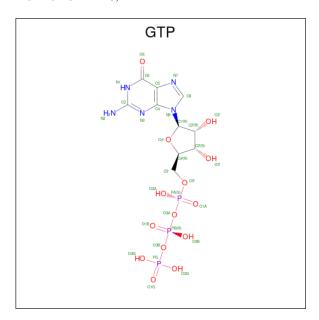


Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	E	342	Total	С	N	О	S	0	4	0
4	Г	342	2838	1828	486	510	14	0	4	

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
F	379	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP E1BQ43
F	380	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP E1BQ43
F	381	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP E1BQ43
F	382	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP E1BQ43
F	383	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP E1BQ43
F	384	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP E1BQ43

• Molecule 5 is GUANOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GTP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{14}P_3$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf		
5	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
9	9 A	1	32	10	5	14	3	U		
5	C	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
		1	32	10	5	14	3	U	U	

• Molecule 6 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	В	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
6	С	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
6	D	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
6	F	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

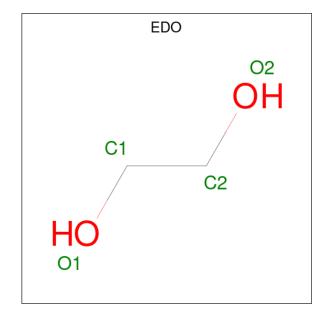
• Molecule 7 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	2	Total Ca 2 2	0	0
7	В	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0
7	С	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 8 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

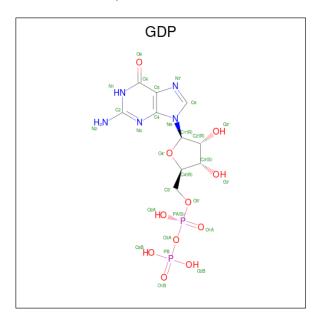
 $\bullet$  Molecule 9 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_2H_6O_2}).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
9	В	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
9	В	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

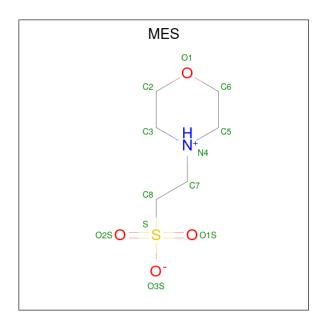
• Molecule 10 is GUANOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GDP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{11}P_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
10	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
10 D	1	28	10	5	11	2	U	0	
10	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
10 D	1	28	10	5	11	2	U		

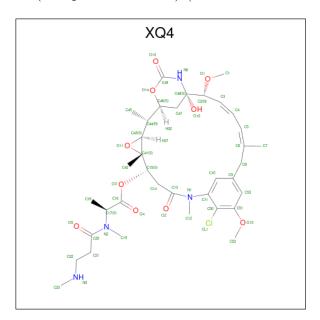
• Molecule 11 is 2-(N-MORPHOLINO)-ETHANESULFONIC ACID (three-letter code: MES) (formula:  $C_6H_{13}NO_4S$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
11	D	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
11	Б	1	12	6	1	4	1		

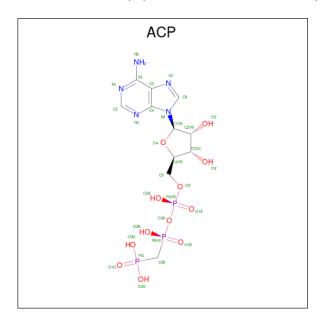
• Molecule 12 is (1S,2R,3S,5S,6S,16E,18E,20R,21S)-11-chloro-21-hydroxy-12,20-dimethoxy-2, 5,9,16-tetramethyl-8,23-dioxo-4,24-dioxa-9,22-diazatetracyclo[19.3.1.1 10,14 .0 3,5 ]hexacosa -10(26),11,13,16,18-pentaen-6-yl (2S)-2-{methyl[3-(methylamino)propanoyl]amino}propano ate (non-preferred name) (three-letter code: XQ4) (formula:  $C_{36}H_{51}ClN_4O_{10}$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
12	D	1	Total 51	C 36	Cl 1	N 4	O 10	0	0



 $\bullet$  Molecule 13 is PHOSPHOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID ADENYLATE ESTER (three-letter code: ACP) (formula:  $C_{11}H_{18}N_5O_{12}P_3).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
13	F	1	Total	С	٠,١	0	P	0	0
	_	_	31	11	5	12	3		

• Molecule 14 is water.

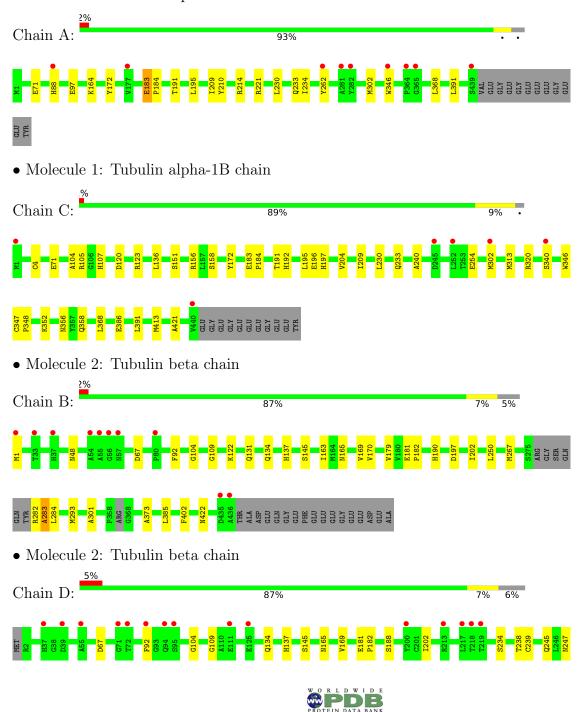
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
14	A	200	Total O 200 200	0	0
14	В	176	Total O 176 176	0	0
14	С	354	Total O 354 354	0	0
14	D	100	Total O 100 100	0	0
14	Е	52	Total O 52 52	0	0
14	F	75	Total O 75 75	0	0

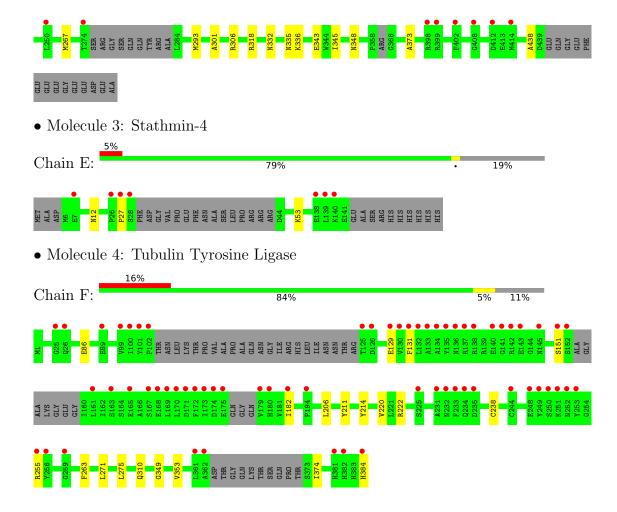


## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Tubulin alpha-1B chain







# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	105.09Å 158.04Å 181.01Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.62 - 2.21	Depositor
Resolution (A)	45.58 - 2.21	EDS
% Data completeness	97.8 (45.62-2.21)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.8 (45.58-2.21)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.08	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.53 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0267	Depositor
D D.	0.186 , 0.217	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.190 , 0.217	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	7466 reflections (5.03%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	29.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.091	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33 , 41.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	18587	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	41.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.56% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CL, ACP, GDP, XQ4, EDO, GTP, CA, MG, MES

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.69	1/3515~(0.0%)	0.82	1/4772~(0.0%)	
1	С	0.76	1/3573~(0.0%)	0.89	5/4853 (0.1%)	
2	В	0.73	0/3412	0.81	1/4622~(0.0%)	
2	D	0.68	0/3398	0.80	0/4605	
3	Е	0.76	0/1035	0.86	0/1373	
4	F	0.68	0/2917	0.76	0/3941	
All	All	0.71	$2/17850 \ (0.0\%)$	0.82	7/24166 (0.0%)	

#### All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	С	386	GLU	CD-OE2	5.26	1.31	1.25
1	A	183	GLU	CD-OE1	5.07	1.31	1.25

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	С	105	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.64	116.98	120.30
2	В	131	GLN	CB-CA-C	-5.67	99.05	110.40
1	A	88	HIS	CB-CA-C	5.49	121.38	110.40
1	С	123	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.38	117.61	120.30
1	С	156	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.29	117.66	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.



### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3434	0	3346	10	0
1	С	3471	0	3392	22	0
2	В	3325	0	3222	23	0
2	D	3309	0	3190	19	1
3	Ε	1017	0	1040	1	0
4	F	2838	0	2818	6	1
5	A	32	0	12	0	0
5	С	32	0	12	0	0
6	A	1	0	0	0	0
6	В	1	0	0	0	0
6	С	1	0	0	0	0
6	D	1	0	0	0	0
6	F	1	0	0	0	0
7	A	2	0	0	0	0
7	В	1	0	0	0	0
7	С	1	0	0	0	0
8	A	1	0	0	0	0
9	A	4	0	6	0	0
9	В	8	0	12	0	0
10	В	28	0	12	0	0
10	D	28	0	12	0	0
11	В	12	0	13	3	0
12	D	51	0	0	0	0
13	F	31	0	14	0	0
14	A	200	0	0	0	0
14	В	176	0	0	1	0
14	С	354	0	0	2	0
14	D	100	0	0	4	0
14	Е	52	0	0	1	0
14	F	75	0	0	0	0
All	All	18587	0	17101	79	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 79 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
1100111 1	1100111 2	${ m distance} ({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
2:B:190:HIS:CD2	2:B:422[A]:ASN:HD22	1.93	0.85
2:B:190:HIS:HD2	2:B:422[A]:ASN:HD22	1.23	0.81
1:A:209:ILE:HD11	1:A:302:MET:SD	2.26	0.74
2:B:170:VAL:HG11	2:B:385[A]:LEU:HD11	1.69	0.73
1:A:234:ILE:HD13	1:A:302:MET:SD	2.31	0.71

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
2:D:335:ASN:OD1	4:F:384:HIS:NE2[3_545]	2.08	0.12

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentile	es
1	A	438/451 (97%)	431 (98%)	7 (2%)	0	100 100	)
1	С	446/451 (99%)	435 (98%)	11 (2%)	0	100 100	)
2	В	420/445 (94%)	411 (98%)	8 (2%)	1 (0%)	47 54	
2	D	419/445 (94%)	413 (99%)	6 (1%)	0	100 100	)
3	Е	120/149 (80%)	119 (99%)	0	1 (1%)	19 18	
4	F	336/384 (88%)	327 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100 100	)
All	All	2179/2325 (94%)	2136 (98%)	41 (2%)	2 (0%)	51 60	

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type
2	В	283	ALA
3	Ε	27	PRO



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	371/379 (98%)	368 (99%)	3 (1%)	81 89
1	С	379/379 (100%)	377 (100%)	2 (0%)	88 94
2	В	367/381 (96%)	363 (99%)	4 (1%)	73 84
2	D	366/381 (96%)	365 (100%)	1 (0%)	92 96
3	E	112/133 (84%)	111 (99%)	1 (1%)	78 87
4	F	314/342 (92%)	304 (97%)	10 (3%)	39 49
All	All	1909/1995 (96%)	1888 (99%)	21 (1%)	73 84

5 of 21 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	F	211	TYR
4	F	255	ARG
4	F	310	GLN
4	F	271[A]	LEU
4	F	238	CYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	F	333	ASN
4	F	260	ASN
1	С	197	HIS
1	С	107	HIS
1	С	356	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 20 ligands modelled in this entry, 10 are monoatomic - leaving 10 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trmo	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
10	GDP	В	501	6	24,30,30	1.17	3 (12%)	30,47,47	1.16	4 (13%)
12	XQ4	D	503	-	52,54,54	1.67	7 (13%)	59,80,80	1.90	14 (23%)
13	ACP	F	502	6	27,33,33	0.86	1 (3%)	32,52,52	0.93	1 (3%)
5	GTP	A	501	6	26,34,34	0.99	3 (11%)	32,54,54	0.91	0
10	GDP	D	501	6	24,30,30	0.92	0	30,47,47	1.12	3 (10%)
9	EDO	A	506	-	3,3,3	0.13	0	2,2,2	0.13	0
9	EDO	В	504	-	3,3,3	0.14	0	2,2,2	0.30	0
9	EDO	В	505	-	3,3,3	0.42	0	2,2,2	0.70	0
11	MES	В	506	-	12,12,12	0.86	0	14,16,16	1.53	4 (28%)
5	GTP	С	501	6	26,34,34	0.96	2 (7%)	32,54,54	0.90	1 (3%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
10	GDP	В	501	6	-	5/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
12	XQ4	D	503	-	-	16/61/88/88	0/2/4/4
13	ACP	F	502	6	-	7/15/38/38	0/3/3/3

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	GTP	A	501	6	-	5/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
10	GDP	D	501	6	-	4/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
9	EDO	A	506	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
9	EDO	В	504	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
9	EDO	В	505	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
11	MES	В	506	-	-	1/6/14/14	0/1/1/1
5	GTP	С	501	6	-	7/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 16 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
12	D	503	XQ4	O14-C49	6.89	1.45	1.35
12	D	503	XQ4	C41-C43	5.44	1.54	1.47
12	D	503	XQ4	O3-C16	4.41	1.44	1.34
12	D	503	XQ4	O11-C41	-3.55	1.41	1.45
12	D	503	XQ4	C50-CL1	3.41	1.80	1.72

The worst 5 of 27 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
12	D	503	XQ4	C41-O11-C43	7.07	65.04	60.79
12	D	503	XQ4	O11-C43-C41	-4.80	56.42	59.83
12	D	503	XQ4	O15-C51-C50	4.10	120.39	115.53
12	D	503	XQ4	O3-C16-C17	3.39	118.16	110.80
12	D	503	XQ4	C46-O14-C49	-3.38	112.42	121.06

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 48 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	501	GTP	PB-O3B-PG-O3G
5	A	501	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
5	С	501	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
5	С	501	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
10	В	501	GDP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A

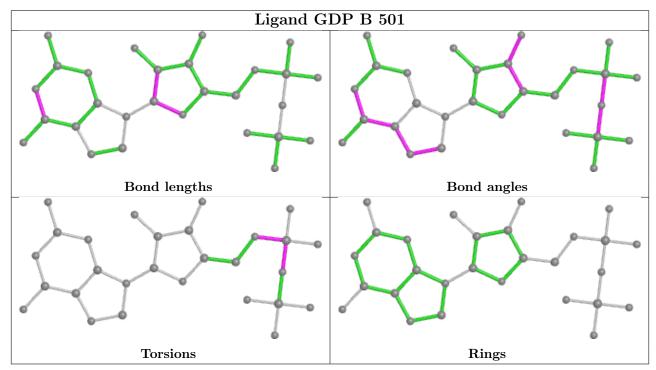
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

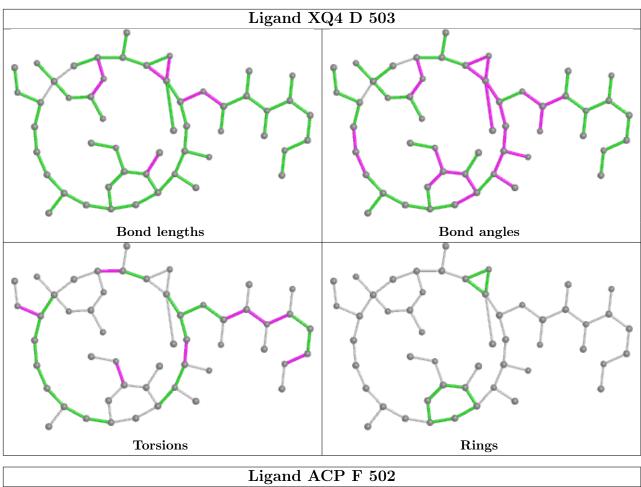


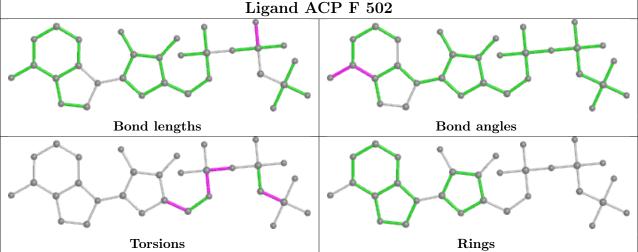
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
11	В	506	MES	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

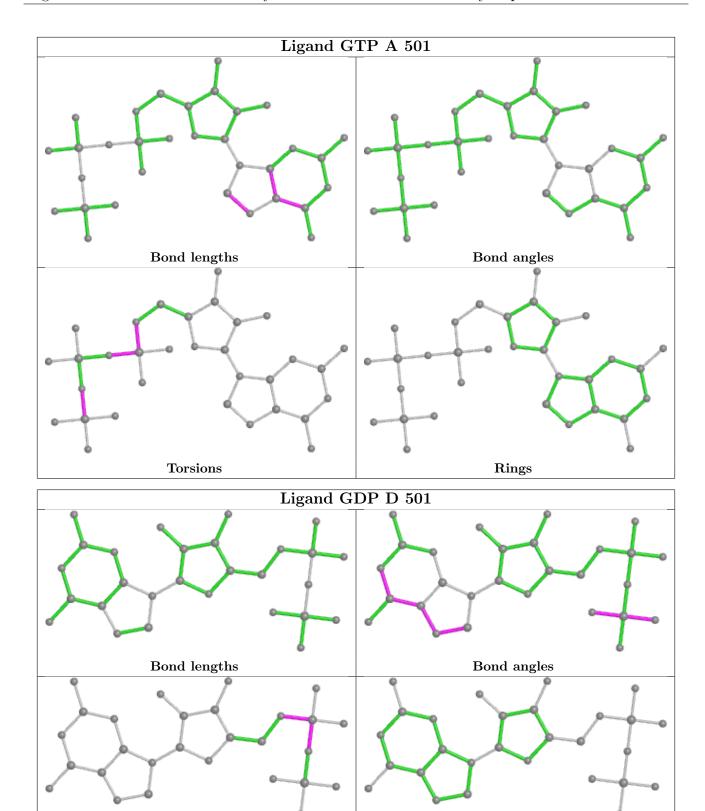








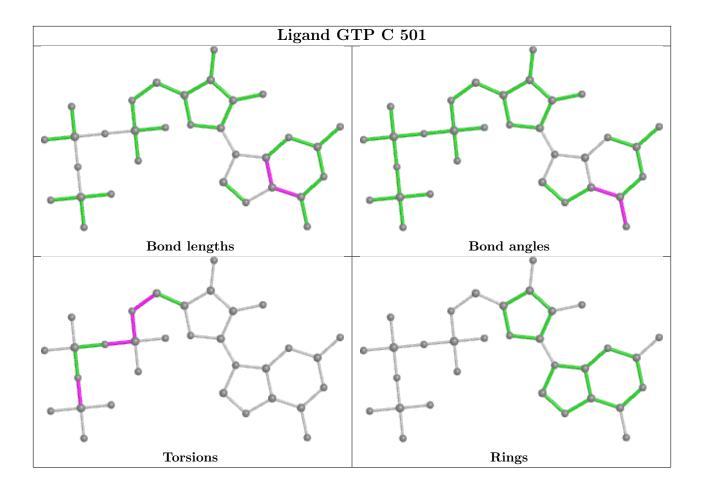






Torsions

Rings



## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	439/451 (97%)	-0.10	9 (2%) 63 61	20, 35, 66, 95	0
1	С	440/451 (97%)	-0.19	6 (1%) 75 73	16, 26, 46, 68	0
2	В	421/445 (94%)	-0.06	10 (2%) 59 57	17, 32, 59, 84	1 (0%)
2	D	420/445 (94%)	0.22	23 (5%) 25 23	22, 43, 74, 93	3 (0%)
3	E	121/149 (81%)	0.21	7 (5%) 23 21	25, 45, 86, 101	0
4	F	342/384 (89%)	0.61	63 (18%) 1 1	26, 55, 122, 135	0
All	All	2183/2325 (93%)	0.08	118 (5%) 25 24	16, 37, 81, 135	4 (0%)

The worst 5 of 118 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
4	F	234	GLN	7.5
4	F	249	TYR	6.5
4	F	130	VAL	6.5
4	F	381	HIS	6.0
4	F	231	ALA	5.9

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

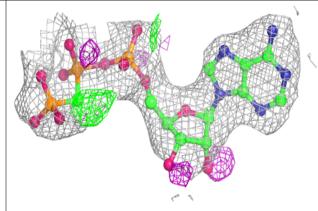
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
9	EDO	A	506	4/4	0.74	0.21	57,59,59,60	0
13	ACP	F	502	31/31	0.85	0.15	49,69,87,94	0
7	CA	В	503	1/1	0.86	0.15	61,61,61,61	0
12	XQ4	D	503	51/51	0.87	0.23	52,66,102,112	0
6	MG	F	501	1/1	0.88	0.08	62,62,62,62	0
7	CA	A	505	1/1	0.89	0.07	69,69,69,69	0
8	CL	A	504	1/1	0.92	0.11	57,57,57,57	0
7	CA	A	503	1/1	0.93	0.09	44,44,44,44	0
9	EDO	В	504	4/4	0.93	0.11	46,47,48,48	0
6	MG	D	502	1/1	0.94	0.11	47,47,47,47	0
9	EDO	В	505	4/4	0.94	0.12	39,40,40,40	0
11	MES	В	506	12/12	0.96	0.09	32,34,37,41	0
10	GDP	D	501	28/28	0.97	0.09	32,37,41,45	0
6	MG	С	502	1/1	0.97	0.15	17,17,17,17	0
6	MG	A	502	1/1	0.98	0.11	21,21,21,21	0
7	CA	С	503	1/1	0.98	0.03	28,28,28,28	0
6	MG	В	502	1/1	0.99	0.11	13,13,13,13	0
5	GTP	С	501	32/32	0.99	0.11	13,14,16,18	0
5	GTP	A	501	32/32	0.99	0.14	17,19,20,22	0
10	GDP	В	501	28/28	0.99	0.13	13,17,19,21	0

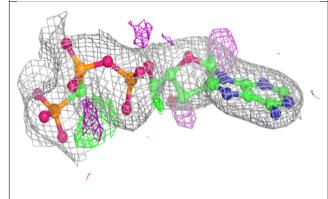
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

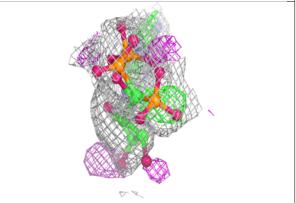


## Electron density around ACP F 502:

 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

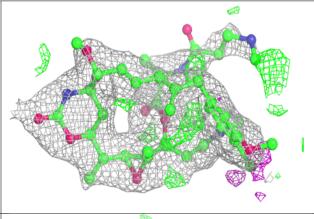


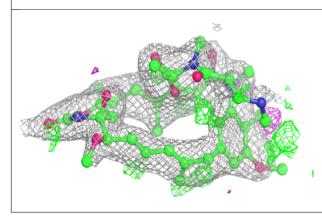


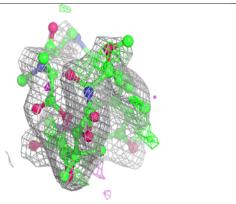


#### Electron density around XQ4 D 503:

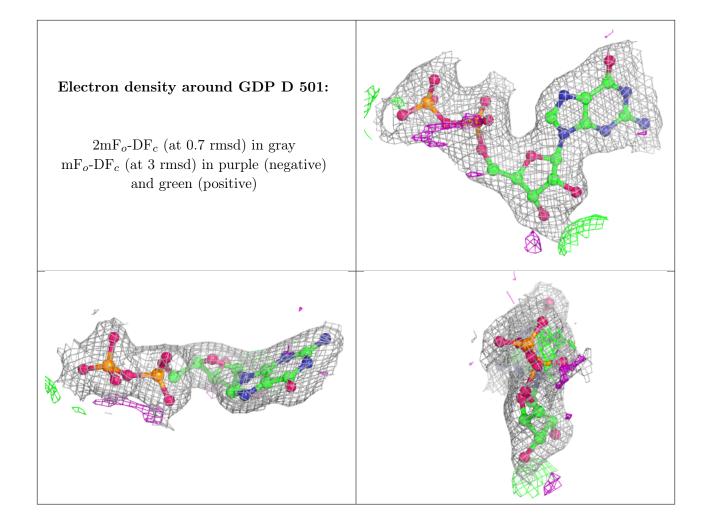
 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)





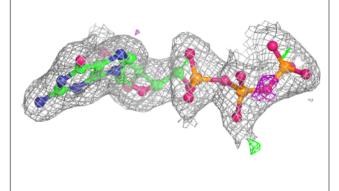


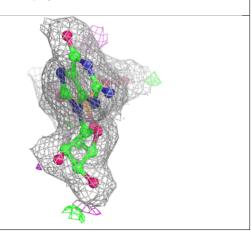




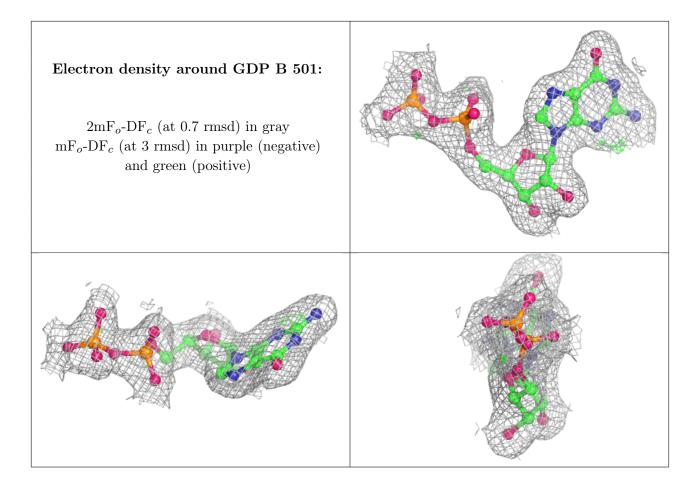


# Electron density around GTP C 501: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive) Electron density around GTP A 501: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $mF_o$ -DF<sub>c</sub> (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

