

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Sep 23, 2023 – 07:24 PM EDT

PDB ID : 5KZJ

Title: Loop Deletion mutant of Paracoccus denitrificans AztC

Authors : Yukl, E. Deposited on : 2016-07-25

Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.35.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

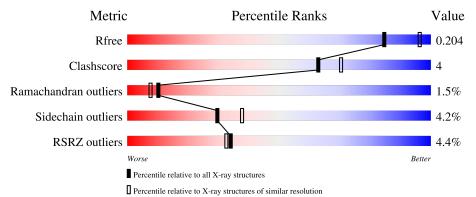
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

### 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \ resolution \ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	4898 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4800 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	296	80%	9%	8%
1	В	296	80%	10%	8%



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4194 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Periplasmic solute binding protein.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	272	Total	C	N	0	S	0	3	0
				1255		398	Э			
1	B	271	Total	$\mathbf{C}$	Ν	Ο	S	0	ર	0
1	D	211	2004	1251	353	395	5	0	0 3	

There are 26 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	?	-	HIS	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
A	?	-	TYR	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
A	?	-	HIS	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
A	?	-	TYR	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
A	?	-	ILE	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
A	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
A	?	-	LYS	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
A	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
A	?	-	PHE	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
A	?	-	HIS	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
В	?	-	HIS	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
В	?	-	TYR	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
В	?	-	HIS	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
В	?	-	TYR	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
В	?	-	ILE	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
В	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
В	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
В	?	-	LYS	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
В	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
В	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
В	?	-	PHE	deletion	UNP A1B2F3
В	?	-	HIS	deletion	UNP A1B2F3

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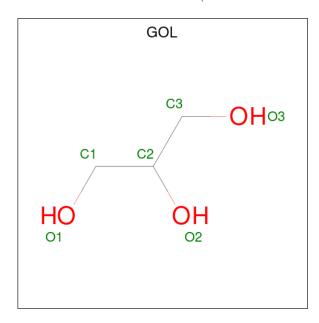
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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP A1B2F3

• Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0
2	В	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 3 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_3H_8O_3}).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
3	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

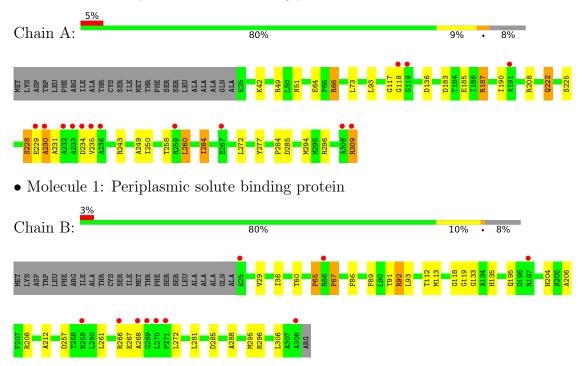
$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	85	Total O 85 85	0	0
4	В	77	Total O 78 78	0	1



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Periplasmic solute binding protein





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	61.83Å 104.31Å 64.32Å	Denogitor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $110.70^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	46.47 - 2.20	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	46.43 - 2.20	EDS
% Data completeness	99.5 (46.47-2.20)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.6 (46.43-2.20)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.07	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.97 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0029	Depositor
Ρ. Р.	0.159 , 0.200	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.167 , $0.204$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1945 reflections (5.02%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	43.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.208	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.38 , 45.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.043 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	4194	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	51.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.59% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bo	ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ   #   Z		RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.91	0/2049	1.02	$6/2797 \ (0.2\%)$
1	В	0.97	0/2041	1.01	7/2786 (0.3%)
All	All	0.94	0/4090	1.01	$13/5583 \ (0.2\%)$

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 13 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	208	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	11.61	126.10	120.30
1	В	296	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.41	115.09	120.30
1	A	208	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.31	116.14	120.30
1	В	296	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.57	124.09	120.30
1	В	208	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.22	123.91	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	228	SER	Peptide



#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2013	0	1943	18	0
1	В	2004	0	1932	13	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	В	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	12	0	16	3	0
4	A	85	0	0	5	0
4	В	78	0	0	0	0
All	All	4194	0	3891	34	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 34 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:185:GLU:OE1	1:A:296:ARG:NH2	2.14	0.78
1:A:260:LEU:O	1:A:264:ILE:HD13	1.93	0.68
1:B:266:ARG:O	1:B:268:ALA:N	2.27	0.67
1:B:112:THR:OG1	1:B:135[A]:HIS:CD2	2.52	0.62
3:A:403:GOL:C3	4:A:547:HOH:O	2.50	0.59

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	273/296 (92%)	253 (93%)	16 (6%)	4 (2%)	10 8
1	В	272/296~(92%)	254 (93%)	14 (5%)	4 (2%)	10 8
All	All	545/592 (92%)	507 (93%)	30 (6%)	8 (2%)	10 8

5 of 8 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	118	GLY
1	A	230	ALA
1	В	67	PRO
1	В	267	GLU
1	A	117	GLY

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	193/209 (92%)	183 (95%)	10 (5%)	23 28
1	В	192/209 (92%)	185 (96%)	7 (4%)	35 45
All	All	385/418 (92%)	368 (96%)	17 (4%)	30 35

5 of 17 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	261	LEU
1	В	306	LEU
1	A	264	ILE
1	A	272	LEU
1	A	309	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.



#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Peg	Link	B	ond leng	$\operatorname{gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	GOL	A	403	-	5,5,5	0.44	0	5, 5, 5	1.34	0
3	GOL	A	402	-	5,5,5	0.35	0	5,5,5	0.76	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GOL	A	403	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
3	GOL	A	402	-	-	1/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	403	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
3	A	403	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
3	A	402	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	403	GOL	3	0

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	# RSRZ > 2		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	272/296 (91%)	0.13	14 (5%) 28	8 26	34, 47, 83, 118	0
1	В	271/296 (91%)	-0.07	10 (3%) 4	1 39	32, 46, 84, 106	0
All	All	543/592 (91%)	0.03	24 (4%) 34	4 32	32, 46, 84, 118	0

The worst 5 of 24 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	233	ALA	9.0
1	A	232	ALA	7.7
1	В	269	GLY	4.7
1	В	270	LEU	4.5
1	A	309	ARG	4.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	GOL	A	403	6/6	0.86	1.01	38,43,46,57	6
3	GOL	A	402	6/6	0.95	0.22	56,67,72,79	0
2	ZN	A	401	1/1	1.00	0.20	41,41,41,41	0
2	ZN	В	401	1/1	1.00	0.20	40,40,40,40	0

# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

