

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 4, 2023 – 01:29 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	2KZH
BMRB ID	:	17005
Title	:	Three-dimensional structure of a truncated phosphoribosylanthranilate
		isomerase (residues 255-384) from Escherichia coli
Authors	:	Setiyaputra, S.; Mackay, J.P.; Patrick, W.M.
Deposited on	:	2010-06-17

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

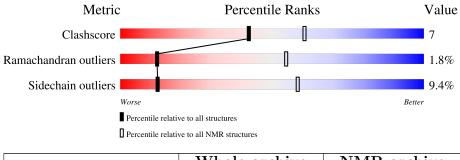
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.33

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 85%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} { m archive} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	L		
1	А	140	64%	16%	16%	·



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 13 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues					
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model					
1	A:4-A:106, (112)	A:117-A:125	0.75	13	

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 19
2	2, 7, 8
3	15, 18, 20



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1999 atoms, of which 994 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Tryptophan biosynthesis protein trpCF.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
1	Δ	194	Total	С	Н	Ν	0	\mathbf{S}	0
1	A	134	1999	632	994	177	192	4	0

There are 10 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	1	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P00909
А	132	ALA	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP P00909
А	133	GLY	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP P00909
А	134	SER	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP P00909
А	135	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P00909
А	136	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P00909
A	137	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P00909
А	138	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P00909
А	139	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P00909
А	140	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P00909

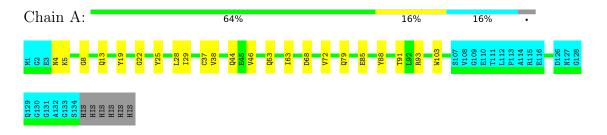


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

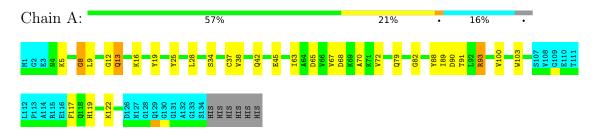
• Molecule 1: Tryptophan biosynthesis protein trpCF



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 13. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Tryptophan biosynthesis protein trpCF





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the least restraint violations*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	structure solution	1.21
CNS	refinement	1.21

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1482
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1482
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	85%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		E	ond lengths	Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	#Z > 5	RMSZ	#Z > 5	
1	А	$0.91{\pm}0.02$	$0{\pm}0/876~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	$0.74{\pm}0.03$	$0{\pm}0/1193~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	
All	All	0.91	1/17520 ($0.0%$)	0.74	0/23860~(~0.0%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	А	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	0.1 ± 0.4
All	All	0	3

All unique bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$	Moo Worst	dels Total
1	А	39	ASN	CG-ND2	-5.18	1.20	1.32	8	1

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	А	93	ARG	Sidechain	2
1	А	59	ARG	Sidechain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen



atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	859	862	862	12 ± 4
All	All	17180	17240	17240	247

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:43:ALA:HA	1:A:46:VAL:HG12	0.75	1.57	2	5
1:A:93:ARG:NH2	1:A:102:ILE:HB	0.69	2.02	11	1
1:A:76:ALA:O	1:A:100:VAL:HA	0.66	1.91	17	1
1:A:47:MET:HA	1:A:54:TYR:OH	0.63	1.93	11	3
1:A:90:ASP:HA	1:A:93:ARG:NE	0.62	2.09	5	3

5 of 91 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	А	112/140~(80%)	$100\pm2~(89\pm1\%)$	$10\pm2~(9\pm1\%)$	$2\pm1 (2\pm1\%)$	12	54
All	All	2240/2800 ($80%$)	1990 (89%)	210 (9%)	40 (2%)	12	54

5 of 6 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	22	GLY	11
1	А	8	GLY	11
1	А	5	LYS	10
1	А	32	ALA	5
1	А	81	HIS	2



6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Per	centi	les
1	А	87/107~(81%)	$79\pm2~(91\pm2\%)$	$8\pm2~(9\pm2\%)$	1	2 58	3
All	All	1740/2140 (81%)	1577 (91%)	163 (9%)	1	2 58	3

5 of 25 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	19	TYR	19
1	А	28	LEU	19
1	А	44	GLN	15
1	А	25	TYR	13
1	А	38	VAL	11

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.



6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 85% for the well-defined parts and 85% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1482
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1482
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	6

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	132	-0.27 ± 0.08	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	119	0.06 ± 0.07	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	134	-0.08 ± 0.13	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	125	-0.05 ± 0.38	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 85%, i.e. 1289 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1513. 0 out of 25 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	552/561~(98%)	224/228 (98%)	223/224~(100%)	105/109~(96%)
Sidechain	699/837~(84%)	476/551 (86%)	214/257~(83%)	9/29~(31%)

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	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Aromatic	38/115~(33%)	37/57~(65%)	0/53~(0%)	1/5~(20%)
Overall	1289/1513~(85%)	737/836~(88%)	437/534~(82%)	115/143~(80%)

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7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

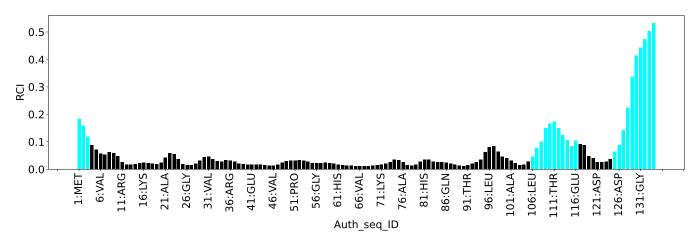
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	А	122	LYS	HB2	0.39	0.58-2.97	-5.8
1	А	77	ALA	HB1	0.04	0.14 - 2.58	-5.4
1	А	77	ALA	HB2	0.04	0.14-2.58	-5.4
1	А	77	ALA	HB3	0.04	0.14-2.58	-5.4
1	А	122	LYS	HD2	0.55	0.58 - 2.64	-5.1
1	А	115	ARG	HG2	0.23	0.26-2.87	-5.1

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	2297
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	515
Sequential $(i-j =1)$	595
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	507
Long range $(i-j \ge 5)$	621
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	59
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	208
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	17.9
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	4.6

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	9.6	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	9.1	0.5
>0.5 (Large)	11.8	3.64



8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Bins $(^{\circ})$	Average number of violations per model	Max ($^{\circ}$)
1.0-10.0 (Small)	9.6	4.4
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	None	None
>20.0 (Large)	None	None



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

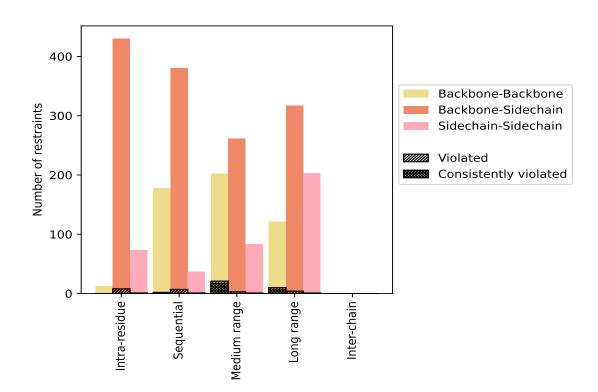
9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Destruction to the second	Count	$\%^1$	Vic	lated	3	Consis	tently	Violated ⁴
Restraints type	Count	701	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	515	22.4	9	1.7	0.4	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	12	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	430	18.7	8	1.9	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	73	3.2	1	1.4	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (i-j =1)	595	25.9	10	1.7	0.4	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	178	7.7	2	1.1	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	380	16.5	7	1.8	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	37	1.6	1	2.7	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ($ i-j > 1 \& i-j < 5$)	507	22.1	6	1.2	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	163	7.1	2	1.2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	261	11.4	3	1.1	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	83	3.6	1	1.2	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range $(i-j \ge 5)$	621	27.0	6	1.0	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	101	4.4	1	1.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	317	13.8	4	1.3	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	203	8.8	1	0.5	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	59	2.6	28	47.5	1.2	23	39.0	1.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	2297	100.0	59	2.6	2.6	23	1.0	1.0
Backbone-Backbone	513	22.3	33	6.4	1.4	23	4.5	1.0
Backbone-Sidechain	1388	60.4	22	1.6	1.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	396	17.2	4	1.0	0.2	0	0.0	0.0

 1 percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models





9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)

Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Madal ID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	5	Maan (Å)	Mor (Å)	SD^6 (Å)	Madian (Å)
Model ID	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	$ IC^5 $	Total	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	$SD^{*}(A)$	Median (Å)
1	2	1	19	7	0	29	0.52	1.62	0.43	0.39
2	3	2	19	7	0	31	0.53	2.19	0.49	0.35
3	2	3	18	8	0	31	0.54	1.77	0.5	0.39
4	4	2	18	7	0	31	0.52	1.79	0.41	0.39
5	3	3	19	6	0	31	0.47	1.59	0.4	0.29
6	2	4	19	8	0	33	0.46	1.75	0.43	0.26
7	2	2	17	6	0	27	0.55	1.62	0.42	0.43
8	4	2	19	7	0	32	0.47	1.45	0.37	0.29
9	1	0	18	6	0	25	0.68	1.95	0.49	0.6
10	3	3	18	10	0	34	0.5	1.85	0.48	0.29
11	4	0	19	9	0	32	0.49	1.45	0.41	0.32

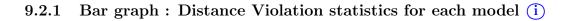
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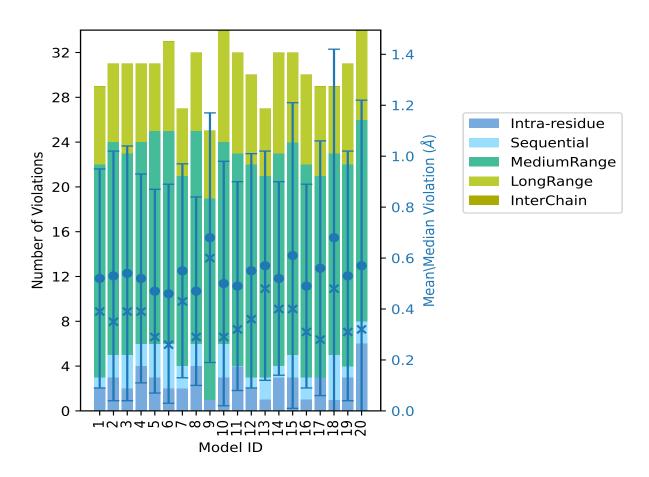


		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	5	Mean (Å)	Mar (Å)	SD^6 (Å)	Madian (Å)
Model ID	IR^{1}	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	$ IC^5 $	Total	Mean (A)	Max (Å)	SD^{6} (Å)	Median (Å)
12	2	1	19	8	0	30	0.55	2.02	0.46	0.36
13	1	2	18	6	0	27	0.57	2.01	0.45	0.48
14	3	1	19	9	0	32	0.52	1.3	0.38	0.4
15	3	2	19	8	0	32	0.61	2.79	0.6	0.4
16	1	2	19	8	0	30	0.49	1.66	0.4	0.31
17	3	0	18	8	0	29	0.56	1.87	0.5	0.28
18	1	4	18	6	0	29	0.68	3.64	0.74	0.48
19	3	1	18	9	0	31	0.53	1.82	0.49	0.31
20	6	2	18	8	0	34	0.57	3.36	0.65	0.32

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 1 Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Standard deviation





The mean(dot), median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right



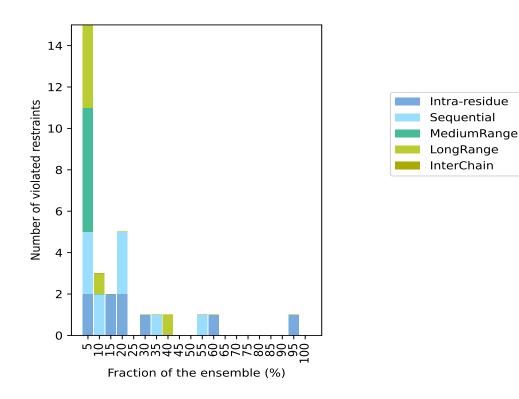
9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 2207(IR:506, SQ:585, MR:501, LR:615, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Nu	mber	of vio	lated	restra	aints	Fractio	n of the ensemble
IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC ⁵	Total	Count^6	%
2	3	6	4	0	15	1	5.0
0	2	0	1	0	3	2	10.0
2	0	0	0	0	2	3	15.0
2	3	0	0	0	5	4	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	25.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	6	30.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	7	35.0
0	0	0	1	0	1	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	11	55.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	19	95.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	20	100.0

 1 Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Number of models with violations





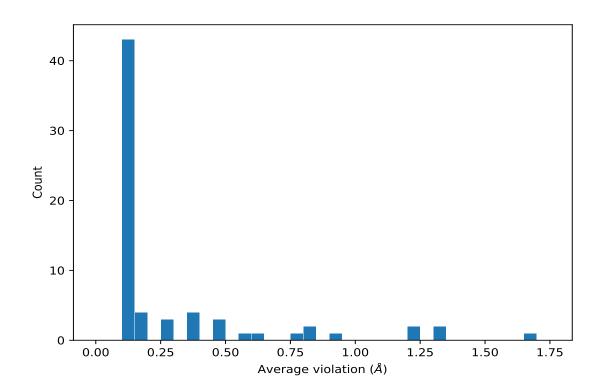
9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble





9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean (Å)	SD^1 (Å)	Median (Å)
(3,10)	1:A:57:VAL:N	1:A:28:LEU:O	20	1.68	0.28	1.66
(3,25)	1:A:89:ILE:N	1:A:85:GLU:O	20	1.32	0.15	1.33
(3,24)	1:A:90:ASP:N	1:A:86:GLN:O	20	1.31	0.23	1.31
(3,8)	1:A:77:ALA:N	1:A:54:TYR:O	20	1.22	0.35	1.07
(3,29)	1:A:84:GLU:N	1:A:81:HIS:O	20	1.22	0.93	0.95
(3,9)	1:A:55:VAL:N	1:A:26:GLY:O	20	0.91	0.23	0.93
(3,21)	1:A:93:ARG:N	1:A:89:ILE:O	20	0.84	0.08	0.84
(3,28)	1:A:115:ARG:N	1:A:113:PRO:O	20	0.84	0.24	0.84
(3,12)	1:A:95:ALA:N	1:A:91:THR:O	20	0.75	0.11	0.74
(3,7)	1:A:58:PHE:N	1:A:79:GLN:O	20	0.62	0.36	0.63

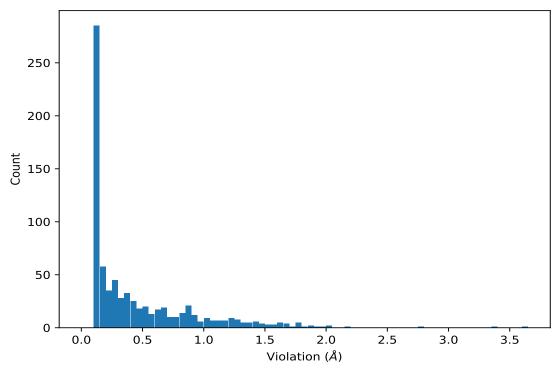
 $^1\mathrm{Number}$ of violated models, $^2\mathrm{Standard}$ deviation



9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(3,29)	1:A:84:GLU:N	1:A:81:HIS:O	18	3.64
(3,29)	1:A:84:GLU:N	1:A:81:HIS:O	20	3.36
(3,29)	1:A:84:GLU:N	1:A:81:HIS:O	15	2.79
(3,10)	1:A:57:VAL:N	1:A:28:LEU:O	2	2.19
(3,10)	1:A:57:VAL:N	1:A:28:LEU:O	12	2.02
(3,10)	1:A:57:VAL:N	1:A:28:LEU:O	13	2.01
(3,10)	1:A:57:VAL:N	1:A:28:LEU:O	9	1.95
(3,24)	1:A:90:ASP:N	1:A:86:GLN:O	9	1.93
(3,10)	1:A:57:VAL:N	1:A:28:LEU:O	17	1.87
(3,10)	1:A:57:VAL:N	1:A:28:LEU:O	10	1.85



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

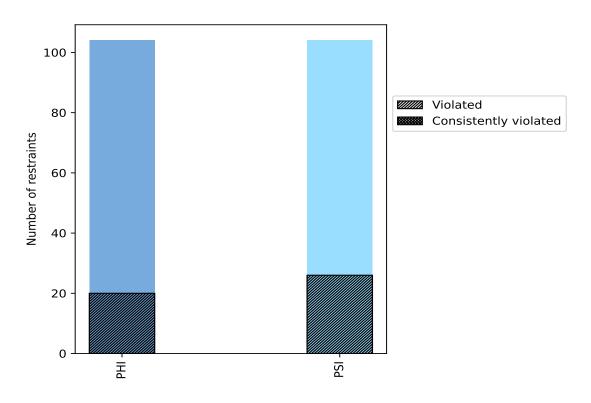
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle type	Count	$\%^1$	Vie	olated	3	Consistently Violated ⁴		
Angle type	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
PHI	104	50.0	20	19.2	9.6	0	0.0	0.0
PSI	104	50.0	26	25.0	12.5	0	0.0	0.0
Total	208	100.0	46	22.1	22.1	0	0.0	0.0

 1 percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

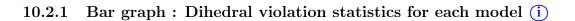


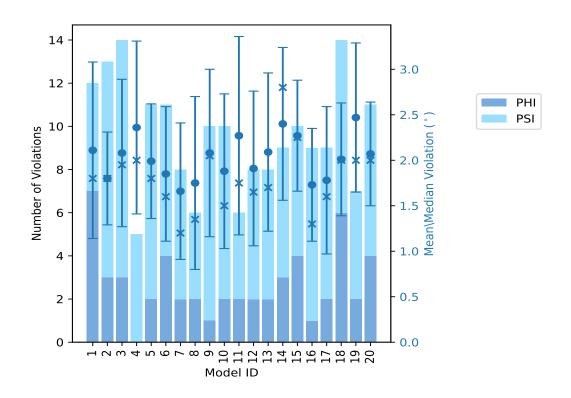
10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Num	iber c	of violations	Maan (°)	M_{ov} (°)	SD (°)	Modian (°)
Model ID	PHI	PSI	Total	Mean ($^{\circ}$)	$Max (^{\circ})$	$SD(^{\circ})$	Median ($^{\circ}$)
1	7	5	12	2.11	4.4	0.97	1.8
2	3	10	13	1.8	2.9	0.51	1.8
3	3	11	14	2.08	4.2	0.81	1.95
4	0	5	5	2.36	4.2	0.95	2.0
5	2	9	11	1.99	3.5	0.63	1.8
6	4	7	11	1.85	3.4	0.74	1.6
7	2	6	8	1.66	3.2	0.75	1.2
8	2	4	6	1.75	3.8	0.95	1.35
9	1	9	10	2.08	4.4	0.92	2.05
10	2	8	10	1.88	4.0	0.85	1.5
11	2	4	6	2.27	4.3	1.09	1.75
12	2	6	8	1.91	3.7	0.85	1.65
13	2	6	8	2.09	4.0	0.87	1.7
14	3	6	9	2.4	3.8	0.84	2.8
15	4	6	10	2.27	3.3	0.61	2.25
16	1	8	9	1.73	2.6	0.62	1.3
17	2	7	9	1.78	4.0	0.81	1.6
18	6	8	14	2.01	3.2	0.62	2.0
19	2	5	7	2.47	3.8	0.82	2.0
20	4	7	11	2.07	3.1	0.57	2.0







The mean(dot), median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Num	ber o	f violated restraints	Fraction of the ensemble			
PHI	PSI	Total	Count^1	%		
7	6	13	1	5.0		
3	3	6	2	10.0		
6	5	11	3	15.0		
3	2	5	4	20.0		
0	1	1	5	25.0		
0	2	2	6	30.0		
0	2	2	7	35.0		
0	1	1	8	40.0		
0	0	0	9	45.0		
0	0	0	10	50.0		
1	0	1	11	55.0		

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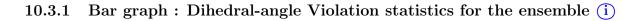
PHI

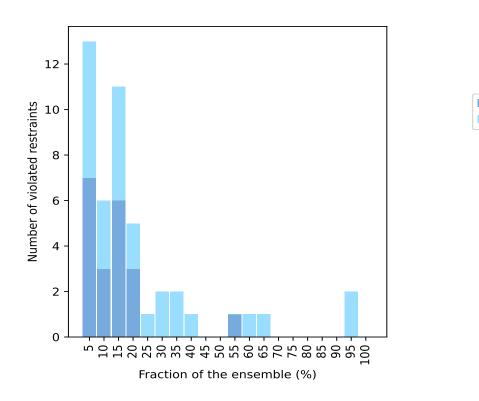
PSI

Num	nber o	of violated restraints	Fraction of the ensemble					
PHI	PSI	Total	Count^1	%				
0	1	1	12	60.0				
0	1	1	13	65.0				
0	0	0	14	70.0				
0	0	0	15	75.0				
0	0	0	16	80.0				
0	0	0	17	85.0				
0	0	0	18	90.0				
0	2	2	19	95.0				
0	0	0	20	100.0				

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 1 Number of models with violations





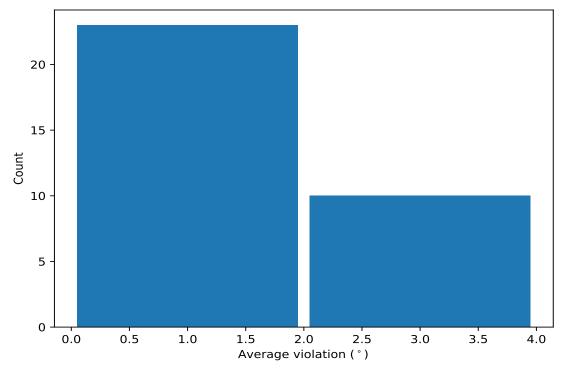
10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble (i)

10.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models



in the ensemble



10.4.2 Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean	\mathbf{SD}^2	Median
(1,6)	1:A:7:CYS:N	1:A:7:CYS:CA	1:A:7:CYS:C	1:A:8:GLY:N	19	2.96	0.8	3.1
(1,56)	1:A:38:VAL:N	1:A:38:VAL:CA	1:A:38:VAL:C	1:A:39:ASN:N	19	2.33	0.76	2.1
(1,200)	1:A:122:LYS:N	1:A:122:LYS:CA	1:A:122:LYS:C	1:A:123:TYR:N	13	1.75	0.41	1.7
(1,136)	1:A:84:GLU:N	1:A:84:GLU:CA	1:A:84:GLU:C	1:A:85:GLU:N	12	2.23	0.55	2.3
(1,35)	1:A:24:ILE:C	1:A:25:TYR:N	1:A:25:TYR:CA	1:A:25:TYR:C	11	2.24	0.64	2.0
(1,134)	1:A:83:ASN:N	1:A:83:ASN:CA	1:A:83:ASN:C	1:A:84:GLU:N	8	2.06	0.79	2.15
(1,96)	1:A:60:ASN:N	1:A:60:ASN:CA	1:A:60:ASN:C	1:A:61:HIS:N	7	2.29	0.99	1.9
(1,22)	1:A:16:LYS:N	1:A:16:LYS:CA	1:A:16:LYS:C	1:A:17:ALA:N	7	1.64	0.33	1.7
(1,34)	1:A:24:ILE:N	1:A:24:ILE:CA	1:A:24:ILE:C	1:A:25:TYR:N	6	2.32	0.45	2.35
(1,132)	1:A:82:GLY:N	1:A:82:GLY:CA	1:A:82:GLY:C	1:A:83:ASN:N	6	2.08	1.09	1.55

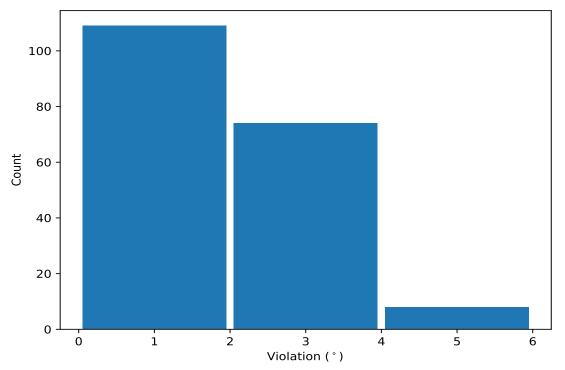
¹ Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation, All angle values are in degree (°)



10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

10.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the list of violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation ($^{\circ}$)
(1,96)	1:A:60:ASN:N	1:A:60:ASN:CA	1:A:60:ASN:C	1:A:61:HIS:N	9	4.4
(1,5)	1:A:6:VAL:C	1:A:7:CYS:N	1:A:7:CYS:CA	1:A:7:CYS:C	1	4.4
(1,56)	1:A:38:VAL:N	1:A:38:VAL:CA	1:A:38:VAL:C	1:A:39:ASN:N	11	4.3
(1,6)	1:A:7:CYS:N	1:A:7:CYS:CA	1:A:7:CYS:C	1:A:8:GLY:N	4	4.2
(1,132)	1:A:82:GLY:N	1:A:82:GLY:CA	1:A:82:GLY:C	1:A:83:ASN:N	3	4.2
(1,7)	1:A:7:CYS:C	1:A:8:GLY:N	1:A:8:GLY:CA	1:A:8:GLY:C	13	4.0
(1,6)	1:A:7:CYS:N	1:A:7:CYS:CA	1:A:7:CYS:C	1:A:8:GLY:N	10	4.0
(1,6)	1:A:7:CYS:N	1:A:7:CYS:CA	1:A:7:CYS:C	1:A:8:GLY:N	17	4.0
(1,6)	1:A:7:CYS:N	1:A:7:CYS:CA	1:A:7:CYS:C	1:A:8:GLY:N	14	3.8
(1,56)	1:A:38:VAL:N	1:A:38:VAL:CA	1:A:38:VAL:C	1:A:39:ASN:N	8	3.8

