

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 2, 2024 – 08:08 PM JST

PDB ID : 9K8X

Title: Crystal structure of the calcium indicator GCaMP6s-BrUS-145 in calcium-

bounded state

Authors: Varfolomeeva, L.A.; Simonyan, T.R.; Mamontova, A.V.; Popov, V.O.; Bog-

danov, A.M.; Boyko, K.M.

Deposited on : 2024-10-24

Resolution : 2.05 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.21 EDS : 3.0

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.004 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.11

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

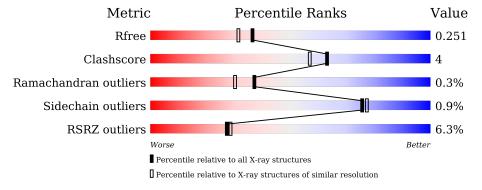
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.40

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.05 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Wiedite	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	164625	2096 (2.04-2.04)
Clashscore	180529	2229 (2.04-2.04)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	2217 (2.04-2.04)
Sidechain outliers	177891	2217 (2.04-2.04)
RSRZ outliers	164620	2096 (2.04-2.04)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
			5%			
1	A	460	77%	8%	٠	13%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	\mathbf{Type}	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	EDO	A	501	-	-	X	-
2	EDO	A	503	-	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3456 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

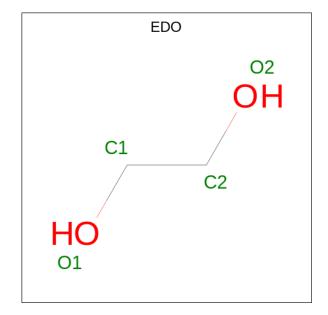
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Calcium indicator GCaMP6s-BrUS-145, Calmodulin-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	۸	398	Total	С	N	О	S	5	0	0
1	A	390	3141	1973	529	625	14	9	0	

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	315	PRO	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P0DP23
A	374	ASP	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP P0DP23
A	392	TYR	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP P0DP23
A	393	ARG	THR	engineered mutation	UNP P0DP23
A	395	THR	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P0DP23
A	404	GLY	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P0DP23

• Molecule 2 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula: $C_2H_6O_2$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
2	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
2	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
2	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
2	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
2	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	4	Total Ca 4 4	0	0

• Molecule 4 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total Na 1 1	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 5 is water.

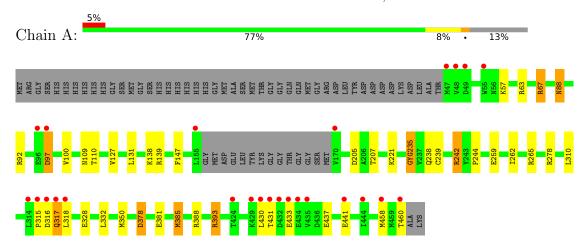
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	286	Total O 286 286	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Calcium indicator GCaMP6s-BrUS-145, Calmodulin-1





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	118.29Å 118.29Å 98.70Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	23.01 - 2.05	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	23.01 - 2.05	EDS
% Data completeness	97.9 (23.01-2.05)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.9 (23.01-2.05)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.18	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.81 (at 2.04Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0430	Depositor
P. P.	0.211 , 0.251	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.211 , 0.251	DCC
R_{free} test set	2209 reflections (4.98%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (\mathring{A}^2)	27.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.156	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 57.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.51, < L^2>=0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	3456	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	34.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.92% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NA, EDO, CR2, CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Во	ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.78	3/3206 (0.1%)	1.38	32/4328 (0.7%)

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
1	A	259	GLU	CD-OE2	5.93	1.32	1.25
1	A	97[A]	ASP	CB-CG	-5.38	1.40	1.51
1	A	97[B]	ASP	CB-CG	-5.38	1.40	1.51

The worst 5 of 32 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	278	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.26	115.17	120.30
1	A	393	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.71	115.44	120.30
1	A	388	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.61	125.10	120.30
1	A	393	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.11	124.86	120.30
1	A	97[A]	ASP	CA-CB-CG	8.84	132.85	113.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3141	0	2980	20	0
2	A	24	0	36	8	0
3	A	4	0	0	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	286	0	0	4	0
All	All	3456	0	3016	24	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 24 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} & ext{Interatomic} \ & ext{distance} \ & ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	Clash overlap (Å)	
1:A:378[A]:ASP:OD2	5:A:602:HOH:O	1.94	0.85	
2:A:501:EDO:H12	2:A:503:EDO:O2	1.81	0.80	
1:A:88[B]:ASN:HB2	2:A:503:EDO:O1	1.85	0.76	
1:A:67:ARG:HG2	1:A:385:MET:HG3	1.73	0.69	
2:A:501:EDO:H12	2:A:503:EDO:C2	2.28	0.63	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	399/460 (87%)	389 (98%)	9 (2%)	1 (0%)	37 30	

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	317	GLN



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
1	A	334/390 (86%)	330 (99%)	4 (1%)	67 68	

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	97[A]	ASP
1	A	97[B]	ASP
1	A	244	PRO
1	A	385	MET

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	238	GLN
1	A	449	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Type	e Chain	Pog	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	Type		nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	CR2	A	235	1	20,20,21	0.98	2 (10%)	25,27,29	1.49	6 (24%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CR2	A	235	1	-	0/6/25/26	0/2/2/2

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
1	A	235	CR2	CA2-C2	-2.33	1.46	1.48
1	A	235	CR2	O3-C3	2.07	1.31	1.19

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	235	CR2	C2-N3-C1	3.26	109.58	107.99
1	A	235	CR2	O3-C3-CA3	-3.11	117.00	126.39
1	A	235	CR2	CB2-CA2-C2	-2.30	119.53	122.28
1	A	235	CR2	CA1-C1-N3	2.16	125.42	122.52
1	A	235	CR2	CD1-CE1-CZ	-2.13	117.54	119.88

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	235	CR2	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 11 ligands modelled in this entry, 5 are monoatomic - leaving 6 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Chain	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
WIOI	Type		rtes	LILIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
2	EDO	A	504	-	3,3,3	0.56	0	2,2,2	0.71	0	
2	EDO	A	501	-	3,3,3	0.33	0	2,2,2	1.12	0	
2	EDO	A	506	-	3,3,3	0.44	0	2,2,2	0.58	0	
2	EDO	A	503	-	3,3,3	0.13	0	2,2,2	0.20	0	
2	EDO	A	505	-	3,3,3	0.31	0	2,2,2	1.35	0	
2	EDO	A	502	-	3,3,3	0.30	0	2,2,2	1.12	0	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	EDO	A	504	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
2	EDO	A	501	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
2	EDO	A	506	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
2	EDO	A	503	-	=	0/1/1/1	-
2	EDO	A	505	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
2	EDO	A	502	-	=	1/1/1/1	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	504	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
2	A	502	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
2	A	506	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2



There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 8 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	504	EDO	1	0
2	A	501	EDO	4	0
2	A	503	EDO	6	0
2	A	502	EDO	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2		$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9	
1	A	397/460 (86%)	-0.18	25 (6%)	27	28	13, 30, 70, 116	9 (2%)

The worst 5 of 25 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	315	PRO	5.4
1	A	458	MET	4.6
1	A	317	GLN	4.1
1	A	55	TRP	3.9
1	A	430	LEU	3.8

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	CR2	A	235	19/20	0.97	0.05	19,22,26,26	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,



median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

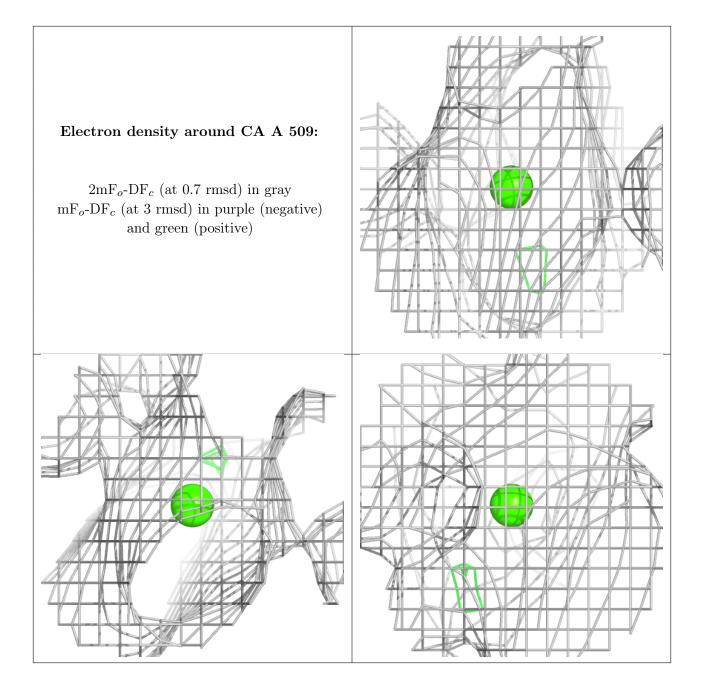
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	EDO	A	501	4/4	0.78	0.28	19,22,24,25	4
2	EDO	A	503	4/4	0.89	0.32	19,20,20,25	4
2	EDO	A	504	4/4	0.90	0.20	16,18,19,20	4
2	EDO	A	505	4/4	0.92	0.13	19,19,21,24	4
2	EDO	A	506	4/4	0.92	0.22	17,19,19,19	4
4	NA	A	511	1/1	0.92	0.25	22,22,22,22	1
2	EDO	A	502	4/4	0.94	0.18	16,18,20,22	4
3	CA	A	510	1/1	0.96	0.05	41,41,41,41	1
3	CA	A	509	1/1	0.97	0.05	35,35,35,35	1
3	CA	A	508	1/1	0.99	0.02	23,23,23,23	0
3	CA	A	507	1/1	1.00	0.01	22,22,22,22	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



Electron density around CA A 510: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_{o}\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_{c}$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

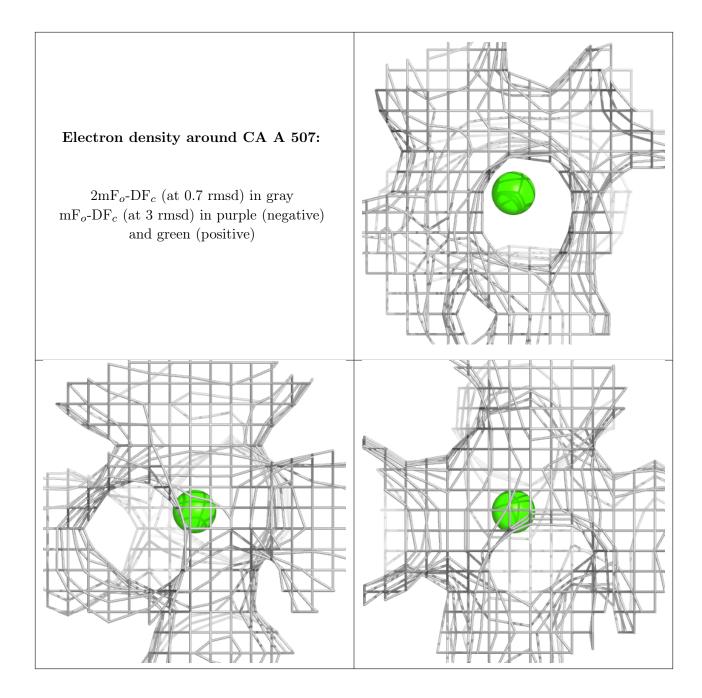






Electron density around CA A 508: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)





6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

