

# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Apr 20, 2024 – 09:08 AM EDT

:	5JTL
:	30080
:	The structure of chaperone SecB in complex with unstructured proPhoA
:	Huang, C.; Saio, T.; Rossi, P.; Kalodimos, C.G.
:	2016-05-09
	: : : :

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

:	4.02b-467
:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
:	Wang et al. $(2010)$
:	v1.2
:	Engh & Huber $(2001)$
:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
:	2.36.2
	::

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 13%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Motrio	Whole archive	NMR archive
Metric	$(\# {\rm Entries})$	(# Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	А	155	68% •		30%		
1	В	155	73%	6%	21%		
1	С	155	69%	•	27%		
1	D	155	75%	5%	19%		
2	Е	471	• 99%				



# 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 13 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues							
Well-defined core	Residue ran	ge (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model			
1	A:12-A:85,	A:98-A:131,	1.75	13			
	B:11-B:132,	C:11-C:86,					
	C:97-C:133,	D:10-D:134,					
	E:290-E:292 (	471)					

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	3, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 20
2	1, 2, 16, 18
3	4, 9
Single-model clusters	7



# 3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 16399 atoms, of which 8079 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
1	Δ	155	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	S	0
	A	100	2367	762	1155	198	243	9	0
1	D	155	Total	С	Н	Ν	0	S	0
	D	100	2367	762	1155	198	243	9	0
1	C	155	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0
	C	100	2367	762	1155	198	243	9	0
1	П	155	Total	С	Н	Ν	0	S	0
	D	100	2367	762	1155	198	243	9	0

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Protein-export protein SecB.

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Alkaline phosphatase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
0	Б	471	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	S	0
Z	E	471	6931	2154	3459	609	696	13	0



# 4 Residue-property plots (i)

# 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Protein-export protein SecB





# 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 13. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Protein-export protein SecB



• Molecule 1: Protein-export protein SecB						
Chain D:	73%	8% 19	9%			
M1 83 83 83 83 83 83 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85	L98 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	4144 4144 61444 61445 61445 71448 71448 71449 71449 71449	H152 D153 D154 A155			
• Molecule 2: Alkaline phospha	tase					
Chain E: .	99%					
MM 78 78 75 75 75 75 16 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111	P24 P27 P27 P27 P27 P27 P27 P27 P27 A33 A33 A33 A33 A33 A33 A33 A33 A33 A3	1-1 642 642 643 644 744 746 745 748 649 649 650	451 152 453 454 155 155 856 157 258 858 858 850 860			
D61 F63 F65 F65 F65 F65 F66 F166 F171 F171 F171 F171 F171 F175 F173 F175 F175 F175 F175 F175 F175 F175 F175	N84 N85 A87 A87 A87 A87 A87 A90 G91 C95 F93 C95 C95 C95 C96 A99 D98 D98 D98 D98 D98 D98 D98 D98 D98 D	L1102 T103 G104 Q105 Y106 T107 H108 Y110	L111 N112 K113 K114 T115 G116 F115 P118 D119 D119 V120			
V121 7122 8124 8125 8125 8125 8125 8125 8126 8129 7133 7133 7133 7133 7138 7134 7138 7134 7138 7134 7137 7138 7134 7138 7134 7138 7134 7138 7141 7138 7141 7138 7141 7142 7141 7142 7141 7142 7141 7142 7141 7142 7141 7142 7141 7142 7141 7142 7141 7141	0144 0145 1146 1146 1146 1146 1147 1153 1154 1153 1154 1155 1155 1155 1155	A164 A164 A164 A165 G166 G166 S169 S169 S169 S169	A1/1 E172 E172 A175 A175 A176 A179 A180			
8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		222 224 226 228 228 228 228 228 228 228	131 132 133 135 135 136 137 139 130 140			
	41826666666666655886 1982					
2241 2242 2242 2245 2245 2245 2245 2251 2251	2264 2265 N2265 V268 V268 F270 F270 C274 Q273 Q273 Q273 Q273 C274 C273 C276 C276 C276 C276 C278 C276 C278 C278 C278 C278 C278 C278 C278 C278	A282 D283 D283 G284 N285 M285 P287 V288 R289 V288	P 293 K 294 K 295 F 295 F 295 F 295 G 299 R 209 R 301 F 301 D 302			
K303 P304 A306 V306 T307 T307 T307 C308 P311 P311 P315 P315 V315 V315 V315 V315 V316 V315 V316 T322 T322 T322 T322 T322 T322 T322 T32	D326 K327 A327 A327 A328 B330 L331 L332 K333 K333 K333 K333 K333 K333 K333	C344 C344 C345 C345 C345 C345 C345 C349 C350 C351 C351 C352 C352 C352 C352 C352 C352 C352 C352	H353 A354 A355 A355 A355 P355 C355 C355 C355 C355 C355 C355 C			
E363 17864 17864 17864 12865 12865 12865 12865 12866 12868 12876 12876 12876 12876 12876 12878 12881 12881 12881 12881 12881 12881 12881 12881	V386 V386 V389 V389 V389 H392 H393 A395 A395 A395 A395 A395 A395 A395 A	K4404 A405 P406 G407 T409 Q411 A411 L412	T413 K415 D416 G417 A418 N420 M420 M422 M422			
Y424 7424 6425 8427 8427 8427 8431 8431 1435 6435 6435 6435 6435 6435 8437 1441 1441 1441 1441 1444 1443 7444	H446 H447 A449 A449 A449 N450 V451 V451 V452 I456 C453 I455 C455 C455 C455 C455 C455 C455 C456 C455 C460 C455 C465 C465 C465 C465 C465 C465 C465	M464 K465 A466 A466 A466 G469 C469 L470 K471				



# 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *molecular dynamics*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: target function.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	
CYANA	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	5
Total number of shifts	6416
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	6416
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	13%



# 6 Model quality (i)

# 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	E	Bond lengths		Bond angles
	Unain	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$
1	А	$0.87 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}0/865~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	$0.64{\pm}0.01$	$0{\pm}0/1182~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$
1	В	$0.88 {\pm} 0.02$	$0{\pm}0/969~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	$0.63 {\pm} 0.02$	$0{\pm}0/1322$ ( $0.0{\pm}$ $0.0\%$ )
1	С	$0.88 {\pm} 0.02$	$0{\pm}0/911~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	$0.64{\pm}0.02$	$0\pm 0/1244$ ( $0.0\pm$ $0.0\%$ )
1	D	$0.87 {\pm} 0.02$	$0{\pm}0/996~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	$0.63 {\pm} 0.02$	$0{\pm}0/1359~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$
2	Е	$0.91{\pm}0.08$	$0{\pm}0/28$ ( $0.0{\pm}$ $0.0\%)$	$0.65 \pm 0.14$	$0{\pm}0/40~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$
All	All	0.87	0/75380~(~0.0%)	0.64	2/102940 ( $0.0%$ )

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mal	Chain	Dec	Turne	Atoma	7	Observed <sup>(0)</sup>	Ideal(0)	Moo	dels
WIOI	Ullalli	nes	туре	Atoms		Observed()	Ideal()	Worst	Total
1	А	111	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.55	117.52	120.30	15	1
1	В	101	TYR	CA-CB-CG	5.37	123.60	113.40	8	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

# 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	845	830	829	$5\pm3$
1	В	947	926	924	8±2
1	С	889	870	869	$6\pm3$
1	D	973	946	944	$6\pm 2$

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
2	Е	26	24	24	$0\pm 0$
All	All	73600	71920	71800	457

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

5 of 250	unique	clashes	are listed	below,	sorted	by	their	$\operatorname{clash}$	magnitude.
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Atom 1	Atom 2	$Clash(\lambda)$	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:B:25:ALA:HB1	1:B:28:ALA:HB2	0.78	1.53	12	6
1:B:89:ILE:HG21	1:B:97:CYS:SG	0.67	2.29	15	1
1:A:20:ASP:HB3	1:A:79:GLN:HB2	0.66	1.66	5	7
1:A:98:LEU:HA	1:A:102:CYS:SG	0.66	2.31	1	3
1:A:16:ILE:HB	1:C:111:ARG:HH12	0.65	1.51	1	1

# 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	108/155~(70%)	$102\pm2~(94\pm1\%)$	$6\pm 2 (5\pm 1\%)$	$0{\pm}0~(0{\pm}0\%)$	54	85
1	В	122/155~(79%)	$115\pm3 (94\pm2\%)$	$7\pm3~(6\pm2\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	54	85
1	С	113/155~(73%)	$105\pm2$ (93 $\pm2\%$ )	$8\pm2~(7\pm2\%)$	$0{\pm}1~(0{\pm}1\%)$	44	80
1	D	125/155~(81%)	$119\pm2~(95\pm2\%)$	$6\pm 2 \ (4\pm 2\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	54	85
2	Ε	3/471~(1%)	$2\pm1$ (72 $\pm24\%$ )	$1\pm1 (22\pm22\%)$	$0\pm0~(7\pm13\%)$	2	18
All	All	9420/21820~(43%)	8856 (94%)	545 (6%)	19 (0%)	50	82

5 of 13 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	С	130	PRO	4
2	Е	292	GLY	3
1	А	29	PRO	2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	С	124	PRO	1
1	С	53	ASP	1

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	94/132~(71%)	$90{\pm}2$ (96 ${\pm}2\%$ )	$4\pm2~(4\pm2\%)$	35	83
1	В	104/132~(79%)	$101\pm2$ (97 $\pm2\%$ )	$3\pm2~(3\pm2\%)$	44	89
1	С	99/132~(75%)	$94\pm2~(95\pm2\%)$	$5\pm2~(5\pm2\%)$	26	75
1	D	107/132~(81%)	$103\pm1 (96\pm1\%)$	$4\pm1~(4\pm1\%)$	36	84
2	Ε	2/359~(1%)	$2\pm0$ (82 $\pm24\%$ )	$0\pm0$ (18 $\pm24\%$ )	4	39
All	All	8120/17740~(46%)	7791~(96%)	329 (4%)	34	82

5 of 104 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	60	LEU	20
1	С	117	MET	20
1	D	70	GLU	15
1	С	34	LYS	10
1	С	68	LEU	9

## 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

# 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



## 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

# 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 13% for the well-defined parts and 23% for the entire structure.

# 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned\_chemical\_shift\_list\_1

## 7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1049
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1049
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	139	$0.25 \pm 0.13$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	128	$0.85 \pm 0.17$	Should be checked
$^{13}C'$	137	$0.29 \pm 0.10$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
<sup>15</sup> N	133	$-1.15 \pm 0.27$	Should be applied

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 12%, i.e. 777 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 6330. 0 out of 81 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	396/2324~(17%)	97/939~(10%)	202/942~(21%)	97/443~(22%)
Sidechain	329/3464~(9%)	183/2268~(8%)	146/1087~(13%)	0/109~(0%)

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Contentaca	Continued from prettous page				
	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$	
Aromatic	52/542~(10%)	26/263~(10%)	25/262~(10%)	1/17~(6%)	
Overall	777/6330~(12%)	306/3470~(9%)	373/2291~(16%)	98/569~(17%)	

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#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (1)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



# 7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned\_chemical\_shift\_list\_2

#### 7.2.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.



Total number of shifts	1044
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1044
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

#### 7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	140	$0.28 \pm 0.06$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	126	$0.79 \pm 0.20$	Should be checked
$^{13}C'$	135	$0.26 \pm 0.08$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
<sup>15</sup> N	132	$-1.09 \pm 0.25$	Should be applied

#### 7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 12%, i.e. 774 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 6330. 0 out of 81 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	393/2324~(17%)	96/939~(10%)	201/942~(21%)	96/443~(22%)
Sidechain	329/3464~(9%)	183/2268~(8%)	146/1087~(13%)	0/109~(0%)
Aromatic	52/542~(10%)	26/263~(10%)	25/262~(10%)	1/17~(6%)
Overall	774/6330 (12%)	305/3470~(9%)	372/2291~(16%)	97/569~(17%)

#### 7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

#### 7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble



composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



# 7.3 Chemical shift list 3

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned\_chemical\_shift\_list\_3

#### 7.3.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1044
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1044
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

#### 7.3.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	140	$0.28 \pm 0.08$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	126	$0.77 \pm 0.14$	Should be checked
$^{13}C'$	135	$0.26 \pm 0.11$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
<sup>15</sup> N	132	$-1.09 \pm 0.28$	Should be applied



#### 7.3.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 12%, i.e. 774 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 6330. 0 out of 81 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	393/2324~(17%)	96/939~(10%)	201/942~(21%)	96/443~(22%)
Sidechain	329/3464~(9%)	183/2268~(8%)	146/1087~(13%)	0/109~(0%)
Aromatic	52/542~(10%)	26/263~(10%)	25/262~(10%)	1/17~(6%)
Overall	774/6330~(12%)	305/3470~(9%)	372/2291~(16%)	97/569~(17%)

#### 7.3.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

#### 7.3.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



# 7.4 Chemical shift list 4

File name: working\_cs.cif



Chemical shift list name: assigned\_chemical\_shift\_list\_4

## 7.4.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1049
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1049
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

#### 7.4.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	139	$0.25 \pm 0.17$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	128	$0.84 \pm 0.11$	Should be checked
$^{13}C'$	137	$0.29 \pm 0.17$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
<sup>15</sup> N	133	$-1.15 \pm 0.13$	Should be applied

#### 7.4.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 12%, i.e. 777 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 6330. 0 out of 81 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	396/2324~(17%)	97/939~(10%)	202/942~(21%)	97/443~(22%)
Sidechain	329/3464~(9%)	183/2268~(8%)	146/1087~(13%)	0/109~(0%)
Aromatic	52/542~(10%)	26/263~(10%)	25/262~(10%)	1/17~(6%)
Overall	777/6330~(12%)	306/3470~(9%)	373/2291~(16%)	98/569~(17%)

## 7.4.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.



## 7.4.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



# 7.5 Chemical shift list 5

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: <code>assigned\_chemical\_shift\_list\_5</code>

# 7.5.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	2230
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2230
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

## 7.5.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.



Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	395	$-0.41 \pm 0.04$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	363	$0.38 \pm 0.03$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}C'$	90	$-0.55 \pm 0.05$	Should be applied
<sup>15</sup> N	390	$-0.79 \pm 0.09$	Should be applied

#### 7.5.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 0%, i.e. 26 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 6330. 0 out of 81 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	9/2324~(0%)	3/939~(0%)	3/942~(0%)	3/443~(1%)
Sidechain	10/3464~(0%)	6/2268~(0%)	4/1087~(0%)	0/109~(0%)
Aromatic	7/542~(1%)	6/263~(2%)	0/262~(0%)	1/17~(6%)
Overall	26/6330~(0%)	15/3470~(0%)	7/2291~(0%)	4/569~(1%)

## 7.5.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

## 7.5.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain E:





