

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 10, 2020 – 10:18 AM BST

PDB ID : 4JTB

Title: Crystal structure of Ribosome inactivating protein from Momordica balsamina

complexed with phosphate ion at 1.71 Angstrom resolution

Authors: Pandey, S.; Tyagi, T.K.; Singh, A.; Kushwaha, G.S.; Sinha, M.; Bhushan, A.;

Kaur, P.; Sharma, S.; Singh, T.P.

Deposited on : 2013-03-23

Resolution : 1.71 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.13.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

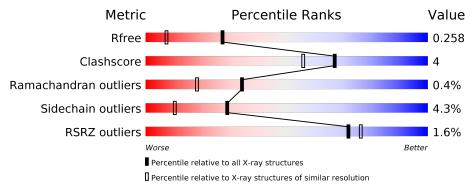
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.71 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	5722 (1.74-1.70)
Clashscore	141614	6152 (1.74-1.70)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6051 (1.74-1.70)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6051 (1.74-1.70)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5629 (1.74-1.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
			2%		
1	A	246	88%	10%	•



2 Entry composition (i)

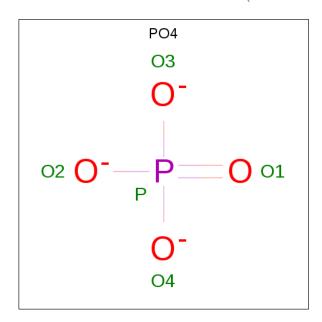
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2094 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called rRNA N-glycosidase.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace			
1	A	246	Total	С	N	O	S	0	1	0	
			1918	1220	329	365	4	_			ı

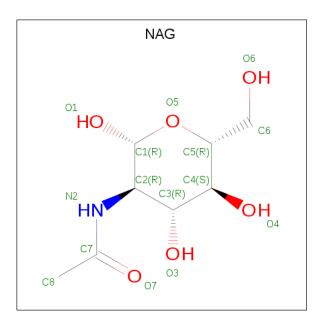
• Molecule 2 is PHOSPHATE ION (three-letter code: PO4) (formula: O₄P).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total O 5 4	P 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	Δ	1	Total C N O	0	0
"	11	1	14 8 1 5		

• Molecule 4 is water.

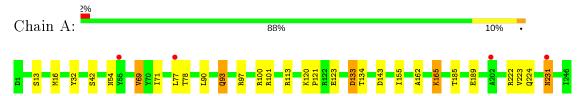
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	157	Total O 157 157	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: rRNA N-glycosidase





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3	Depositor
Cell constants	133.15Å 133.15Å 38.40Å	Domositon
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	66.58 - 1.71	Depositor
Resolution (A)	66.58 - 1.71	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (66.58-1.71)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	100.0 (66.58-1.71)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.07	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.04 (at 1.71Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0032	Depositor
D D.	0.212 , 0.256	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.213 , 0.258	DCC
R_{free} test set	1377 reflections (5.02%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	27.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.478	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34 , 37.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.51, < L^2>=0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.016 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	2094	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	29.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.35% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PO4, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	1.34	2/1954~(0.1%)	1.00	$6/2660 \ (0.2\%)$	

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	${ m Observed}(m \AA)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(\mathbf{\AA})$
1	A	162	ALA	CA-CB	-5.64	1.40	1.52
1	A	32	TYR	CE1-CZ	-5.49	1.31	1.38

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	101	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.70	123.65	120.30
1	A	143	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.06	123.75	118.30
1	A	113	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.43	123.02	120.30
1	A	101	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.39	117.61	120.30
1	A	133	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-5.31	113.52	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{model})$	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1918	0	1940	15	0

Continued on next page...



 $Continued\ from\ previous\ page...$

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	5	0	0	0	0
3	A	14	0	13	0	0
4	A	157	0	0	2	0
All	All	2094	0	1953	15	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 15 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{l} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} \ (ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} { m Clash} \\ { m overlap} \ ({ m \AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:134:THR:HG22	4:A:506:HOH:O	1.87	0.73
1:A:90:LEU:O	1:A:93:GLN:HB2	1.94	0.67
1:A:231:ASN:H	1:A:231:ASN:HD22	1.42	0.65
1:A:54:ASN:HB2	1:A:133:ASP:OD1	2.01	0.59
1:A:231:ASN:N	1:A:231:ASN:HD22	2.04	0.54

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	245/246 (100%)	238 (97%)	6 (2%)	1 (0%)	34 18	

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	69	VAL



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	210/209 (100%)	201 (96%)	9 (4%)	29 10		

5 of 9 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	\mathbf{Type}	
1	A	100	ARG	
1	A	231	ASN	
1	A	165	LYS	
1	A	93	GLN	
1	A	120	LYS	

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	23	ASN
1	A	93	GLN
1	A	169	GLN
1	A	224	GLN
1	A	231	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuna	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	nd leng	ths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type				Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAG	A	302	1	14,14,15	0.98	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.70	9 (52%)
2	PO4	A	301	-	4,4,4	1.46	1 (25%)	6,6,6	1.34	1 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	A	302	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
3	A	302	NAG	C1-C2	3.00	1.56	1.52
2	A	301	PO4	P-O1	2.50	1.56	1.50

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
3	A	302	NAG	C1-O5-C5	6.12	120.48	112.19
3	A	302	NAG	O5-C5-C4	3.95	120.44	110.83
3	A	302	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.81	128.32	122.90
3	A	302	NAG	O5-C1-C2	3.34	116.57	111.29
3	A	302	NAG	O3-C3-C2	3.13	115.94	109.47

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	
3	A	302	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6	

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RS	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(\AA^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	246/246 (100%)	-0.01	4 (1%)	72	76	16, 27, 43, 53	1 (0%)

All (4) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	$\mathbf{e} \mid \mathbf{RSRZ}$	
1	A	77	LEU	3.3	
1	A	202	ALA	2.7	
1	A	55	TYR	2.0	
1	A	231	ASN	2.0	

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

\mathbf{Mol}	\mathbf{Type}	Chain	${f Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	NAG	A	302	14/15	0.63	0.17	46,56,61,63	0
2	PO4	A	301	5/5	0.96	0.15	32,34,40,46	0



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

