

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 17, 2023 – 01:22 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	1JQX
Title	:	The R57A mutant of Lactococcus lactis dihydroorotate dehydrogenase A
Authors	:	Norager, S.; Arent, S.; Bjornberg, O.; Ottosen, M.; Lo Leggio, L.; Jensen,
		K.F.; Larsen, S.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.70 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

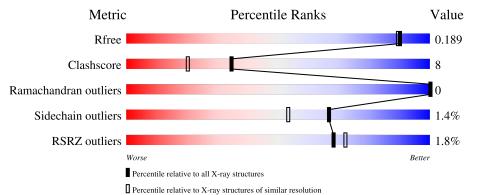
Xtriage (Phenix) EDS buster-report Percentile statistics Refmac CCP4 Ideal geometry (proteins) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) 5.8.0158 7.0.044 (Gargrove) Engh & Huber (2001) Parkinson et al. (1996)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)		Parkinson et al. (1996) 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	4298 (1.70-1.70)
Clashscore	141614	4695 (1.70-1.70)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4610 (1.70-1.70)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4610 (1.70-1.70)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4222 (1.70-1.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	311	3% 85%	14%	·
1	В	311	% 8 7%	12%	



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5712 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called dihydroorotate dehydrogenase A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	А	311	Total 2444	C 1579		0 464	S 14	0	10	0
1	В	311	Total 2442	C 1574	N 388	0 467	S 13	0	10	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

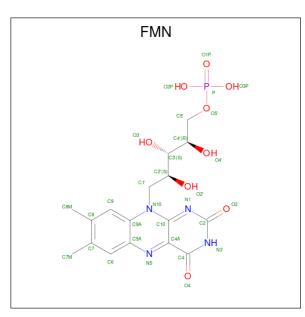
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	57	ALA	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P54321
В	57	ALA	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P54321

• Molecule 2 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
2	В	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

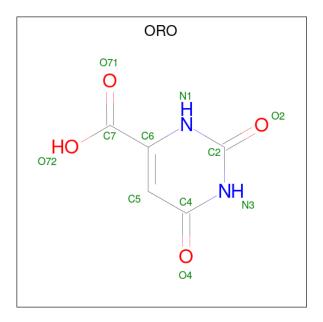
• Molecule 3 is FLAVIN MONONUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FMN) (formula: $C_{17}H_{21}N_4O_9P$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf			
9	۸	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0			
3 A	1	31	17	4	9	1	0	0				
9	3 B	р	D	D	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0
J		1	31	17	4	9	1	0	0			

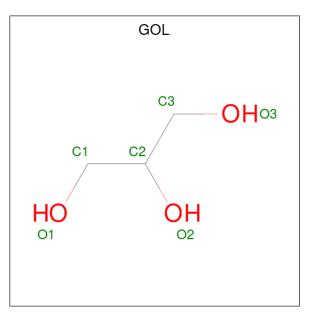
• Molecule 4 is OROTIC ACID (three-letter code: ORO) (formula: $C_5H_4N_2O_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{N} & \text{O} \\ 11 & 5 & 2 & 4 \end{array}$	0	0
4	В	1	Total C N O 11 5 2 4	0	0



• Molecule 5 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0
5	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0
5	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

Mo	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	361	Total O 361 361	0	0
6	В	361	Total O 361 361	0	0



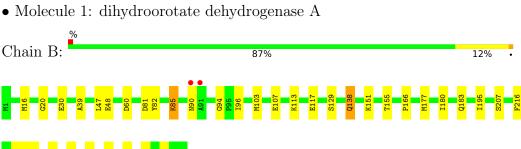


3 Residue-property plots (i)

• Molecule 1: dihydroorotate dehydrogenase A

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Chain A: 85% 14% . 14





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	53.35Å 108.48Å 66.12Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 104.03° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	25.00 - 1.70	Depositor
Resolution (A)	24.98 - 1.70	EDS
% Data completeness	99.7 (25.00-1.70)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.9 (24.98-1.70)	EDS
R _{merge}	0.05	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$5.41 (at 1.70 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
D D.	0.172 , 0.192	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.167 , 0.189	DCC
R_{free} test set	8019 reflections (10.03%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	15.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.691	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36, 54.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ \langle L \rangle = 0.51, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	5712	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.20% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ORO, MG, FMN, GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
	Moi Chain		# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.43	2/2537~(0.1%)	0.68	1/3425~(0.0%)	
1	В	0.40	2/2534~(0.1%)	0.64	0/3422	
All	All	0.42	4/5071~(0.1%)	0.66	1/6847~(0.0%)	

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms		Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	А	51	GLU	C-O	-9.33	1.05	1.23
1	В	96	ILE	C-N	6.94	1.50	1.34
1	В	94	GLY	C-N	6.07	1.45	1.34
1	А	52	GLY	CA-C	-5.75	1.42	1.51

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	51	GLU	N-CA-C	5.25	125.17	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2444	0	2439	36	0



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	В	2442	0	2435	45	0
2	А	1	0	0	0	0
2	В	1	0	0	0	0
3	А	31	0	19	1	0
3	В	31	0	19	1	0
4	А	11	0	3	0	0
4	В	11	0	3	0	0
5	А	6	0	7	3	0
5	В	12	0	15	2	0
6	А	361	0	0	10	0
6	В	361	0	0	13	0
All	All	5712	0	4940	83	0

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The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 83 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:A:1003:GOL:O3	5:A:1003:GOL:C3	1.63	1.46
1:B:207[B]:SER:HB2	6:B:2656:HOH:O	1.35	1.21
1:B:207[A]:SER:HB3	6:B:2656:HOH:O	1.05	1.20
5:A:1003:GOL:O1	6:A:1353:HOH:O	1.64	1.16
1:B:82:TYR:CE1	6:B:2669:HOH:O	1.99	1.10

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	318/311~(102%)	306~(96%)	12~(4%)	0	100 100	



	Chain	Analysed	Perce	ntiles			
1	В	319/311~(103%)	309~(97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	637/622~(102%)	615 (96%)	22~(4%)	0	100	100

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There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	268/258~(104%)	260~(97%)	8 (3%)	41 22		
1	В	268/258~(104%)	266~(99%)	2(1%)	84 77		
All	All	536/516~(104%)	526~(98%)	10 (2%)	67 41		

5 of 10 residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	207[B]	SER
1	В	85	LYS
1	В	138	GLN
1	А	103	MET
1	А	138[A]	GLN

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such side chains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	90	ASN
1	В	138	GLN
1	В	183	GLN
1	В	295	GLN
1	В	299	GLN



5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 9 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 7 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
MOI	Type	Ullalli	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	ORO	В	2313	-	$9,\!11,\!11$	2.58	2 (22%)	8,15,15	<mark>3.55</mark>	2 (25%)
4	ORO	А	1313	-	9,11,11	2.56	2 (22%)	8,15,15	<mark>3.58</mark>	2 (25%)
5	GOL	В	1001	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	1.31	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	1.54	1 (20%)
3	FMN	А	1312	-	33,33,33	1.79	6 (18%)	48,50,50	1.90	13 (27%)
5	GOL	В	1002	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.85	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	1.13	0
3	FMN	В	2312	-	33,33,33	1.71	6 (18%)	48,50,50	1.92	13 (27%)
5	GOL	А	1003	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	2.83	2 (40%)	$5,\!5,\!5$	4.01	2 (40%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	ORO	В	2313	-	-	4/4/4/4	0/1/1/1



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	ORO	А	1313	-	-	4/4/4/4	0/1/1/1
5	GOL	В	1001	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
3	FMN	А	1312	-	-	1/18/18/18	0/3/3/3
5	GOL	В	1002	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
3	FMN	В	2312	-	-	1/18/18/18	0/3/3/3
5	GOL	А	1003	-	-	0/4/4/4	-

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The worst 5 of 18 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
4	А	1313	ORO	C4-N3	5.36	1.42	1.33
4	В	2313	ORO	C4-N3	5.14	1.42	1.33
5	А	1003	GOL	O3-C3	5.01	1.63	1.42
3	А	1312	FMN	C4A-N5	4.64	1.39	1.30
4	В	2313	ORO	C6-N1	4.38	1.40	1.34

The worst 5 of 33 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
5	А	1003	GOL	O3-C3-C2	8.16	149.32	110.20
4	А	1313	ORO	C5-C4-N3	-8.04	114.70	124.08
4	В	2313	ORO	C5-C4-N3	-7.93	114.82	124.08
4	В	2313	ORO	C6-C5-C4	5.44	120.24	116.73
4	А	1313	ORO	C6-C5-C4	5.41	120.22	116.73

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 11 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	А	1313	ORO	N1-C6-C7-O71
4	А	1313	ORO	N1-C6-C7-O72
4	А	1313	ORO	C5-C6-C7-O71
4	А	1313	ORO	C5-C6-C7-O72
4	В	2313	ORO	N1-C6-C7-O71

There are no ring outliers.

5 monomers are involved in 7 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	В	1001	GOL	1	0
3	А	1312	FMN	1	0

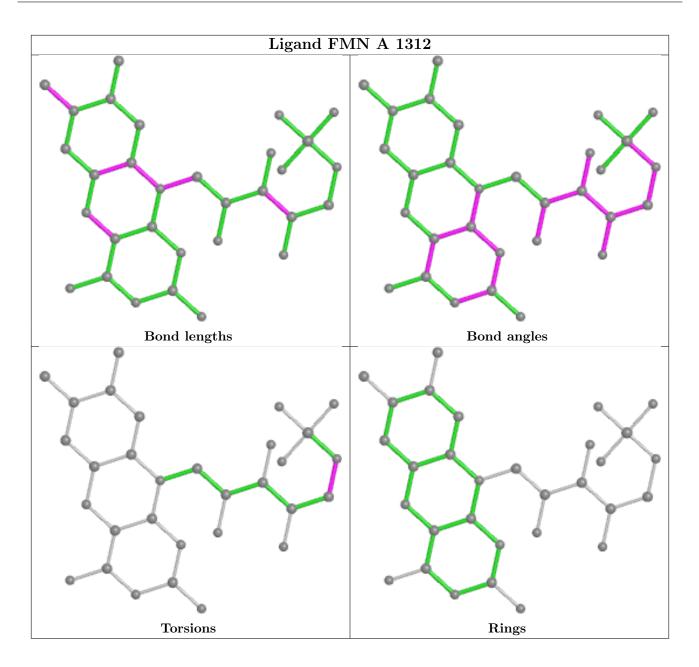


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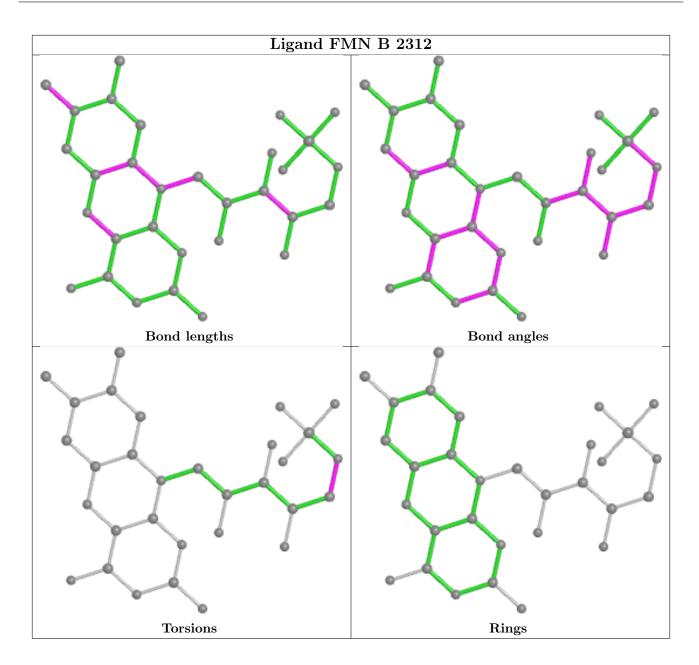
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	В	1002	GOL	1	0
3	В	2312	FMN	1	0
5	А	1003	GOL	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and sufficient must be highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	#RSRZ>2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	311/311~(100%)	-0.06	9 (2%) 51 56	9, 15, 28, 38	26 (8%)
1	В	311/311~(100%)	-0.08	2 (0%) 89 91	10, 16, 25, 35	16 (5%)
All	All	622/622~(100%)	-0.07	11 (1%) 68 72	9, 16, 27, 38	42 (6%)

The worst 5 of 11 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	134	PRO	4.2
1	В	90[A]	ASN	3.9
1	А	90	ASN	3.8
1	А	93	GLU	3.6
1	А	8	ASN	3.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

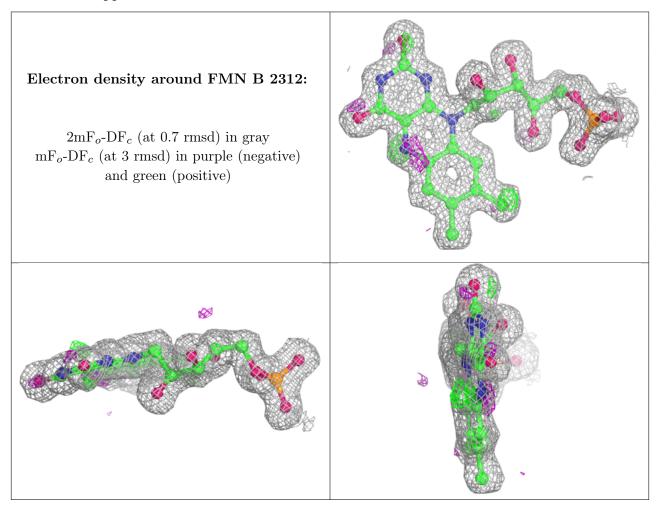
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



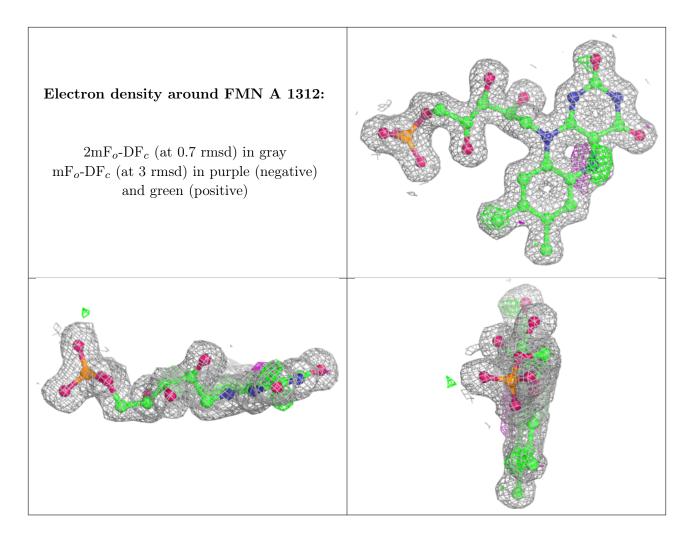
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	GOL	А	1003	6/6	0.62	0.24	$29,\!34,\!34,\!36$	0
5	GOL	В	1001	6/6	0.76	0.19	39,39,39,40	0
5	GOL	В	1002	6/6	0.78	0.16	32,34,34,35	0
4	ORO	А	1313	11/11	0.80	0.17	17,19,20,21	11
4	ORO	В	2313	11/11	0.86	0.14	$14,\!16,\!16,\!17$	11
3	FMN	В	2312	31/31	0.96	0.08	9,11,12,13	0
3	FMN	А	1312	31/31	0.96	0.08	10,11,13,13	0
2	MG	В	314	1/1	0.99	0.04	19,19,19,19	0
2	MG	А	314	1/1	0.99	0.05	18,18,18,18	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

