

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 10, 2023 – 03:37 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	7JKL
Title	:	Human PrimPol misinserting dATP opposite the 8-oxoguanine lesion (3'-end
		base of the primer strand is 2',3'-dideoxy-terminated).
Authors	:	Rechkoblit, O.; Aggarwal, A.K.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	2.38 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

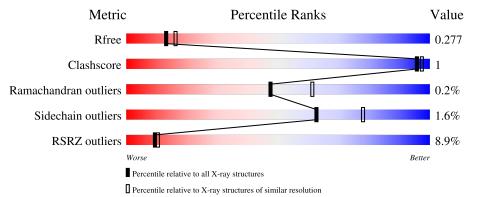
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)		
EDS	:	2.35.1
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.38 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$				
R_{free}	130704	5509(2.40-2.36)				
Clashscore	141614	6082 (2.40-2.36)				
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5973 (2.40-2.36)				
Sidechain outliers	138945	5975 (2.40-2.36)				
RSRZ outliers	127900	5397 (2.40-2.36)				

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	А	354	8%	2.4%					
	A	004	73%	• 24%					
1	В	354	69%	• 29%					
2	С	17	<u>6%</u> 88%	6% 6%					
2	G	17	6%	24% 6%					
3	D	13	8%	15%					



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
3	Н	13	77%	8%	15%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10125 atoms, of which 4643 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA-directed primase/polymerase protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues			Atom	s	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	А	269	Total	C	Н 2028	N 256	0	S 10	0	0	0
				1377			389	10			
1	В	251	Total	С	Н	Ν	0	S	0	0	0
-	Ъ	201	3995	1308	1968	341	369	9		Ū	

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(P*AP*(8OG)P*CP*GP*CP*TP*AP*CP*CP *AP*CP*AP*CP*CP*C)-3').

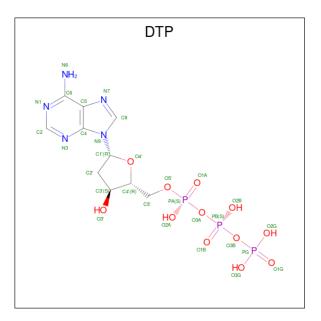
Mol	Chain	Residues		_	Atom	s		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
0	2 C	16	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0	0
			498	151	178	59	94	16	0		
0	C	16	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0	0
	G	10	476	151	156	59	94	16	0	0	

• Molecule 3 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*GP*TP*GP*TP*GP*GP*TP*AP* GP*CP*(DDG))-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	D	13	Total 420	-	Н 148		-		0	0	0
3	Н	11	Total 356	-	Н 125			_	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is 2'-DEOXYADENOSINE 5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: DTP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{12}P_3$).



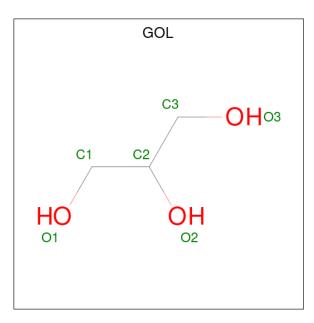


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	4 A	1	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0
4		1	42	10	12	5	12	3		
4	В	1	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0
4		1	42	10	12	5	12	3	0	0

• Molecule 5 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mo	1	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5		А	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0
5		В	2	Total Ca 2 2	0	0





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	1	Total C H O 14 3 8 3	0	0
6	В	1	Total C H O 14 3 8 3	0	0

• Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	А	39	Total O 39 39	0	0
7	С	3	Total O 3 3	0	0
7	D	3	Total O 3 3	0	0
7	В	54	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{O} \\ 54 & 54 \end{array}$	0	0
7	G	4	Total O 4 4	0	0
7	Н	2	Total O 2 2	0	0



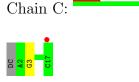
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Chain A: 73% 24% ARG • Molecule 1: DNA-directed primase/polymerase protein Chain B: 69% 29% LEU SER SER GLU GLU SER SER SER GLN ASN LYS GLN CLN • Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(P*AP*(8OG)P*CP*GP*CP*TP*AP*CP*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*CP*C P*C)-3')

88%

• Molecule 1: DNA-directed primase/polymerase protein



• Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(P*AP*(8OG)P*CP*GP*CP*TP*AP*CP*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*CP*CP*CP*CP*CP*C)-3')

6% 6%



Chain G:	71%	24%	6%		
DC A2 G3 C4 A11 C12 C12 C17					
• Molecule 3:)	DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*GP*TP*GP*TP*	*GP*GP*TF	P*AP*G	P*CP*(DD) G))-3'
Chain D.	-				
Chain D:	85%	1!	5%		
62 A 1 G 1 4					
• Molecule 3:)	DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*GP*TP*GP*TP'	*GP*GP*TF	P*AP*G	P*CP*(DD) G))-3'
Chain H:	77%	8% 15	5%		
DG DG G1 4					



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1	Depositor
Cell constants	51.52Å 65.64 Å 74.31 Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	69.44° 83.43° 87.74°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	69.17 - 2.38	Depositor
Resolution (A)	69.17 - 2.38	EDS
% Data completeness	91.1 (69.17-2.38)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	91.1 (69.17-2.38)	EDS
R _{merge}	0.11	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.38 (at 2.40 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.11.1_2575	Depositor
D D	0.220 , 0.277	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.220 , 0.277	DCC
R_{free} test set	1615 reflections (4.90%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	54.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.262	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.40, 67.5	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	10125	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	82.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.30% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DTP, DDG, GOL, CA, 80G

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles	
	Ullaili	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	А	0.25	0/2181	0.40	0/2958
1	В	0.25	0/2074	0.41	0/2808
2	С	0.55	0/330	0.85	0/501
2	G	0.54	0/330	0.80	0/501
3	D	0.49	0/282	0.86	0/436
3	Н	0.49	0/235	0.89	0/362
All	All	0.33	0/5432	0.54	0/7566

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2132	2028	2031	3	0
1	В	2027	1968	1971	4	0
2	С	320	178	178	0	0
2	G	320	156	178	4	0
3	D	272	148	148	1	0
3	Н	231	125	125	0	0
4	А	30	12	10	0	0



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	В	30	12	9	0	0
5	А	1	0	0	0	0
5	В	2	0	0	0	0
6	А	6	8	8	1	0
6	В	6	8	8	0	0
7	А	39	0	0	0	0
7	В	54	0	0	3	0
7	С	3	0	0	0	0
7	D	3	0	0	1	0
7	G	4	0	0	0	0
7	Н	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	5482	4643	4666	11	0

Continued from previous page...

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 11 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:D:11:DA:N7	7:D:101:HOH:O	2.25	0.69
2:G:11:DA:H2"	2:G:12:DC:OP1	1.95	0.66
1:A:270:ASN:OD1	1:A:274:GLU:N	2.28	0.64
1:B:330:SER:OG	7:B:501:HOH:O	2.17	0.57
1:B:92:SER:OG	7:B:502:HOH:O	2.19	0.53

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	263/354~(74%)	243~(92%)	20~(8%)	0	100 100	



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	В	247/354~(70%)	233~(94%)	13~(5%)	1 (0%)	34	46
All	All	510/708~(72%)	476 (93%)	33~(6%)	1 (0%)	47	61

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
1	В	96	LEU	

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Chain Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	А	224/320~(70%)	220~(98%)	4 (2%)	59 75	
1	В	220/320~(69%)	217~(99%)	3(1%)	67 81	
All	All	444/640~(69%)	437~(98%)	7 (2%)	62 78	

5 of 7 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	295	SER
1	В	62	VAL
1	В	165	LYS
1	В	69	CYS
1	А	276	HIS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

4 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Iol Type Chain Res		Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
10101	Type	Unam	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	DDG	D	14	2,3	17,23,24	4.03	13 (76%)	15,33,36	2.85	7 (46%)
3	DDG	Н	14	2,3	17,23,24	4.02	13 (76%)	15,33,36	2.33	7 (46%)
2	80G	С	3	2	22,25,26	4.49	17 (77%)	30,37,40	2.19	8 (26%)
2	80G	G	3	2	22,25,26	4.49	17 (77%)	30,37,40	2.18	8 (26%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	DDG	D	14	2,3	-	0/3/18/19	0/3/3/3
3	DDG	Н	14	2,3	-	2/3/18/19	0/3/3/3
2	80G	С	3	2	-	0/7/21/22	0/3/3/3
2	80G	G	3	2	-	0/7/21/22	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 60 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
3	D	14	DDG	C2'- $C1$ '	-8.41	1.32	1.51
3	Η	14	DDG	C2'- $C1$ '	-8.25	1.33	1.51
2	С	3	80G	O4'-C4'	8.16	1.63	1.45
2	G	3	80G	O4'-C4'	8.09	1.63	1.45
2	С	3	80G	C3'-C4'	-8.01	1.31	1.53

The worst 5 of 30 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	D	14	DDG	C4'-O4'-C1'	-7.56	102.67	109.81
2	G	3	80G	C5-C4-N3	-7.44	120.11	127.80



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Гуре Atoms		$Observed(^{o})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	С	3	80G	C5-C4-N3	-7.38	120.18	127.80
3	Н	14	DDG	C4'-O4'-C1'	-5.42	104.69	109.81
2	G	3	80G	C2-N3-C4	4.44	120.21	112.30

Continued from previous page...

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	Н	14	DDG	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
3	Н	14	DDG	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	gths	Bond angles		
Mol Type Chai	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
6	GOL	А	403	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.35	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.23	0
4	DTP	А	401	5	26,32,32	3.64	11 (42%)	30,50,50	1.93	6 (20%)
4	DTP	В	403	5	26,32,32	3.65	11 (42%)	30,50,50	1.93	6 (20%)
6	GOL	В	404	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.37	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.18	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	GOL	А	403	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
4	DTP	А	401	5	-	7/18/34/34	0/3/3/3
4	DTP	В	403	5	-	4/18/34/34	0/3/3/3
6	GOL	В	404	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

The worst 5 of 22 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	В	403	DTP	C2'- $C3$ '	-11.46	1.22	1.52
4	А	401	DTP	C2'-C3'	-11.38	1.22	1.52
4	А	401	DTP	O4'-C4'	-8.20	1.26	1.45
4	В	403	DTP	O4'-C4'	-8.15	1.26	1.45
4	А	401	DTP	C1'-N9	-5.83	1.32	1.49

The worst 5 of 12 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	А	401	DTP	C5-C6-N6	5.82	129.19	120.35
4	В	403	DTP	C5-C6-N6	5.80	129.17	120.35
4	А	401	DTP	N3-C2-N1	-5.67	119.81	128.68
4	В	403	DTP	N3-C2-N1	-5.59	119.94	128.68
4	В	403	DTP	N6-C6-N1	-3.75	110.79	118.57

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 15 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	А	401	DTP	PB-O3B-PG-O2G
6	В	404	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
6	В	404	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
4	А	401	DTP	PA-O3A-PB-O1B
4	В	403	DTP	PB-O3A-PA-O1A

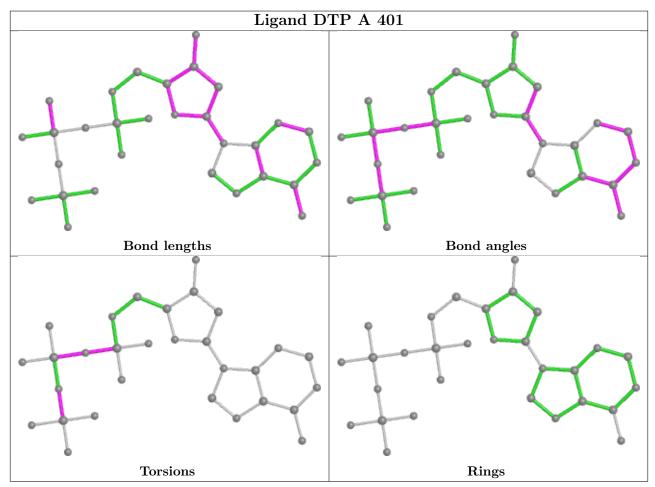
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

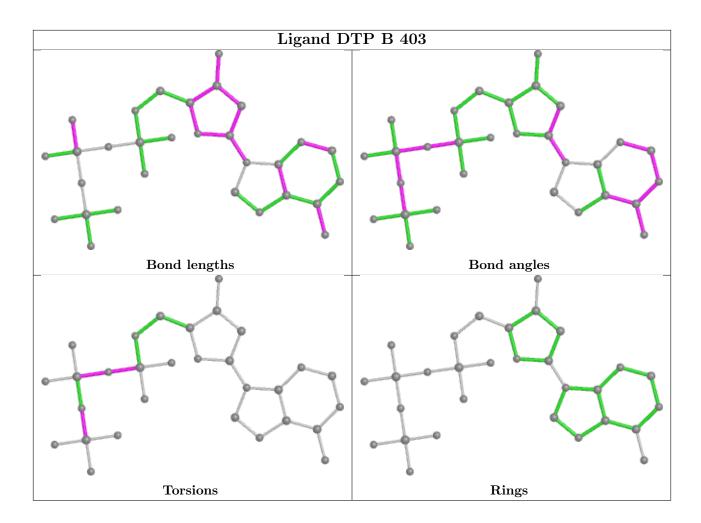
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	А	403	GOL	1	0



The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RSRZ>2	$OWAB(A^2)$	$\mathbf{Q}{<}0.9$
1	А	269/354~(75%)	0.98	27 (10%) 7 8	42, 69, 105, 119	0
1	В	251/354 (70%)	0.85	21 (8%) 11 12	42, 60, 95, 111	0
2	С	15/17~(88%)	0.52	1 (6%) 17 19	65, 106, 179, 180	0
2	G	15/17~(88%)	0.60	1 (6%) 17 19	68, 116, 171, 178	0
3	D	12/13~(92%)	0.20	1 (8%) 11 12	85, 121, 179, 179	0
3	Н	10/13~(76%)	0.19	0 100 100	105, 115, 161, 166	0
All	All	572/768~(74%)	0.87	51 (8%) 9 10	42, 67, 116, 180	0

The worst 5 of 51 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	38	PRO	6.8
1	В	70	LYS	6.0
1	А	70	LYS	5.8
1	В	39	PRO	4.6
1	А	12	ILE	4.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	DDG	Н	14	21/22	0.80	0.16	$62,\!85,\!127,\!127$	0
3	DDG	D	14	21/22	0.91	0.15	54,74,100,112	0
2	80G	С	3	23/24	0.92	0.17	60,82,106,106	0
2	80G	G	3	23/24	0.95	0.18	61,81,108,111	0



6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

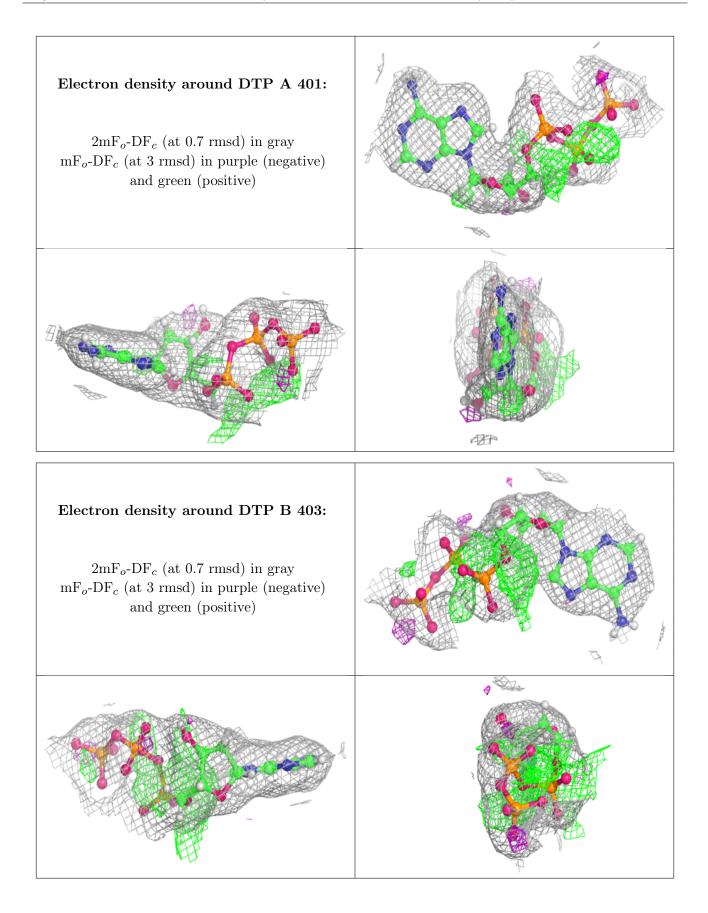
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q < 0.9
6	GOL	А	403	6/6	0.73	0.16	71,86,91,92	0
5	CA	А	402	1/1	0.89	0.26	71,71,71,71	0
6	GOL	В	404	6/6	0.89	0.56	49,59,68,68	14
5	CA	В	402	1/1	0.92	0.13	$65,\!65,\!65,\!65$	1
4	DTP	А	401	30/30	0.96	0.19	45,59,72,79	0
5	CA	В	401	1/1	0.97	0.21	$53,\!53,\!53,\!53$	0
4	DTP	В	403	30/30	0.97	0.20	40,59,70,85	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

