

# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Apr 16, 2023 – 08:45 AM EDT

PDB ID : 8I45 BMRB ID : 36544

Title: Interaction between a fluoroquinolone derivative KG022 and RNAs: effect of

base pairs 3' adjacent to the bulge out residues

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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

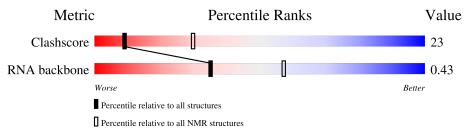
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.32.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 21%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$rac{ ext{NMR archive}}{ ext{(\#Entries)}}$
Clashscore	158937	12864
RNA backbone	4643	676

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	10						
1	A	19	26%	58%	16%			



# 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 11 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.



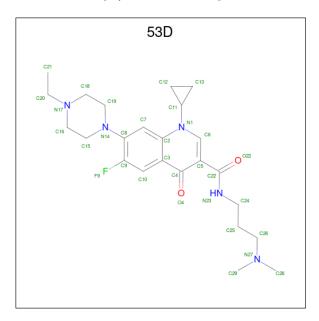
# 3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 678 atoms, of which 244 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called RNA-G-3GC-uucg.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
1	Λ	10	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
1	A	19	609	180	207	71	133	18	0

• Molecule 2 is 1-cyclopropyl-N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-7-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)-6 -fluoranyl-4-oxidanylidene-quinoline-3-carboxamide (three-letter code: 53D) (formula:  $C_{24}H_{34}FN_5O_2$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					
9	Λ	1	Total	С	F	Н	N	О
2	А	1	69	24	1	37	5	2



# 4 Residue-property plots (i)

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

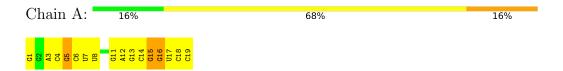
• Molecule 1: RNA-G-3GC-uucg



# 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (author defined) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: RNA-G-3GC-uucg





#### 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 11 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	structure calculation	1.3

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	113
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	113
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	21%



# 6 Model quality (i)

### 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 53D

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	402	207	207	14±2
2	A	32	37	0	2±2
All	All	4774	2684	2277	162

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 23.

5 of 35 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	om-1 Atom-2 $Clash(A)$ $Distance(A)$		Mod	dels	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:16:G:H2'	1:A:17:U:H6	0.76	1.40	1	11
1:A:16:G:H2'	1:A:17:U:C6	0.68	2.22	1	11
1:A:15:G:H4'	1:A:16:G:H8	0.67	1.49	1	6
1:A:17:U:H2'	1:A:18:C:H6	0.66	1.50	1	11
1:A:13:G:H2'	1:A:14:C:C6	0.65	2.27	1	11



### 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

#### 6.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	· ·		Pucker Outliers	Suiteness
1	A	18/19 (95%)	5±1 (30±4%)	0±0 (1±2%)	$0.43 \pm 0.04$
All	All	$198/209 \ (95\%)$	59 (30%)	2 (1%)	0.43

The overall RNA backbone suiteness is 0.43.

5 of 7 unique RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	5	G	11
1	A	11	G	11
1	A	12	A	10
1	A	16	G	10
1	A	15	G	9

All unique RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	15	G	2

### 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



### 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Pos	Link	Bond lengths			
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2	
2	53D	A	20	-	35,35,35	$1.56 \pm 0.01$	3±0 (8±0%)	

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mal	Mol Type Chain Re			Dog Link	Bond angles		
MOI	Type	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	53D	A	20	-	50,50,50	$2.75 \pm 0.04$	10±0 (20±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	53D	A	20	-	-	$1\pm0,21,33,33$	$1\pm0,4,4,4$

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Tuna	Atoma	$\mathbf{z}$	$Observed(\AA)$	Ideal(Å)	Models	
MIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms	L	Observed(A)	Ideal(A)	Worst	Total
2	A	20	53D	C15-N14	4.80	1.54	1.46	9	11
2	A	20	53D	C8-N14	4.39	1.50	1.41	7	11
2	A	20	53D	C19-N14	3.82	1.52	1.46	4	11



5 of 12 unique angle outliers are listed below.	They are sorted according to the Z-score of the
worst occurrence in the ensemble.	

Mol	Iol Chain Re		Type	ype Atoms		$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$	Models	
WIOI	Chain	$egin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		Observed()	ideai( )	Worst	Total		
2	A	20	53D	C2-N1-C11	11.09	131.56	119.89	9	11
2	A	20	53D	C11-N1-C6	8.18	107.37	119.73	2	11
2	A	20	53D	C9-C8-N14	7.68	111.35	120.47	11	11
2	A	20	53D	C12-C11-N1	6.95	129.27	118.84	2	11
2	A	20	53D	C13-C11-N1	4.66	125.83	118.84	9	11

There are no chirality outliers.

Page 10

All unique torsion outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Models (Total)
2	A	20	53D	O22-C22-C5-C4	7
2	A	20	53D	N23-C22-C5-C6	1

All unique ring outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Models (Total)
2	A	20	53D	C15-C16-C18-C19-N14-N17	11

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



# 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 21% for the well-defined parts and 21% for the entire structure.

#### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: shifttable\_230115\_BMRB.txt

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	113
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	113
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

The following errors were found when reading this chemical shift list.

• Chemical shift has been reported more than once. First 5 (of 0) occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Res	Trme	Atom		Shift Data			
LIST ID	Chain	nes	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity		
1	A	15	G	H1'	5.424	0.000	1		
1	A	15	G	Н8	7.925	0.001	1		
1	A	18	С	H1'	5.671	0.0041	1		
1	A	18	С	H41	8.274	0.0023	1		
1	A	18	С	H42	6.996	0.0014	1		
1	A	18	С	Н5	5.510	0.0017	1		
1	A	18	С	Н6	7.666	0.0043	1		

### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).



#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 21%, i.e. 74 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 360. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Sugar	33/209 (16%)	33/114 (29%)	0/95~(0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	41/151 (27%)	41/94 (44%)	0/31 (0%)	0/26 (0%)
Overall	74/360 (21%)	74/208 (36%)	0/126~(0%)	0/26 (0%)

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

No random coil index(RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list. RCI is only applicable to proteins

