



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jan 30, 2024 – 03:40 PM EST

PDB ID : 1HUR
Title : HUMAN ADP-RIBOSYLATION FACTOR 1 COMPLEXED WITH GDP,
FULL LENGTH NON-MYRISTOYLATED
Authors : Amor, J.C.; Harrison, D.H.; Kahn, R.A.; Ringe, D.
Deposited on : 1995-04-19
Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtrriage (Phenix) : **NOT EXECUTED**
EDS : **NOT EXECUTED**
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

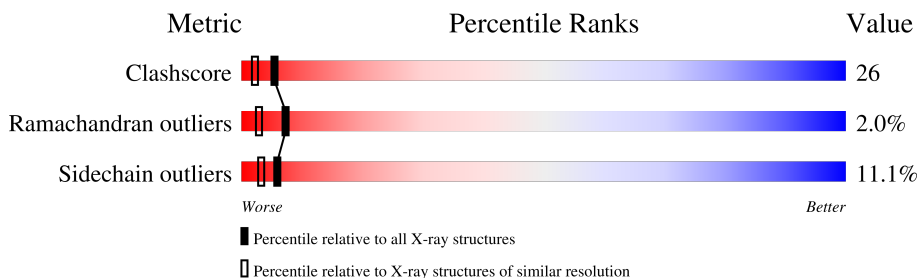
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	180	
1	B	180	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3045 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

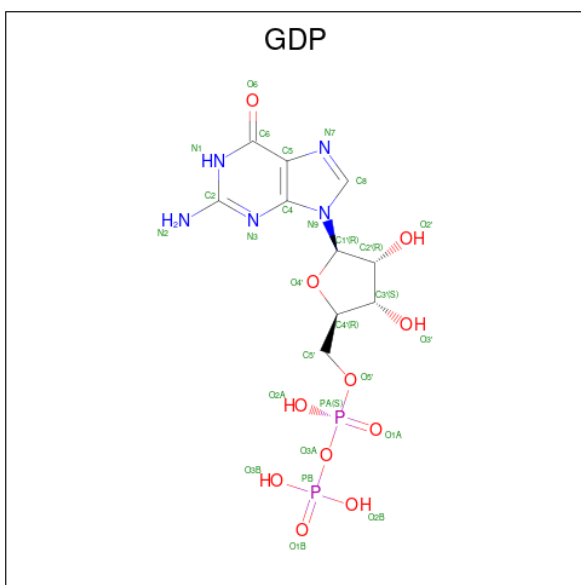
- Molecule 1 is a protein called HUMAN ADP-RIBOSYLATION FACTOR 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	180	Total 1443	C 918	N 251	O 268	S 6	0	0	0
1	B	180	Total 1449	C 921	N 254	O 268	S 6	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total 1	Mg 1	0	0
2	B	1	Total 1	Mg 1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is GUANOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GDP) (formula: C₁₀H₁₅N₅O₁₁P₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P		
3	A	1	28	10	5	11	2	0	0
3	B	1	28	10	5	11	2	0	0

- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	43	Total	O	0	0
			43	43		
4	B	52	Total	O	0	0
			52	52		

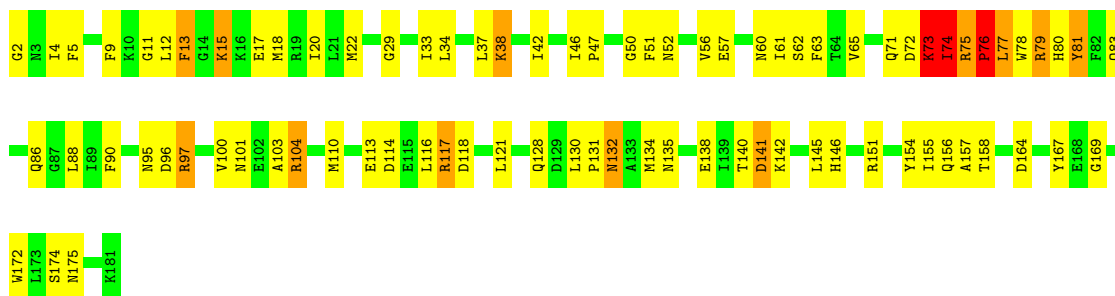
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

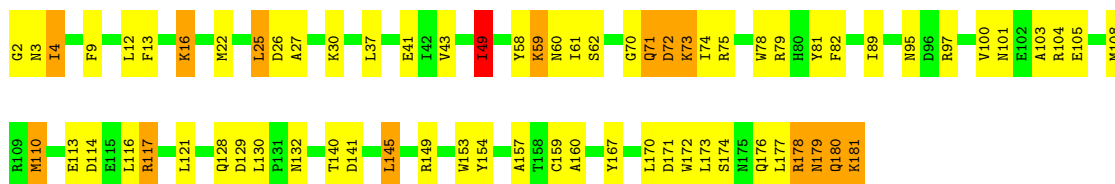
- Molecule 1: HUMAN ADP-RIBOSYLATION FACTOR 1

Chain A: 



- Molecule 1: HUMAN ADP-RIBOSYLATION FACTOR 1

Chain B: 



4 Data and refinement statistics

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	121.01Å 45.92Å 91.78Å 90.00° 133.51° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	15.00 – 2.00	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (15.00-2.00)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.213 , 0.309	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	3045	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	42.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality i

5.1 Standard geometry i

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, GDP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	1.06	3/1468 (0.2%)	1.15	4/1980 (0.2%)
1	B	0.81	2/1473 (0.1%)	0.69	1/1984 (0.1%)
All	All	0.95	5/2941 (0.2%)	0.95	5/3964 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	6
1	B	0	2
All	All	0	8

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	73	LYS	C-N	-25.51	0.75	1.34
1	B	72	ASP	N-CA	6.24	1.58	1.46
1	B	73	LYS	N-CA	5.36	1.57	1.46
1	A	74	ILE	C-N	5.10	1.45	1.34
1	A	174	SER	CA-CB	-5.09	1.45	1.52

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	73	LYS	O-C-N	-39.68	59.21	122.70
1	A	73	LYS	CA-C-N	8.63	136.19	117.20
1	A	75	ARG	C-N-CA	-7.43	90.79	122.00
1	A	75	ARG	O-C-N	6.89	134.19	121.10

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	73	LYS	CB-CA-C	-5.02	100.36	110.40

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	104	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	151	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	73	LYS	Mainchain,Peptide
1	A	76	PRO	Peptide
1	A	81	TYR	Sidechain
1	B	108	MET	Mainchain
1	B	49	ILE	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1443	0	1437	70	1
1	B	1449	0	1448	84	1
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	28	0	12	0	0
3	B	28	0	12	2	0
4	A	43	0	0	1	0
4	B	52	0	0	0	0
All	All	3045	0	2909	153	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 26.

All (153) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:73:LYS:HD3	1:B:75:ARG:NH2	1.17	1.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:73:LYS:HD3	1:B:75:ARG:CZ	1.48	1.41
1:B:73:LYS:CG	1:B:75:ARG:NH1	1.85	1.39
1:B:73:LYS:CB	1:B:75:ARG:CZ	2.00	1.38
1:A:71:GLN:OE1	1:A:74:ILE:CG1	1.70	1.38
1:B:73:LYS:CD	1:B:75:ARG:NH2	1.94	1.30
1:A:71:GLN:OE1	1:A:74:ILE:HG13	1.13	1.29
1:B:73:LYS:CD	1:B:75:ARG:CZ	2.12	1.28
1:B:71:GLN:HA	1:B:72:ASP:N	1.51	1.25
1:B:73:LYS:HB3	1:B:75:ARG:CZ	1.65	1.23
1:B:73:LYS:CG	1:B:75:ARG:CZ	2.22	1.16
1:A:71:GLN:CD	1:A:74:ILE:HG13	1.73	1.06
1:B:70:GLY:O	1:B:72:ASP:N	1.89	1.05
1:B:73:LYS:CA	1:B:75:ARG:NH1	2.19	1.04
1:A:71:GLN:OE1	1:A:74:ILE:CD1	2.10	0.99
1:B:73:LYS:CB	1:B:75:ARG:NH1	0.80	0.95
1:B:95:ASN:HD22	1:B:130:LEU:HD13	1.36	0.91
1:B:71:GLN:CA	1:B:72:ASP:N	2.34	0.91
1:B:74:ILE:HD11	1:B:82:PHE:HE2	1.39	0.88
1:B:73:LYS:CB	1:B:75:ARG:HH12	0.75	0.82
1:B:73:LYS:C	1:B:74:ILE:N	2.33	0.81
1:A:46:ILE:HG12	1:A:52:ASN:OD1	1.80	0.81
1:B:73:LYS:HD3	1:B:75:ARG:HH21	1.47	0.77
1:B:74:ILE:HD11	1:B:82:PHE:CE2	2.19	0.77
1:A:2:GLY:HA3	1:A:38:LYS:HB2	1.69	0.73
1:B:73:LYS:CA	1:B:75:ARG:HH12	1.92	0.72
1:A:71:GLN:NE2	1:A:74:ILE:HG13	2.04	0.72
1:B:160:ALA:HB3	3:B:1:GDP:N7	2.04	0.71
1:A:71:GLN:OE1	1:A:74:ILE:HD12	1.90	0.71
1:B:117:ARG:HH11	1:B:117:ARG:HB3	1.56	0.70
1:A:76:PRO:HB2	1:A:79:ARG:NH1	2.07	0.69
1:B:13:PHE:CZ	1:B:59:LYS:HD3	2.28	0.69
1:B:178:ARG:HB3	1:B:179:ASN:ND2	2.08	0.69
1:B:173:LEU:O	1:B:177:LEU:HG	1.93	0.68
1:B:73:LYS:CA	1:B:75:ARG:HH11	1.94	0.67
1:B:73:LYS:HD2	1:B:75:ARG:NH2	2.05	0.67
1:B:176:GLN:HA	1:B:180:GLN:HG2	1.75	0.67
1:B:73:LYS:C	1:B:75:ARG:HH11	1.98	0.66
1:A:76:PRO:HB2	1:A:79:ARG:HH11	1.59	0.66
1:A:2:GLY:HA2	1:A:5:PHE:HD2	1.62	0.64
1:B:73:LYS:CD	1:B:75:ARG:HH22	2.04	0.63
1:A:2:GLY:N	1:A:38:LYS:HZ3	1.95	0.63

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:71:GLN:OE1	1:A:74:ILE:CB	2.46	0.63
1:B:72:ASP:O	1:B:73:LYS:HB2	2.00	0.61
1:A:110:MET:O	1:A:113:GLU:HB2	1.99	0.61
1:A:75:ARG:HG3	1:A:77:LEU:HD23	1.82	0.61
1:A:77:LEU:HD23	1:A:77:LEU:H	1.65	0.61
1:A:71:GLN:HE22	1:A:75:ARG:N	1.98	0.61
1:A:9:PHE:HB3	1:A:61:ILE:HD12	1.80	0.61
1:A:95:ASN:ND2	1:A:130:LEU:HD13	2.16	0.60
1:A:97:ARG:NH1	1:A:132:ASN:O	2.35	0.60
1:B:73:LYS:CB	1:B:75:ARG:HH11	1.08	0.59
1:B:22:MET:HG3	1:B:89:ILE:HB	1.86	0.58
1:B:110:MET:O	1:B:116:LEU:HD12	2.03	0.58
1:B:178:ARG:HH11	1:B:178:ARG:HG3	1.67	0.58
1:A:155:ILE:O	1:A:155:ILE:HG23	2.05	0.57
1:B:101:ASN:O	1:B:104:ARG:HB3	2.04	0.57
1:B:78:TRP:O	1:B:81:TYR:HB2	2.05	0.56
1:B:128:GLN:HG3	1:B:157:ALA:HB1	1.87	0.56
1:B:170:LEU:O	1:B:174:SER:HB3	2.05	0.56
1:B:12:LEU:HB2	1:B:61:ILE:HD11	1.88	0.56
1:A:47:PRO:HD2	1:A:51:PHE:O	2.06	0.56
1:A:78:TRP:O	1:A:81:TYR:HB2	2.07	0.54
1:B:13:PHE:HZ	1:B:58:TYR:CE2	2.26	0.54
1:B:9:PHE:HB3	1:B:61:ILE:HD13	1.89	0.54
1:A:76:PRO:HB3	1:A:78:TRP:HB2	1.88	0.53
1:A:95:ASN:HD22	1:A:130:LEU:HD13	1.71	0.53
1:B:117:ARG:HB3	1:B:117:ARG:NH1	2.23	0.53
1:A:73:LYS:O	1:A:74:ILE:CG2	2.56	0.53
1:A:156:GLN:HE21	1:A:169:GLY:N	2.05	0.53
1:B:101:ASN:HB3	1:B:104:ARG:HH12	1.74	0.53
1:A:73:LYS:O	1:A:74:ILE:HG22	2.10	0.52
1:A:154:TYR:HB2	1:A:172:TRP:CZ2	2.44	0.52
1:A:172:TRP:O	1:A:175:ASN:HB2	2.10	0.52
1:A:158:THR:HA	1:A:164:ASP:O	2.09	0.52
1:B:13:PHE:HD1	1:B:60:ASN:OD1	1.93	0.51
1:B:97:ARG:NH1	1:B:132:ASN:O	2.42	0.51
1:A:95:ASN:OD1	1:A:132:ASN:HB3	2.09	0.51
1:B:179:ASN:HD22	1:B:179:ASN:H	1.58	0.51
1:B:2:GLY:N	1:B:37:LEU:O	2.44	0.50
1:B:95:ASN:HD22	1:B:130:LEU:CD1	2.18	0.50
1:A:34:LEU:HD13	1:A:56:VAL:HG23	1.94	0.50
1:B:73:LYS:HB3	1:B:75:ARG:NH1	0.55	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:176:GLN:O	1:B:181:LYS:HB2	2.12	0.50
1:A:22:MET:HB3	1:A:65:VAL:HG22	1.94	0.50
1:A:42:ILE:O	1:B:43:VAL:HA	2.13	0.49
1:B:172:TRP:CE3	1:B:173:LEU:N	2.81	0.49
1:A:73:LYS:C	1:A:74:ILE:HG22	2.33	0.48
1:B:16:LYS:H	1:B:16:LYS:HD2	1.78	0.48
1:B:70:GLY:O	1:B:72:ASP:CA	2.62	0.48
1:B:73:LYS:HB2	1:B:75:ARG:HH12	0.31	0.48
1:B:140:THR:HA	1:B:145:LEU:HD22	1.95	0.48
1:A:4:ILE:HD12	1:A:167:TYR:CD1	2.49	0.48
1:A:134:MET:HB3	1:A:138:GLU:HG3	1.95	0.47
1:A:15:LYS:N	1:A:15:LYS:HD3	2.30	0.47
1:A:117:ARG:HD2	1:A:117:ARG:HA	1.53	0.47
1:A:135:ASN:OD1	1:A:138:GLU:HG2	2.13	0.47
1:B:179:ASN:ND2	1:B:179:ASN:N	2.62	0.47
1:A:138:GLU:HA	1:A:141:ASP:HB2	1.97	0.47
1:A:110:MET:O	1:A:116:LEU:HD12	2.15	0.46
1:B:180:GLN:HE21	1:B:180:GLN:H	1.62	0.46
1:A:90:PHE:HE2	1:A:103:ALA:HB1	1.81	0.46
1:A:9:PHE:HB3	1:A:61:ILE:CD1	2.46	0.46
1:A:96:ASP:HB3	4:A:439:HOH:O	2.15	0.45
1:B:26:ASP:O	1:B:27:ALA:HB3	2.16	0.45
1:A:88:LEU:HD23	1:A:121:LEU:HD13	1.99	0.45
1:B:13:PHE:HA	1:B:60:ASN:OD1	2.16	0.45
1:A:75:ARG:HG3	1:A:77:LEU:CD2	2.47	0.45
1:B:82:PHE:HE2	1:B:113:GLU:HG3	1.82	0.45
1:B:27:ALA:HA	3:B:1:GDP:H5'	1.99	0.44
1:B:72:ASP:O	1:B:73:LYS:CB	2.66	0.44
1:B:73:LYS:HB2	1:B:75:ARG:CZ	2.03	0.44
1:B:49:ILE:HD12	1:B:49:ILE:HA	1.81	0.44
1:B:82:PHE:CE2	1:B:113:GLU:HG3	2.53	0.44
1:B:100:VAL:O	1:B:103:ALA:HB3	2.16	0.44
1:B:179:ASN:HD22	1:B:179:ASN:N	2.15	0.44
1:A:88:LEU:HD23	1:A:121:LEU:CD1	2.48	0.44
1:B:121:LEU:O	1:B:153:TRP:HA	2.17	0.44
1:A:130:LEU:HA	1:A:131:PRO:HD3	1.79	0.43
1:B:154:TYR:HB2	1:B:172:TRP:CZ2	2.53	0.43
1:A:33:ILE:O	1:A:37:LEU:HG	2.19	0.43
1:A:46:ILE:HA	1:A:51:PHE:O	2.19	0.43
1:A:130:LEU:HA	1:A:130:LEU:HD23	1.84	0.43
1:B:167:TYR:O	1:B:171:ASP:HB2	2.19	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:172:TRP:HE3	1:B:173:LEU:N	2.17	0.43
1:B:178:ARG:HB3	1:B:179:ASN:HD22	1.84	0.43
1:A:12:LEU:HD13	1:A:18:MET:CE	2.49	0.43
1:A:29:GLY:O	1:A:33:ILE:HG13	2.20	0.42
1:B:101:ASN:HA	1:B:104:ARG:NH2	2.34	0.42
1:A:63:PHE:N	1:A:63:PHE:CD1	2.87	0.42
1:B:22:MET:HA	1:B:89:ILE:O	2.19	0.42
1:B:129:ASP:OD1	1:B:159:CYS:SG	2.68	0.42
1:B:154:TYR:HB2	1:B:172:TRP:CE2	2.55	0.42
1:A:22:MET:O	1:A:65:VAL:HA	2.19	0.42
1:A:97:ARG:O	1:A:100:VAL:HG12	2.19	0.42
1:B:78:TRP:O	1:B:81:TYR:N	2.53	0.42
1:A:101:ASN:O	1:A:104:ARG:HB3	2.20	0.42
1:B:70:GLY:C	1:B:72:ASP:N	2.68	0.42
1:A:50:GLY:O	1:A:72:ASP:HB3	2.19	0.41
1:A:117:ARG:HA	1:A:117:ARG:HH11	1.85	0.41
1:A:20:ILE:HD12	1:A:20:ILE:N	2.36	0.41
1:B:79:ARG:HA	1:B:82:PHE:CD2	2.56	0.41
1:B:25:LEU:O	1:B:30:LYS:NZ	2.53	0.41
1:B:178:ARG:HG3	1:B:178:ARG:NH1	2.33	0.41
1:A:128:GLN:HG3	1:A:157:ALA:HB1	2.01	0.41
1:A:73:LYS:C	1:A:74:ILE:CG2	2.87	0.41
1:A:61:ILE:HG22	1:A:62:SER:N	2.36	0.41
1:A:138:GLU:O	1:A:142:LYS:HG2	2.20	0.41
1:A:140:THR:HG23	1:A:145:LEU:HB2	2.02	0.40
1:B:73:LYS:HD2	1:B:75:ARG:HH22	1.74	0.40
1:A:154:TYR:HB2	1:A:172:TRP:CE2	2.57	0.40
1:A:71:GLN:HE22	1:A:74:ILE:HG13	1.82	0.40
1:A:15:LYS:H	1:A:60:ASN:ND2	2.20	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:114:ASP:OD1	1:B:4:ILE:CD1[4_656]	2.18	0.02

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	176/180 (98%)	159 (90%)	12 (7%)	5 (3%)	5 1
1	B	174/180 (97%)	159 (91%)	13 (8%)	2 (1%)	14 8
All	All	350/360 (97%)	318 (91%)	25 (7%)	7 (2%)	7 3

All (7) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	25	LEU
1	A	11	GLY
1	A	13	PHE
1	A	74	ILE
1	A	83	GLN
1	B	3	ASN
1	A	76	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	153/154 (99%)	137 (90%)	16 (10%)	7 4
1	B	154/154 (100%)	136 (88%)	18 (12%)	5 3
All	All	307/308 (100%)	273 (89%)	34 (11%)	6 3

All (34) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	13	PHE
1	A	15	LYS
1	A	17	GLU
1	A	38	LYS
1	A	57	GLU
1	A	74	ILE
1	A	77	LEU
1	A	79	ARG
1	A	80	HIS
1	A	86	GLN
1	A	97	ARG
1	A	117	ARG
1	A	118	ASP
1	A	132	ASN
1	A	141	ASP
1	A	146	HIS
1	B	4	ILE
1	B	16	LYS
1	B	41	GLU
1	B	49	ILE
1	B	59	LYS
1	B	62	SER
1	B	71	GLN
1	B	105	GLU
1	B	110	MET
1	B	114	ASP
1	B	117	ARG
1	B	141	ASP
1	B	145	LEU
1	B	149	ARG
1	B	178	ARG
1	B	179	ASN
1	B	180	GLN
1	B	181	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (11) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	83	GLN
1	A	132	ASN
1	A	152	ASN
1	A	156	GLN
1	A	176	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	179	ASN
1	B	83	GLN
1	B	95	ASN
1	B	152	ASN
1	B	179	ASN
1	B	180	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	GDP	B	1	2	24,30,30	2.45	8 (33%)	30,47,47	2.45	9 (30%)
3	GDP	A	1	2	24,30,30	1.84	5 (20%)	30,47,47	1.94	8 (26%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GDP	B	1	2	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	GDP	A	1	2	-	3/12/32/32	0/3/3/3

All (13) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	B	1	GDP	C4-N3	6.20	1.52	1.37
3	A	1	GDP	C4-N3	5.20	1.50	1.37
3	B	1	GDP	C6-N1	4.81	1.45	1.37
3	B	1	GDP	C2-N3	4.27	1.43	1.33
3	B	1	GDP	C5-C4	-3.81	1.33	1.43
3	B	1	GDP	C5-C6	3.72	1.55	1.47
3	A	1	GDP	C5-C4	-3.52	1.34	1.43
3	A	1	GDP	C2-N3	3.45	1.41	1.33
3	A	1	GDP	C5-C6	3.15	1.53	1.47
3	B	1	GDP	C5'-C4'	2.76	1.60	1.51
3	A	1	GDP	PA-O5'	-2.67	1.48	1.59
3	B	1	GDP	O3'-C3'	2.49	1.48	1.43
3	B	1	GDP	O2'-C2'	2.07	1.47	1.43

All (17) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	B	1	GDP	O6-C6-C5	-5.56	113.52	124.37
3	B	1	GDP	N1-C2-N3	-5.44	113.15	123.32
3	A	1	GDP	C5-C6-N1	4.85	122.52	113.95
3	B	1	GDP	N2-C2-N1	4.35	125.97	116.71
3	B	1	GDP	O6-C6-N1	4.32	125.75	120.65
3	A	1	GDP	N1-C2-N3	-4.10	115.65	123.32
3	B	1	GDP	O3B-PB-O3A	4.06	118.25	104.64
3	A	1	GDP	O6-C6-N1	-3.94	116.00	120.65
3	B	1	GDP	C5-C6-N1	3.78	120.62	113.95
3	B	1	GDP	C3'-C2'-C1'	-3.40	95.86	100.98
3	A	1	GDP	O3B-PB-O1B	3.29	123.57	110.68
3	B	1	GDP	O4'-C1'-C2'	3.23	111.65	106.93
3	A	1	GDP	O3'-C3'-C4'	-2.86	102.78	111.05
3	B	1	GDP	O2B-PB-O1B	2.32	119.78	110.68
3	A	1	GDP	N2-C2-N1	2.20	121.39	116.71
3	A	1	GDP	O4'-C1'-C2'	-2.16	103.77	106.93
3	A	1	GDP	O2B-PB-O3A	-2.12	97.52	104.64

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

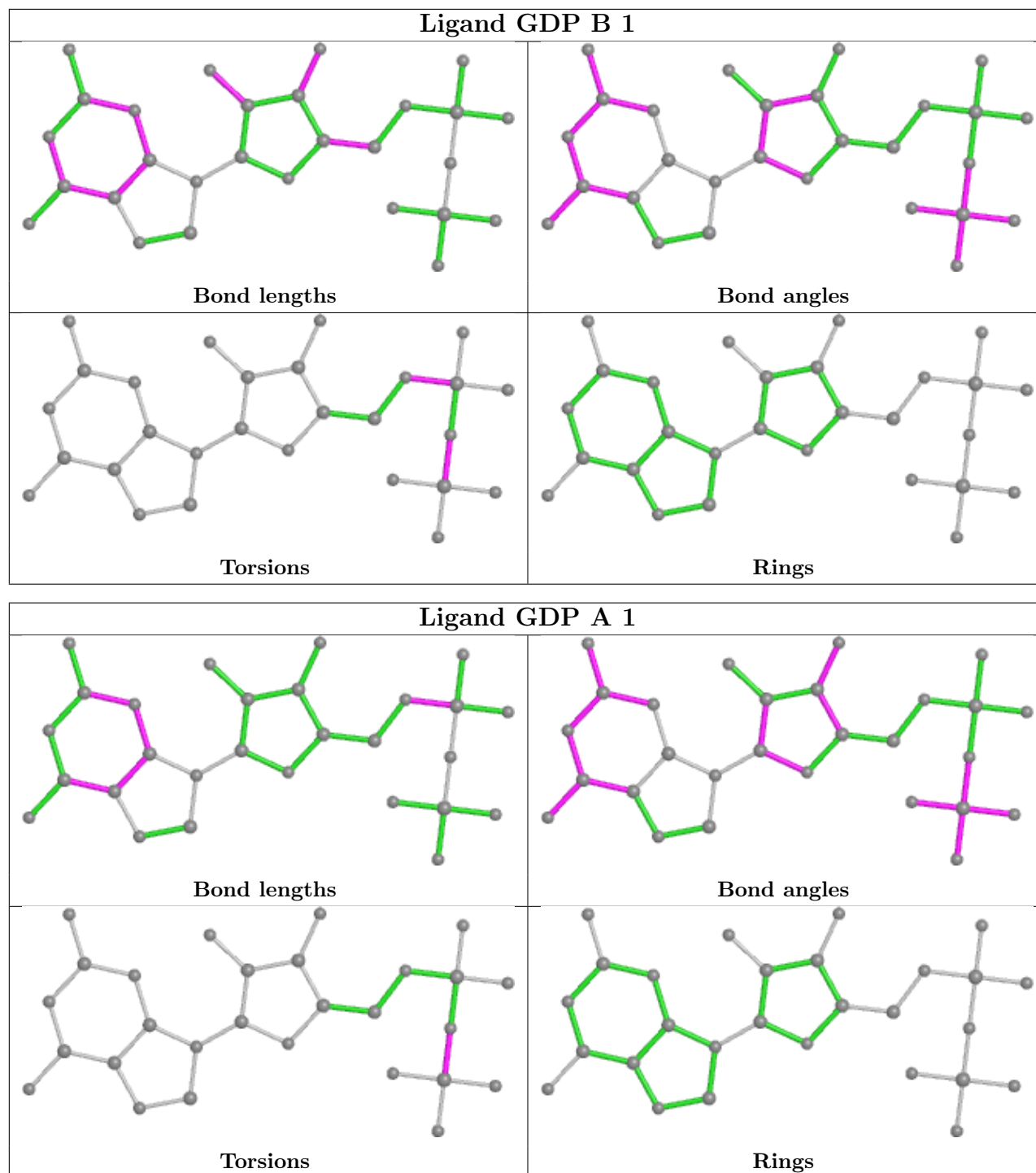
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	1	GDP	PA-O3A-PB-O3B
3	B	1	GDP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B
3	A	1	GDP	PA-O3A-PB-O1B
3	B	1	GDP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
3	A	1	GDP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	B	1	GDP	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	B	2
1	A	2

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	B	71:GLN	C	72:ASP	N	2.83
1	A	71:GLN	C	72:ASP	N	2.52
1	B	73:LYS	C	74:ILE	N	2.33
1	A	73:LYS	C	74:ILE	N	0.75

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.