

# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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Title	:	Double methyl modification on guanosine promotes unusual structural distor-
		tion and conformational transition in Z-DNA
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 25%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	Percentile Ranks	Value
Clashscore		42
Worse		Better
Percen	tile relative to all structures	
Percen	tile relative to all NMR structures	
	Whole anabirra NMD anabir	

Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR}  { m archive} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	6	50%	50%
1	В	6	67%	33%



# 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.



# 3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 390 atoms, of which 144 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

	• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain	called DNA	(5'-D(*CP*GP*CP*	(SJO)P*CP*G)-3').
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Mol	Chain	Residues		I	4ton	ns			Trace
1	Λ	6	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	Р	0
	A	0	195	59	72	24	35	5	U
1	D	6	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	Р	0
	I B	0	195	59	72	24	35	5	0



# 4 Residue-property plots (i)

# 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(\*CP\*GP\*CP\*(SJO)P\*CP\*G)-3')

Chain A:	50%	50%
8 8 8 3 3 5		
• Molecule	e 1: DNA $(5'-D(*CP*GP*CP*(S$	JO)P*CP*G)-3')
Chain B:	67%	33%
C11 C12 C13 C13 C13 C15 C15 C15 C15		

# 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (author defined) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(\*CP\*GP\*CP\*(SJO)P\*CP\*G)-3')

Chain A:	67%	33%
<mark>8 8 8 8 8</mark>		
• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*Cl	P*GP*CP*(SJO)P*CP*G)-3')	
Chain B:	67%	33%
C11 C12 C13 C15 C15 C15 C15		



# 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *distance geometry*.

Of the 20 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *all calculated structures submitted*.

The authors did not provide any information on software used for structure solution, optimization or refinement.

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	60
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	60
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	25%



# 6 Model quality (i)

# 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SJO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	B	Sond lengths	1	Bond angles
	RMSZ RMSZ		$\#Z{>}5$	RMSZ	#Z > 5
1	А	$1.00 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}0/108~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	$1.75 \pm 0.01$	$2\pm0/162~(~1.0\pm~0.3\%)$
1	В	$1.00 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}0/108~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	$1.75 \pm 0.01$	$1\pm0/162~(~0.9\pm~0.3\%)$
All	All	1.00	0/4320 ( $0.0%$ )	1.75	63/6480~(~1.0%)

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Turne	Atoma	7	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$	Moo	lels
	Unam	nes	Type	Atoms		Observed()	Ideal()	Worst	Total
1	В	13	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	6.19	112.33	108.00	17	20
1	А	3	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	6.00	112.20	108.00	20	20
1	А	5	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	5.85	112.10	108.00	17	14
1	В	15	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	5.15	111.60	108.00	18	9

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

# 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	123	72	57	$9\pm2$
1	В	123	72	57	9±1
All	All	4920	2880	2280	302



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 42.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models		
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total	
1:A:1:DC:H4'	1:A:2:DG:O5'	0.68	1.89	11	14	
1:B:11:DC:H4'	1:B:12:DG:O5'	0.64	1.92	19	9	
1:A:5:DC:H4'	1:A:6:DG:O5'	0.64	1.93	3	15	
1:B:15:DC:H4'	1:B:16:DG:O5'	0.63	1.92	3	17	
1:A:2:DG:N3	1:A:2:DG:H5"	0.61	2.11	19	6	

5 of 33 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

## 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

#### 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mal	Mol Type Cha		Dec	Tink		Bond len	gths
IVIOI	туре	Ullaili	nes		Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	SJO	В	14	1	21,27,28	$1.11 {\pm} 0.01$	$3\pm0$ (14±1%)
1	SJO	А	4	1	21,27,28	$1.11 \pm 0.01$	$3\pm0$ (14±1%)



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mal	Trune	Chain	Dec	Tinle	Bond angles		
IVIOI	туре		nes		Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	SJO	В	14	1	19,40,43	$1.55 {\pm} 0.02$	$1\pm0~(5\pm0\%)$
1	SJO	А	4	1	19,40,43	$1.55 {\pm} 0.02$	$1\pm0 (5\pm0\%)$

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	SJO	А	4	1	-	$0\pm 0,5,27,28$	$0\pm 0,3,3,3$
1	SJO	В	14	1	-	$0\pm 0,5,27,28$	$0\pm 0,3,3,3$

5 of 8 unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Iol Chain Re		n Res Type		Z Observed(Å)		Ideal(Å)	Models	
	tor Chain Res 1	Type	pe Atoms		Observeu(A)	Iueai(A)	Worst	Total	
1	В	14	SJO	O4'-C1'	2.47	1.44	1.41	20	20
1	А	4	SJO	O4'-C1'	2.44	1.44	1.41	13	20
1	В	14	SJO	C5-C6	2.38	1.42	1.47	11	20
1	А	4	SJO	C5-C6	2.38	1.42	1.47	3	20
1	В	14	SJO	C5-C4	2.14	1.37	1.43	14	20

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Mol Chain		Chain Res Type		Atoms Z		$Ideal(^{o})$	Models	
	Ullalli	nes	туре	Atoms	2	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	Ideal()	Worst	Total
1	В	14	SJO	C8-N9-C1'	5.19	129.67	125.50	12	20
1	А	4	SJO	C8-N9-C1'	5.18	129.65	125.50	9	20

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.



## 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 25% for the well-defined parts and 25% for the entire structure.

# 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name:  $starch\_output$ 

## 7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	60
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	60
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 25%, i.e. 51 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 204. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}$ N
Sugar	35/120~(29%)	35/70~(50%)	0/50~(0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	16/84~(19%)	16/54~(30%)	0/16~(0%)	0/14~(0%)
Overall	51/204~(25%)	51/124~(41%)	0/66~(0%)	0/14~(0%)

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules con-



taining paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, $ppm$	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	А	1	DC	H5'	2.51	2.72 - 5.31	-5.8

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

No random coil index (RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list. RCI is only applicable to proteins

