

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Sep 12, 2023 – 10:08 AM JST

PDB ID : 8GQO BMRB ID : 50469

Title: Solution NMR structure of vaccinia virus protein A28: an entry-fusion complex

component

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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
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https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} wwPDB\text{-ShiftChecker} &:& v1.2\\ BMRB \ Restraints \ Analysis &:& v1.2 \end{array}$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

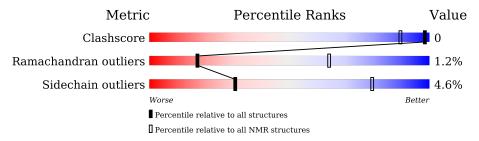
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 90%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$rac{ ext{NMR archive}}{ ext{(\#Entries)}}$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	A	122	64%	•	25%	11%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 10 models. Model 10 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues					
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid mode					
1	A:31-A:109 (79)	1.45	10		

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 5 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 9, 10
2	4, 5
Single-model clusters	1; 3; 6; 7; 8



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1684 atoms, of which 829 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Envelope protein A28.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
1	Λ	100	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
1	A	109	1684	539	829	149	162	5	U

There are 13 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-12	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP A4GDK2
A	-11	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A4GDK2
A	-10	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A4GDK2
A	-9	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A4GDK2
A	-8	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A4GDK2
A	-7	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A4GDK2
A	-6	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A4GDK2
A	-5	SER	-	expression tag	UNP A4GDK2
A	-4	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A4GDK2
A	-3	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP A4GDK2
A	-2	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP A4GDK2
A	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A4GDK2
A	0	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP A4GDK2

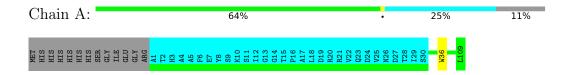


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

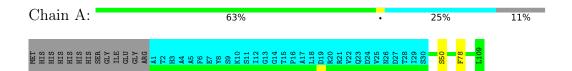
• Molecule 1: Envelope protein A28



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 10. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Envelope protein A28





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: molecular dynamics.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the least restraint violations.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	refinement	
X-PLOR NIH	structure calculation	3.4

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1433
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1433
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	90%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0 ± 0.0	0.1 ± 0.3
All	All	0	1

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	96	ASN	Peptide	1

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	629	612	612	0±0
All	All	6290	6120	6120	3

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clock(Å)	Distance (Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	$Clash(Å) \mid Distance(Å)$		Worst	Total
1:A:93:VAL:HG12	1:A:94:VAL:H	0.55	1.60	9	3



6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Perc	entiles
1	A	78/122 (64%)	73±1 (94±1%)	4±1 (5±1%)	1±1 (1±1%)	17	64
All	All	780/1220 (64%)	732 (94%)	39 (5%)	9 (1%)	17	64

All 3 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	36	TRP	7
1	A	85	ASN	1
1	A	94	VAL	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	72/107 (67%)	69±1 (95±2%)	3±1 (5±2%)	31 79
All	All	720/1070 (67%)	687 (95%)	33 (5%)	31 79

5 of 19 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	67	ARG	3
1	A	50	SER	3
1	A	79	THR	3
1	A	82	ASP	2
1	A	37	ARG	2



6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 90% for the well-defined parts and 90% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chemical_shifts_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1433
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1433
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	2

The following errors were found when reading this chemical shift list.

• Chemical shift has been reported more than once. First 5 (of 0) occurrences are reported below.

T:-4 ID	Cl :	D	Shi		Shift Dat	a	
List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	2	THR	HG22	0.7600	0.0000	1
1	A	2	THR	HG23	0.7600	0.0000	1
1	A	4	ALA	HB2	1.3577	0.0000	1
1	A	4	ALA	HB3	1.3577	0.0000	1
1	A	5	ALA	HB2	1.3002	0.0000	1
1	A	5	ALA	HB3	1.3002	0.0000	1
1	A	12	ILE	HG22	0.8910	0.0000	1
1	A	12	ILE	HG23	0.8910	0.0000	1
1	A	12	ILE	HD12	0.8490	0.0000	1
1	A	12	ILE	HD13	0.8490	0.0000	1
1	A	15	THR	HG22	1.2390	0.0000	1
1	A	15	THR	HG23	1.2390	0.0000	1
1	A	17	ALA	HB2	1.3783	0.0000	1
1	A	17	ALA	HB3	1.3783	0.0000	1



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	a from pr			A .		Shift Dat	a
List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	18	LEU	HD12	0.9220	0.0000	2
1	A	18	LEU	HD13	0.9220	0.0000	2
1	A	18	LEU	HD22	0.8670	0.0000	2
1	A	18	LEU	HD23	0.8670	0.0000	2
1	A	22	VAL	HG12	0.9480	0.0000	2
1	A	22	VAL	HG13	0.9480	0.0000	2
1	A	22	VAL	HG22	0.9270	0.0000	2
1	A	22	VAL	HG23	0.9270	0.0000	2
1	A	25	VAL	HG12	0.9190	0.0000	2
1	A	25	VAL	HG13	0.9190	0.0000	2
1	A	25	VAL	HG22	0.9190	0.0000	2
1	A	25	VAL	HG23	0.9190	0.0000	2
1	A	28	THR	HG22	1.1900	0.0000	1
1	A	28	THR	HG23	1.1900	0.0000	1
1	A	29	ILE	HG22	0.8950	0.0000	1
1	A	29	ILE	HG23	0.8950	0.0000	1
1	A	29	ILE	HD12	0.8480	0.0000	1
1	A	29	ILE	HD13	0.8480	0.0000	1
1	A	32	VAL	HG12	0.9880	0.0000	2
1	A	32	VAL	HG13	0.9880	0.0000	2
1	A	32	VAL	HG22	0.9890	0.0000	2
1	A	32	VAL	HG23	0.9890	0.0000	2
1	A	39	VAL	HG12	1.0450	0.0000	2
1	A	39	VAL	HG13	1.0450	0.0000	2
1	A	39	VAL	HG22	1.0010	0.0000	2
1	A	39	VAL	HG23	1.0010	0.0000	2
1	A	40	VAL	HG12	0.7830	0.0000	2
1	A	40	VAL	HG13	0.7830	0.0000	2
1	A	40	VAL	HG22	0.8710	0.0000	2
1	A	40	VAL	HG23	0.8710	0.0000	2
1	A	47	VAL	HG12	0.9290	0.0000	2
1	A	47	VAL	HG13	0.9290	0.0000	2
1	A	47	VAL	HG22	1.1130	0.0000	2
1	A	47	VAL	HG23	1.1130	0.0000	2
1	A	49	ALA	HB2	1.2300	0.0000	1
1	A	49	ALA	HB3	1.2300	0.0000	1
1	A	51	ILE	HG22	0.2030	0.0000	1
1	A	51	ILE	HG23	0.2030	0.0000	1
1	A	51	ILE	HD12	0.5650	0.0000	1
1	A	51	ILE	HD13	0.5650	0.0000	1
1	A	56	ALA	HB2	1.2210	0.0000	1



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	a from pr			A .		Shift Dat	a
List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	56	ALA	HB3	1.2210	0.0000	1
1	A	58	VAL	HG12	0.8410	0.0000	2
1	A	58	VAL	HG13	0.8410	0.0000	2
1	A	58	VAL	HG22	0.9660	0.0000	2
1	A	58	VAL	HG23	0.9660	0.0000	2
1	A	63	THR	HG22	1.2410	0.0000	1
1	A	63	THR	HG23	1.2410	0.0000	1
1	A	66	ILE	HG22	0.5630	0.0000	1
1	A	66	ILE	HG23	0.5630	0.0000	1
1	A	66	ILE	HD12	0.1830	0.0000	1
1	A	66	ILE	HD13	0.1830	0.0000	1
1	A	71	THR	HG22	1.1860	0.0000	1
1	A	71	THR	HG23	1.1860	0.0000	1
1	A	72	MET	HE2	2.1640	0.0000	1
1	A	72	MET	HE3	2.1640	0.0000	1
1	A	76	ILE	HG22	0.9080	0.0000	1
1	A	76	ILE	HG23	0.9080	0.0000	1
1	A	76	ILE	HD12	0.7910	0.0000	1
1	A	76	ILE	HD13	0.7910	0.0000	1
1	A	79	THR	HG22	0.7680	0.0000	1
1	A	79	THR	HG23	0.7680	0.0000	1
1	A	83	VAL	HG12	0.8430	0.0000	2
1	A	83	VAL	HG13	0.8430	0.0000	2
1	A	83	VAL	HG22	0.7910	0.0000	2
1	A	83	VAL	HG23	0.7910	0.0000	2
1	A	84	ILE	HG22	0.7900	0.0000	1
1	A	84	ILE	HG23	0.7900	0.0000	1
1	A	84	ILE	HD12	0.7330	0.0000	1
1	A	84	ILE	HD13	0.7330	0.0000	1
1	A	86	ILE	HG22	0.7280	0.0000	1
1	A	86	ILE	HG23	0.7280	0.0000	1
1	A	86	ILE	HD12	0.6400	0.0000	1
1	A	86	ILE	HD13	0.6400	0.0000	1
1	A	88	ILE	HG22	0.8900	0.0000	1
1	A	88	ILE	HG23	0.8900	0.0000	1
1	A	88	ILE	HD12	0.9320	0.0000	1
1	A	88	ILE	HD13	0.9320	0.0000	1
1	A	93	VAL	HG12	0.8790	0.0000	2
1	A	93	VAL	HG13	0.8790	0.0000	2
1	A	93	VAL	HG22	0.8350	0.0000	2
1	A	93	VAL	HG23	0.8350	0.0000	2



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I :at ID	Chain	Dag	Trino	Atom		Shift Data	a
List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	97	ILE	HG22	0.8100	0.0000	1
1	A	97	ILE	HG23	0.8100	0.0000	1
1	A	97	ILE	HD12	0.7500	0.0000	1
1	A	97	ILE	HD13	0.7500	0.0000	1
1	A	100	ALA	HB2	1.5620	0.0000	1
1	A	100	ALA	HB3	1.5620	0.0000	1
1	A	105	LEU	HD12	0.6510	0.0000	2
1	A	105	LEU	HD13	0.6510	0.0000	2
1	A	105	LEU	HD22	0.1730	0.0000	2
1	A	105	LEU	HD23	0.1730	0.0000	2
1	A	108	VAL	HG12	0.8440	0.0000	2
1	A	108	VAL	HG13	0.8440	0.0000	2
1	A	108	VAL	HG22	0.5790	0.0000	2
1	A	108	VAL	HG23	0.5790	0.0000	2
1	A	109	LEU	HD12	0.5330	0.0000	2
1	A	109	LEU	HD13	0.5330	0.0000	2
1	A	109	LEU	HD22	0.4110	0.0000	2
1	A	109	LEU	HD23	0.4110	0.0000	2

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	107	-0.13 ± 0.14	None needed ($< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	101	0.05 ± 0.17	None needed ($< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$)
¹³ C′	107	0.04 ± 0.14	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	100	-0.07 ± 0.24	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 90%, i.e. 977 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1083. 0 out of 11 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	381/391 (97%)	$154/158 \ (97\%)$	155/158~(98%)	72/75 (96%)
Sidechain	517/592~(87%)	351/383~(92%)	152/181 (84%)	14/28 (50%)
Aromatic	79/100 (79%)	40/49 (82%)	39/50 (78%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	977/1083 (90%)	545/590 (92%)	346/389~(89%)	86/104 (83%)



7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

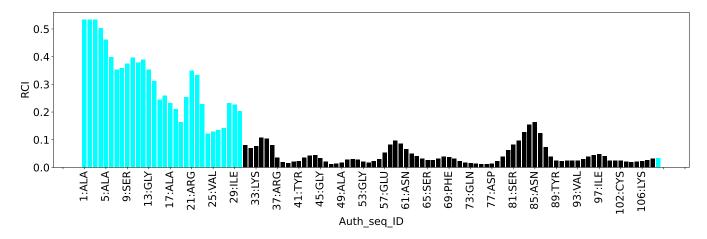
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	98	ASN	СВ	53.46	30.50 - 46.89	9.0
1	A	50	SER	HB3	2.37	2.49 - 5.20	-5.4

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	1036
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	344
Sequential (i-j =1)	341
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	133
Long range (i-j ≥5)	150
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	68
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	134
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	9.6
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	1.4

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	1.7	0.17
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	0.1	0.42
>0.5 (Large)	0.2	0.7



8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

$\mathbf{Bins}\;(^{\circ})$	Average number of violations per model	\mathbf{Max} (°)
1.0-10.0 (Small)	5.1	4.95
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	None	None
>20.0 (Large)	None	None



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

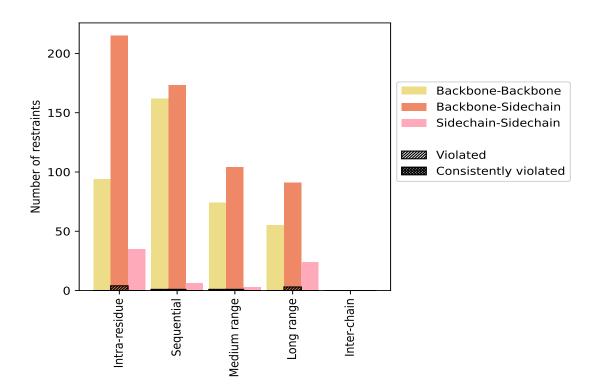
The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Destroints tune	Count	% ¹	Vio	lated	3	Consis	tentl	${ m y~Violated^4}$
Restraints type	Count	70-	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$ \%^2 $	$\%^1$
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	344	33.2	4	1.2	0.4	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	94	9.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	215	20.8	4	1.9	0.4	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	35	3.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (i-j =1)	341	32.9	2	0.6	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	162	15.6	1	0.6	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	173	16.7	1	0.6	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	6	0.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ($ i-j >1 \& i-j <5$)	133	12.8	2	1.5	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	74	7.1	1	1.4	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	56	5.4	1	1.8	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	3	0.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range ($ i-j \ge 5$)	150	14.5	3	2.0	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	55	5.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	71	6.9	3	4.2	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	24	2.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	68	6.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	1036	100.0	11	1.1	1.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	385	37.2	2	0.5	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	583	56.3	9	1.5	0.9	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	68	6.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

¹ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models



9.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

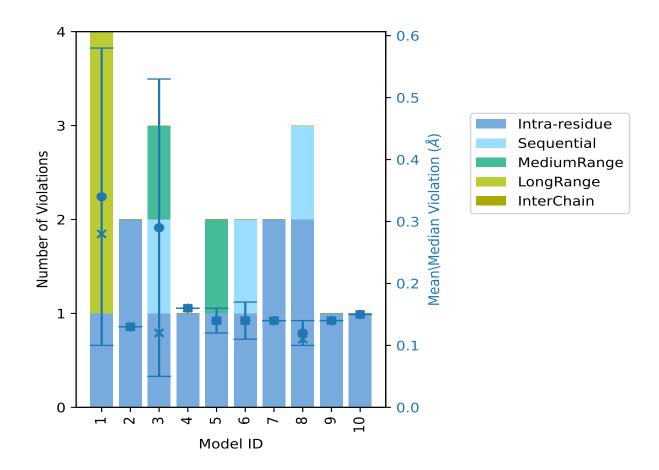
Model ID	IR^1	Nun SQ ²	nber o	f viola	${f tions}$	Total	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	${ m SD}^6 \ (m \AA)$	Median (Å)
1	1	0	0	3	0	4	0.34	0.7	0.24	0.28
2	2	0	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.13	0.0	0.13
3	1	1	1	0	0	3	0.29	0.63	0.24	0.12
4	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.16	0.16	0.0	0.16
5	1	0	1	0	0	2	0.14	0.16	0.02	0.14
6	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.14	0.17	0.03	0.14
7	2	0	0	0	0	2	0.14	0.14	0.0	0.14
8	2	1	0	0	0	3	0.12	0.14	0.02	0.11
9	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.14	0.14	0.0	0.14
10	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.15	0.15	0.0	0.15

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints,



⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph: Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 957(IR:340, SQ:339, MR:131, LR:147, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Nu	ımber	of vio	lated	Fraction of the ensemble			
IR^1	SQ^2	$ m MR^3$	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Count ⁶	%
2	1	2	3	0	8	1	10.0
1	1	0	0	0	2	2	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	3	30.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	40.0

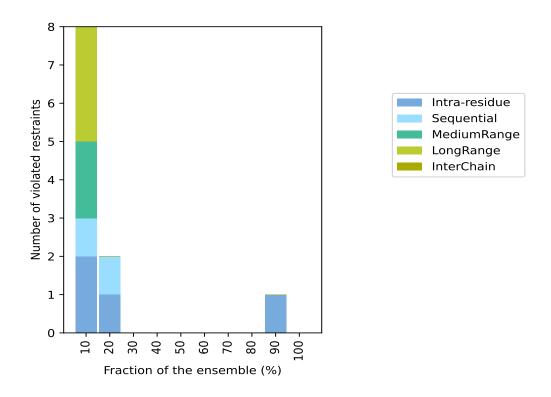


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Nu	ımber	of vio	lated	Fraction of the ensemble			
IR^1	SQ^2	$ m MR^3$	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Count ⁶	%
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	80.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	9	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	100.0

 $^{^1{\}rm Intra-residue}$ restraints, $^2{\rm Sequential}$ restraints, $^3{\rm Medium}$ range restraints, $^4{\rm Long}$ range restraints, $^5{\rm Inter-chain}$ restraints, 6 Number of models with violations

9.3.1 Bar graph: Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

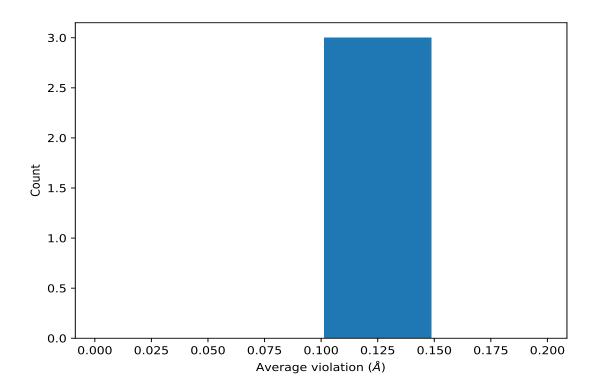


9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

9.4.1 Histogram: Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble





9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	${f Models}^1$	Mean (Å)	\mathbf{SD}^1 (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,417)	1:58:A:VAL:HB	1:58:A:VAL:H	9	0.15	0.01	0.14
(1,709)	1:83:A:VAL:HB	1:83:A:VAL:H	2	0.14	0.01	0.14
(1,129)	1:34:A:GLN:HA	1:35:A:LYS:H	2	0.11	0.0	0.11

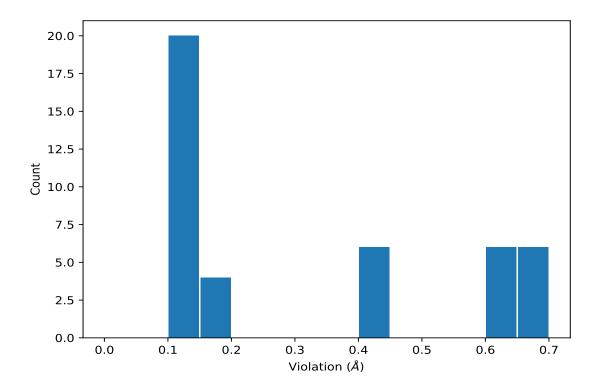
¹Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.





9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,893)	1:53:A:GLY:H	1:105:A:LEU:HD11	1	0.7
(1,893)	1:53:A:GLY:H	1:105:A:LEU:HD12	1	0.7
(1,893)	1:53:A:GLY:H	1:105:A:LEU:HD13	1	0.7
(1,893)	1:53:A:GLY:H	1:105:A:LEU:HD21	1	0.7
(1,893)	1:53:A:GLY:H	1:105:A:LEU:HD22	1	0.7
(1,893)	1:53:A:GLY:H	1:105:A:LEU:HD23	1	0.7
(1,918)	1:109:A:LEU:HD11	1:106:A:LYS:HA	3	0.63
(1,918)	1:109:A:LEU:HD12	1:106:A:LYS:HA	3	0.63
(1,918)	1:109:A:LEU:HD13	1:106:A:LYS:HA	3	0.63
(1,918)	1:109:A:LEU:HD21	1:106:A:LYS:HA	3	0.63
(1,918)	1:109:A:LEU:HD22	1:106:A:LYS:HA	3	0.63
(1,918)	1:109:A:LEU:HD23	1:106:A:LYS:HA	3	0.63
(1,303)	1:105:A:LEU:HD11	1:50:A:SER:H	1	0.42
(1,303)	1:105:A:LEU:HD12	1:50:A:SER:H	1	0.42
(1,303)	1:105:A:LEU:HD13	1:50:A:SER:H	1	0.42
(1,303)	1:105:A:LEU:HD21	1:50:A:SER:H	1	0.42
(1,303)	1:105:A:LEU:HD22	1:50:A:SER:H	1	0.42



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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,303)	1:105:A:LEU:HD23	1:50:A:SER:H	1	0.42
(1,417)	1:58:A:VAL:HB	1:58:A:VAL:H	6	0.17
(1,417)	1:58:A:VAL:HB	1:58:A:VAL:H	4	0.16
(1,417)	1:58:A:VAL:HB	1:58:A:VAL:H	5	0.16
(1,417)	1:58:A:VAL:HB	1:58:A:VAL:H	10	0.15
(1,709)	1:83:A:VAL:HB	1:83:A:VAL:H	7	0.14
(1,417)	1:58:A:VAL:HB	1:58:A:VAL:H	1	0.14
(1,417)	1:58:A:VAL:HB	1:58:A:VAL:H	7	0.14



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

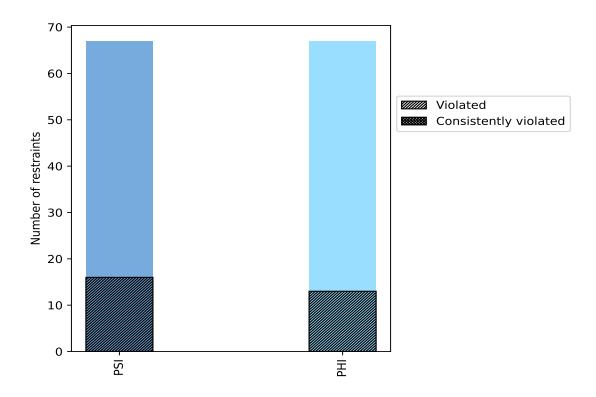
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle tree	Count				Consistently Violated ⁴			
Angle type	Count	ount 70		$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	% ¹
PSI	67	50.0	16	23.9	11.9	0	0.0	0.0
PHI	67	50.0	13	19.4	9.7	0	0.0	0.0
Total	134	100.0	29	21.6	21.6	0	0.0	0.0

 $^{^1}$ percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

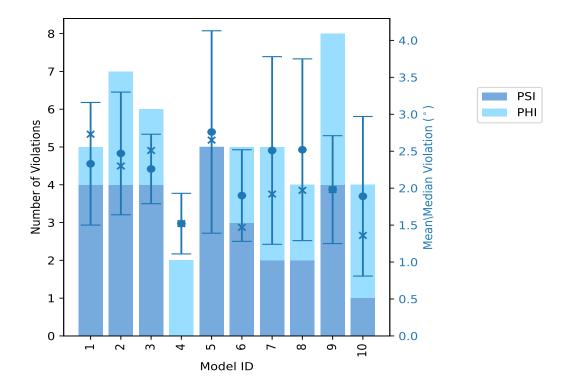


10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Nun	nber o	of violations	Mean (°)	Max (°)	SD (°)	Median (°)
Wiodei 1D	PSI	PHI	Total	Mean ()	Max ()	SD ()	Median ()
1	4	1	5	2.33	3.27	0.83	2.73
2	4	3	7	2.47	4.27	0.83	2.3
3	4	2	6	2.26	2.71	0.47	2.51
4	0	2	2	1.52	1.93	0.41	1.52
5	5	0	5	2.76	4.95	1.37	2.65
6	3	2	5	1.9	2.9	0.62	1.47
7	2	3	5	2.51	4.68	1.27	1.92
8	2	2	4	2.52	4.63	1.23	1.97
9	4	4	8	1.98	3.43	0.73	1.98
10	1	3	4	1.89	3.75	1.08	1.36

10.2.1 Bar graph: Dihedral violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right



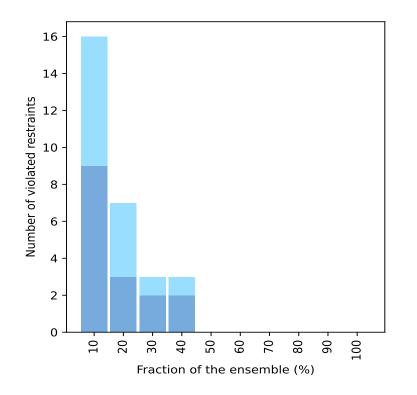
10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Number of violated restraints			Fraction of the ensemble		
PSI	PHI	Total	$Count^1$	%	
9	7	16	1	10.0	
3	4	7	2	20.0	
2	1	3	3	30.0	
2	1	3	4	40.0	
0	0	0	5	50.0	
0	0	0	6	60.0	
0	0	0	7	70.0	
0	0	0	8	80.0	
0	0	0	9	90.0	
0	0	0	10	100.0	

¹ Number of models with violations

10.3.1 Bar graph: Dihedral-angle Violation statistics for the ensemble (i)



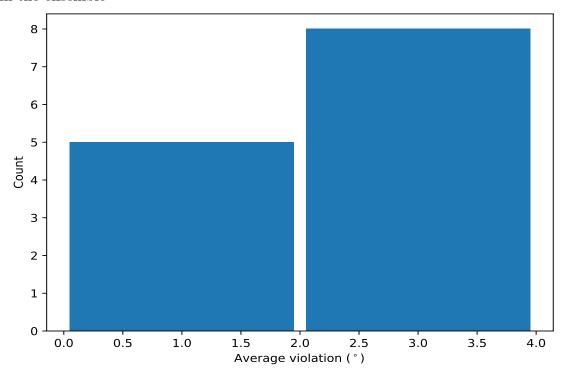




10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble (i)

10.4.1 Histogram: Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



10.4.2 Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean	\mathbf{SD}^2	Median
(1,111)	1:96:A:ASN:C	1:97:A:ILE:N	1:97:A:ILE:CA	1:97:A:ILE:C	4	3.04	0.99	2.99
(1,100)	1:89:A:TYR:N	1:89:A:TYR:CA	1:89:A:TYR:C	1:90:A:ASN:N	4	2.89	1.27	2.55
(1,82)	1:78:A:PHE:N	1:78:A:PHE:CA	1:78:A:PHE:C	1:79:A:THR:N	4	1.69	0.66	1.46
(1,110)	1:96:A:ASN:N	1:96:A:ASN:CA	1:96:A:ASN:C	1:97:A:ILE:N	3	3.18	1.08	2.65
(1,116)	1:99:A:ASN:N	1:99:A:ASN:CA	1:99:A:ASN:C	1:100:A:ALA:N	3	2.34	0.94	2.3
(1,63)	1:68:A:LYS:C	1:69:A:PHE:N	1:69:A:PHE:CA	1:69:A:PHE:C	3	1.61	0.43	1.9
(1,104)	1:91:A:PRO:N	1:91:A:PRO:CA	1:91:A:PRO:C	1:92:A:CYS:N	2	3.95	0.68	3.95
(1,95)	1:86:A:ILE:C	1:87:A:ASN:N	1:87:A:ASN:CA	1:87:A:ASN:C	2	2.73	0.36	2.73
(1,108)	1:95:A:PRO:N	1:95:A:PRO:CA	1:95:A:PRO:C	1:96:A:ASN:N	2	2.31	0.59	2.31
(1,39)	1:53:A:GLY:C	1:54:A:PHE:N	1:54:A:PHE:CA	1:54:A:PHE:C	2	2.24	0.29	2.24

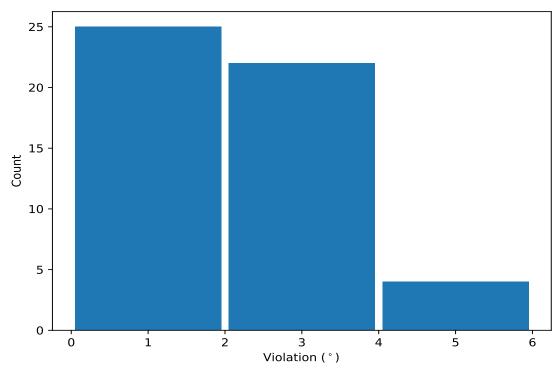
¹ Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation, All angle values are in degree (°)



10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

10.5.1 Histogram: Distribution of violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the list of violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,100)	1:89:A:TYR:N	1:89:A:TYR:CA	1:89:A:TYR:C	1:90:A:ASN:N	5	4.95
(1,110)	1:96:A:ASN:N	1:96:A:ASN:CA	1:96:A:ASN:C	1:97:A:ILE:N	7	4.68
(1,104)	1:91:A:PRO:N	1:91:A:PRO:CA	1:91:A:PRO:C	1:92:A:CYS:N	8	4.63
(1,111)	1:96:A:ASN:C	1:97:A:ILE:N	1:97:A:ILE:CA	1:97:A:ILE:C	2	4.27
(1,111)	1:96:A:ASN:C	1:97:A:ILE:N	1:97:A:ILE:CA	1:97:A:ILE:C	10	3.75
(1,116)	1:99:A:ASN:N	1:99:A:ASN:CA	1:99:A:ASN:C	1:100:A:ALA:N	5	3.51
(1,9)	1:34:A:GLN:C	1:35:A:LYS:N	1:35:A:LYS:CA	1:35:A:LYS:C	9	3.43
(1,104)	1:91:A:PRO:N	1:91:A:PRO:CA	1:91:A:PRO:C	1:92:A:CYS:N	1	3.27
(1,95)	1:86:A:ILE:C	1:87:A:ASN:N	1:87:A:ASN:CA	1:87:A:ASN:C	7	3.09
(1,13)	1:37:A:ARG:C	1:38:A:CYS:N	1:38:A:CYS:CA	1:38:A:CYS:C	6	2.9

