

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 19, 2020 – 08:09 am BST

PDB ID : 6EPI

Title: Structure of the epsilon 1 / zeta 1 antitoxin / toxin system from Neisseria

gonorrhoeae in complex with UNAM-4P.

Authors: Rocker, A.; Meinhart, A.

Deposited on : 2017-10-11

Resolution : 2.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Mol Probity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.11

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

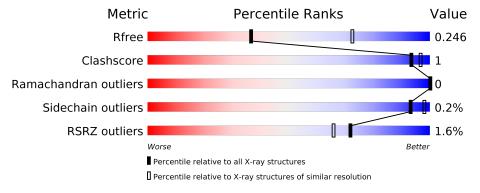
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

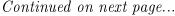
Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	3140 (2.80-2.80)
Clashscore	141614	3569 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3498 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3500 (2.80-2.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3078 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	61	84%	150/
1	11	01	11%	• 15%
1	С	61	87%	• 11%
1	Е	61	80% 5%	15%
1	G	61	11% 85%	• 13%
2	В	401	95%	
2	D	401	95%	•••





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$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
2	F	401	95%	•				
2	Н	401	95%	-				



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 14471 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Epsilon\_1 antitoxin.

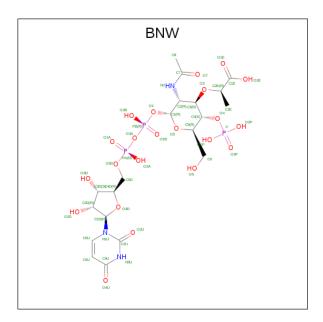
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	52	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	32	424	265	80	75	4	U	U	
1	С	54	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		04	442	275	83	80	4			
1	Е	52	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	ت ا	32	424	265	80	75	4	U		
1	1 0	C 52	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1 G	G	53	433	270	82	77	4	U	U	U

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Zeta\_1 toxin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	394	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
2	Б	394	3079	1917	539	612	11	U	U	0
2	D	394	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
2	ש	394	3079	1917	539	612	11	U		
2	F	395	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
2	L'	395	3087	1922	540	613	12	0		
2	2 H	H 395	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	11		3087	1922	540	613	12	U	U	U

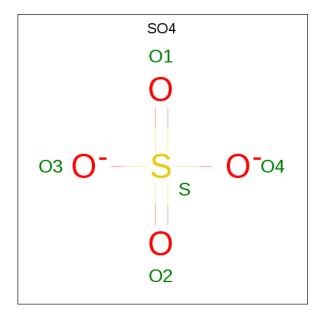
• Molecule 3 is UDP-N-acetyl-muramic acid-4'phosphate (three-letter code: BNW) (formula:  $C_{20}H_{32}N_3O_{22}P_3$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf		
3	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0		
3	Б	1	48	20	3	22	3	U			
3	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0		
3	D	1	48	20	3	22	3	U			
3	F	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0		
3	$\Gamma$	1	48	20	3	22	3	U			
3	Н	TT	II	II 1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
		1	48	20	3	22	3	U	U		

 $\bullet$  Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula:  $\mathrm{O_4S}).$ 

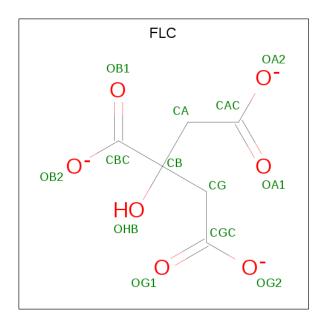




Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	В	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	В	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	В	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	D	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	D	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	D	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	D	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	F	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	F	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	F	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	Н	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	Н	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	Н	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	Н	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 5 is CITRATE ANION (three-letter code: FLC) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_6H_5O_7}).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	D	1	Total C 13 6	O 7	0	0

#### • Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	${f AltConf}$
6	В	31	Total O 31 31	0	0
6	С	5	Total O 5 5	0	0
6	D	35	Total O 35 35	0	0
6	F	36	Total O 36 36	0	0
6	G	3	Total O 3 3	0	0
6	Н	31	Total O 31 31	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Epsilon 1 antitoxin Chain A: 84% • Molecule 1: Epsilon 1 antitoxin Chain C: • Molecule 1: Epsilon 1 antitoxin Chain E: 80% 5% • Molecule 1: Epsilon 1 antitoxin Chain G: 85% 13% • Molecule 2: Zeta 1 toxin Chain B: 95%

• Molecule 2: Zeta 1 toxin







## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	80.51Å 149.32Å 125.44Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $94.36^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.17 - 2.80	Depositor
Resolution (A)	49.17 - 2.80	EDS
% Data completeness	98.6 (49.17-2.80)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	98.6 (49.17-2.80)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.86 (at 2.81Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0155	Depositor
P. P.	0.219 , 0.244	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.222 , $0.246$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3688 reflections (5.14%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	57.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.430	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, 33.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.52, < L^2>=0.36$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	14471	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	62.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 42.61 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 1.9902e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FLC, BNW, SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.38	0/429	0.61	0/571	
1	С	0.39	0/447	0.58	0/595	
1	Е	0.39	0/429	0.61	0/571	
1	G	0.39	0/438	0.59	0/583	
2	В	0.37	0/3117	0.56	0/4186	
2	D	0.38	0/3117	0.57	0/4186	
2	F	0.36	0/3125	0.57	0/4196	
2	Н	0.38	0/3125	0.57	0/4196	
All	All	0.37	0/14227	0.57	0/19084	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Α	424	0	443	1	0
1	С	442	0	457	2	0
1	Ε	424	0	443	3	0
1	G	433	0	451	1	0
2	В	3079	0	3080	10	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{model})$	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	D	3079	0	3080	12	0
2	F	3087	0	3092	13	0
2	Н	3087	0	3092	11	0
3	В	48	0	0	1	0
3	D	48	0	0	1	0
3	F	48	0	0	1	0
3	Н	48	0	0	1	0
4	В	15	0	0	0	0
4	D	20	0	0	0	0
4	F	15	0	0	0	0
4	Н	20	0	0	0	0
5	D	13	0	5	0	0
6	В	31	0	0	0	0
6	С	5	0	0	0	0
6	D	35	0	0	0	0
6	F	36	0	0	0	0
6	G	3	0	0	0	0
6	Н	31	0	0	0	0
All	All	14471	0	14143	39	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 39 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	Clash overlap (Å)	
2:B:200:LYS:HD3	2:D:304:LEU:HD22	1.27	1.10	
2:D:30:ALA:O	2:D:34:THR:OG1	1.94	0.83	
2:B:200:LYS:CD	2:D:304:LEU:HD22	2.08	0.83	
2:H:289:THR:HG22	2:H:294:VAL:HG12	1.70	0.74	
1:E:13:ARG:NH1	1:E:17:GLU:OE2	2.20	0.73	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



The Analysed column shows	the r	number	of	residues	for	which	the	backbone	conformation	was
analysed, and the total numb	er of	residues								

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	${f ntiles}$
1	A	50/61~(82%)	49 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
1	С	52/61~(85%)	50 (96%)	2 (4%)	0	100	100
1	E	50/61~(82%)	49 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
1	G	51/61 (84%)	50 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
2	В	392/401 (98%)	385 (98%)	7 (2%)	0	100	100
2	D	392/401 (98%)	386 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
2	F	393/401 (98%)	388 (99%)	5 (1%)	0	100	100
2	Н	393/401 (98%)	387 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	1773/1848 (96%)	1744 (98%)	29 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles			
1	A	44/53~(83%)	44 (100%)	0	100	100		
1	С	46/53~(87%)	46 (100%)	0	100	100		
1	E	44/53~(83%)	44 (100%)	0	100	100		
1	G	45/53~(85%)	45 (100%)	0	100	100		
2	В	336/343~(98%)	335 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	98		
2	D	$336/343 \ (98\%)$	336 (100%)	0	100	100		
2	F	337/343 (98%)	336 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	98		
2	Н	337/343 (98%)	336 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	98		
All	All	1525/1584~(96%)	1522 (100%)	3 (0%)	93	98		

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	35	ASP
2	F	35	ASP
2	Н	266	GLN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	201	GLN
2	D	44	HIS
2	Н	201	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

19 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type		Chain	Res	Link	Bo	nd leng	ths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	SO4	F	504	-	4,4,4	0.33	0	6,6,6	0.10	0
3	BNW	В	501	-	40,50,50	0.82	1 (2%)	53,76,76	1.01	3 (5%)
5	FLC	D	506	-	3,12,12	1.99	1 (33%)	3,17,17	2.93	2 (66%)



Mol	Tune	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	SO4	D	502	-	4,4,4	0.31	0	6,6,6	0.16	0
3	BNW	F	501	_	40,50,50	0.85	2 (5%)	53,76,76	1.02	3 (5%)
4	SO4	D	503	-	4,4,4	0.32	0	6,6,6	0.19	0
4	SO4	В	503	-	4,4,4	0.31	0	6,6,6	0.14	0
4	SO4	Н	504	-	4,4,4	0.32	0	6,6,6	0.14	0
4	SO4	Н	503	_	4,4,4	0.31	0	6,6,6	0.11	0
3	BNW	D	501	_	40,50,50	0.84	2 (5%)	53,76,76	1.08	5 (9%)
4	SO4	F	502	-	4,4,4	0.33	0	6,6,6	0.18	0
4	SO4	D	504	-	4,4,4	0.31	0	6,6,6	0.09	0
4	SO4	F	503	-	4,4,4	0.33	0	6,6,6	0.13	0
3	BNW	Н	501	-	40,50,50	0.80	1 (2%)	53,76,76	1.04	4 (7%)
4	SO4	В	504	-	4,4,4	0.33	0	6,6,6	0.18	0
4	SO4	Н	505	-	4,4,4	0.39	0	6,6,6	0.07	0
4	SO4	Н	502	-	4,4,4	0.33	0	6,6,6	0.12	0
4	SO4	D	505	-	4,4,4	0.32	0	6,6,6	0.19	0
4	SO4	В	502	-	4,4,4	0.32	0	6,6,6	0.12	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	${f Torsions}$	Rings
3	BNW	Н	501	-	-	5/33/76/76	0/3/3/3
3	BNW	В	501	-	-	6/33/76/76	0/3/3/3
5	FLC	D	506	-	-	3/6/16/16	-
3	BNW	D	501	-	-	9/33/76/76	0/3/3/3
3	BNW	F	501	-	-	4/33/76/76	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 7 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
3	В	501	BNW	C4U-N3U	3.47	1.39	1.33
3	F	501	BNW	C4U-N3U	3.44	1.39	1.33
3	D	501	BNW	C4U-N3U	3.39	1.38	1.33
3	Н	501	BNW	C4U-N3U	3.37	1.38	1.33
5	D	506	FLC	CG-CB	3.17	1.59	1.54

The worst 5 of 17 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
3	F	501	BNW	C5U-C4U-N3U	-4.07	114.35	123.31
3	D	501	BNW	C5U-C4U-N3U	-4.05	114.40	123.31
3	В	501	BNW	C5U-C4U-N3U	-4.04	114.42	123.31
3	Н	501	BNW	C5U-C4U-N3U	-4.00	114.51	123.31
5	D	506	FLC	CG-CB-CA	3.77	119.41	109.33

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 27 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	В	501	BNW	PB-O3A-PA-O5D
5	D	506	FLC	CAC-CA-CB-CBC
5	D	506	FLC	CA-CB-CG-CGC
3	F	501	BNW	PB-O3A-PA-O5D
3	D	501	BNW	C5D-O5D-PA-O1A

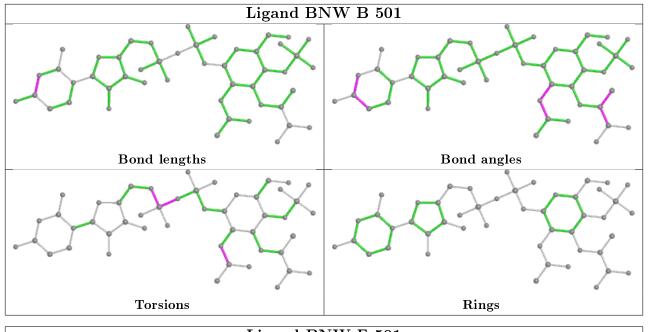
There are no ring outliers.

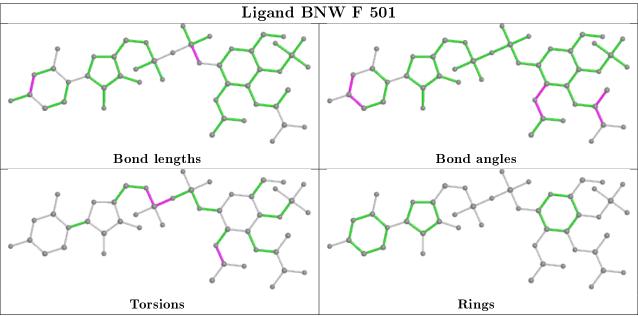
4 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	В	501	BNW	1	0
3	F	501	BNW	1	0
3	D	501	BNW	1	0
3	Н	501	BNW	1	0

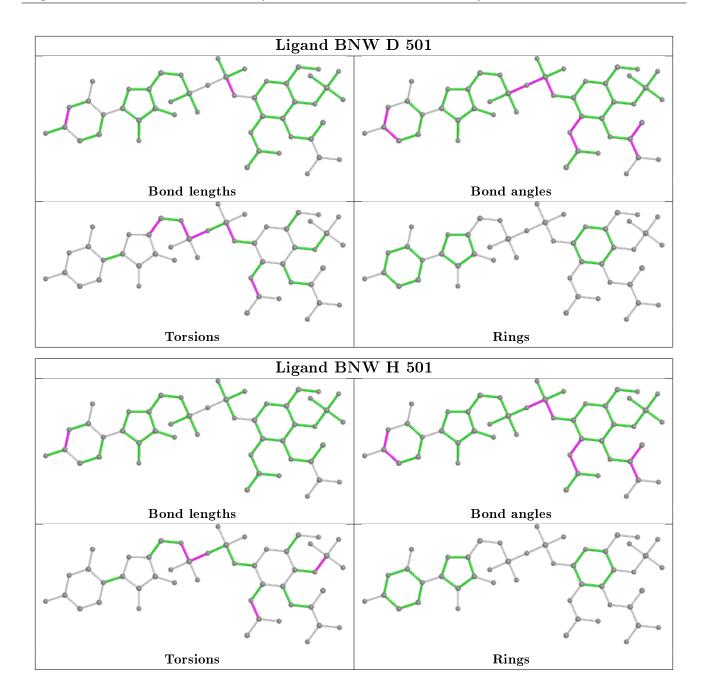
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.











## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	52/61~(85%)	0.33	5 (9%) 8	4	43, 75, 121, 132	0
1	С	54/61 (88%)	0.57	7 (12%) 3	2	45, 76, 141, 148	0
1	E	52/61~(85%)	0.04	1 (1%) 66	59	44, 77, 97, 111	0
1	G	53/61 (86%)	0.50	7 (13%) 3	2	50, 83, 131, 138	0
2	В	394/401 (98%)	-0.12	2 (0%) 91	88	38, 55, 80, 114	0
2	D	394/401 (98%)	-0.07	1 (0%) 94	93	35, 56, 83, 102	0
2	F	395/401 (98%)	-0.06	3 (0%) 86	81	37, 56, 85, 104	0
2	Н	395/401 (98%)	-0.13	3 (0%) 86	81	37, 56, 81, 113	0
All	All	1789/1848 (96%)	-0.04	29 (1%) 72	66	35, 58, 93, 148	0

The worst 5 of 29 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	С	34	GLU	4.1
1	G	30	ALA	3.6
1	G	34	GLU	3.4
1	G	31	PHE	3.3
1	С	27	THR	3.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.



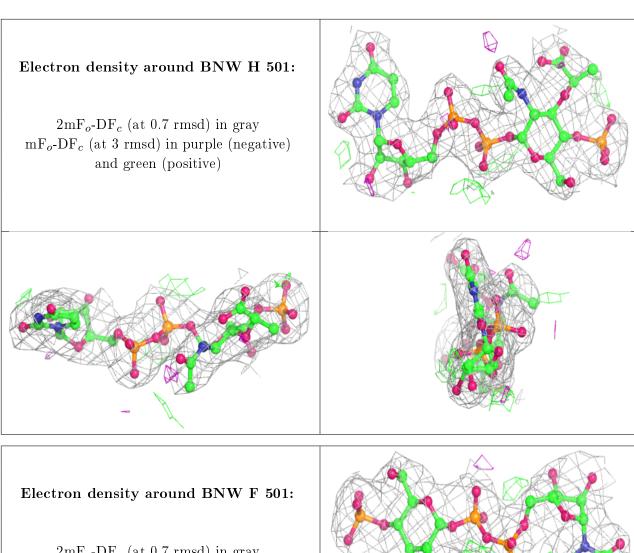
### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

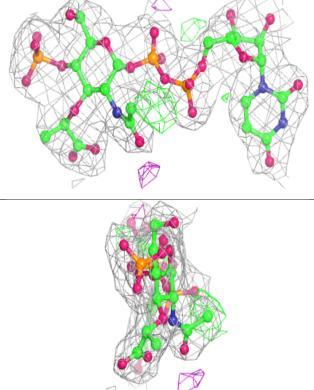
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{\textbf{B-factors}}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	FLC	D	506	13/13	0.82	0.38	$96,\!105,\!113,\!115$	0
4	SO4	F	504	5/5	0.91	0.20	96,96,97,97	0
4	SO4	D	505	5/5	0.91	0.20	87,90,92,95	0
4	SO4	В	504	5/5	0.92	0.12	87,92,93,93	0
4	SO4	Н	504	5/5	0.92	0.18	89,90,91,93	0
4	SO4	Н	505	5/5	0.94	0.15	78,79,81,83	0
4	SO4	D	504	5/5	0.95	0.15	75,77,79,80	0
4	SO4	F	503	5/5	0.97	0.14	64,64,66,66	0
4	SO4	D	503	5/5	0.97	0.12	60,60,61,62	0
4	SO4	В	503	5/5	0.98	0.11	67,67,68,70	0
3	BNW	Н	501	48/48	0.98	0.18	39,45,55,58	0
3	BNW	F	501	48/48	0.98	0.17	39,47,50,54	0
3	BNW	D	501	48/48	0.98	0.17	38,42,55,60	0
4	SO4	Н	502	5/5	0.98	0.15	44,45,46,46	0
3	BNW	В	501	48/48	0.98	0.17	40,47,55,58	0
4	SO4	D	502	5/5	0.99	0.15	48,49,50,51	0
4	SO4	F	502	5/5	0.99	0.19	44,45,46,47	0
4	SO4	Н	503	5/5	0.99	0.09	63,64,65,65	0
4	SO4	В	502	5/5	0.99	0.13	39,40,40,40	0

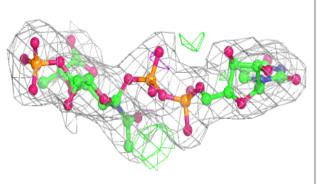
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





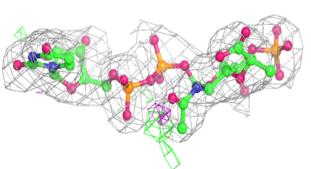
 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

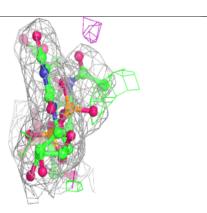






# Electron density around BNW D 501: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $mF_o$ -DF<sub>c</sub> (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive) Electron density around BNW B 501: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $mF_o$ - $DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)







# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

