



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 1DQB
Title : NMR STRUCTURE OF THROMBOMODULIN EGF(4-5)
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Deposited on : 2000-01-03

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

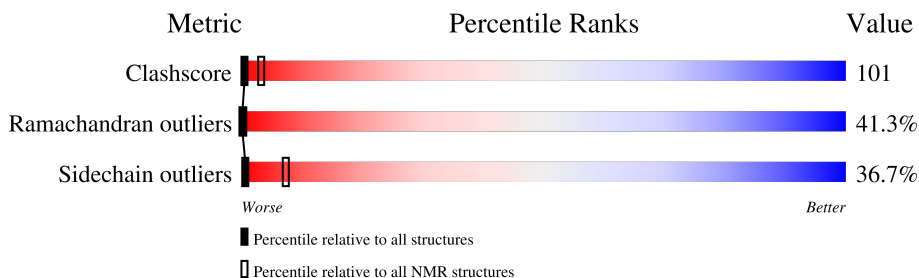
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	83	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 12 models. Model 2 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 9 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:5-A:54, A:64-A:78 (65)	3.37	2

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	3, 7, 8, 9
2	2, 4, 6
3	1, 5
Single-model clusters	10; 11; 12

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1250 atoms, of which 581 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

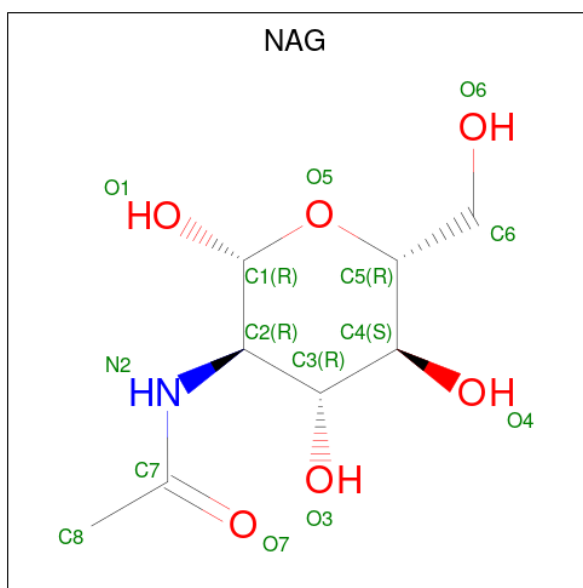
- Molecule 1 is a protein called THROMBOMODULIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O		S
1	A	83	1194	391	553	105	131	14	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	HIS	CYS	conflict	UNP P07204
A	2	MET	VAL	conflict	UNP P07204

- Molecule 2 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				
			Total	C	H	N	O
2	A	1	28	8	14	1	5
2	A	1	28	8	14	1	5

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *distance geometry simulated annealing refinement*.

Of the 50 calculated structures, 12 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the least restraint violations*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
DGII	structure solution	97.0
X-PLOR	refinement	3.5

No chemical shift data was provided.

6 Model quality i

6.1 Standard geometry i

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	1.23±0.00	0±0/518 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.27±0.03	0±1/708 (0.1± 0.1%)
All	All	1.23	0/6216 (0.0%)	1.27	5/8496 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	40.2±4.6
All	All	0	483

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	29	CYS	CA-C-N	-5.27	105.61	117.20	7	3
1	A	20	LEU	CA-C-N	-5.16	105.85	117.20	12	2

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 63 unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	30	ALA	Peptide	12
1	A	44	GLN	Peptide	12
1	A	52	CYS	Peptide	12
1	A	76	PHE	Peptide	12

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	6	ASP	Peptide	11

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	502	440	440	100±14
2	A	28	28	26	6±3
All	All	6360	5616	5587	1204

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 101.

5 of 765 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:34:ALA:HB3	2:A:148:NAG:H81	1.05	1.10	9	1
1:A:77:ILE:HG23	1:A:78:CYS:SG	1.01	1.94	10	1
1:A:8:CYS:SG	1:A:11:ALA:HB2	0.99	1.96	1	3
1:A:8:CYS:O	1:A:11:ALA:HB2	0.98	1.58	11	7
1:A:34:ALA:HB3	2:A:148:NAG:C8	0.96	1.91	9	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	65/83 (78%)	17±3 (27±4%)	21±4 (32±7%)	27±3 (41±4%)	0	0
All	All	780/996 (78%)	208 (27%)	250 (32%)	322 (41%)	0	0

5 of 60 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of

occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	15	TYR	12
1	A	13	CYS	11
1	A	54	ALA	11
1	A	70	TYR	11
1	A	6	ASP	10

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	57/74 (77%)	36±3 (63±5%)	21±3 (37±5%)	0 7
All	All	684/888 (77%)	433 (63%)	251 (37%)	0 7

5 of 47 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	10	ARG	12
1	A	36	ILE	12
1	A	38	HIS	12
1	A	26	LEU	11
1	A	6	ASP	10

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	NAG	A	148	1	14,14,15	0.79±0.02	0±0 (0±0%)
2	NAG	A	121	1	14,14,15	0.75±0.03	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	NAG	A	148	1	17,19,21	1.20±0.07	1±1 (7±4%)
2	NAG	A	121	1	17,19,21	1.20±0.07	1±0 (6±2%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	A	121	1	-	0±0,6,23,26	0±0,1,1,1
2	NAG	A	148	1	-	0±0,6,23,26	0±0,1,1,1

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	148	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.86	117.72	122.90	11	12
2	A	121	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.67	117.98	122.90	1	12
2	A	121	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.11	116.35	112.19	7	2
2	A	148	NAG	C4-C3-C2	3.07	115.51	111.02	3	2
2	A	148	NAG	C3-C4-C5	2.10	114.04	110.23	3	2

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique torsion outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Models (Total)
2	A	121	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2	3
2	A	121	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2	3
2	A	148	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2	2
2	A	148	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2	1

There are no ring outliers.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

No chemical shift data were provided