

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jan 27, 2024 – 10:25 PM EST

PDB ID : 1DKE

Title : NI BETA HEME HUMAN HEMOGLOBIN

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Deposited on : 1999-12-07

Resolution : 2.10 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED

EDS : NOT EXECUTED

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

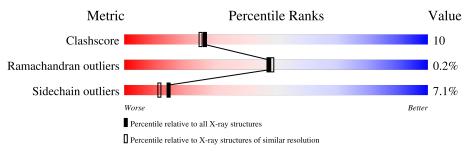
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution		
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# \text{Entries, resolution range}(\mathring{A}))$		
Clashscore	141614	5710 (2.10-2.10)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5647 (2.10-2.10)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	5648 (2.10-2.10)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	A	141	74%	21%					
1	С	141	67%	29%					
2	В	146	63%	30%	5% •				
2	D	146	71%	24%	5% •				



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4823 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

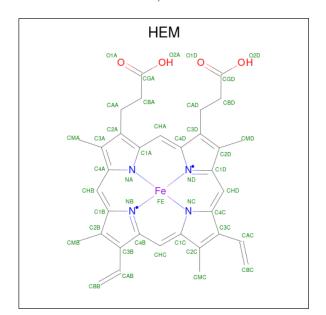
• Molecule 1 is a protein called HEMOGLOBIN: ALPHA CHAIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	141	Total 1068		N 187	O 193	S 3	0	0	0
1	С	141	Total 1068		N 187	O 193	S 3	11	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called HEMOGLOBIN: BETA CHAIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
9	2 B 14	1.46	Total	С	N	О	S	10	0	0
		140	1122	724	195	200	3	19		
9	D 146	Total	С	N	О	S	10	0	0	
2 D	146	1122	724	195	200	3	18	U		

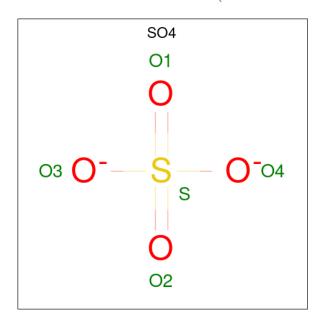
• Molecule 3 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	
3	٨	1	Total	С	Fe	N	О	0	0	
3	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c }\hline 3 & A & \end{array}$	1	43	34	1	4	4	0		
2	3 B	D	1	Total	С	Fe	N	О	0	0
3		1	43	34	1	4	4	0		
3	C	1	Total	С	Fe	N	О	0	0	
3		1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0	
3	D	1	Total	С	Fe	N	О	0	0	
3	ש	1	43	34	1	4	4			

 \bullet Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S).



Mo	ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4		В	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	74	Total O 74 74	0	0
5	В	88	Total O 88 88	0	0
5	С	57	Total O 57 57	0	0
5	D	47	Total O 47 47	0	0

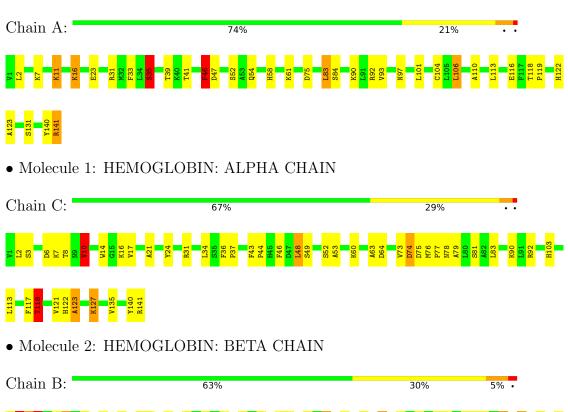


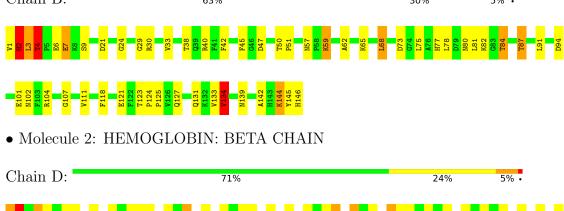
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: HEMOGLOBIN: ALPHA CHAIN











4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor	
Cell constants	55.72Å 81.40Å 63.15Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 97.81° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	12.00 - 2.10	Depositor	
% Data completeness	(Not available) (12.00-2.10)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	(1vot available) (12.00-2.10)		
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor	
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.200 , 0.280	Depositor	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
Total number of atoms	4823	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	25.0	wwPDB-VP	



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, HEM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.94	1/1096 (0.1%)	1.85	26/1491 (1.7%)	
1	С	0.89	0/1096	1.97	35/1491 (2.3%)	
2	В	1.24	5/1152 (0.4%)	2.00	35/1566 (2.2%)	
2	D	0.89	$2/1152 \ (0.2\%)$	2.22	28/1566 (1.8%)	
All	All	1.00	8/4496 (0.2%)	2.02	124/6114 (2.0%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	С	1	0
2	В	1	0
2	D	1	2
All	All	3	2

The worst 5 of 8 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
2	В	1	VAL	C-N	20.98	1.82	1.34
2	В	3	LEU	CB-CG	10.43	1.82	1.52
2	D	1	VAL	C-N	8.87	1.54	1.34
2	В	144	LYS	CD-CE	-8.75	1.29	1.51
2	В	144	LYS	CG-CD	6.61	1.75	1.52

The worst 5 of 124 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(^{o})$	$ \operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o}) $
2	D	1	VAL	O-C-N	-39.73	59.13	122.70

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	D	1	VAL	CA-C-N	25.07	172.37	117.20
1	С	31	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-18.67	110.96	120.30
2	В	104	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-16.32	112.14	120.30
2	В	73	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	14.36	131.22	118.30

All (3) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
2	В	134	VAL	CA
1	С	118	THR	СВ
2	D	2	HIS	CA

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	D	1	VAL	Peptide, Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1068	0	1073	22	0
1	С	1068	0	1073	20	0
2	В	1122	0	1117	33	0
2	D	1122	0	1118	20	0
3	A	43	0	30	2	0
3	В	43	0	30	2	0
3	С	43	0	30	0	0
3	D	43	0	30	2	0
4	В	5	0	0	0	0
5	A	74	0	0	2	0
5	В	88	0	0	5	0
5	С	57	0	0	1	0
5	D	47	0	0	0	0
All	All	4823	0	4501	92	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including



hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 92 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} & ext{Interatomic} \ & ext{distance} \ & ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	$egin{aligned} \operatorname{Clash} \ \operatorname{overlap}\ (\mathring{\mathbf{A}}) \end{aligned}$
2:B:107:GLY:HA3	2:B:134:VAL:HG21	1.31	1.10
2:D:4:THR:OG1	2:D:5:PRO:HD2	1.59	1.03
2:B:4:THR:HG21	5:B:438:HOH:O	1.56	1.01
2:B:107:GLY:CA	2:B:134:VAL:HG21	1.92	1.00
2:B:87:THR:HG22	5:B:468:HOH:O	1.62	0.99

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	139/141 (99%)	136 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
1	\mathbf{C}	139/141 (99%)	135 (97%)	4 (3%)	0	100	100
2	В	144/146 (99%)	141 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
2	D	144/146~(99%)	140 (97%)	3 (2%)	1 (1%)	22	18
All	All	566/574~(99%)	552 (98%)	13 (2%)	1 (0%)	47	49

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	2	HIS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



The Analysed column shows the	number o	of residues	for	which	the	${\rm sidechain}$	conformation	was
analysed, and the total number of	residues.							

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	P	erce	ntiles
1	A	113/113 (100%)	105 (93%)	8 (7%)		14	11
1	С	113/113 (100%)	104 (92%)	9 (8%)		12	8
2	В	118/118 (100%)	111 (94%)	7 (6%)		19	17
2	D	118/118 (100%)	109 (92%)	9 (8%)		13	10
All	All	462/462 (100%)	429 (93%)	33 (7%)		14	11

5 of 33 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	73	ASP
2	D	78	LEU
2	D	90	GLU
2	В	75	LEU
2	В	59	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 10 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	63	HIS
2	D	80	ASN
2	D	102	ASN
2	В	63	HIS
2	В	80	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

5 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	В	ond leng	gths	В	ond ang	gles
IVIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	HEM	A	142	1	41,50,50	1.72	11 (26%)	45,82,82	1.38	4 (8%)
4	SO4	В	402	-	4,4,4	1.90	1 (25%)	6,6,6	0.69	0
3	HEM	В	147	2	41,50,50	1.57	7 (17%)	45,82,82	3.38	21 (46%)
3	HEM	D	147	2	41,50,50	1.65	7 (17%)	45,82,82	1.18	4 (8%)
3	HEM	С	142	1	41,50,50	1.48	7 (17%)	45,82,82	1.56	7 (15%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	HEM	A	142	1	-	4/12/54/54	-
3	HEM	D	147	2	-	4/12/54/54	-
3	HEM	С	142	1	-	2/12/54/54	-
3	HEM	В	147	2	-	6/12/54/54	-

The worst 5 of 33 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
3	A	142	HEM	C3C-C2C	-4.99	1.33	1.40
3	D	147	HEM	C3C-C2C	-4.20	1.34	1.40
3	В	147	HEM	C3C-C2C	-4.01	1.34	1.40
3	D	147	HEM	CAA-C2A	4.00	1.57	1.52
3	С	142	HEM	C3C-C2C	-3.86	1.35	1.40

The worst 5 of 36 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	В	147	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA	10.79	144.00	113.76
3	В	147	HEM	CBA-CAA-C2A	10.04	129.76	112.62
3	С	142	HEM	CBA-CAA-C2A	6.13	123.09	112.62
3	В	147	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD	5.11	124.61	113.60
3	В	147	HEM	C3B-C2B-C1B	5.08	110.26	106.49

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 16 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	В	147	HEM	C2B-C3B-CAB-CBB
3	D	147	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA-O2A
3	В	147	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA-O1A
3	С	142	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD-O2D
3	В	147	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD-O1D

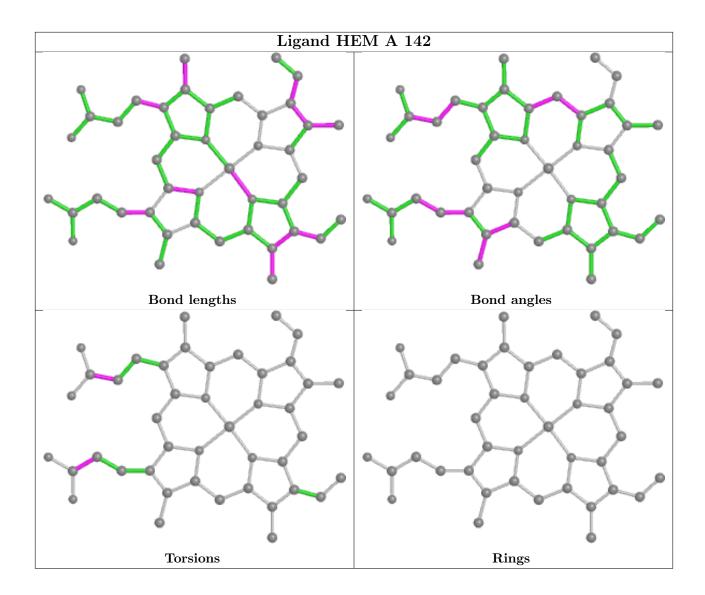
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 6 short contacts:

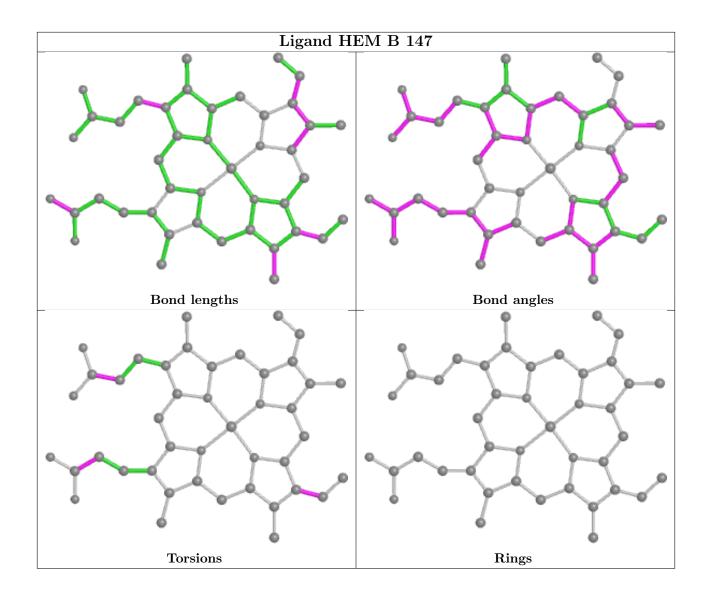
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	142	HEM	2	0
3	В	147	HEM	2	0
3	D	147	HEM	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

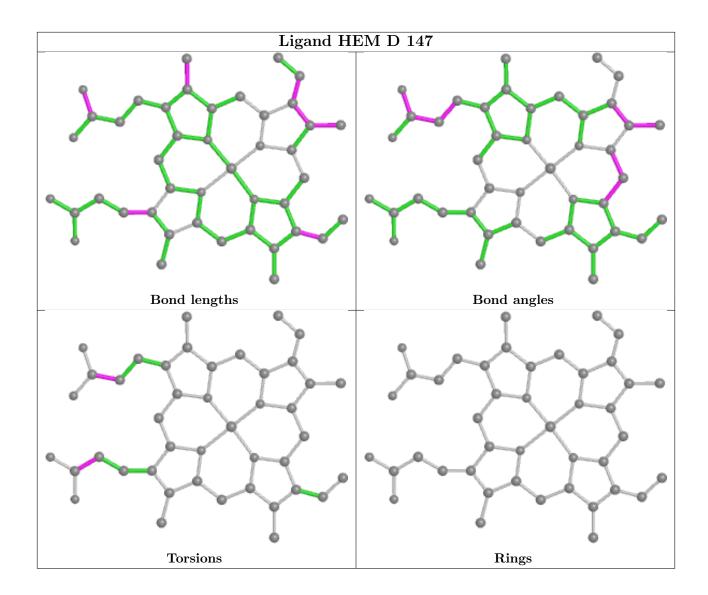




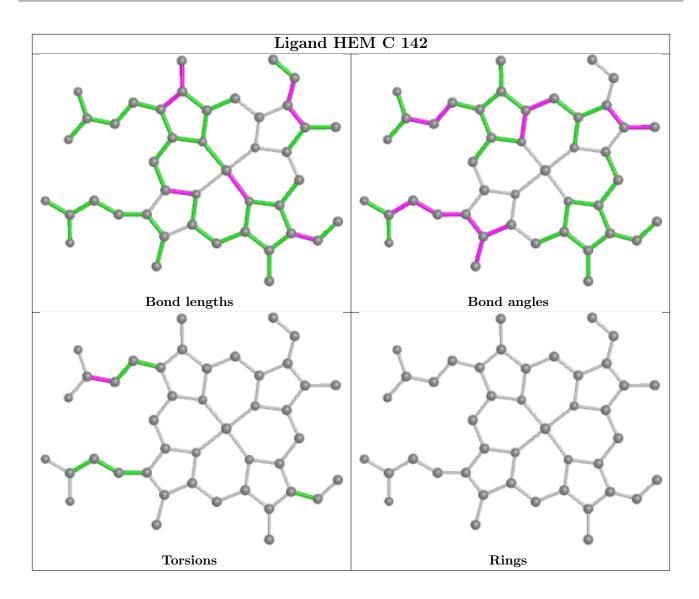












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mo	l Chain	Number of breaks
2	В	1

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	В	1:VAL	С	2:HIS	N	1.82



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

