

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Sep 26, 2023 – 11:20 AM EDT

PDB ID : 6D8D

Title : The crystal structure of hemagglutinin from A/Hong Kong/125/2017 influenza

virus in complex with LSTb

Authors : Yang, H.; Stevens, J.

Deposited on : 2018-04-26

Resolution : 3.55 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35.1

 $buster-report \quad : \quad 1.1.7 \ (2018)$ 

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

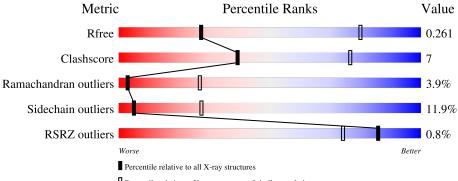
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.55 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Percentile relative to X-ray structures of similar resolution

Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	1020 (3.62-3.50)
Clashscore	141614	1100 (3.62-3.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1065 (3.62-3.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1066 (3.62-3.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1009 (3.64-3.48)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain							
1	A	321	66%		29%	<del></del>				
1	С	321	64%		30%	<del></del>				
1	Е	321	67%		28%					
2	В	221	57%	17%		23%				
2	D	221	57%	19%		23%				

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain							
2	F	221	57%	18%	•	23%				
3	G	3	100%							
3	Н	3	100%							
4	I	2	100%							

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	NAG	G	1	-	-	-	X
3	GAL	G	2	-	-	-	X
3	NAG	Н	1	-	-	-	X
3	GAL	Н	2	-	-	-	X
4	GAL	I	2	-	-	-	X
6	GAL	С	405	-	-	-	X



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11670 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Hemagglutinin HA1 chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues		$\mathbf{At}$	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	۸	316	Total	С	N	О	S	1	0	0
1	A		2416	1503	435	464	14	1	0	
1	С	316	Total	С	N	О	S	1	0	0
1		310	2416	1503	435	464	14	1		
1	Е	316	Total	С	N	О	S	1	0	0
1	IĽ	310	2416	1503	435	464	14	1	U	U

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Hemagglutinin HA2 chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
2	D	171	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0	
	Б	111	1389	859	245	278	7	0	U		
9	D	171	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0	
	D	111	1389	859	245	278	7	0	U		
2	Б	171	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0	
2	Г	1/1	1389	859	245	278	7			U	

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-3)-[N-acetyl-alpha-neura minic acid-(2-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
3	G	3	Total				0	0	0	
		·	45				Ů	Ů		
2	П	2	Total	$\mathbf{C}$	N	O	0	0	0	
э п	9	45	25	2	18		U	U		

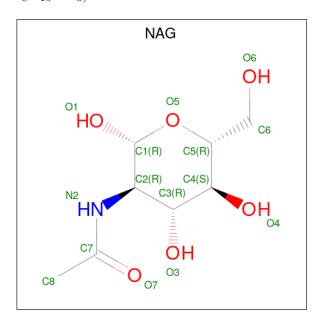
• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-b eta-D-glucopyranose.





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	I	2	Total 25	C 14	N 1	O 10	0	0	0

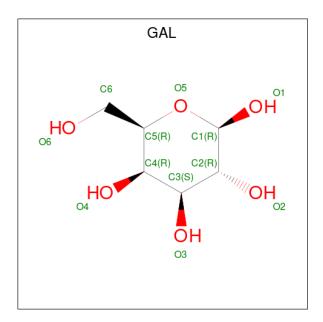
 $\bullet$  Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $\rm C_8H_{15}NO_6).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
5	В	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
5	С	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
5	D	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
5	Е	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
5	F	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0

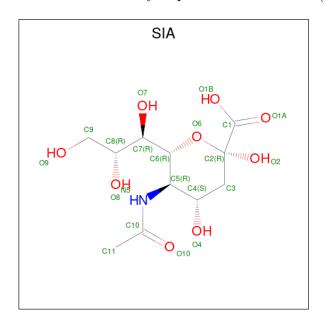
 $\bullet$  Molecule 6 is beta-D-galactopy ranose (three-letter code: GAL) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_6H_{12}O_6}).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total C O 12 6 6	0	0
6	С	1	Total C O 12 6 6	0	0
6	Е	1	Total C O 12 6 6	0	0

 $\bullet \ \ {\rm Molecule} \ 7 \ {\rm is} \ N\hbox{-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic acid (three-letter code: SIA) (formula: $C_{11}H_{19}NO_9)$.$ 



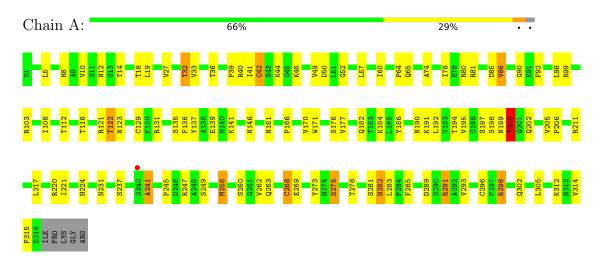
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
7	E	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0	
'	Ŀ	1	20	11	1	8	U		



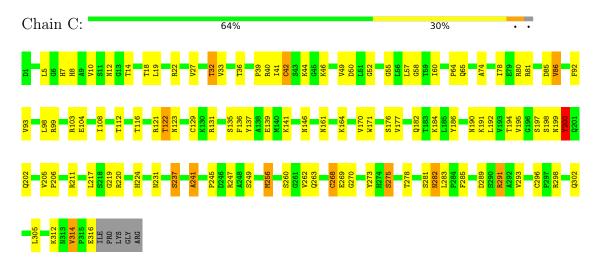
# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Hemagglutinin HA1 chain



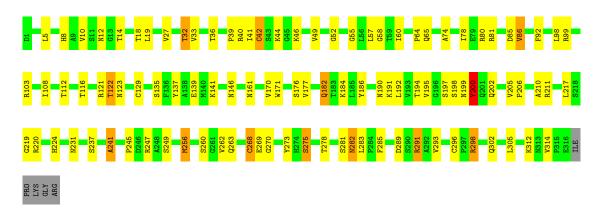
• Molecule 1: Hemagglutinin HA1 chain



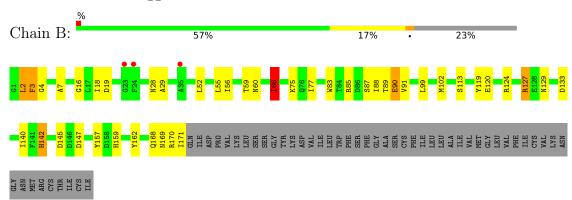
• Molecule 1: Hemagglutinin HA1 chain

Chain E: 67% 28% • •

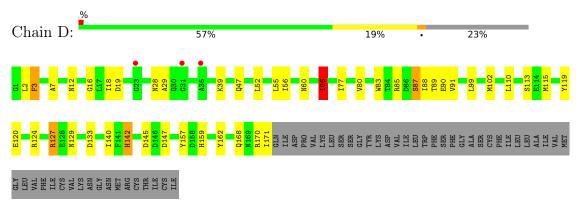




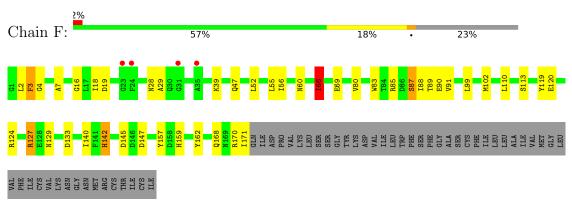
• Molecule 2: Hemagglutinin HA2 chain



• Molecule 2: Hemagglutinin HA2 chain



• Molecule 2: Hemagglutinin HA2 chain





Molecule 3: beta-D-glucopyra deoxy-beta-D-glucopyra	nose	.cid-(2-6)]2-acetamido-2-
Chain G:	100%	_
NAG1 GAL2 SIA3		
• Molecule 3: beta-D-ga deoxy-beta-D-glucopyra	dactopyranose-(1-3)-[N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic a nose	ucid-(2-6)]2-acetamido-2-
Chain H:	100%	_
NAG1 GAL2 SIA3		
• Molecule 4: beta-D-ga	alactopyranose-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-	glucopyranose
Chain I:	100%	-
GAL2 GAL2		



# Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	203.57Å 117.87Å 119.86Å 90.00° 124.21° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.01 - 3.55 $49.56 - 3.55$	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness	91.9 (50.01-3.55)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	91.5 (49.56-3.55)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.82 (at 3.57Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0158	Depositor
D D	0.221 , 0.260	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.224 , $0.261$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1297 reflections (4.96%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	45.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.289	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.29 , 12.3	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	$\begin{array}{c} 0.000 \; \mathrm{for} \; 1/2*\mathrm{h} + 1/2*\mathrm{k} + 2*\mathrm{l}, 1/2*\mathrm{h} + 1/2*\mathrm{k}, -1 \\ /2*\mathrm{h} + 1/2*\mathrm{k} -1 \\ 0.000 \; \mathrm{for} \; -1/2*\mathrm{h} - 3/2*\mathrm{k} - \mathrm{l}, -1/2*\mathrm{h} + 1/2*\mathrm{k} - \mathrm{l}, 1/2 \\ & *\mathrm{h} + 1/2*\mathrm{k} \\ 0.000 \; \mathrm{for} \; -1/2*\mathrm{h} + 3/2*\mathrm{k} - \mathrm{l}, 1/2*\mathrm{h} + 1/2*\mathrm{k} + \mathrm{l}, 1 \\ /2*\mathrm{h} - 1/2*\mathrm{k} \\ 0.000 \; \mathrm{for} \; 1/2*\mathrm{h} - 1/2*\mathrm{k} + 2*\mathrm{l}, -1/2*\mathrm{h} + 1/2*\mathrm{k}, -1 \\ /2*\mathrm{h} - 1/2*\mathrm{k} -1 \\ 0.000 \; \mathrm{for} \; -\mathrm{h} + \mathrm{k} - \mathrm{l}, -\mathrm{l}, -\mathrm{k} \\ 0.000 \; \mathrm{for} \; -\mathrm{h} - \mathrm{k} - \mathrm{l}, \mathrm{l}, \mathrm{k} \\ 0.000 \; \mathrm{for} \; -1/2*\mathrm{h} + 1/2*\mathrm{k} + \mathrm{l}, 1/2*\mathrm{h} - 1/2*\mathrm{k} + \mathrm{l}, 1 \\ /2*\mathrm{h} + 1/2*\mathrm{k} \\ 0.000 \; \mathrm{for} \; -1/2*\mathrm{h} - 1/2*\mathrm{k} + \mathrm{l}, -1/2*\mathrm{h} - 1/2*\mathrm{k} - 1/2*\mathrm{k} - 1/2*\mathrm{k} \\ 0.398 \; \mathrm{for} \; 1/2*\mathrm{h} + 3/2*\mathrm{k}, 1/2*\mathrm{h} - 1/2*\mathrm{k}, -1/2*\mathrm{h} \\ 1/2*\mathrm{k} - 1 \\ 0.390 \; \mathrm{for} \; 1/2*\mathrm{h} - 3/2*\mathrm{k}, -1/2*\mathrm{h} - 1/2*\mathrm{k}, -1/2*\mathrm{h} \\ + 1/2*\mathrm{k} - 1 \\ 0.000 \; \mathrm{for} \; -\mathrm{h} - 2*\mathrm{l}, -\mathrm{k}, \mathrm{l} \end{array}$	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.88	EDS
Total number of atoms	11670	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(\mathring{A}^2)$	72.0	wwPDB-VP

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes. <sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $<|L|>, < L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.18% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.



# 5 Model quality (i)

#### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SIA, NAG, GAL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Во	Bond lengths		ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	$MSZ \mid \# Z  > 5$		# Z >5
1	A	0.87	1/2462~(0.0%)	1.05	$10/3329 \ (0.3\%)$
1	С	0.88	$2/2462 \ (0.1\%)$	1.07	$12/3329 \ (0.4\%)$
1	Е	0.89	$1/2462 \ (0.0\%)$	1.05	9/3329~(0.3%)
2	В	0.86	1/1413~(0.1%)	0.96	1/1903 (0.1%)
2	D	0.86	1/1413 (0.1%)	0.96	1/1903 (0.1%)
2	F	0.85	2/1413 (0.1%)	0.95	1/1903 (0.1%)
All	All	0.87	8/11625 (0.1%)	1.02	$34/15696 \ (0.2\%)$

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
1	С	0	1
1	Е	0	1
2	В	0	1
2	D	0	1
2	F	0	1
All	All	0	6

The worst 5 of 8 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	Е	268	CYS	CB-SG	-14.11	1.58	1.82
1	С	268	CYS	CB-SG	-11.87	1.62	1.82
1	A	268	CYS	CB-SG	-10.93	1.63	1.82
1	С	104	GLU	CG-CD	5.92	1.60	1.51
2	F	90	GLU	CD-OE2	5.26	1.31	1.25



The worst	5	of 3	34	bond	angle	outliers	are	listed	below:
I IIC WOIDU	$\mathbf{\mathcal{I}}$	OI (	, .	Olla	WII SIC	Outiloid	COL C	IIDUCA	DOIOW.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	С	99	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.71	114.94	120.30
1	Е	99	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.96	115.32	120.30
1	С	103	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.88	125.24	120.30
1	Е	103	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.34	124.97	120.30
1	С	103	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.16	115.72	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	122	THR	Peptide
2	В	66	ILE	Peptide
1	С	122	THR	Peptide
2	D	66	ILE	Peptide
1	Е	122	THR	Peptide

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2416	0	2382	39	0
1	С	2416	0	2382	46	0
1	Е	2416	0	2382	41	0
2	В	1389	0	1300	23	0
2	D	1389	0	1300	23	0
2	F	1389	0	1300	26	0
3	G	45	0	38	0	0
3	Н	45	0	38	0	0
4	I	25	0	20	0	0
5	A	14	0	13	0	0
5	В	14	0	13	0	0
5	С	14	0	13	1	0
5	D	14	0	13	0	0
5	E	14	0	13	0	0
5	F	14	0	13	0	0
6	A	12	0	12	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	С	12	0	12	0	0
6	Е	12	0	12	0	0
7	Е	20	0	17	0	0
All	All	11670	0	11273	169	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 169 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:E:139:GLU:OE1	1:E:247:ARG:HD3	1.93	0.69
1:A:139:GLU:OE1	1:A:247:ARG:HD3	1.93	0.68
1:C:139:GLU:OE1	1:C:247:ARG:HD3	1.92	0.68
2:F:3:PHE:CD1	2:F:113:SER:HA	2.31	0.66
2:D:3:PHE:CD1	2:D:113:SER:HA	2.31	0.66

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	314/321 (98%)	268 (85%)	35 (11%)	11 (4%)	3 30
1	С	314/321 (98%)	268 (85%)	36 (12%)	10 (3%)	4 31
1	Е	314/321 (98%)	268 (85%)	36 (12%)	10 (3%)	4 31
2	В	169/221 (76%)	140 (83%)	20 (12%)	9 (5%)	2 19
2	D	169/221 (76%)	140 (83%)	20 (12%)	9 (5%)	2 19
2	F	169/221 (76%)	140 (83%)	21 (12%)	8 (5%)	2 22
All	All	1449/1626 (89%)	1224 (84%)	168 (12%)	57 (4%)	3 27



5 of 57 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	29	ALA
2	В	127	ARG
2	В	142	HIS
2	D	29	ALA
2	D	127	ARG

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	$267/271 \ (98\%)$	229 (86%)	38 (14%)	3	21	
1	С	267/271 (98%)	231 (86%)	36 (14%)	4	22	
1	Е	267/271 (98%)	229 (86%)	38 (14%)	3	21	
2	В	145/189 (77%)	132 (91%)	13 (9%)	9	39	
2	D	145/189 (77%)	133 (92%)	12 (8%)	11	41	
2	F	145/189 (77%)	135 (93%)	10 (7%)	15	48	
All	All	1236/1380 (90%)	1089 (88%)	147 (12%)	5	27	

5 of 147 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Ε	123	ASN
2	F	129	ASN
1	Ε	182	GLN
1	Ε	268	CYS
2	В	140	ILE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 15 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	28	ASN
2	F	159	HIS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	105	GLN
2	F	169	ASN
2	F	27	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

8 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain			Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	NAG	G	1	3	14,14,15	1.29	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.60	7 (41%)
3	GAL	G	2	3	11,11,12	0.75	0	15,15,17	1.49	3 (20%)
3	SIA	G	3	3	20,20,21	1.38	4 (20%)	24,28,31	2.17	8 (33%)
3	NAG	Н	1	3	14,14,15	1.29	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.60	7 (41%)
3	GAL	Н	2	3	11,11,12	0.75	0	15,15,17	1.49	3 (20%)
3	SIA	Н	3	3	20,20,21	1.37	4 (20%)	24,28,31	2.18	8 (33%)
4	NAG	I	1	4	14,14,15	1.26	2 (14%)	17,19,21	2.71	5 (29%)
4	GAL	I	2	4	11,11,12	0.62	0	15,15,17	1.34	2 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	G	1	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	GAL	G	2	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	SIA	G	3	3	-	2/18/34/38	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	Н	1	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	GAL	Н	2	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	SIA	Н	3	3	-	2/18/34/38	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	I	1	4	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	GAL	I	2	4	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 12 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
3	G	3	SIA	C7-C6	3.42	1.57	1.53
3	Н	3	SIA	C7-C6	3.36	1.57	1.53
4	I	1	NAG	O6-C6	2.71	1.53	1.42
3	Н	3	SIA	O6-C2	2.25	1.46	1.43
3	G	3	SIA	O6-C2	2.23	1.46	1.43

The worst 5 of 43 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	I	1	NAG	O3-C3-C4	7.64	128.02	110.35
3	Н	1	NAG	O3-C3-C2	7.45	124.89	109.47
3	G	1	NAG	O3-C3-C2	7.45	124.88	109.47
3	G	3	SIA	C6-O6-C2	5.62	123.35	111.34
3	Н	3	SIA	C6-O6-C2	5.62	123.35	111.34

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 14 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	G	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	Н	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	G	2	GAL	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	Н	2	GAL	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	G	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

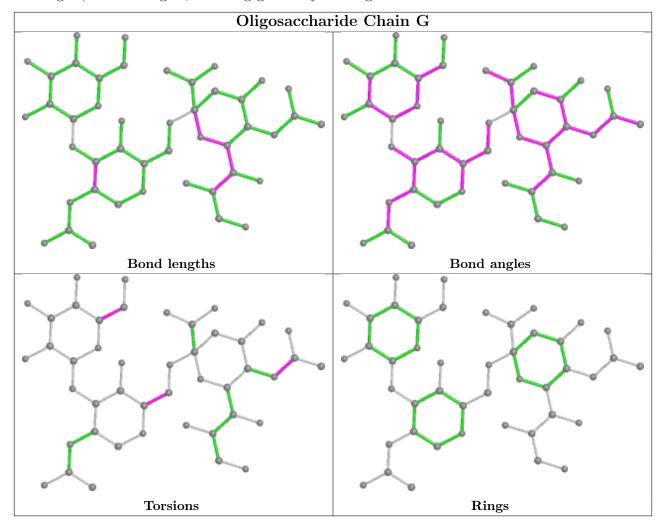
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

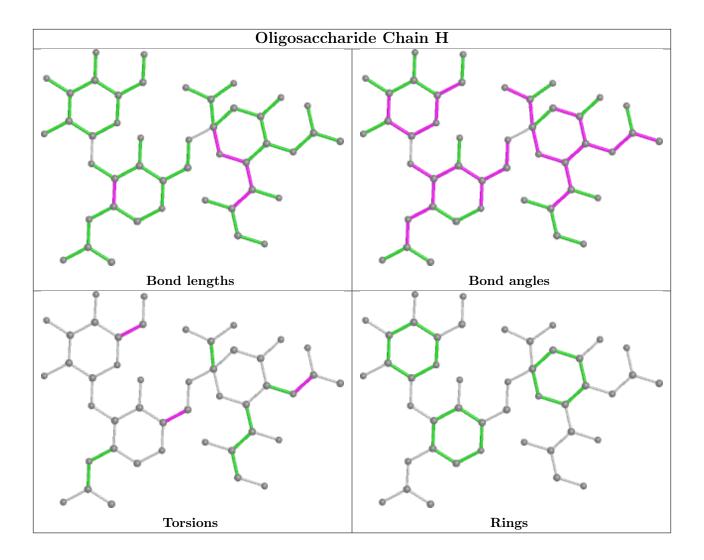
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths,



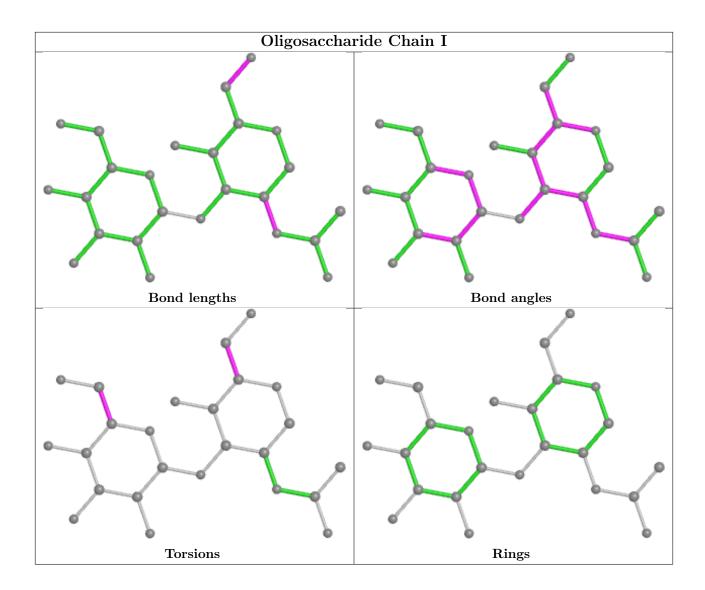
bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.











#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

10 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	туре				Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
7	SIA	E	402	-	20,20,21	1.56	3 (15%)	24,28,31	2.08	9 (37%)
5	NAG	E	401	1	14,14,15	1.04	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.70	2 (11%)
6	GAL	С	405	-	12,12,12	0.82	0	17,17,17	1.18	1 (5%)



Mol	Tuna	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	$_{ m ths}$	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	rtes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	NAG	С	401	1	14,14,15	1.07	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.07	7 (41%)
6	GAL	Е	405	-	12,12,12	0.73	0	17,17,17	0.96	0
5	NAG	В	301	2	14,14,15	1.29	2 (14%)	17,19,21	2.65	6 (35%)
6	GAL	A	405	-	12,12,12	0.82	0	17,17,17	1.18	1 (5%)
5	NAG	F	301	2	14,14,15	1.79	3 (21%)	17,19,21	3.84	10 (58%)
5	NAG	D	301	2	14,14,15	1.62	3 (21%)	17,19,21	3.01	9 (52%)
5	NAG	A	401	1	14,14,15	1.22	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.22	6 (35%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	SIA	E	402	-	-	3/18/34/38	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	E	401	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	GAL	С	405	-	-	2/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	С	401	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	GAL	Е	405	-	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	В	301	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	GAL	A	405	-	-	2/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	F	301	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	D	301	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	401	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 14 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
7	Е	402	SIA	C7-C6	4.31	1.58	1.53
5	F	301	NAG	O5-C1	3.98	1.50	1.43
7	Е	402	SIA	O6-C6	3.11	1.48	1.44
5	F	301	NAG	C1-C2	2.84	1.56	1.52
5	D	301	NAG	C1-C2	2.81	1.56	1.52

The worst 5 of 51 bond angle outliers are listed below:

	Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
	5	F	301	NAG	C1-C2-N2	9.70	127.05	110.49
ĺ	5	В	301	NAG	C1-O5-C5	8.51	123.72	112.19

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$
5	D	301	NAG	C1-C2-N2	7.41	123.14	110.49
5	F	301	NAG	C1-O5-C5	6.85	121.47	112.19
5	F	301	NAG	O5-C5-C6	6.73	117.75	107.20

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 20 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	С	401	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
7	Е	402	SIA	O6-C6-C7-O7
5	F	301	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	F	301	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	A	401	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

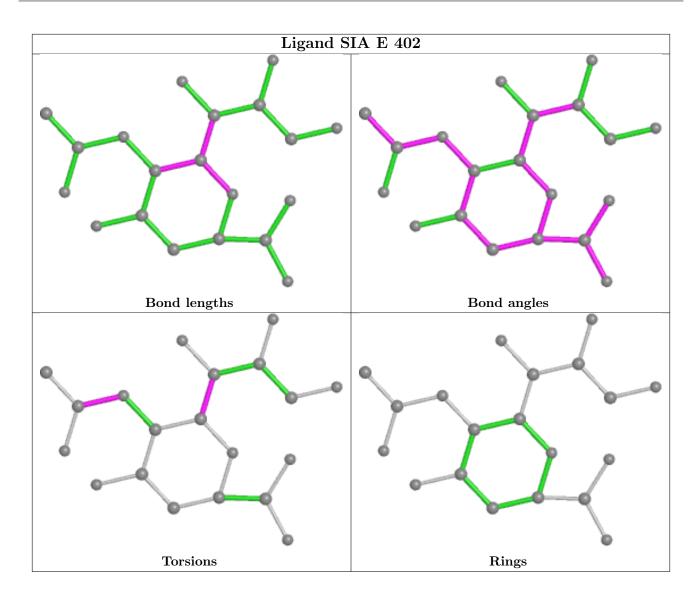
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	С	401	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	316/321 (98%)	-0.37	1 (0%) 94 88	19, 59, 116, 145	1 (0%)
1	С	316/321 (98%)	-0.39	0 100 100	18, 60, 112, 145	1 (0%)
1	E	316/321 (98%)	-0.39	0 100 100	20, 59, 116, 148	1 (0%)
2	В	171/221 (77%)	-0.18	3 (1%) 68 52	17, 94, 134, 150	0
2	D	171/221 (77%)	-0.17	3 (1%) 68 52	20, 90, 135, 153	0
2	F	171/221 (77%)	-0.14	4 (2%) 60 43	22, 95, 134, 157	0
All	All	1461/1626 (89%)	-0.31	11 (0%) 86 74	17, 71, 128, 157	3 (0%)

The worst 5 of 11 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	F	35	ALA	4.1
2	F	23	GLY	3.5
2	В	35	ALA	3.2
2	D	23	GLY	3.1
2	В	23	GLY	2.7

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

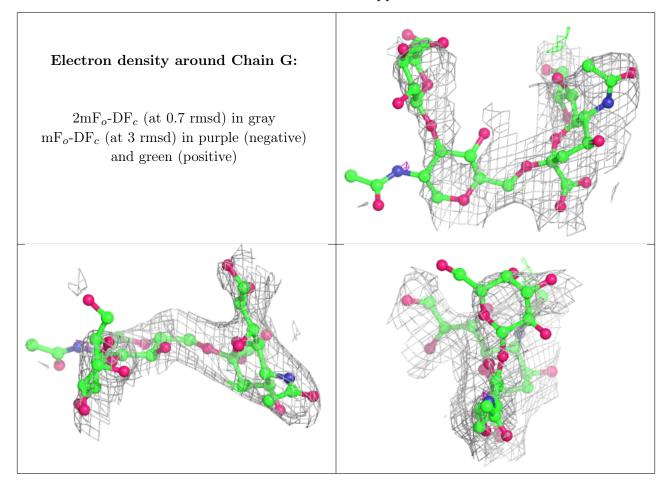
#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

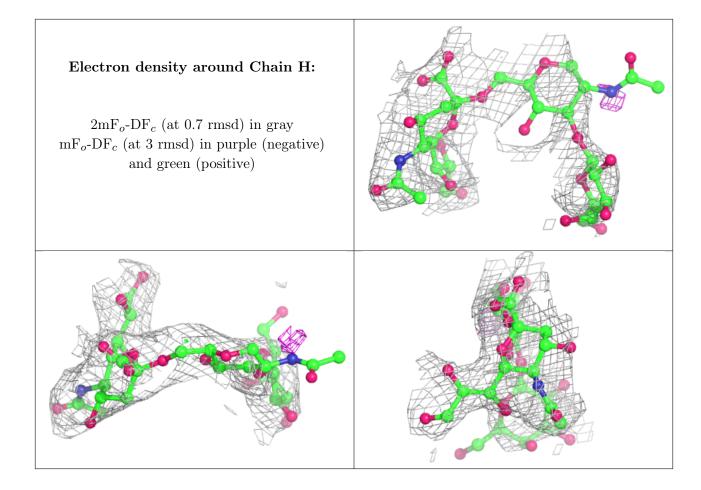


Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	GAL	I	2	11/12	0.66	0.50	153,161,163,165	0
3	NAG	Н	1	14/15	0.69	0.43	129,144,153,156	0
3	GAL	G	2	11/12	0.75	0.53	143,153,154,154	0
4	NAG	I	1	14/15	0.76	0.35	130,142,151,161	0
3	NAG	G	1	14/15	0.76	0.41	129,144,153,156	0
3	GAL	Н	2	11/12	0.78	0.47	143,153,154,154	0
3	SIA	Н	3	20/21	0.84	0.26	93,117,127,128	0
3	SIA	G	3	20/21	0.86	0.24	93,117,127,128	0

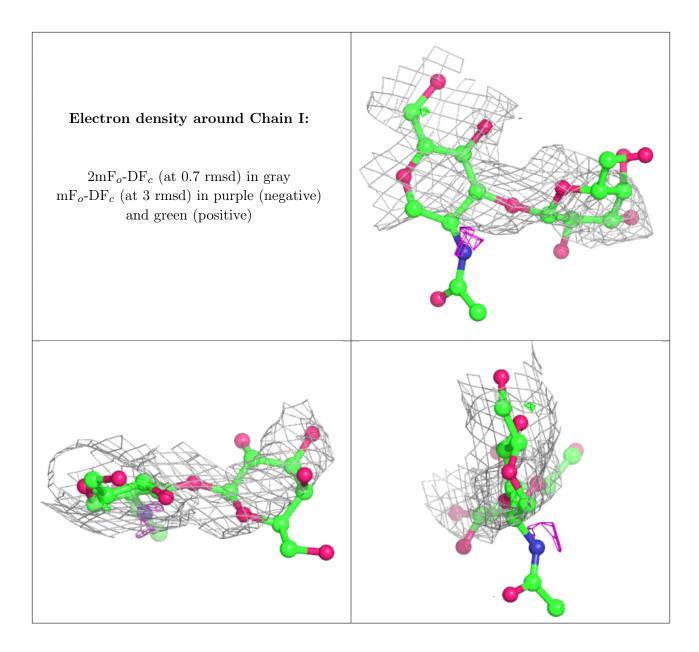
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.











#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
6	GAL	С	405	12/12	0.68	0.43	122,133,139,140	0
6	GAL	A	405	12/12	0.73	0.33	122,133,139,140	0
5	NAG	С	401	14/15	0.75	0.25	115,124,137,137	0
5	NAG	A	401	14/15	0.78	0.25	111,124,135,144	0
5	NAG	Е	401	14/15	0.78	0.23	113,132,143,150	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
6	GAL	Ε	405	12/12	0.83	0.31	121,137,142,142	0
5	NAG	F	301	14/15	0.87	0.19	54,60,63,67	0
5	NAG	В	301	14/15	0.88	0.19	54,62,69,73	0
7	SIA	E	402	20/21	0.89	0.28	101,121,126,129	0
5	NAG	D	301	14/15	0.90	0.17	50,55,61,65	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

# Electron density around SIA E 402: $2mF_o$ -DF<sub>c</sub> (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $mF_o$ -DF<sub>c</sub> (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

