

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Nov 5, 2023 – 05:39 PM EST

PDB ID : 6D5G

Title: Ras:SOS:Ras in complex with a small molecule activator

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Deposited on : 2018-04-19

Resolution : 1.92 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

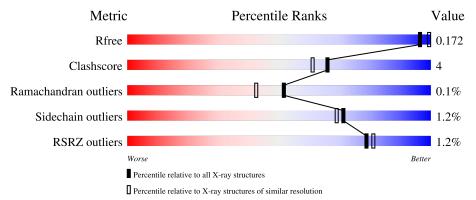
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.92 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	7937 (1.94-1.90)
Clashscore	141614	8644 (1.94-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	8530 (1.94-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	8530 (1.94-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7793 (1.94-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	167	95%		
2	В	482	89%	8%	<del>-</del>
3	С	167	85%	14%	•



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 11 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7972 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called GTPase HRas.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	166	Total 1373	C 849	N 236	O 280	S 8	0	7	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	0	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P01112
A	64	ALA	TYR	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP P01112

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Son of sevenless homolog 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	В	469	Total	С	N	0	S	0	16	0
			4021	2569	696	743	13			_

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	565	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q07889

• Molecule 3 is a protein called GTPase HRas.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	С	167	Total 1371	C 852	N 236	O 276	S 7	0	6	0

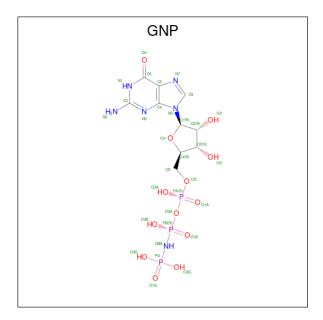
There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
С	0	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P01112

• Molecule 4 is PHOSPHOAMINOPHOSPHONIC ACID-GUANYLATE ESTER (three-letter



 ${\rm code:}\ GNP)\ ({\rm formula:}\ C_{10}H_{17}N_6O_{13}P_3).$ 

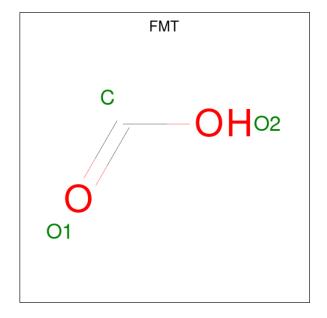


Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total 32		_	P 3	0	0

• Molecule 5 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 6 is FORMIC ACID (three-letter code: FMT) (formula:  ${\rm CH_2O_2}).$ 



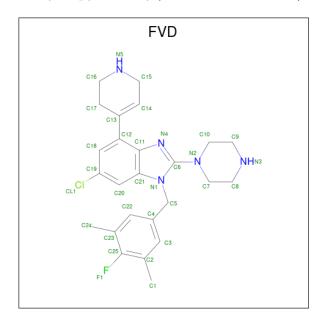


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
6	В	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
6	В	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
6	В	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
6	В	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
6	В	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0

• Molecule 7 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0
7	С	2	Total Cl 2 2	0	0

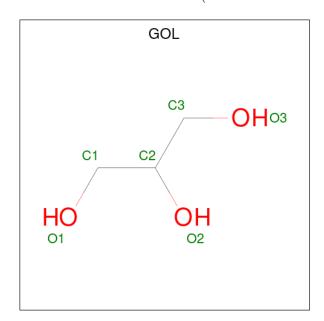
 $\bullet \ \, \text{Molecule 8 is 6-chloro-1-[(4-fluoro-3,5-dimethylphenyl)methyl]-2-(piperazin-1-yl)-4-(1,2,3,6-terahydropyridin-4-yl)-1H-benzimidazole (three-letter code: FVD) (formula: $C_{25}H_{29}ClFN_5)$. }$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
8	В	1	Total 32	C 25		F 1	N 5	0	0

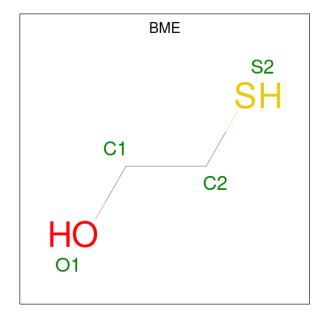


 $\bullet$  Molecule 9 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_3H_8O_3}).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	В	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
9	В	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
9	В	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 10 is BETA-MERCAPTOETHANOL (three-letter code: BME) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_2H_6OS}).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	С	1	Total 4	C 2	O 1	S 1	0	0

# • Molecule 11 is water.

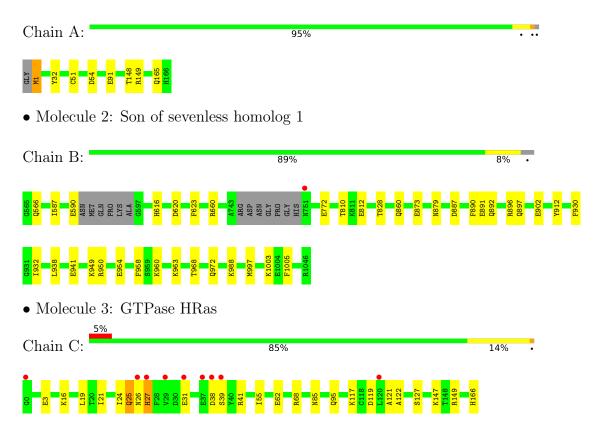
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	A	175	Total O 175 175	0	0
11	В	725	Total O 725 725	0	0
11	С	199	Total O 199 199	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: GTPase HRas





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 4 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	183.05Å 183.05Å 178.78Å	Donositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.84 - 1.92	Depositor
Resolution (A)	48.84 - 1.92	EDS
% Data completeness	99.9 (48.84-1.92)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.9 (48.84-1.92)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	4.37 (at 1.92Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.10_2155: ???)	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.155 , 0.172	Depositor
10, 10 free	0.155 , $0.172$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	5835 reflections $(5.08%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	22.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.226	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35 , 49.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.006 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.008  for -h,-l,-k	Attrage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	7972	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(\mathring{A}^2)$	25.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.00% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

# 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BME, CSO, GOL, CL, FVD, FMT, MG, GNP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.37	0/1383	0.58	0/1863	
2	В	0.37	0/4114	0.51	0/5560	
3	С	0.38	0/1390	0.56	0/1874	
All	All	0.37	0/6887	0.54	0/9297	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
3	С	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
3	С	25	GLN	Peptide

# 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1373	0	1327	5	0
2	В	4021	0	4020	29	0
3	С	1371	0	1338	19	0
4	A	32	0	13	0	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
6	A	3	0	1	0	0
6	В	15	0	5	1	0
7	A	1	0	0	0	0
7	С	2	0	0	1	0
8	В	32	0	0	0	0
9	В	18	0	24	3	0
10	С	4	0	6	2	0
11	A	175	0	0	3	1
11	В	725	0	0	13	3
11	С	199	0	0	10	1
All	All	7972	0	6734	54	3

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (54) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
7:C:202:CL:CL	11:C:462:HOH:O	2.23	0.93
1:A:91:GLU:OE1	11:A:301:HOH:O	1.89	0.90
2:B:892:GLN:OE1	11:B:2101:HOH:O	1.91	0.87
1:A:165:GLN:OE1	11:A:302:HOH:O	1.94	0.86
2:B:812:GLU:OE1	11:B:2102:HOH:O	1.98	0.82
3:C:95:GLN:OE1	11:C:301:HOH:O	1.99	0.81
2:B:954:GLU:OE2	11:B:2103:HOH:O	2.05	0.74
2:B:620:ASP:OD1	11:B:2105:HOH:O	2.08	0.71
3:C:39[B]:SER:HA	11:C:302:HOH:O	1.89	0.71
2:B:660:ARG:HD2	11:B:2309:HOH:O	1.90	0.71
3:C:38:ASP:O	11:C:302:HOH:O	2.10	0.69
2:B:860:GLN:OE1	11:B:2106:HOH:O	2.15	0.64
3:C:24:ILE:HD11	3:C:55:ILE:HD12	1.79	0.63
2:B:988[B]:LYS:NZ	11:B:2108:HOH:O	2.26	0.60
3:C:39[A]:SER:HA	11:C:302:HOH:O	2.02	0.58
3:C:16:LYS:HB3	10:C:203:BME:H21	1.85	0.58
3:C:68:ARG:HD2	11:C:332:HOH:O	2.04	0.57
3:C:85:ASN:HD22	3:C:121:ALA:HB3	1.70	0.56
3:C:21:ILE:O	3:C:25:GLN:HB2	2.06	0.56

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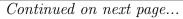


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A + a - 1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}(\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)
2:B:828:THR:HG23	2:B:873:GLU:HG2	1.88	0.54
2:B:890:PHE:HE1	9:B:2009:GOL:H11	1.75	0.52
1:A:54:ASP:HB3	11:A:354:HOH:O	2.10	0.52
2:B:810:THR:HG21	2:B:938[B]:LEU:HD12	1.93	0.51
3:C:27:HIS:N	11:C:306:HOH:O	2.44	0.51
2:B:887:ASP:O	2:B:891:GLU:HG2	2.11	0.50
2:B:623:PHE:HE1	2:B:958:PHE:CZ	2.30	0.50
2:B:587:ILE:HD11	2:B:950:ARG:HG3	1.94	0.49
2:B:890:PHE:CE1	9:B:2009:GOL:H11	2.47	0.49
2:B:912:TYR:CG	2:B:932:ILE:HD11	2.48	0.48
3:C:117[B]:LYS:HE3	11:C:308:HOH:O	2.12	0.48
2:B:963:LYS:HE2	11:B:2510:HOH:O	2.13	0.47
2:B:949:LYS:NZ	11:B:2132:HOH:O	2.48	0.47
3:C:166:HIS:HD2	11:C:452:HOH:O	1.99	0.46
2:B:941[B]:GLU:HA	2:B:960:LYS:HE3	1.98	0.46
2:B:902:GLU:HB2	9:B:2009:GOL:O2	2.16	0.45
3:C:119:ASP:HA	3:C:147:LYS:HZ1	1.80	0.45
2:B:997:MET:HG2	2:B:1005:PHE:CD2	2.52	0.44
3:C:3:GLU:OE1	3:C:41:ARG:NH2	2.50	0.44
3:C:62:GLU:OE1	10:C:203:BME:H11	2.17	0.44
2:B:896[A]:ARG:HG3	2:B:897:GLN:N	2.32	0.44
3:C:122:ALA:HA	11:C:403:HOH:O	2.16	0.43
2:B:1003:LYS:NZ	11:B:2140:HOH:O	2.52	0.43
2:B:616:HIS:ND1	6:B:2005:FMT:O2	2.44	0.43
2:B:566:GLN:NE2	11:B:2120:HOH:O	2.43	0.43
3:C:27:HIS:CE1	3:C:149:ARG:HD3	2.53	0.42
3:C:24:ILE:HG21	3:C:39[A]:SER:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:1:MET:HG2	1:A:51:CSO:HA	2.01	0.42
2:B:587:ILE:CD1	2:B:950:ARG:HG3	2.50	0.41
2:B:590:GLU:CG	11:B:2634:HOH:O	2.68	0.41
1:A:148:THR:O	1:A:149:ARG:HB2	2.20	0.41
2:B:623:PHE:HE1	2:B:958:PHE:CE2	2.39	0.40
2:B:932:ILE:HG23	11:B:2443:HOH:O	2.20	0.40
2:B:968:THR:O	2:B:972:GLN:HG3	2.22	0.40
3:C:119:ASP:HA	3:C:147:LYS:NZ	2.35	0.40

All (3) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
11:B:2683:HOH:O	11:C:348:HOH:O[3_555]	1.86	0.34





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Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} &  ext{Interatomic} \ &  ext{distance} \ &  ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	Clash overlap (Å)
11:A:410:HOH:O	11:B:2374:HOH:O[16_555]	1.93	0.27
11:B:2136:HOH:O	11:B:2659:HOH:O[7_556]	2.19	0.01

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	$170/167 \; (102\%)$	167 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
2	В	479/482 (99%)	473 (99%)	6 (1%)	0	100	100
3	С	171/167 (102%)	163 (95%)	7 (4%)	1 (1%)	25	14
All	All	820/816 (100%)	803 (98%)	16 (2%)	1 (0%)	51	42

### All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	С	26	ASN

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	149/142 (105%)	147 (99%)	2 (1%)	69	66	
2	В	453/447 (101%)	450 (99%)	3 (1%)	84	83	
3	С	150/144 (104%)	145 (97%)	5 (3%)	38	28	

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric Outlier		
All	All	752/733 (103%)	742 (99%)	10 (1%)	71 66

All (10) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1	MET
1	A	32	TYR
2	В	772	GLU
2	В	879	ASN
2	В	930	PHE
3	С	19	LEU
3	С	27	HIS
3	С	31	GLU
3	С	127[A]	SER
3	С	127[B]	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	165	GLN
3	С	166	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	CSO	A	51	1	3,6,7	0.99	0	0,6,8	-	-



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
Ī	1	CSO	A	51	1	-	0/1/5/7	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	51	CSO	1	0

# 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 16 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 12 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	$\mid \# Z  > 2$	
6	FMT	В	2006	-	2,2,2	0.70	0	1,1,1	0.22	0	
9	GOL	В	2009	-	5,5,5	0.54	0	5,5,5	0.89	0	
10	BME	С	203	-	3,3,3	0.29	0	1,2,2	0.96	0	
9	GOL	В	2007	-	5,5,5	0.46	0	5,5,5	0.46	0	
9	GOL	В	2008	-	5,5,5	0.36	0	5,5,5	0.50	0	
6	FMT	В	2002	-	2,2,2	0.69	0	1,1,1	0.24	0	



Mol	Mol Type Chain		Res	es Link	Во	ond leng	ths	Bond angles			
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
6	FMT	A	203	-	2,2,2	0.70	0	1,1,1	0.28	0	
6	FMT	В	2004	-	2,2,2	0.72	0	1,1,1	0.23	0	
6	FMT	В	2003	_	2,2,2	0.72	0	1,1,1	0.23	0	
4	GNP	A	201	5	29,34,34	1.50	5 (17%)	33,54,54	2.03	6 (18%)	
8	FVD	В	2001	-	30,36,36	0.95	2 (6%)	31,52,52	1.58	3 (9%)	
6	FMT	В	2005	-	2,2,2	0.70	0	1,1,1	0.39	0	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
9	GOL	В	2009	-	-	3/4/4/4	-
10	BME	С	203	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
9	GOL	В	2007	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
9	GOL	В	2008	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
4	GNP	A	201	5	-	3/14/38/38	0/3/3/3
8	FVD	В	2001	-	-	3/8/28/28	0/5/5/5

All (7) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
4	A	201	GNP	C6-N1	4.13	1.40	1.33
4	A	201	GNP	PB-O3A	-3.46	1.54	1.59
4	A	201	GNP	PB-O2B	-3.09	1.48	1.56
8	В	2001	FVD	C6-N4	-2.83	1.30	1.35
8	В	2001	FVD	C12-C11	-2.51	1.39	1.43
4	A	201	GNP	PG-O3G	-2.29	1.50	1.56
4	A	201	GNP	C8-N7	-2.19	1.30	1.34

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	A	201	GNP	C5-C6-N1	-7.62	113.02	123.43
8	В	2001	FVD	C16-C17-C13	5.59	115.37	108.62
4	A	201	GNP	C2-N1-C6	5.03	123.92	115.93
4	A	201	GNP	O2B-PB-O1B	3.85	117.99	109.92
8	В	2001	FVD	C4-C5-N1	3.54	118.13	112.63
8	В	2001	FVD	C10-N2-C7	3.35	118.91	111.52

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	A	201	GNP	N3-C2-N1	-2.66	123.67	127.22
4	A	201	GNP	C4-C5-C6	-2.56	118.35	120.80
4	A	201	GNP	O1B-PB-N3B	-2.22	108.50	111.77

There are no chirality outliers.

All (16) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	201	GNP	PB-N3B-PG-O1G
4	A	201	GNP	PG-N3B-PB-O1B
4	A	201	GNP	PG-N3B-PB-O3A
8	В	2001	FVD	C11-C12-C13-C14
9	В	2007	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
9	В	2008	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
9	В	2009	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
10	С	203	BME	O1-C1-C2-S2
9	В	2008	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
9	В	2009	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
9	В	2007	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
9	В	2008	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
9	В	2009	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
8	В	2001	FVD	C22-C4-C5-N1
8	В	2001	FVD	C3-C4-C5-N1
9	В	2008	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3

There are no ring outliers.

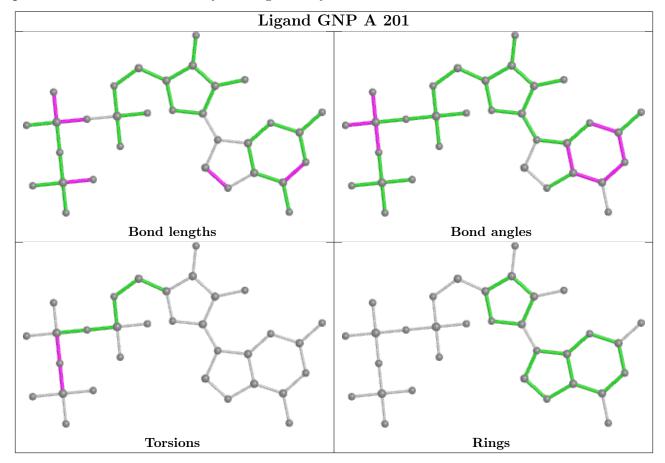
3 monomers are involved in 6 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
9	В	2009	GOL	3	0
10	С	203	BME	2	0
6	В	2005	FMT	1	0

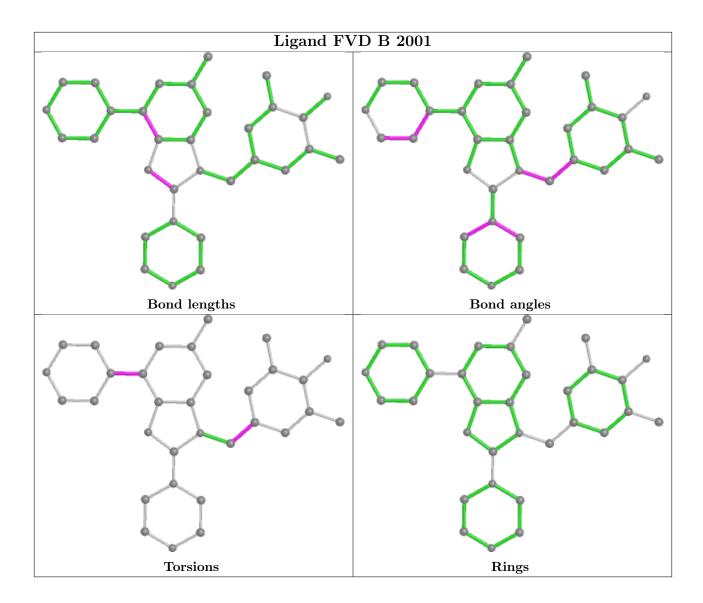
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and



any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	165/167~(98%)	-0.43	0 100 100	14, 20, 46, 61	0
2	В	469/482 (97%)	-0.52	1 (0%) 95 95	11, 19, 41, 72	0
3	С	167/167 (100%)	-0.19	9 (5%) 25 29	14, 20, 56, 87	0
All	All	801/816 (98%)	-0.43	10 (1%) 79 81	11, 19, 47, 87	0

All (10) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	С	0	GLY	6.4
3	С	27	HIS	4.7
3	С	37	GLU	3.9
3	С	26	ASN	3.7
3	С	120	LEU	2.9
3	С	31	GLU	2.7
3	С	29	VAL	2.4
3	С	38	ASP	2.4
2	В	751	ASN	2.3
3	С	39[A]	SER	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	CSO	A	51	7/8	0.94	0.10	17,19,33,35	0



### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

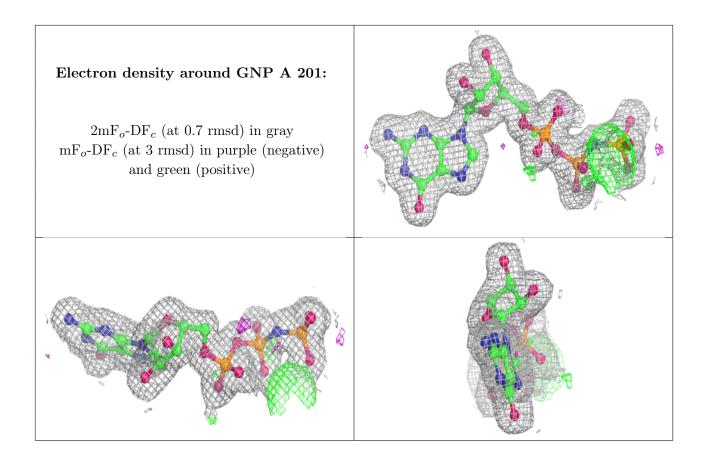
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
6	FMT	В	2006	3/3	0.63	0.22	69,69,70,71	0
6	FMT	A	203	3/3	0.79	0.19	47,47,50,53	0
6	FMT	В	2003	3/3	0.83	0.24	54,54,59,60	0
7	CL	С	201	1/1	0.84	0.12	67,67,67	0
7	CL	A	204	1/1	0.87	0.11	59,59,59,59	0
9	GOL	В	2009	6/6	0.88	0.31	30,38,47,50	0
10	BME	С	203	4/4	0.91	0.16	29,31,32,40	0
9	GOL	В	2008	6/6	0.92	0.14	31,42,48,50	0
9	GOL	В	2007	6/6	0.93	0.12	30,45,48,51	0
6	FMT	В	2004	3/3	0.95	0.09	36,36,36,37	0
6	FMT	В	2002	3/3	0.96	0.14	42,42,43,47	0
8	FVD	В	2001	32/32	0.96	0.09	9,24,39,43	0
6	FMT	В	2005	3/3	0.96	0.13	22,22,25,29	0
7	CL	С	202	1/1	0.98	0.10	44,44,44,44	0
5	MG	A	202	1/1	0.98	0.38	18,18,18,18	0
4	GNP	A	201	32/32	0.99	0.07	12,16,20,24	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



# Electron density around FVD B 2001: 2mF<sub>o</sub>-DF<sub>c</sub> (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF<sub>o</sub>-DF<sub>c</sub> (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)





# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

