

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 21, 2020 – 06:21 AM BST

PDB ID : 4CUC

> Title Unravelling the multiple functions of the architecturally intricate Streptococ-

> > cus pneumoniae beta-galactosidase, BgaA.

Authors : Singh, A.K.; Pluvinage, B.; Higgins, M.A.; Dalia, A.B.; Flynn, M.; Lloyd,

A.R.; Weiser, J.N.; Stubbs, K.A.; Boraston, A.B.; King, S.J.

2014-03-17 Deposited on

2.20 Å(reported) Resolution

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity 4.02b-467

> 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020) Mogul

Xtriage (Phenix) 1.13 EDS 2.13.1

20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) Percentile statistics

> Refmac 5.8.0158

CCP4 7.0.044 (Gargrove) Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (proteins) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Parkinson et al. (1996)

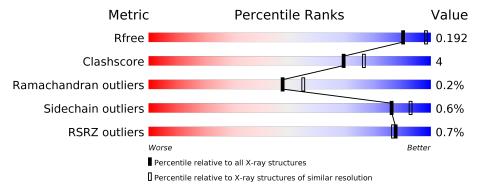
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) 2.13.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	4898 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4800 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	849	91%	9%
2	В	2	100%	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	MPD	A	1993	_	_	X	_



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7911 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called BETA-GALACTOSIDASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	847	Total 7015	C 4406	N 1248	O 1353	S 8	22	28	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	645	GLN	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP I6L8R4

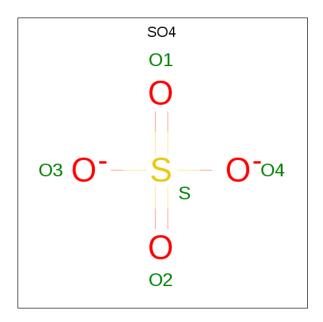
• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-b eta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	В	2	Total 26	C 14	N 1	O 11	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S).

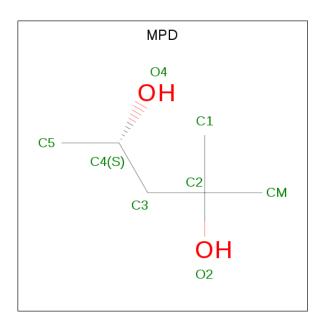




Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
3	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
3	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
3	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
3	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
3	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 4 is (4S)-2-METHYL-2,4-PENTANEDIOL (three-letter code: MPD) (formula: $C_6H_{14}O_2).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	Α	1	Total C O	0	0
1	11	1	8 6 2	U	Ŭ
1	A	1	Total C O	0	0
4	Λ	1	8 6 2	U	0
1	Λ	1	Total C O	0	0
4	A	1	8 6 2	U	0
4	Λ	1	Total C O	0	0
4	A	1	8 6 2	U	U
4	Λ	1	Total C O	0	0
4	A	1	8 6 2	U	0

• Molecule 5 is water.

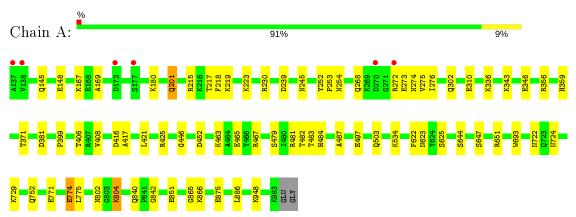
\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	800	Total O 800 800	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: BETA-GALACTOSIDASE



• Molecule 2: beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain B:

NAG1 GAL2



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	117.34Å 117.34Å 219.61Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	117.34 - 2.20	Depositor
Resolution (A)	39.11 - 2.20	EDS
% Data completeness	99.6 (117.34-2.20)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.7 (39.11-2.20)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.20	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	4.80 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0049	Depositor
D D.	0.153 , 0.191	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.154 , 0.192	DCC
R_{free} test set	3935 reflections (5.03%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	22.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.059	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.37, 46.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	7911	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	23.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.45% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MPD, GAL, NAG, SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bo	nd angles
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.75	$5/7180 \ (0.1\%)$	0.75	9/9715 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
1	A	219	LYS	CD-CE	-28.27	0.80	1.51
1	A	343	LYS	CE-NZ	-17.12	1.06	1.49
1	A	534	LYS	CG-CD	-10.73	1.16	1.52
1	A	167	LYS	CG-CD	-9.50	1.20	1.52
1	A	804	LYS	CD-CE	5.86	1.65	1.51

The worst 5 of 9 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	Α	219	LYS	CG-CD-CE	13.34	151.91	111.90
1	A	343	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	12.23	139.82	111.70
1	A	804	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	9.29	133.07	111.70
1	Α	223	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	6.15	125.84	111.70
1	A	774	GLU	CG-CD-OE2	-6.07	106.17	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:



4CUC

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	774	GLU	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Α	7015	0	6709	48	0
2	В	26	0	24	0	0
3	A	30	0	0	0	0
4	A	40	0	70	11	0
5	A	800	0	0	7	0
All	All	7911	0	6803	51	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 51 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{ll} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} \ (ext{\AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{array}$
1:A:201:GLN:HE21	1:A:724:ASN:HD21	1.14	0.92
1:A:245:ASN:HD21	1:A:274:ASN:HD22	1.17	0.90
1:A:268:GLN:H	1:A:274:ASN:HD21	1.36	0.73
1:A:866:LYS:HG2	4:A:1993:MPD:H11	1.76	0.67
1:A:866:LYS:H	4:A:1993:MPD:H13	1.64	0.63

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	873/849 (103%)	853 (98%)	18 (2%)	2 (0%)	47 55	

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	647	SER
1	A	201	GLN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	735/715 (103%)	731 (100%)	4 (0%)	88 94	

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	425	ARG
1	A	452	ASP
1	A	729	LYS
1	A	804	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type
1	A	503	GLN
1	A	823	GLN
1	A	675	GLN
1	A	308	HIS
1	A	623	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Dag	T in le	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	m Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2														
2	NAG	В	1	2	15,15,15	0.49	0	21,21,21	1.42	2 (9%)														
2	GAL	В	2	2	11,11,12	0.69	0	15,15,17	1.05	1 (6%)														

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	2	-	0/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
2	GAL	В	2	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	1	NAG	C1-C2-C3	-4.33	104.64	110.54
2	В	2	GAL	O2-C2-C3	-2.20	105.72	110.14
2	В	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.07	107.43	109.52

There are no chirality outliers.

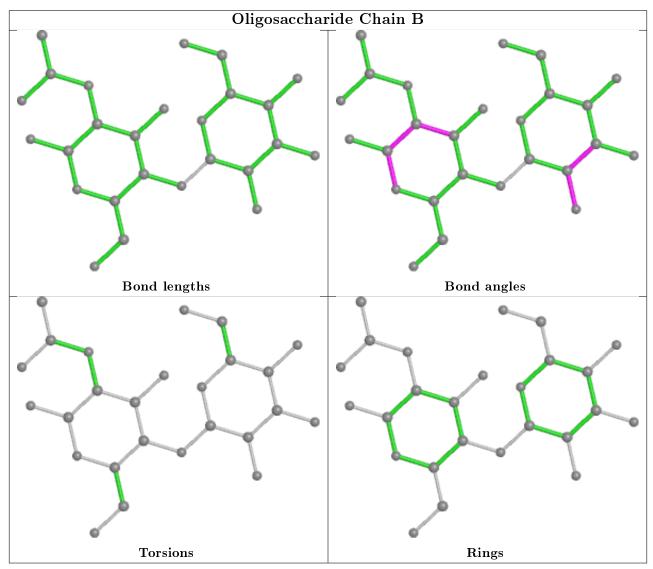
There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.



The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

11 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol Type	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond le	Bond ang	gles	
MIOI	туре		nes	Link	Counts RMSZ	$Z \mid \# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ

Mol	Tuna	Chain	Res	Link	В	ond leng	${ m gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	ites Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	$\mid \# Z > 2 \mid$
4	MPD	A	1993	_	7,7,7	0.54	0	9,10,10	0.67	0
3	SO4	A	1986	-	4,4,4	0.25	0	6,6,6	0.31	0
3	SO4	A	1991	-	4,4,4	0.38	0	6,6,6	0.23	0
3	SO4	A	1988	-	4,4,4	0.39	0	6,6,6	0.45	0
3	SO4	A	1990	-	4,4,4	0.34	0	6,6,6	0.44	0
4	MPD	A	1994	-	7,7,7	0.44	0	9,10,10	0.62	0
4	MPD	A	1995	-	7,7,7	0.26	0	9,10,10	0.35	0
4	MPD	A	1992	-	7,7,7	0.28	0	9,10,10	0.61	0
3	SO4	A	1989	-	4,4,4	0.33	0	6,6,6	0.16	0
4	MPD	A	1996	-	7,7,7	0.37	0	9,10,10	0.46	0
3	SO4	A	1987	-	4,4,4	0.30	0	6,6,6	0.45	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	${f Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	MPD	A	1994	-	-	0/5/5/5	-
4	MPD	A	1993	-	-	1/5/5/5	-
4	MPD	A	1996	-	-	1/5/5/5	-
4	MPD	A	1995	_	-	2/5/5/5	1
4	MPD	A	1992	-	-	3/5/5/5	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	1995	MPD	C2-C3-C4-O4
4	A	1992	MPD	C1-C2-C3-C4
4	A	1992	MPD	O2-C2-C3-C4
4	A	1996	MPD	C2-C3-C4-O4
4	A	1995	MPD	C2-C3-C4-C5

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	1993	MPD	7	0
4	A	1994	MPD	1	0
4	A	1995	MPD	2	0
4	A	1996	MPD	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	847/849 (99%)	-0.49	6 (0%) 87 86	10, 20, 40, 70	10 (1%)

The worst 5 of 6 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	137	ALA	3.8
1	A	173	ASP	2.9
1	A	138	VAL	2.5
1	A	270	ASP	2.5
1	A	272	ARG	2.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

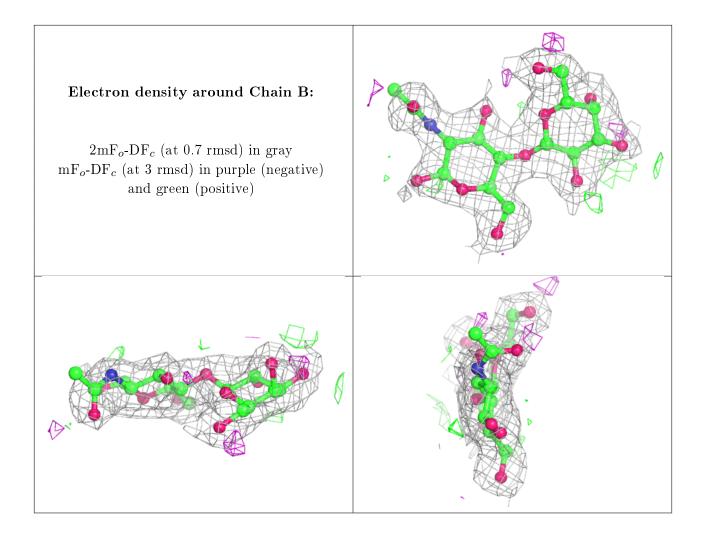
6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	NAG	В	1	15/15	0.94	0.14	26,32,47,49	0
2	GAL	В	2	11/12	0.98	0.09	18,21,24,27	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$oxed{ \mathbf{B\text{-}factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2) }$	Q<0.9
4	MPD	A	1994	8/8	0.81	0.19	38,41,43,44	0
4	MPD	A	1996	8/8	0.81	0.29	65,68,74,74	0
4	MPD	A	1995	8/8	0.83	0.25	47,48,57,59	0
4	MPD	A	1993	8/8	0.85	0.28	48,51,57,58	0
4	MPD	A	1992	8/8	0.92	0.15	57,59,61,63	0
3	SO4	A	1991	5/5	0.94	0.17	58,65,68,70	0
3	SO4	A	1988	5/5	0.97	0.16	45,49,53,55	0
3	SO4	A	1989	5/5	0.97	0.20	62,64,68,69	0
3	SO4	A	1990	5/5	0.97	0.18	35,42,44,50	0
3	SO4	A	1987	5/5	0.97	0.17	49,49,50,57	0
3	SO4	A	1986	5/5	0.99	0.10	33,36,39,39	0



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

