



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report i

May 13, 2020 – 09:29 am BST

PDB ID : 1C8U
Title : CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF THE E.COLI THIOESTERASE II, A HOMOLOGUE OF THE HUMAN NEF-BINDING ENZYME
Authors : Li, J.; Derewenda, Z.S.
Deposited on : 1999-07-29
Resolution : 1.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the i symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references](#) ①) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.11
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

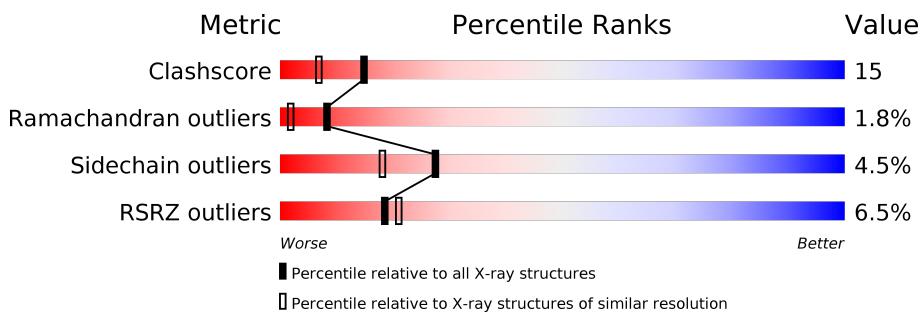
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

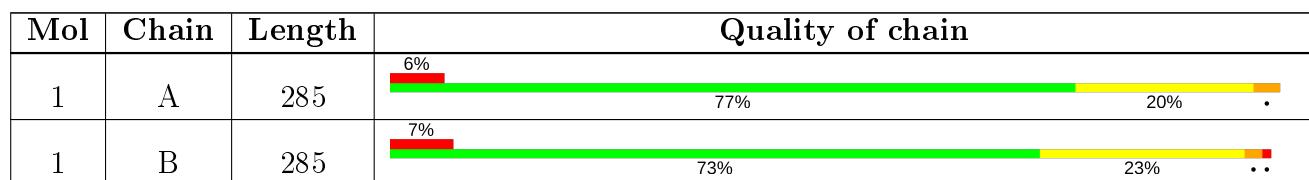
The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	6847 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6760 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6760 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6082 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.



The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	LDA	B	801	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition (i)

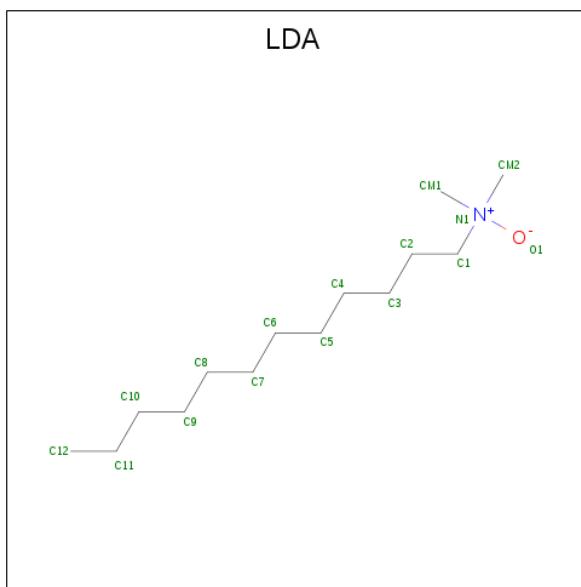
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5071 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ACYL-COA THIOESTERASE II.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	285	Total	C 2253	N 1438	O 397	S 413	5	98	0	0
1	B	285	Total	C 2253	N 1438	O 397	S 413	5	52	0	0

- Molecule 2 is LAURYL DIMETHYLAMINE-N-OXIDE (three-letter code: LDA) (formula: C₁₄H₃₁NO).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	A	1	Total	C 16	N 14	O 1	1	0	0
2	B	1	Total	C 16	N 14	O 1	1	0	0

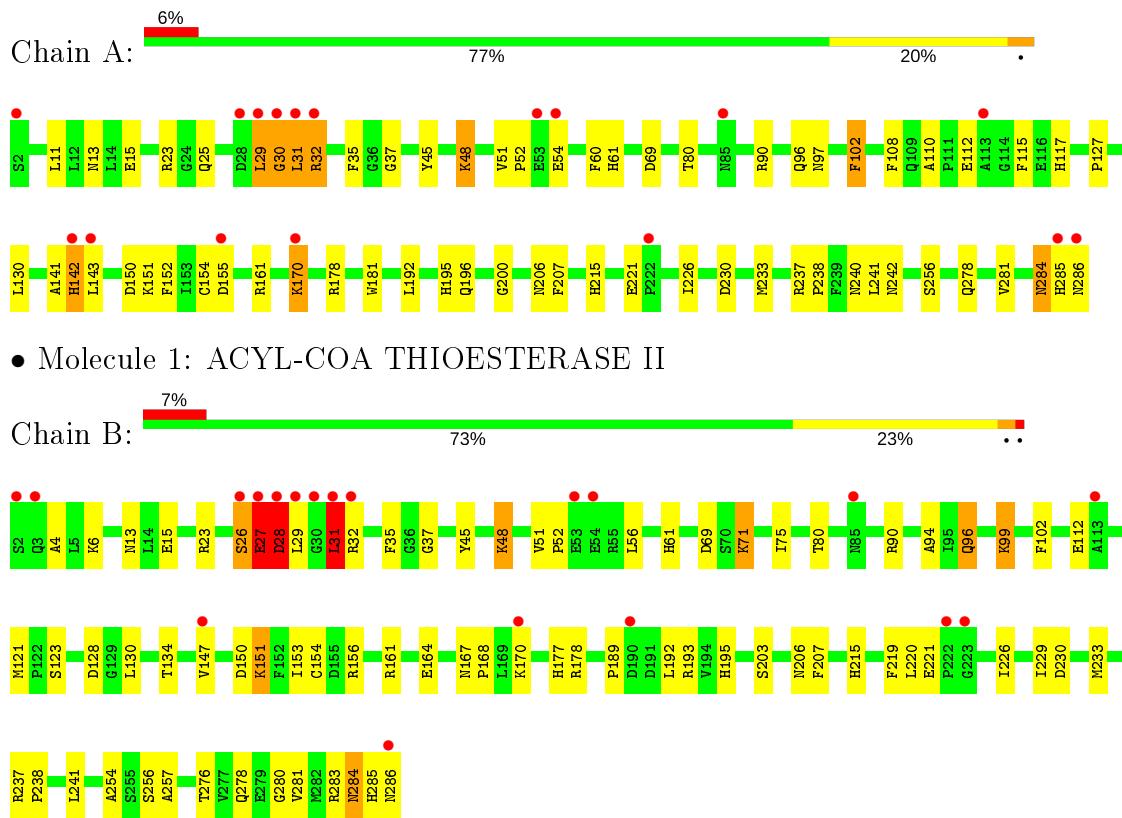
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	274	Total O 274 274	0	0
3	B	259	Total O 259 259	0	0

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: ACYL-COA THIOESTERASE II



4 Data and refinement statistics i

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	95.90 Å 119.81 Å 165.48 Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 1.90 19.99 – 1.90	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.6 (20.00-1.90) 96.1 (19.99-1.90)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle^1$	3.51 (at 1.90 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R , R_{free}	0.218 , 0.248 0.207 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	22.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.648	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.42 , 65.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5071	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	28.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 19.27% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality i

5.1 Standard geometry i

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: LDA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.43	1/2314 (0.0%)	0.72	4/3143 (0.1%)
1	B	0.56	1/2314 (0.0%)	0.94	11/3143 (0.3%)
All	All	0.50	2/4628 (0.0%)	0.84	15/6286 (0.2%)

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	71	LYS	CD-CE	-17.56	1.07	1.51
1	A	32	ARG	CD-NE	-7.42	1.33	1.46

All (15) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	26	SER	O-C-N	16.82	149.62	122.70
1	B	26	SER	CA-C-N	-14.77	84.71	117.20
1	B	71	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	12.86	141.27	111.70
1	B	27	GLU	CA-C-N	-12.51	89.68	117.20
1	B	27	GLU	C-N-CA	12.44	152.79	121.70
1	B	27	GLU	O-C-N	12.19	142.20	122.70
1	A	32	ARG	CA-CB-CG	-10.31	90.73	113.40
1	B	71	LYS	CA-CB-CG	9.79	134.94	113.40
1	A	32	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	8.20	124.40	120.30
1	B	31	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-7.96	96.98	115.30
1	B	28	ASP	CB-CA-C	6.11	122.61	110.40
1	A	29	LEU	CA-C-N	-5.77	104.66	116.20
1	B	151	LYS	N-CA-C	-5.20	96.97	111.00
1	B	29	LEU	N-CA-C	5.09	124.75	111.00
1	A	154	CYS	N-CA-C	5.07	124.69	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2253	0	2209	67	0
1	B	2253	0	2208	75	0
2	A	16	0	31	6	0
2	B	16	0	31	2	0
3	A	274	0	0	4	0
3	B	259	0	0	13	0
All	All	5071	0	4479	132	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 15.

All (132) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:32:ARG:HH21	1:B:71:LYS:CG	1.32	1.39
1:B:32:ARG:NH2	1:B:71:LYS:HG3	1.36	1.36
1:B:32:ARG:NH2	1:B:71:LYS:CG	1.97	1.19
1:A:31:LEU:CD1	2:A:800:LDA:H52	1.78	1.13
1:B:27:GLU:HB2	3:B:812:HOH:O	1.55	1.06
1:A:31:LEU:HD12	2:A:800:LDA:H52	1.32	1.04
1:B:32:ARG:HE	1:B:71:LYS:HG2	1.20	1.00
1:B:69:ASP:H	1:B:96:GLN:HE22	1.11	0.98
1:A:195:HIS:HD2	1:A:241:LEU:H	1.16	0.93
1:B:32:ARG:NE	1:B:71:LYS:HG2	1.83	0.92
1:A:69:ASP:H	1:A:96:GLN:HE22	1.18	0.91
1:B:32:ARG:HH21	1:B:71:LYS:HG3	0.76	0.91
1:B:195:HIS:HD2	1:B:241:LEU:H	1.16	0.90
1:B:167:ASN:HB3	1:B:170:LYS:HG2	1.54	0.89
1:B:27:GLU:OE1	3:B:955:HOH:O	1.91	0.88
1:B:32:ARG:HH21	1:B:71:LYS:HG2	1.38	0.86
1:A:31:LEU:HD11	2:A:800:LDA:H52	1.59	0.82
1:B:32:ARG:HE	1:B:71:LYS:CG	1.92	0.82

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:32:ARG:NE	1:B:71:LYS:CG	2.44	0.81
1:B:32:ARG:NH2	1:B:71:LYS:HG2	1.93	0.79
1:A:32:ARG:HH21	1:A:69:ASP:CG	1.87	0.78
1:B:32:ARG:CZ	1:B:71:LYS:CG	2.51	0.77
1:B:27:GLU:CB	3:B:812:HOH:O	2.20	0.76
1:A:32:ARG:NH2	1:A:69:ASP:OD1	2.20	0.74
1:A:285:HIS:O	1:A:286:ASN:HB2	1.85	0.74
1:A:170:LYS:HE2	1:A:170:LYS:HA	1.70	0.72
1:A:195:HIS:CD2	1:A:241:LEU:H	2.06	0.72
1:A:60:PHE:CZ	1:A:233:MET:HE3	2.26	0.71
1:B:32:ARG:CZ	1:B:71:LYS:HG2	2.16	0.70
1:B:178:ARG:HH11	1:B:206:ASN:HD22	1.40	0.70
1:B:195:HIS:CD2	1:B:241:LEU:H	2.06	0.70
1:A:170:LYS:O	1:A:221:GLU:OE2	2.11	0.68
1:B:170:LYS:O	1:B:221:GLU:OE2	2.12	0.68
1:B:27:GLU:HB3	1:B:28:ASP:CA	2.12	0.63
1:A:112:GLU:CD	1:B:283:ARG:HH22	2.03	0.61
1:A:51:VAL:HG13	1:A:52:PRO:HD2	1.81	0.61
1:A:178:ARG:HH11	1:A:206:ASN:HD22	1.49	0.61
1:A:45:TYR:O	1:A:48:LYS:HG3	2.00	0.60
1:A:11:LEU:CD1	1:A:25:GLN:HB2	2.31	0.60
1:A:29:LEU:CD1	3:A:1048:HOH:O	2.50	0.60
1:A:29:LEU:HD11	3:A:1048:HOH:O	2.02	0.60
1:B:26:SER:O	3:B:812:HOH:O	2.16	0.60
1:B:229:ILE:HG13	1:B:280:GLY:HA2	1.84	0.59
1:A:61:HIS:CE1	1:B:230:ASP:HB2	2.38	0.59
1:B:121:MET:HE3	3:B:1031:HOH:O	2.03	0.58
1:A:61:HIS:HE1	1:B:230:ASP:HB2	1.68	0.58
1:B:56:LEU:HD21	1:B:193:ARG:NH1	2.18	0.58
1:A:256:SER:HA	1:B:112:GLU:O	2.04	0.58
1:A:29:LEU:HD12	3:A:1024:HOH:O	2.03	0.57
1:A:142:HIS:O	1:A:143:LEU:HG	2.05	0.57
1:A:69:ASP:H	1:A:96:GLN:NE2	1.95	0.57
1:A:11:LEU:HD11	1:A:25:GLN:HB2	1.86	0.56
1:B:230:ASP:O	1:B:278:GLN:HG3	2.06	0.56
1:A:170:LYS:CA	1:A:170:LYS:HE2	2.37	0.55
1:B:167:ASN:HB3	1:B:170:LYS:CG	2.29	0.55
1:A:226:ILE:HA	1:A:281:VAL:O	2.06	0.55
1:B:15:GLU:OE1	1:B:23:ARG:HD2	2.06	0.55
1:A:237:ARG:HB3	1:A:238:PRO:HD2	1.89	0.55
1:A:31:LEU:HD11	2:A:800:LDA:C7	2.36	0.54

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:285:HIS:O	1:A:286:ASN:CB	2.54	0.54
1:B:284:ASN:C	1:B:284:ASN:HD22	2.10	0.53
1:A:178:ARG:HH11	1:A:206:ASN:ND2	2.06	0.53
1:A:60:PHE:CE2	1:A:233:MET:HE3	2.42	0.53
1:A:141:ALA:O	1:A:143:LEU:N	2.41	0.53
1:B:99:LYS:NZ	1:B:99:LYS:HB2	2.23	0.53
1:A:230:ASP:HB2	1:B:61:HIS:HE1	1.74	0.53
1:A:45:TYR:CD1	1:A:48:LYS:HE3	2.43	0.53
1:A:32:ARG:NH2	1:A:69:ASP:CG	2.58	0.52
1:B:51:VAL:HG13	1:B:52:PRO:HD2	1.90	0.52
1:A:117:HIS:CE1	1:B:254:ALA:HB2	2.45	0.52
1:B:56:LEU:HD13	1:B:192:LEU:HD23	1.90	0.51
1:A:35:PHE:CE2	1:A:37:GLY:HA3	2.46	0.50
1:A:230:ASP:HB2	1:B:61:HIS:CE1	2.46	0.50
1:B:193:ARG:HD3	3:B:919:HOH:O	2.10	0.50
1:B:164:GLU:HG3	3:B:1005:HOH:O	2.12	0.50
1:A:230:ASP:O	1:A:278:GLN:HG3	2.13	0.49
1:B:75:ILE:N	1:B:75:ILE:HD12	2.27	0.49
1:A:29:LEU:O	1:A:30:GLY:O	2.31	0.49
1:B:35:PHE:CE2	1:B:37:GLY:HA3	2.49	0.48
1:A:80:THR:HA	1:A:90:ARG:HD3	1.95	0.48
1:A:170:LYS:HE2	1:A:170:LYS:O	2.14	0.47
1:B:168:PRO:HB3	1:B:219:PHE:CE1	2.49	0.47
1:B:56:LEU:HD21	1:B:193:ARG:HH11	1.79	0.47
1:B:56:LEU:CD2	1:B:193:ARG:HH11	2.27	0.47
1:A:31:LEU:HD11	2:A:800:LDA:C5	2.38	0.47
1:A:31:LEU:HD11	2:A:800:LDA:H72	1.96	0.47
1:B:285:HIS:O	1:B:286:ASN:HB2	2.14	0.47
1:B:178:ARG:HH11	1:B:206:ASN:ND2	2.10	0.47
1:B:226:ILE:HA	1:B:281:VAL:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:127:PRO:HB3	1:A:181:TRP:CG	2.51	0.46
1:A:200:GLY:HA2	1:A:233:MET:HE1	1.96	0.46
1:A:284:ASN:HD22	1:A:284:ASN:C	2.17	0.46
1:B:45:TYR:O	1:B:48:LYS:HG3	2.16	0.46
1:B:134:THR:HG21	3:B:894:HOH:O	2.15	0.45
1:B:130:LEU:O	1:B:161:ARG:HD3	2.15	0.45
1:B:94:ALA:HB3	1:B:102:PHE:HB3	1.98	0.45
1:B:233:MET:HB2	1:B:233:MET:HE3	1.47	0.45
1:A:69:ASP:N	1:A:96:GLN:HE22	2.00	0.45
1:B:80:THR:HA	1:B:90:ARG:HD3	1.98	0.45
1:B:256:SER:O	1:B:257:ALA:HB3	2.16	0.44

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:15:GLU:OE1	1:A:23:ARG:HD2	2.17	0.44
1:A:11:LEU:HD12	1:A:25:GLN:HB2	1.99	0.44
1:A:115:PHE:CZ	1:B:284:ASN:HB2	2.53	0.44
1:B:237:ARG:HB3	1:B:238:PRO:HD2	1.99	0.44
1:B:75:ILE:N	1:B:75:ILE:CD1	2.81	0.43
1:A:192:LEU:O	1:A:196:GLN:HG3	2.17	0.43
1:B:203:SER:OG	1:B:233:MET:CE	2.66	0.43
1:A:60:PHE:CD1	1:A:60:PHE:C	2.92	0.43
1:B:189:PRO:O	1:B:195:HIS:HE1	2.01	0.43
1:B:203:SER:OG	1:B:233:MET:HE1	2.19	0.42
2:B:801:LDA:HM13	3:B:825:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:117:HIS:ND1	1:B:215:HIS:HE1	2.17	0.42
1:A:32:ARG:HG2	1:A:32:ARG:O	2.10	0.42
1:A:112:GLU:OE1	1:B:283:ARG:NH2	2.48	0.42
1:B:177:HIS:HD2	3:B:994:HOH:O	2.03	0.42
1:A:96:GLN:O	1:A:97:ASN:HB2	2.20	0.41
1:B:69:ASP:H	1:B:96:GLN:NE2	1.95	0.41
1:B:123:SER:HA	3:B:1031:HOH:O	2.19	0.41
1:B:220:LEU:HA	1:B:220:LEU:HD23	1.85	0.41
1:A:115:PHE:HZ	1:B:284:ASN:HB2	1.85	0.41
1:A:102:PHE:C	1:A:102:PHE:CD2	2.94	0.41
1:A:240:ASN:OD1	1:A:242:ASN:HB2	2.19	0.41
1:B:156:ARG:HD2	3:B:849:HOH:O	2.19	0.41
1:B:220:LEU:HD11	2:B:801:LDA:H61	2.02	0.41
1:A:215:HIS:HD2	3:A:930:HOH:O	2.04	0.41
1:A:142:HIS:O	1:A:143:LEU:CG	2.69	0.41
1:B:4:ALA:HB3	3:B:881:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:54:GLU:HG2	1:A:110:ALA:HB1	2.02	0.41
1:B:233:MET:HG3	1:B:276:THR:HG22	2.03	0.40
1:A:108:PHE:CD1	1:A:108:PHE:N	2.89	0.40
1:A:130:LEU:O	1:A:161:ARG:HD3	2.20	0.40
1:B:27:GLU:HB3	1:B:28:ASP:HA	2.00	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries

of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	283/285 (99%)	271 (96%)	7 (2%)	5 (2%)	8 2
1	B	283/285 (99%)	273 (96%)	5 (2%)	5 (2%)	8 2
All	All	566/570 (99%)	544 (96%)	12 (2%)	10 (2%)	8 2

All (10) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	30	GLY
1	B	27	GLU
1	B	153	ILE
1	A	142	HIS
1	A	155	ASP
1	B	151	LYS
1	B	28	ASP
1	B	31	LEU
1	A	31	LEU
1	A	151	LYS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	242/242 (100%)	234 (97%)	8 (3%)	38 29
1	B	242/242 (100%)	228 (94%)	14 (6%)	20 10
All	All	484/484 (100%)	462 (96%)	22 (4%)	27 18

All (22) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	13	ASN
1	A	48	LYS

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	102	PHE
1	A	150	ASP
1	A	152	PHE
1	A	170	LYS
1	A	207	PHE
1	A	284	ASN
1	B	6	LYS
1	B	13	ASN
1	B	27	GLU
1	B	28	ASP
1	B	31	LEU
1	B	48	LYS
1	B	96	GLN
1	B	99	LYS
1	B	128	ASP
1	B	147	VAL
1	B	150	ASP
1	B	154	CYS
1	B	207	PHE
1	B	284	ASN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (23) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	3	GLN
1	A	7	ASN
1	A	13	ASN
1	A	33	GLN
1	A	85	ASN
1	A	96	GLN
1	A	195	HIS
1	A	206	ASN
1	A	215	HIS
1	A	268	GLN
1	A	284	ASN
1	B	3	GLN
1	B	7	ASN
1	B	13	ASN
1	B	33	GLN
1	B	85	ASN
1	B	96	GLN
1	B	177	HIS

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	195	HIS
1	B	206	ASN
1	B	215	HIS
1	B	268	GLN
1	B	284	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [\(i\)](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [\(i\)](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [\(i\)](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [\(i\)](#)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	LDA	A	800	-	12,15,15	2.22	1 (8%)	14,17,17	1.82	4 (28%)
2	LDA	B	801	-	12,15,15	2.44	1 (8%)	14,17,17	1.88	5 (35%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	LDA	A	800	-	-	8/13/13/13	-
2	LDA	B	801	-	-	8/13/13/13	-

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	801	LDA	O1-N1	-8.23	1.22	1.42
2	A	800	LDA	O1-N1	-7.49	1.24	1.42

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	801	LDA	CM2-N1-C1	3.66	117.92	110.23
2	A	800	LDA	CM2-N1-C1	3.43	117.44	110.23
2	A	800	LDA	O1-N1-C1	3.19	117.09	109.27
2	B	801	LDA	O1-N1-C1	2.97	116.57	109.27
2	A	800	LDA	CM1-N1-C1	-2.64	104.70	110.23
2	B	801	LDA	C9-C8-C7	-2.59	101.30	114.42
2	B	801	LDA	C6-C5-C4	-2.32	102.65	114.42
2	A	800	LDA	C9-C8-C7	-2.31	102.71	114.42
2	B	801	LDA	CM1-N1-C1	-2.06	105.91	110.23

There are no chirality outliers.

All (16) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	801	LDA	C2-C1-N1-CM1
2	B	801	LDA	C2-C1-N1-CM2
2	B	801	LDA	C4-C5-C6-C7
2	B	801	LDA	C11-C10-C9-C8
2	A	800	LDA	C4-C5-C6-C7
2	A	800	LDA	C6-C7-C8-C9
2	A	800	LDA	C2-C3-C4-C5
2	B	801	LDA	C1-C2-C3-C4
2	B	801	LDA	C2-C3-C4-C5
2	B	801	LDA	C9-C10-C11-C12
2	A	800	LDA	C11-C10-C9-C8
2	A	800	LDA	C1-C2-C3-C4
2	A	800	LDA	C2-C1-N1-CM1
2	A	800	LDA	C2-C1-N1-CM2
2	A	800	LDA	C2-C1-N1-O1
2	B	801	LDA	C2-C1-N1-O1

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 8 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	800	LDA	6	0
2	B	801	LDA	2	0

5.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [\(i\)](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data i

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains i

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	273/285 (95%)	0.12	17 (6%) 20 23	16, 25, 40, 59	1 (0%)
1	B	279/285 (97%)	0.27	19 (6%) 17 19	16, 26, 45, 77	1 (0%)
All	All	552/570 (96%)	0.19	36 (6%) 18 21	16, 25, 42, 77	2 (0%)

All (36) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	29	LEU	11.9
1	A	29	LEU	8.0
1	B	286	ASN	7.8
1	A	286	ASN	7.0
1	A	31	LEU	6.8
1	B	2	SER	6.6
1	B	30	GLY	5.7
1	B	32	ARG	5.7
1	B	31	LEU	5.6
1	A	2	SER	4.9
1	A	32	ARG	4.3
1	B	28	ASP	3.9
1	B	223	GLY	3.8
1	A	155	ASP	3.8
1	B	147	VAL	3.4
1	B	190	ASP	3.3
1	B	222	PRO	3.3
1	A	143	LEU	3.2
1	A	30	GLY	3.2
1	A	113	ALA	3.1
1	A	85	ASN	3.0
1	A	53	GLU	2.7
1	B	26	SER	2.7
1	B	53	GLU	2.6

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	85	ASN	2.6
1	A	142	HIS	2.6
1	B	170	LYS	2.6
1	B	113	ALA	2.6
1	A	285	HIS	2.5
1	A	28	ASP	2.5
1	A	170	LYS	2.4
1	B	27	GLU	2.3
1	B	3	GLN	2.2
1	B	54	GLU	2.2
1	A	54	GLU	2.0
1	A	222	PRO	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [\(i\)](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [\(i\)](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	LDA	B	801	16/16	0.60	0.48	72,75,80,81	0
2	LDA	A	800	16/16	0.62	0.28	45,49,54,55	0

6.5 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.