

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Sep 26, 2023 – 06:14 PM EDT

PDB ID : 6C5M

Title : Structure of glycolipid aGSA[8,9] in complex with mouse CD1d

Authors: Zajonc, D.M.; Wang, J.

Deposited on : 2018-01-16

Resolution : 2.45 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35.1buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

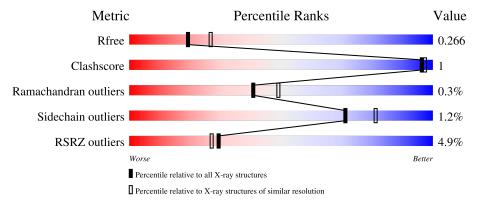
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.45 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{A})}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	1544 (2.48-2.44)
Clashscore	141614	1613 (2.48-2.44)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1598 (2.48-2.44)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1598 (2.48-2.44)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1523 (2.48-2.44)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality o	f chain
1	A	285	89%	• 6%
2	В	99	96%	••
3	С	2	100%	
4	D	6	17%	83%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3221 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Antigen-presenting glycoprotein CD1d1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	267	Total	С	N	О	S	0	2	0
1	A	207	2163	1380	370	400	13			

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	280	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0R4J090
A	281	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0R4J090
A	282	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0R4J090
A	283	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0R4J090
A	284	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0R4J090
A	285	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0R4J090

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Beta-2-microglobulin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	R	98	Total	С	N	О	S	0	2	0
		90	818	522	138	151	7			U

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	С	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[al

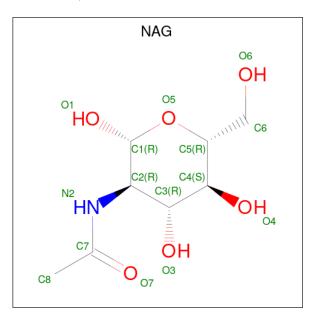


pha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	D	6	Total C N O 71 40 2 29	0	0	0

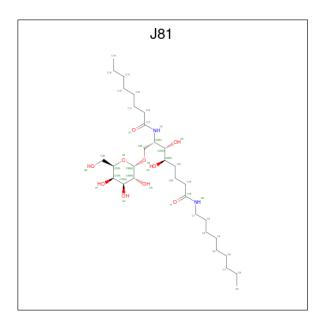
• Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



M	[ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
ļ	Õ	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

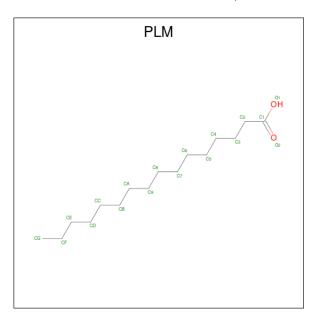
• Molecule 6 is (5R,6S,7S)-5,6-dihydroxy-N-nonyl-7-(octanoylamino)-8-{[(2S,3R,4S,5R,6R)-3, 4,5-trihydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl]oxy}octanamide (non-preferred name) (three-letter code: J81) (formula: $C_{31}H_{60}N_2O_{10}$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total 43	C 31	N 2	O 10	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 7 is PALMITIC ACID (three-letter code: PLM) (formula: $\mathrm{C_{16}H_{32}O_2}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total 18	C 16	O 2	0	0

• Molecule 8 is water.



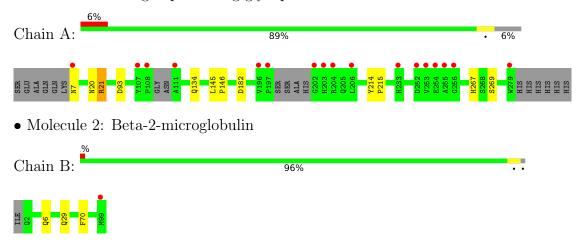
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	43	Total O 43 43	0	0
8	В	23	Total O 23 23	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.





• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C: 100%

 $\bullet \ \, Molecule \ 4: \ alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)] beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)] beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)] 2-acetamid o-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)] 2-acetamid o-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (1-6)] 2-acetamid o-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (1-6)] 2-acetamid o-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (1-6)] 3-acetamid o-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyra$

Chain D: 17% 83%



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	41.58Å 98.35Å 55.40Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 106.31° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	39.90 - 2.45	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	39.90 - 2.45	EDS
% Data completeness	92.8 (39.90-2.45)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	92.8 (39.90-2.45)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.26 (at 2.45Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0158	Depositor
D D.	0.199 , 0.259	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.203 , 0.266	DCC
R_{free} test set	733 reflections (4.99%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	38.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.077	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35 , 31.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	3221	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	41.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.92% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, MAN, J81, FUC, BMA, PLM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.41	0/2224	0.62	0/3021	
2	В	0.41	0/850	0.61	0/1153	
All	All	0.41	0/3074	0.62	0/4174	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2163	0	2067	5	0
2	В	818	0	788	1	0
3	С	28	0	25	0	0
4	D	71	0	61	0	0
5	A	14	0	13	0	0
6	A	43	0	0	0	0
7	A	18	0	31	0	0
8	A	43	0	0	1	0
8	В	23	0	0	0	0
All	All	3221	0	2985	6	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including



hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 6 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:20:ASN:O	1:A:21:ARG:HB3	2.16	0.46
1:A:145:LEU:HB3	1:A:146:PRO:HD3	1.98	0.45
1:A:267:HIS:HD2	1:A:269:SER:OG	2.01	0.43
1:A:134:GLN:NE2	8:A:403:HOH:O	2.40	0.43
2:B:6[A]:GLN:HG2	2:B:29[A]:GLN:OE1	2.21	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	$263/285 \ (92\%)$	257 (98%)	5 (2%)	1 (0%)	34 41		
2	В	98/99~(99%)	95 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100 100		
All	All	361/384 (94%)	352 (98%)	8 (2%)	1 (0%)	41 49		

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
1	A	21	ARG	

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	235/249~(94%)	232 (99%)	3 (1%)	69 79		
2	В	93/93 (100%)	92 (99%)	1 (1%)	73 82		
All	All	328/342 (96%)	324 (99%)	4 (1%)	71 81		

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	7	ASN
1	A	93	ASP
1	A	182	ASP
2	В	70	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
1	A	267	HIS	

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

8 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mol	Mol Type Chain Res		Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
Ī	3	NAG	С	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.35	0	17,19,21	1.80	2 (11%)



Mol	Tuna	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAG	С	2	3	14,14,15	0.37	0	17,19,21	1.15	2 (11%)
4	NAG	D	1	1,4	14,14,15	0.45	0	17,19,21	1.19	3 (17%)
4	NAG	D	2	4	14,14,15	0.31	0	17,19,21	1.16	1 (5%)
4	BMA	D	3	4	11,11,12	0.55	0	15,15,17	1.10	1 (6%)
4	MAN	D	4	4	11,11,12	0.38	0	15,15,17	0.98	1 (6%)
4	MAN	D	5	4	11,11,12	0.32	0	15,15,17	1.08	2 (13%)
4	FUC	D	6	4	10,10,11	0.53	0	14,14,16	0.96	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	1	1,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	D	3	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	D	4	4	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	D	5	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	FUC	D	6	4	-	-	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 12 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	С	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	6.43	120.90	112.19
4	D	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.30	116.66	112.19
4	D	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	3.09	116.38	112.19
3	С	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.80	115.12	111.02
4	D	5	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.77	115.94	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	С	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	С	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

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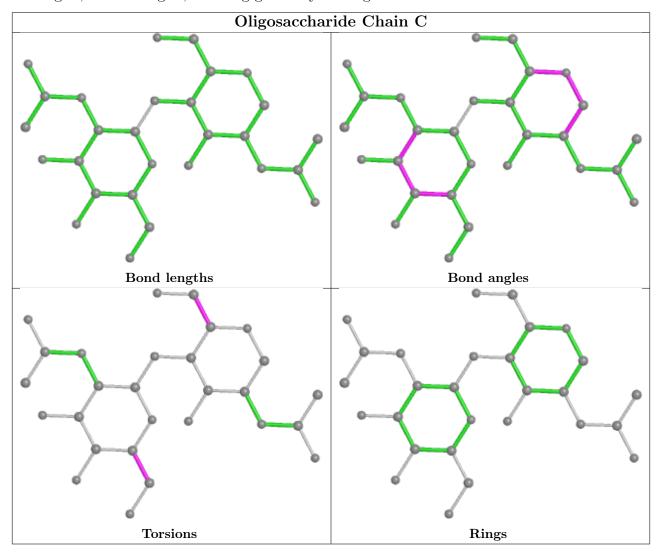
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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	С	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	D	4	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	С	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

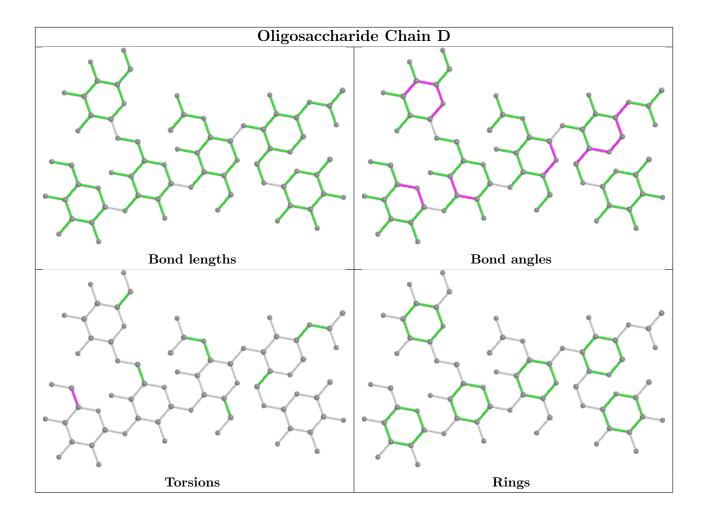
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.







5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
				DIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
5	NAG	A	301	1	14,14,15	0.45	0	17,19,21	1.18	1 (5%)	
6	J81	A	302	-	43,43,43	0.72	1 (2%)	49,53,53	1.10	3 (6%)	
7	PLM	A	303	_	17,17,17	0.50	0	17,17,17	0.73	0	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the



Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	A	301	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	J81	A	302	-	-	8/42/62/62	0/1/1/1
7	PLM	A	303	ı	-	7/15/15/15	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	Ideal(A)
6	A	302	J81	O5-C28	2.62	1.44	1.40

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
5	A	301	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.76	117.28	112.19
6	A	302	J81	C2-C3-C4	-2.52	101.62	114.42
6	A	302	J81	O8-C26-C27	-2.23	103.64	111.29
6	A	302	J81	C10-C17-N1	-2.18	112.06	115.83

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 15 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	A	303	PLM	C2-C3-C4-C5
7	A	303	PLM	C3-C4-C5-C6
6	A	302	J81	C12-C13-C14-C15
7	A	303	PLM	C4-C5-C6-C7
7	A	303	PLM	C7-C8-C9-CA

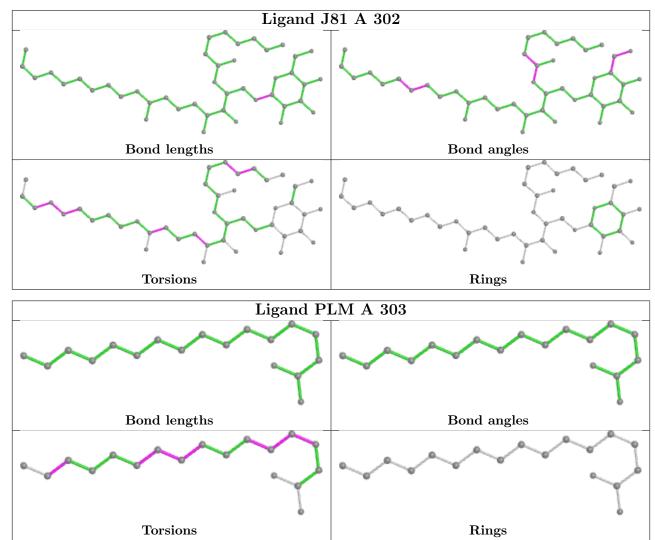
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier.



The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	$267/285 \ (93\%)$	0.12	17 (6%) 19 16	23, 37, 71, 101	0
2	В	98/99 (98%)	-0.19	1 (1%) 82 83	27, 36, 57, 59	0
All	All	365/384~(95%)	0.04	18 (4%) 29 27	23, 37, 66, 101	0

The worst 5 of 18 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	202	GLY	7.4
1	A	108	PRO	5.2
1	A	196	VAL	5.1
1	A	253	VAL	4.4
1	A	204	ARG	4.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.82	0.23	65,71,80,81	0
4	MAN	D	4	11/12	0.87	0.17	66,69,73,73	0
4	MAN	D	5	11/12	0.92	0.17	46,48,50,50	0
4	FUC	D	6	10/11	0.92	0.12	40,43,44,46	0
4	BMA	D	3	11/12	0.93	0.10	49,53,57,62	0

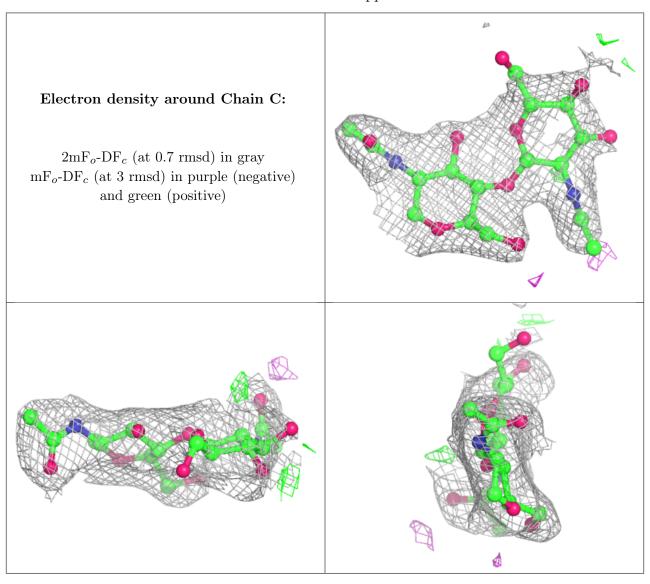
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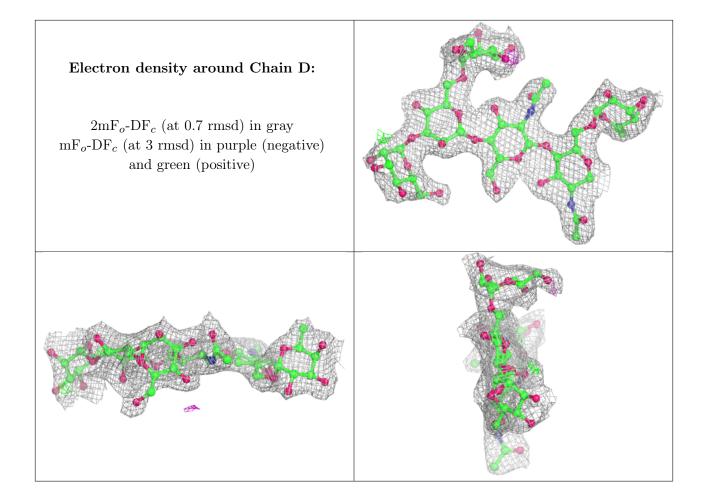
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.95	0.11	42,45,46,50	0
4	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.96	0.11	31,33,38,40	0
3	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.96	0.13	47,49,52,60	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







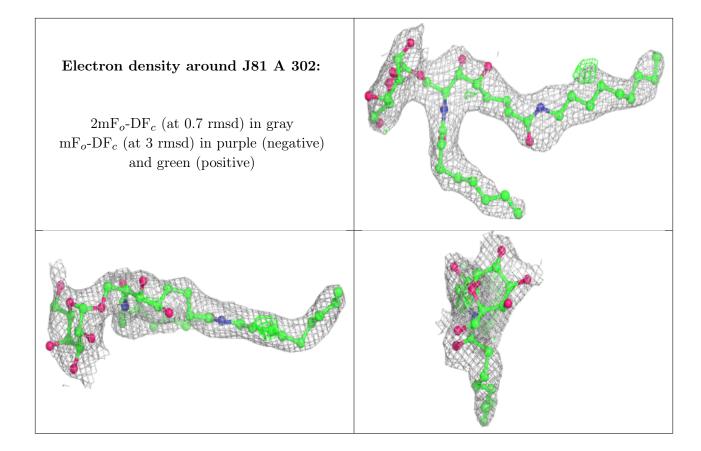
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

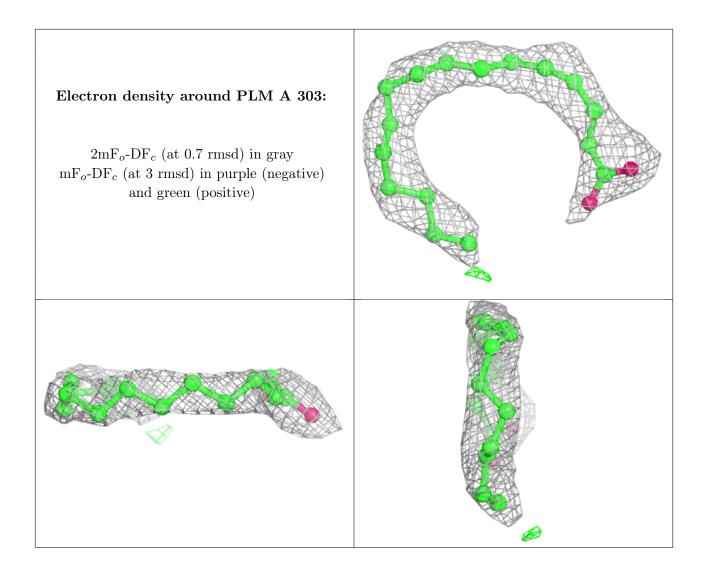
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
5	NAG	A	301	14/15	0.77	0.25	71,77,81,83	0
6	J81	A	302	43/43	0.87	0.20	49,60,68,69	0
7	PLM	A	303	18/18	0.87	0.27	53,54,62,63	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.









6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

