# wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report

Feb 20, 2025 – 11:50 AM EST

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| PDB ID | : | 7C4V |
| EMDB ID | : | EMD-30289 |
| Title | : | MicroED structure of anorthic Vancomycin at 1.05 A resolution |
| Authors | : | Fan, Q.; Zhou, H.; Li, X.; Wang, J. |
| Deposited on | : | 2020-05-18 |
| Resolution | : | 1.05 Å(reported) |
| Based on initial model | : | 1FVM |

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

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The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

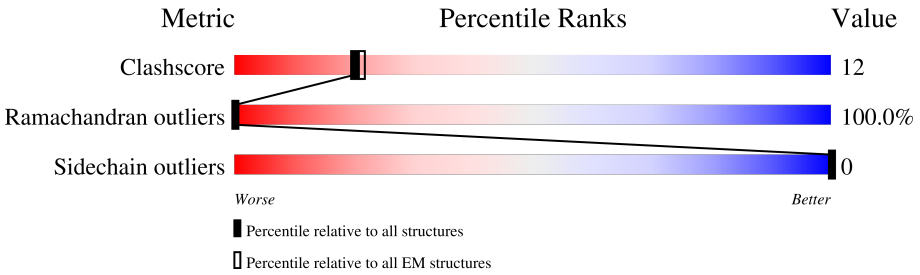
| | | |
|---|---|---|
| EMDB validation analysis | : | 0.0.1.dev117 |
| Mogul | : | 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022) |
| MolProbity | : | 4.02b-467 |
| Percentile statistics | : | 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023) |
| MapQ | : | NOT EXECUTED |
| Ideal geometry (proteins) | : | Engh & Huber (2001) |
| Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) | : | Parkinson et al. (1996) |
| Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) | : | 2.41.4 |

# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
*ELECTRON CRYSTALLOGRAPHY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.05 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.




| Metric | Whole archive (#Entries) | EM structures (#Entries) |
|---|---|---|
| Clashscore | 210492 | 15764 |
| Ramachandran outliers | 207382 | 16835 |
| Sidechain outliers | 206894 | 16415 |

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

| Mol | Chain | Length | Quality of chain |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | A | 7 | 71% 29% |
| 1 | B | 7 | 14% 100% |
| 2 | C | 2 | 100% |
| 2 | D | 2 | 50% 100% |

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

| Mol | Type | Chain | Res | Chirality | Geometry | Clashes | Electron density |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | MLU | B | 1 | - | X | - | - |

# 2 Entry composition (i)

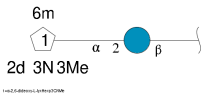
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 246 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Vancomycin.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | | | | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | A | 7 | Total | C | Cl | N | O | 0 | 0 |
| | | | 80 | 53 | 2 | 8 | 17 | | |
| 1 | B | 7 | Total | C | Cl | N | O | 0 | 0 |
| | | | 80 | 53 | 2 | 8 | 17 | | |

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called vancosamine-(1-2)-beta-D-glucopyranose.




| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | | | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | C | 2 | Total | C | N | O | 0 | 0 |
| | | | 21 | 13 | 1 | 7 | | |
| 2 | D | 2 | Total | C | N | O | 0 | 0 |
| | | | 21 | 13 | 1 | 7 | | |

- Molecule 3 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | AltConf |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | A | 1 | Total | Cl | 0 |
| | | | 1 | 1 | |

- Molecule 4 is water.

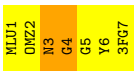
| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | AltConf |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4 | A | 20 | Total | O | 0 |
| | | | 20 | 20 | |
| 4 | B | 23 | Total | O | 0 |
| | | | 23 | 23 | |

# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

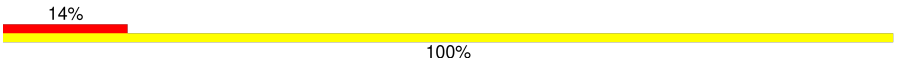
- Molecule 1: Vancomycin

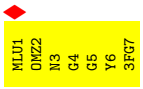
Chain A:


- Molecule 1: Vancomycin

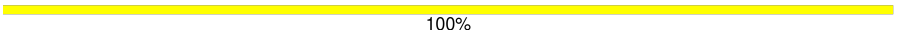
Chain B:




- Molecule 2: vancosamine-(1-2)-beta-D-glucopyranose

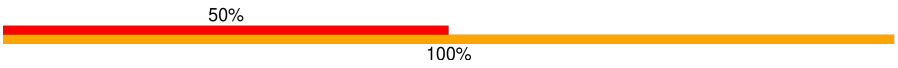
Chain C:





- Molecule 2: vancosamine-(1-2)-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D:




# 4 Experimental information (i)

| Property | Value | Source |
|---|---|---|
| EM reconstruction method | CRYSTALLOGRAPHY | Depositor |
| Imposed symmetry | 3D CRYSTAL, $a$=13.97 Å, $b$=18.55 Å, $c$=23.86 Å, $\alpha$=109.52°, $\beta$=97.33°, $\gamma$=106.58°, space group=P 1 | Depositor |
| Number of images used | Not provided | |
| Resolution determination method | DIFFRACTION PATTERN/LAYERLINES | Depositor |
| CTF correction method | NONE | Depositor |
| Microscope | FEI TECNAI F20 | Depositor |
| Voltage (kV) | 200 | Depositor |
| Electron dose ($e^-$/Å$^2$) | 0.0286 | Depositor |
| Minimum defocus (nm) | Not provided | |
| Maximum defocus (nm) | Not provided | |
| Magnification | Not provided | |
| Image detector | GATAN ULTRASCAN 4000 (4k x 4k) | Depositor |
| Maximum map value | 12.975 | Depositor |
| Minimum map value | -2.182 | Depositor |
| Average map value | 0.011 | Depositor |
| Map value standard deviation | 1.003 | Depositor |
| Recommended contour level | 1.6 | Depositor |
| Map size (Å) | 54.327003, 32.0788, 43.979004 | wwPDB |
| Map dimensions | 170, 124, 210 | wwPDB |
| Map angles (°) | 109.517, 97.327, 106.58 | wwPDB |
| Pixel spacing (Å) | 0.2587, 0.2587, 0.2587 | Depositor |

# 5 Model quality

## 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MLU, 3FG, BGC, CL, GHP, OMY, RER, OMZ

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

| Mol | Chain | Bond lengths | | Bond angles | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | RMSZ | $\#\|Z\| > 5$ | RMSZ | $\#\|Z\| > 5$ |
| 1 | A | 1.06 | 0/7 | 1.33 | 0/8 |
| 1 | B | 1.31 | 0/7 | 1.64 | 0/8 |
| All | All | 1.19 | 0/14 | 1.49 | 0/16 |

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

| Mol | Chain | Non-H | H(model) | H(added) | Clashes | Symm-Clashes |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | A | 80 | 0 | 43 | 2 | 0 |
| 1 | B | 80 | 0 | 42 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | C | 21 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | D | 21 | 0 | 22 | 2 | 0 |
| 3 | A | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 4 | A | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 4 | B | 23 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| All | All | 246 | 0 | 129 | 4 | 2 |

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

All (4) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

| Atom-1 | Atom-2 | Interatomic distance (Å) | Clash overlap (Å) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2:D:1:BGC:O6 | 2:D:1:BGC:O4 | 2.23 | 0.55 |
| 1:A:4:GHP:HA | 3:A:101:CL:CL | 2.47 | 0.52 |
| 1:A:3:ASN:C | 1:A:4:GHP:H6 | 2.28 | 0.52 |
| 4:B:123:HOH:O | 2:D:2:RER:N3 | 2.35 | 0.40 |

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

| Atom-1 | Atom-2 | Interatomic distance (Å) | Clash overlap (Å) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4:A:201:HOH:O | 4:B:113:HOH:O[1_655] | 2.15 | 0.05 |
| 4:B:107:HOH:O | 4:B:112:HOH:O[1_455] | 2.16 | 0.04 |

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

| Mol | Chain | Analysed | Favoured | Allowed | Outliers | Percentiles |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | A | 1/7 (14%) | 0 | 0 | 1 (100%) | 0 0 |
| 1 | B | 1/7 (14%) | 0 | 0 | 1 (100%) | 0 0 |
| All | All | 2/14 (14%) | 0 | 0 | 2 (100%) | 0 0 |

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | A | 3 | ASN |
| 1 | B | 3 | ASN |

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

| Mol | Chain | Analysed | Rotameric | Outliers | Percentiles | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | A | 1/1 (100%) | 1 (100%) | 0 | 100 | 100 |
| 1 | B | 1/1 (100%) | 1 (100%) | 0 | 100 | 100 |
| All | All | 2/2 (100%) | 2 (100%) | 0 | 100 | 100 |

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

12 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

| Mol | Type | Chain | Res | Link | Bond lengths | | | Bond angles | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | Counts | RMSZ | $\#\|Z\| > 2$ | Counts | RMSZ | $\#\|Z\| > 2$ |
| 1 | GHP | B | 4 | 2,1 | 10,11,12 | 2.62 | 4 (40%) | 11,14,16 | 1.00 | 1 (9%) |
| 1 | OMZ | A | 2 | 1 | 12,14,15 | 2.99 | 5 (41%) | 17,19,21 | 1.33 | 2 (11%) |
| 1 | GHP | A | 4 | 2,1 | 10,11,12 | 2.25 | 3 (30%) | 11,14,16 | 1.13 | 0 |
| 1 | GHP | B | 5 | 1 | 10,11,12 | 3.12 | 2 (20%) | 11,14,16 | 1.12 | 0 |
| 1 | 3FG | A | 7 | 1 | 12,13,13 | 2.54 | 3 (25%) | 14,18,18 | 1.27 | 2 (14%) |
| 1 | MLU | A | 1 | 1 | 7,8,9 | 1.33 | 2 (28%) | 7,9,11 | 1.85 | 3 (42%) |

| Mol | Type | Chain | Res | Link | Bond lengths | | | Bond angles | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | Counts | RMSZ | $\#\|Z\|>2$ | Counts | RMSZ | $\#\|Z\|>2$ |
| 1 | OMY | A | 6 | 1 | 12,14,15 | 1.57 | 2 (16%) | 17,19,21 | 2.66 | 6 (35%) |
| 1 | OMY | B | 6 | 1 | 12,14,15 | 1.52 | 1 (8%) | 17,19,21 | 3.58 | 9 (52%) |
| 1 | 3FG | B | 7 | 1 | 12,13,13 | 2.22 | 2 (16%) | 14,18,18 | 1.28 | 2 (14%) |
| 1 | MLU | B | 1 | 1 | 7,8,9 | 1.72 | 3 (42%) | 7,9,11 | 2.26 | 3 (42%) |
| 1 | GHP | A | 5 | 1 | 10,11,12 | 2.54 | 3 (30%) | 11,14,16 | 1.52 | 2 (18%) |
| 1 | OMZ | B | 2 | 1 | 12,14,15 | 1.97 | 2 (16%) | 17,19,21 | 1.27 | 2 (11%) |

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

| Mol | Type | Chain | Res | Link | Chirals | Torsions | Rings |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | GHP | B | 4 | 2,1 | - | 0/4/6/8 | 0/1/1/1 |
| 1 | OMZ | A | 2 | 1 | - | 1/9/10/12 | 0/1/1/1 |
| 1 | GHP | A | 4 | 2,1 | - | 0/4/6/8 | 0/1/1/1 |
| 1 | GHP | B | 5 | 1 | - | 0/4/6/8 | 0/1/1/1 |
| 1 | 3FG | A | 7 | 1 | - | 2/8/8/8 | 0/1/1/1 |
| 1 | MLU | A | 1 | 1 | - | 0/5/8/10 | - |
| 1 | OMY | A | 6 | 1 | - | 1/9/10/12 | 0/1/1/1 |
| 1 | OMY | B | 6 | 1 | - | 1/9/10/12 | 0/1/1/1 |
| 1 | 3FG | B | 7 | 1 | - | 2/8/8/8 | 0/1/1/1 |
| 1 | MLU | B | 1 | 1 | - | 4/5/8/10 | - |
| 1 | GHP | A | 5 | 1 | - | 0/4/6/8 | 0/1/1/1 |
| 1 | OMZ | B | 2 | 1 | - | 1/9/10/12 | 0/1/1/1 |

The worst 5 of 32 bond length outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms | Z | Observed(Å) | Ideal(Å) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | B | 5 | GHP | C1-CA | -9.13 | 1.43 | 1.52 |
| 1 | A | 7 | 3FG | CB-CA | -7.27 | 1.44 | 1.52 |
| 1 | A | 5 | GHP | C1-CA | -6.88 | 1.45 | 1.52 |
| 1 | B | 4 | GHP | C1-CA | -5.81 | 1.46 | 1.52 |
| 1 | B | 7 | 3FG | CB-CA | -5.60 | 1.46 | 1.52 |

The worst 5 of 32 bond angle outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms | Z | Observed($^o$) | Ideal($^o$) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | B | 6 | OMY | CG-CB-CA | -12.26 | 95.48 | 111.58 |
| 1 | A | 6 | OMY | CG-CB-CA | -9.21 | 99.48 | 111.58 |

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| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms | Z | Observed($^o$) | Ideal($^o$) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | B | 1 | MLU | CB-CA-C | -4.62 | 103.89 | 110.99 |
| 1 | B | 6 | OMY | CD2-CG-CD1 | 4.08 | 123.47 | 118.74 |
| 1 | B | 2 | OMZ | O-C-CA | -3.59 | 115.54 | 124.77 |

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 12 torsion outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | B | 1 | MLU | O-C-CA-CB |
| 1 | A | 2 | OMZ | O-C-CA-CB |
| 1 | B | 2 | OMZ | O-C-CA-CB |
| 1 | A | 6 | OMY | O-C-CA-CB |
| 1 | B | 6 | OMY | O-C-CA-CB |

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Clashes | Symm-Clashes |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | A | 4 | GHP | 2 | 0 |

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

| Mol | Type | Chain | Res | Link | Bond lengths | | | Bond angles | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | Counts | RMSZ | $\#\|Z\| > 2$ | Counts | RMSZ | $\#\|Z\| > 2$ |
| 2 | BGC | C | 1 | 2,1 | 11,11,12 | 2.07 | 4 (36%) | 15,15,17 | 1.98 | 5 (33%) |
| 2 | RER | C | 2 | 2 | 7,10,11 | 1.76 | 2 (28%) | 6,15,17 | 1.65 | 1 (16%) |
| 2 | BGC | D | 1 | 2,1 | 11,11,12 | 1.52 | 4 (36%) | 15,15,17 | 1.99 | 5 (33%) |
| 2 | RER | D | 2 | 2 | 7,10,11 | 1.05 | 0 | 6,15,17 | 2.10 | 3 (50%) |

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

| Mol | Type | Chain | Res | Link | Chirals | Torsions | Rings |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | BGC | C | 1 | 2,1 | - | 2/2/19/22 | 0/1/1/1 |
| 2 | RER | C | 2 | 2 | - | - | 0/1/1/1 |
| 2 | BGC | D | 1 | 2,1 | - | 1/2/19/22 | 0/1/1/1 |
| 2 | RER | D | 2 | 2 | - | - | 1/1/1/1 |

The worst 5 of 10 bond length outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms | Z | Observed(Å) | Ideal(Å) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | C | 1 | BGC | O5-C1 | -4.02 | 1.36 | 1.43 |
| 2 | C | 2 | RER | O5-C1 | -2.94 | 1.37 | 1.44 |
| 2 | C | 1 | BGC | C2-C3 | -2.89 | 1.48 | 1.52 |
| 2 | C | 2 | RER | O5-C5 | -2.66 | 1.38 | 1.43 |
| 2 | D | 1 | BGC | O2-C2 | -2.55 | 1.38 | 1.43 |

The worst 5 of 14 bond angle outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms | Z | Observed($^o$) | Ideal($^o$) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | D | 1 | BGC | C1-C2-C3 | -4.66 | 102.86 | 109.64 |
| 2 | C | 1 | BGC | C1-C2-C3 | -4.55 | 103.03 | 109.64 |
| 2 | C | 2 | RER | C5A-C5-C4 | -3.44 | 106.88 | 112.58 |
| 2 | C | 1 | BGC | C6-C5-C4 | -3.36 | 104.76 | 113.02 |
| 2 | D | 2 | RER | O5-C5-C4 | 3.29 | 115.71 | 110.04 |

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | C | 1 | BGC | C4-C5-C6-O6 |
| 2 | C | 1 | BGC | O5-C5-C6-O6 |
| 2 | D | 1 | BGC | O5-C5-C6-O6 |

All (1) ring outliers are listed below:

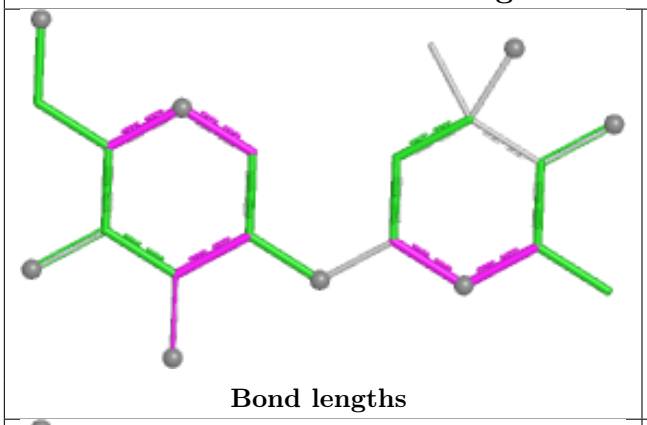
| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | D | 2 | RER | C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5 |

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

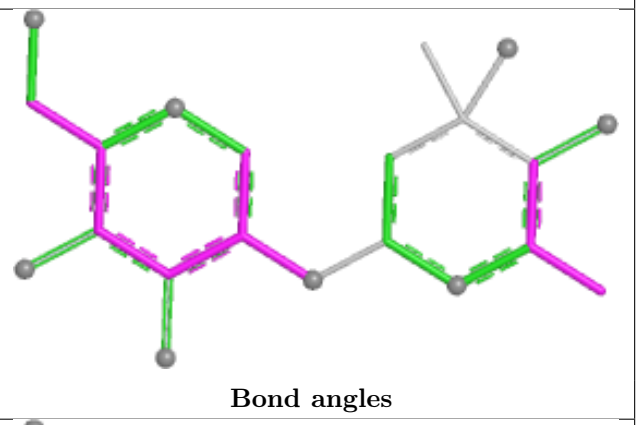
| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Clashes | Symm-Clashes |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | D | 1 | BGC | 1 | 0 |
| 2 | D | 2 | RER | 1 | 0 |

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

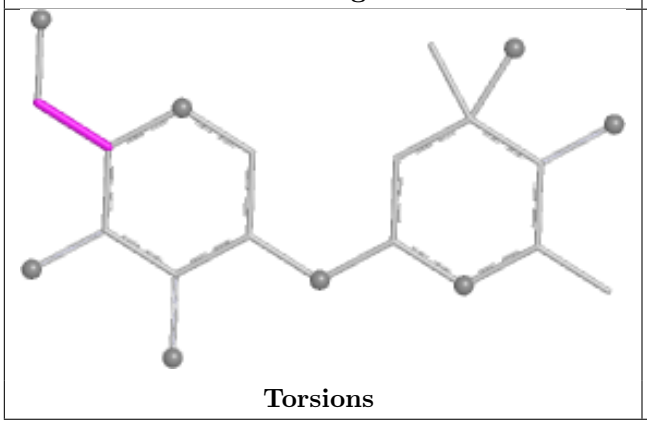
**Oligosaccharide Chain C**



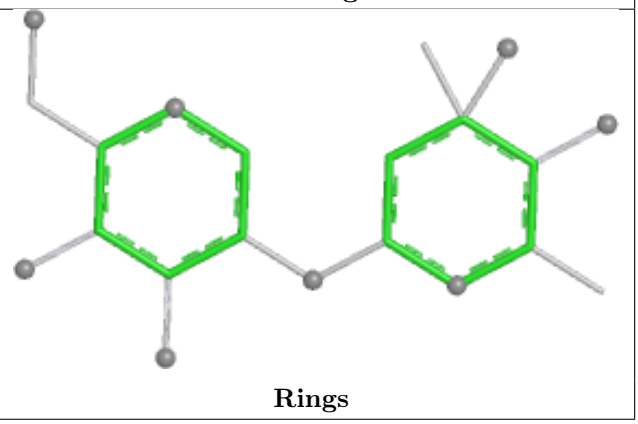
**Bond lengths**



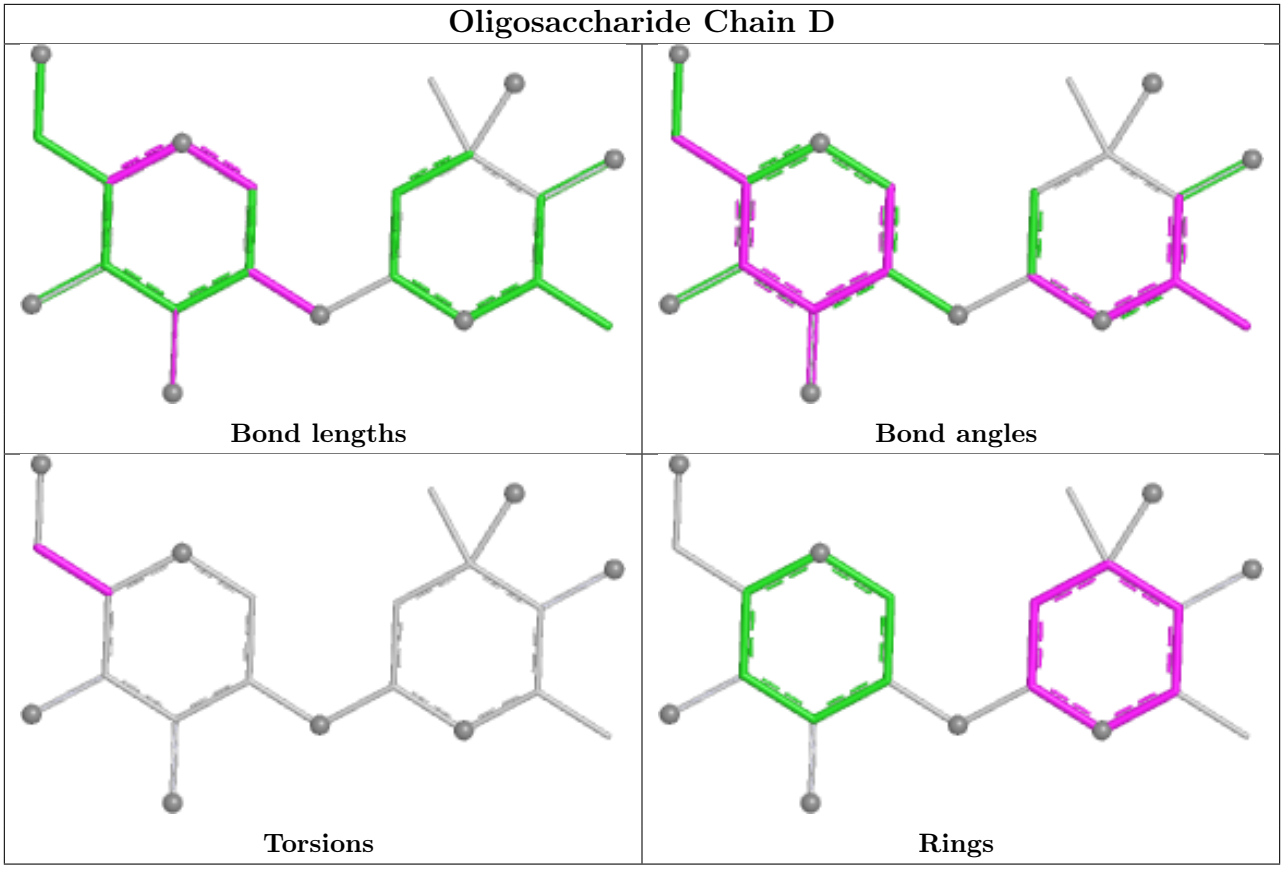
**Bond angles**



**Torsions**



**Rings**




## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

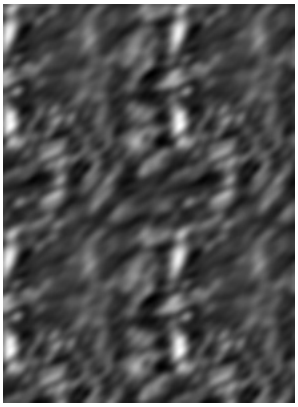
# 6 Map visualisation

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-30289. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

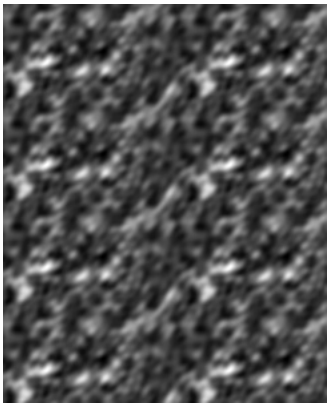
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

## 6.1 Orthogonal projections

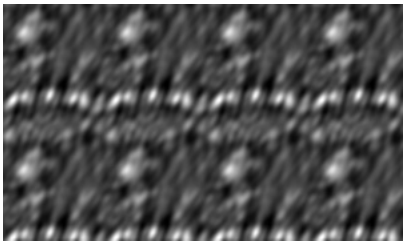
### 6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

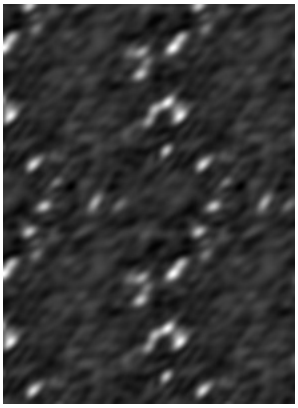


Z

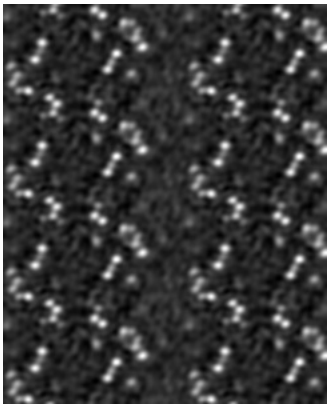
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.2 Central slices

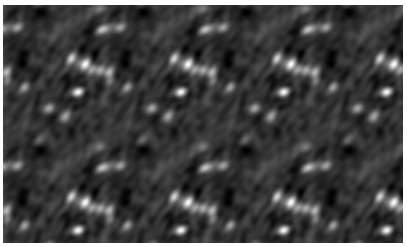
### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 105



Y Index: 62

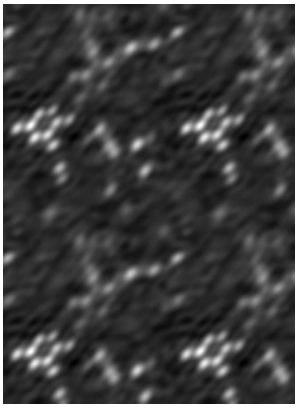


Z Index: 85

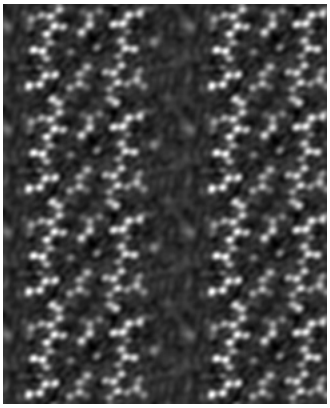
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

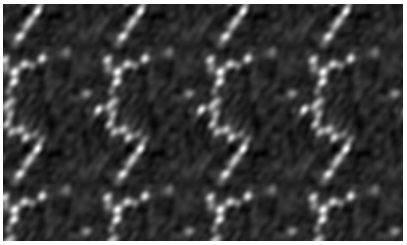
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 16



Y Index: 2

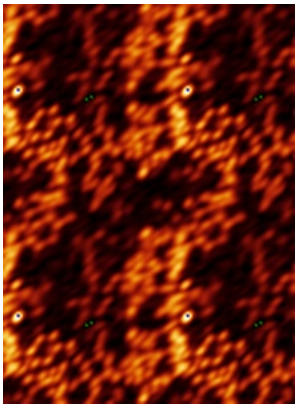


Z Index: 11

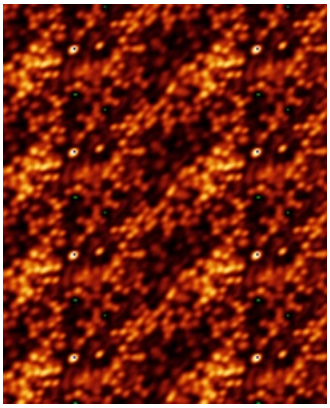
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

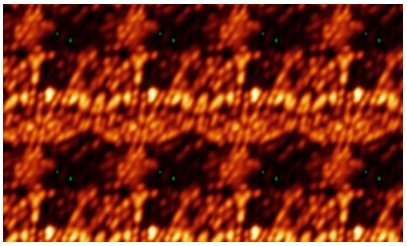
### 6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

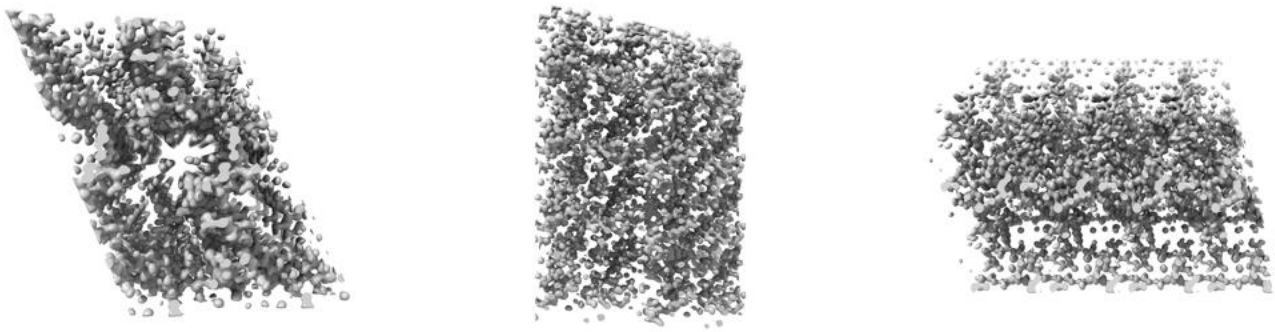


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 1.6. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

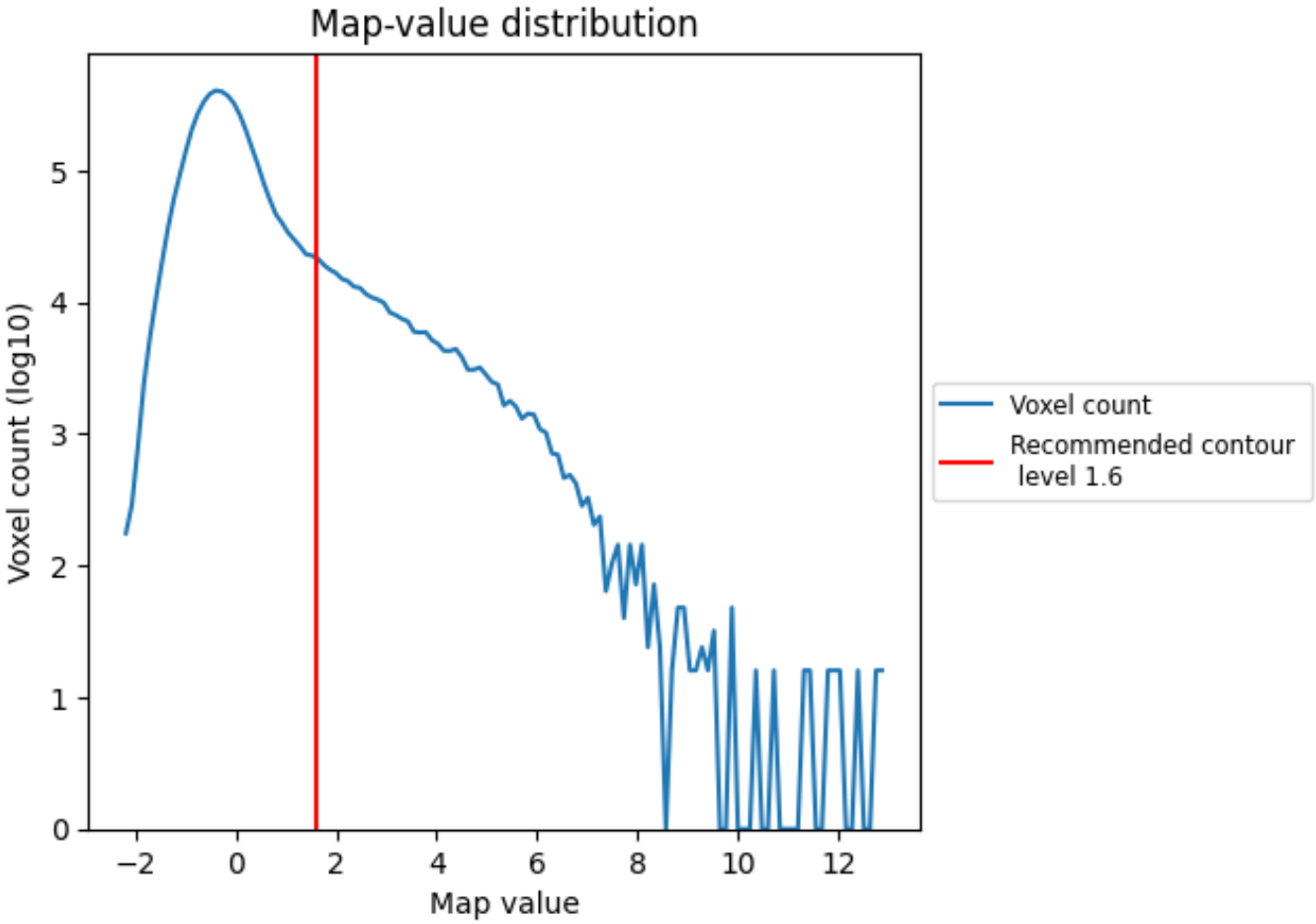
## 6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

# 7 Map analysis

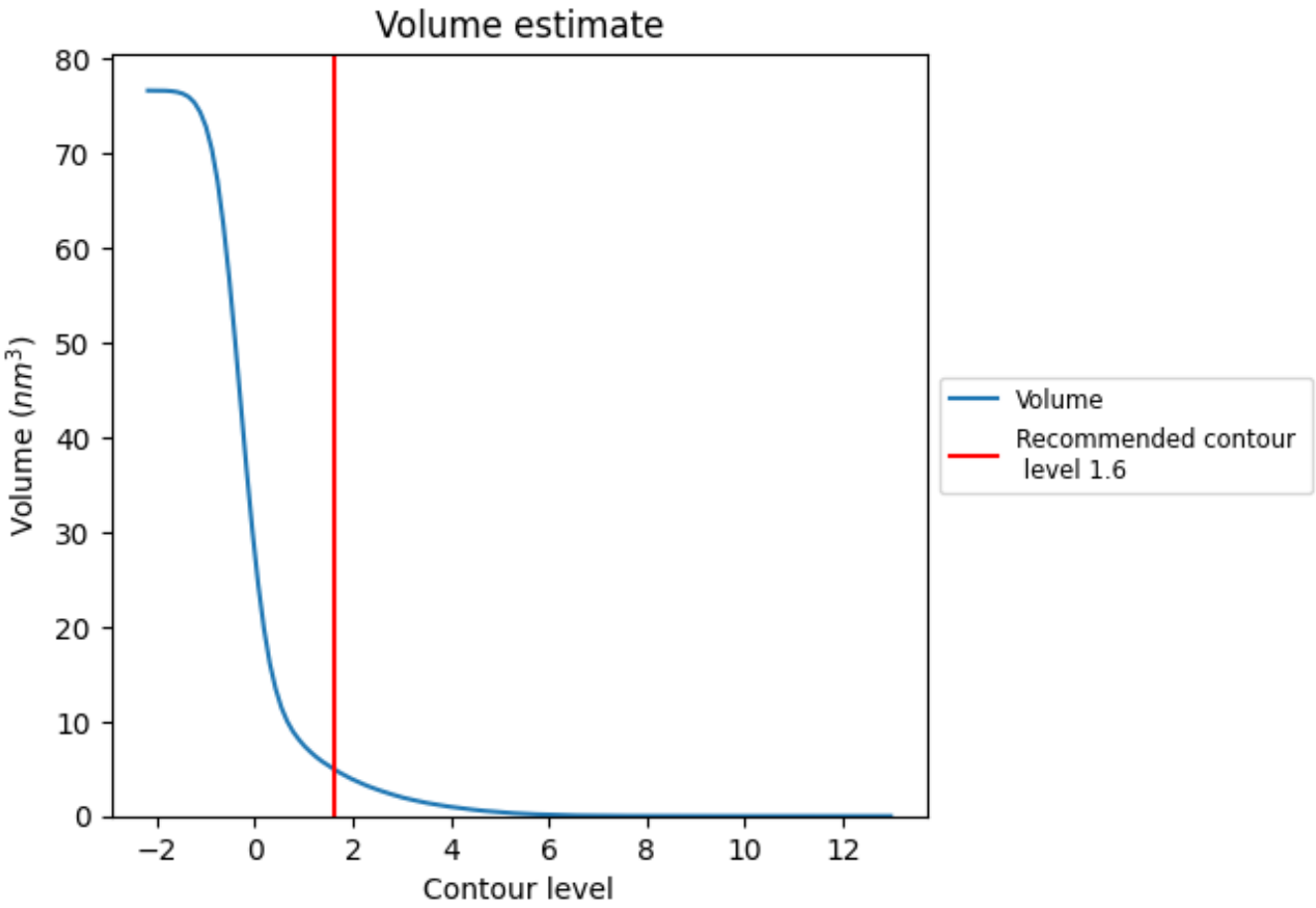
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

## 7.1 Map-value distribution




The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

## 7.2 Volume estimate (i)




The volume at the recommended contour level is 5 $nm^3$; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 5 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

## 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

This section was not generated. The rotationally averaged power spectrum is only generated for cubic maps.

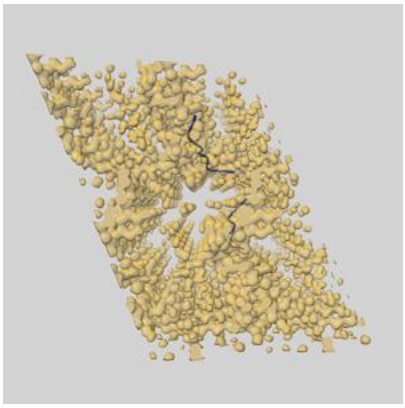
# 8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

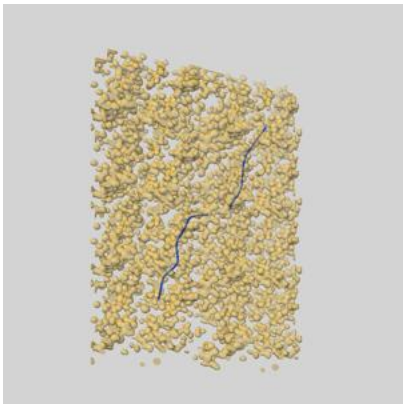
# 9 Map-model fit

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-30289 and PDB model 7C4V. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 4.

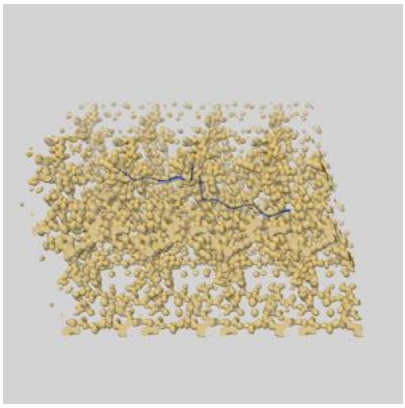
## 9.1 Map-model overlay



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 1.6 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model

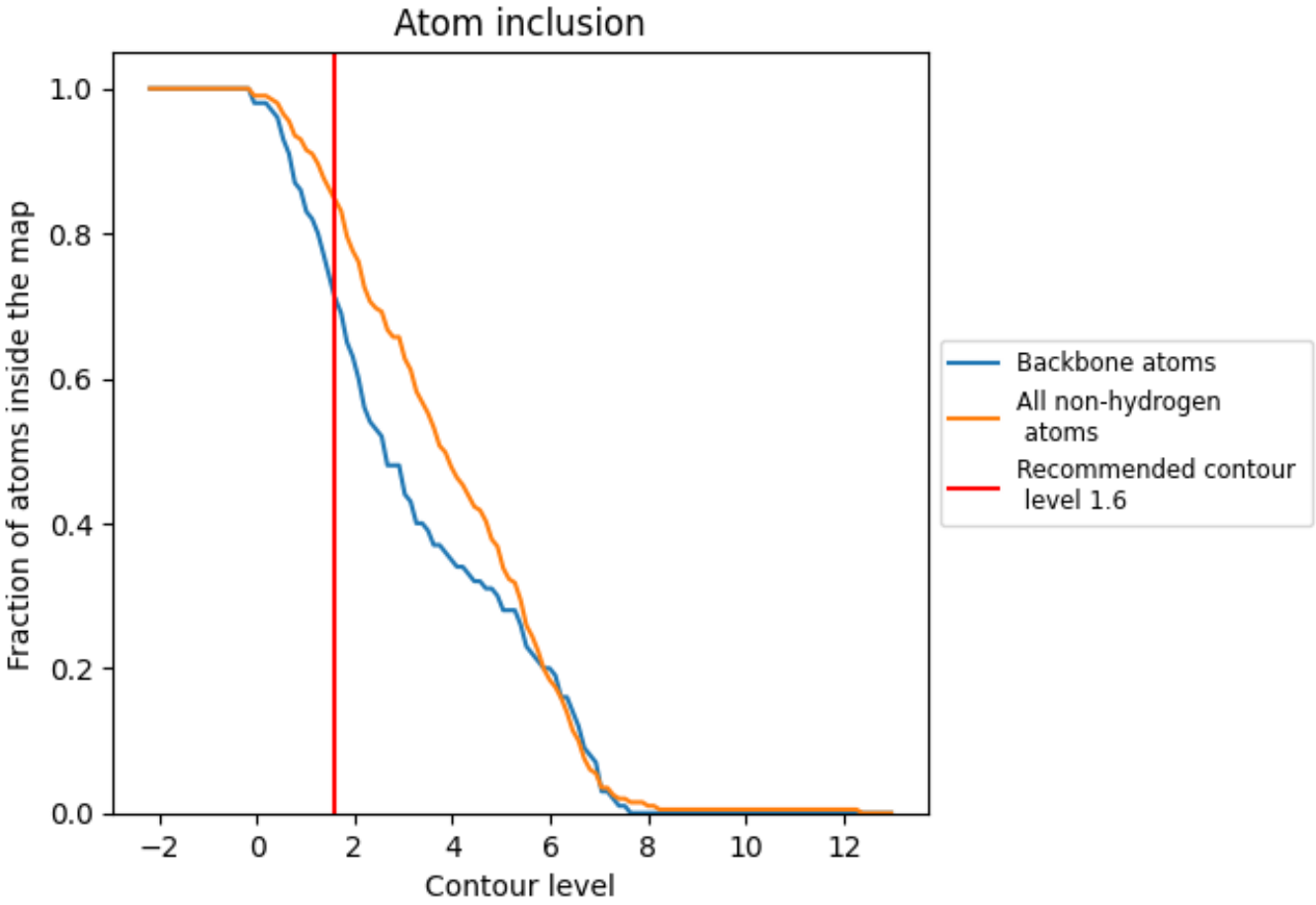
Q-score is only calculated for structures below 1.25 Å in resolution. The reported resolution for this entry is above 1.25 Å and so Q-score has not been calculated.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)


X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (1.6).

## 9.4 Atom inclusion (i)




At the recommended contour level, 71% of all backbone atoms, 85% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (1.6) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.


| Chain | Atom inclusion |
|---|---|
| All | 0.8460 |
| A | 1.0000 |
| B | 0.7850 |
| C | 1.0000 |
| D | 0.3810 |