

# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID : 7BI0

Title: GA repetition with i-motif clip at 5'-end

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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Mol Probity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4 (270009), CSD as541be (2020)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

ShiftChecker : 2.23.2

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

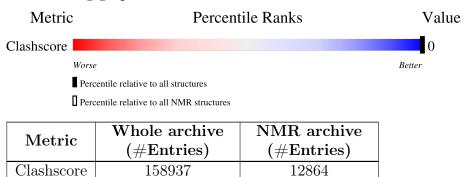
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.23.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 10%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	7	29%	71%				
1	В	7	29%	71%				
2	С	7	14%	86%				
2	D	7	14%	86%				



# 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 11 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.



# 3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 880 atoms, of which 320 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called (CH+)C(CH+)GAGA.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
1	۸	7	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
1	1 A	1	220	67	80	29	38	6	0
1	D	7	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
		1	220	67	80	29	38	6	U

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called C(CH+)CGAGA.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
9	С	7	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
	$\frac{2}{C}$	1	220	67	80	29	38	6	U
9	D	7	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
	ש	1	220	67	80	29	38	6	0



# 4 Residue-property plots (i)

#### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: (CH+)C(CH+)GAGA Chain A: 29% 71% C2 C3 C4 A5 A5 A7 • Molecule 1: (CH+)C(CH+)GAGA Chain B: 29% 71% • Molecule 2: C(CH+)CGAGA Chain C: 86% • Molecule 2: C(CH+)CGAGA Chain D: 14% 86%

# 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (author defined) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: (CH+)C(CH+)GAGA

Chain A: 29% 71%



C1 C2 C3 G4 A5 G6 A7

• Molecule 1: (CH+)C(CH+)GAGA

Chain B: 29%

71%

C9 C10 G11 A12 G13

• Molecule 2: C(CH+)CGAGA

Chain C: 14% 86%

C15 C16 C17 G18 A19 G20 A21

 $\bullet$  Molecule 2: C(CH+)CGAGA

Chain D: 14% 86%

C22 C23 C24 G25 A26 G27 A28



#### Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: molecular dynamics.

Of the 10000 calculated structures, 11 were deposited, based on the following criterion: Snapshot every 100 nanoseconds taken from 1 microsecond of unrestrained MD.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	structure calculation	16
Amber	refinement	16

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	70
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	69
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	1
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	10%



# 6 Model quality (i)

# 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DNR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Е	Sond lengths	Bond angles		
Moi Chain		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	$2.34 \pm 0.01$	$3\pm0/117~(~2.6\pm~0.0\%)$	$2.85 \pm 0.04$	$15\pm1/176$ ( $8.8\pm~0.4\%$ )	
1	В	$2.35 \pm 0.02$	$3\pm0/117~(~2.6\pm~0.2\%)$	$2.81 \pm 0.03$	$15\pm1/176~(~8.7\pm~0.4\%)$	
2	С	$2.64 \pm 0.01$	$6\pm0/135$ ( $4.4\pm~0.0\%$ )	$2.95 \pm 0.03$	$20\pm1/204~(~9.8\pm~0.5\%)$	
2	D	$2.64 \pm 0.01$	$6\pm0/135~(~4.5\pm~0.2\%)$	$2.93 \pm 0.04$	$19\pm1/204~(~9.5\pm~0.5\%)$	
All	All	2.51	200/5544 ( 3.6%)	2.89	772/8360 ( 9.2%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	В	$0.0 \pm 0.0$	$0.4 \pm 0.5$
1	A	$0.0\pm0.0$	$0.1 \pm 0.3$
2	С	$0.0\pm0.0$	$0.7 \pm 0.4$
2	D	$0.0 \pm 0.0$	$0.5 \pm 0.7$
All	All	0	19

5 of 20 unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoma	$\mathbf{Z}$	Observed(Å)	$Ideal(\mathring{A})$	Mod	dels
MIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms		Observed(A)	Ideal(A)	Worst	Total
1	В	9	DC	C5-C6	12.44	1.44	1.34	2	11
1	A	2	DC	C5-C6	12.35	1.44	1.34	5	11
2	С	17	DC	C5-C6	12.34	1.44	1.34	8	11
2	D	24	DC	C5-C6	12.33	1.44	1.34	2	11
2	D	22	DC	C5-C6	12.24	1.44	1.34	1	11

5 of 85 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.



Mol	Chain	Dag	Trme	Atoma	7	$\mathbf{Z} = \mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$		$f{Z} = f{Observed}(^o) = f{Ideal}(^o)$	Mod	dels
MIOI	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$oxed{Z} oxed{\operatorname{Observed}(^o)} oxed{\operatorname{Ideal}(}$		ideai(*)	Worst	Total	
2	С	21	DA	N1-C6-N6	-10.56	112.26	118.60	6	11	
2	D	28	DA	N1-C6-N6	-10.54	112.28	118.60	9	11	
2	D	24	DC	N3-C4-C5	10.20	125.98	121.90	10	11	
1	A	5	DA	N1-C6-N6	-10.17	112.50	118.60	11	11	
2	С	17	DC	N3-C4-C5	10.02	125.91	121.90	4	11	

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 9 unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
2	С	15	DC	Sidechain	5
2	С	20	DG	Sidechain	3
2	D	27	DG	Sidechain	3
2	D	22	DC	Sidechain	2
1	В	9	DC	Sidechain	2

## 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	6160	3520	3520	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

## 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.



#### 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

# 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains i

6 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

# 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

# 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 10% for the well-defined parts and 10% for the entire structure.

#### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name:  $starch\_output$ 

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	70
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	69
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	1
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

• No matching atoms found in structure. The only occurrence is reported below.

Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data Value   Uncertainty   Ambiguity		
				Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
Α	2	DC	Н3	15.493	0.002	1

## 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

# 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 10%, i.e. 47 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 448. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (%)	0/0 (%)	0/0 (%)
Sidechain	0/0 (%)	0/0 (%)	0/0 (%)	0/0 (%)
Aromatic	0/0 (%)	0/0 (%)	0/0 (%)	0/0 (%)
Overall	47/448 (10%)	47/272 (17%)	0/146 (0%)	0/30 (0%)

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	5	DA	H2'	1.50	3.63 - 1.63	-5.6

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

No random coil index (RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list (starch\_output). RCI is only applicable to proteins.

