

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 26, 2023 – 12:11 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3B1K

Title: Crystal structure of Glyceraldehyde-3-Phosphate Dehydrogenase complexed

with CP12 in the absence of copper from Synechococcus elongatus

Authors : Matsumura, H.; Kai, A.; Inoue, T.

Deposited on : 2011-07-04

Resolution : 3.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

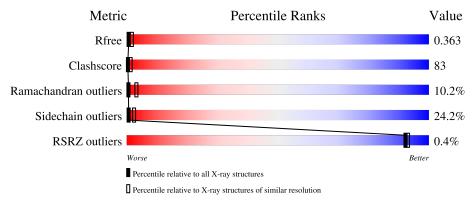
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution		
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$		
R_{free}	130704	1149 (3.34-3.26)		
Clashscore	141614	1205 (3.34-3.26)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1183 (3.34-3.26)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	1182 (3.34-3.26)		
RSRZ outliers	127900	1115 (3.34-3.26)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain		
1	A	339	16%	60%	23%	•
1	В	339	18%	58%	22%	.
1	G	339	13%	58%	26%	•
1	Н	339	14%	65%	17%	•
2	С	25	28%	48%	12% 12	2%

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Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain							
2	D	25	32%	44%	8% 8% 8%						
	D		J2 70	7770	070 070 070						
2	I	25	24% 8%	52%	12% 12%						
2	J	25	36%	40%	16% 8%						

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	NAD	G	340	-	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11278 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate dehydrogenase (NADP+).

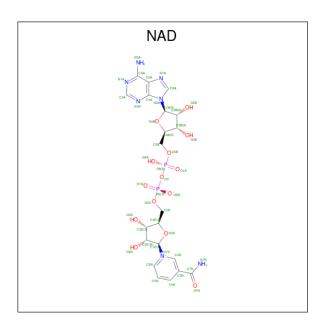
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	338	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	330	2596	1633	455	499	9	0	U	
1	В	338	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Б	330	2596	1633	455	499	9	0	U	
1	G	338	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	G	330	2596	1633	455	499	9	0	U	
1	Н	338	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	11	990	2596	1633	455	499	9		U	

• Molecule 2 is a protein called CP12.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	C	22	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
		22	175	110	23	40	2	U	0	U
2	D	23	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	ש	23	182	114	24	42	2	U		
2	Т	22	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	1	22	175	110	23	40	2	0		
2	Т	93	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	2 J	23	182	114	24	42	2	U	0	U

• Molecule 3 is NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: NAD) (formula: $C_{21}H_{27}N_7O_{14}P_2$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	
3	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
3	A	1	44	21	7	14	2	U	0	
3	В	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
3	Б	1	44	21	7	14	2	U		
3	С	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
3	G	1	44	21	7	14	2	U	0	
9	П	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
3	11	1	44	21	7	14	2	U	U	

• Molecule 4 is water.

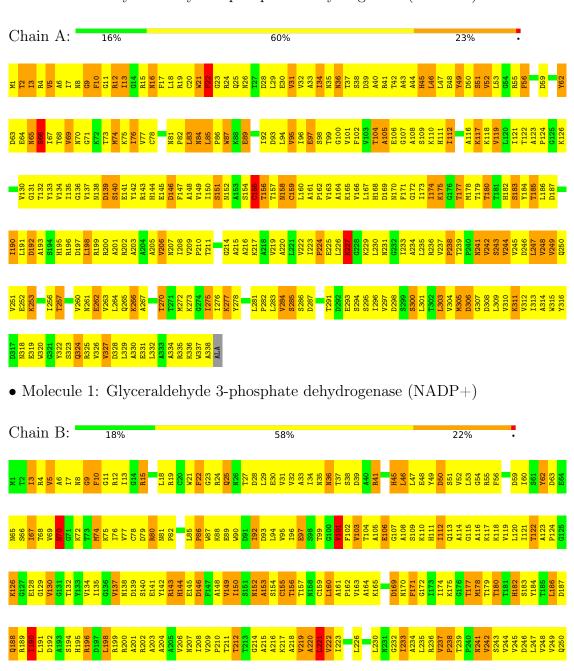
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	Н	4	Total O 4 4	0	0



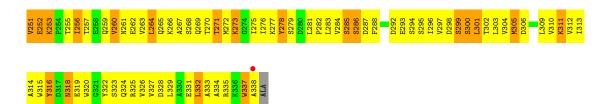
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

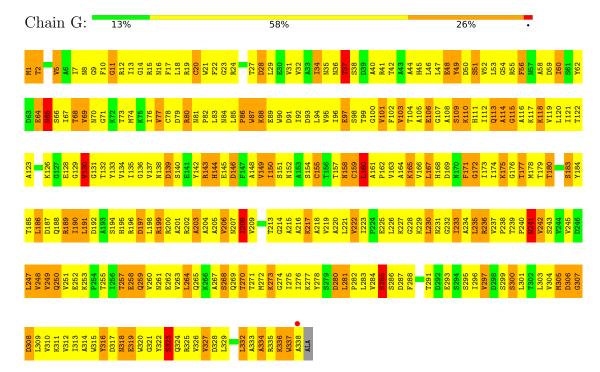
• Molecule 1: Glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate dehydrogenase (NADP+)



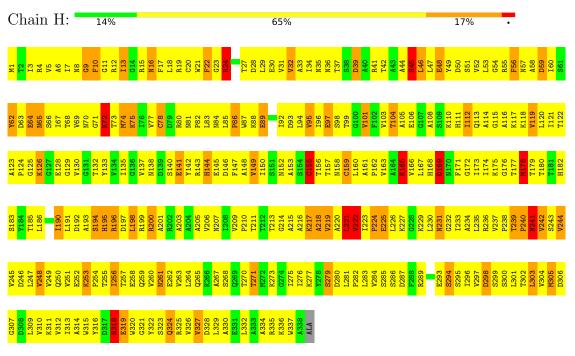




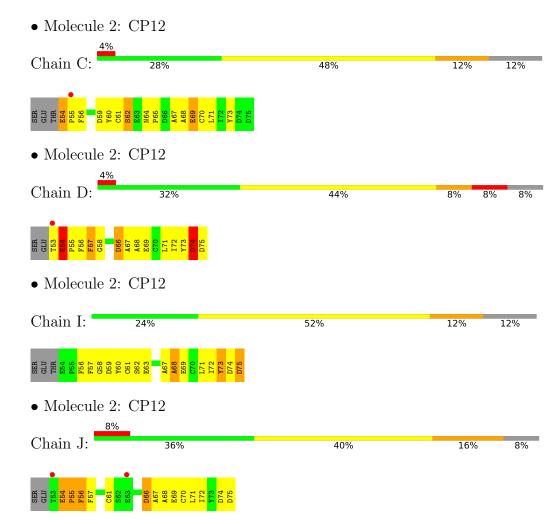
• Molecule 1: Glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate dehydrogenase (NADP+)



• Molecule 1: Glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate dehydrogenase (NADP+)









4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	70.04Å 146.89Å 161.88Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	26.06 - 3.30	Depositor
Resolution (A)	26.06 - 3.30	EDS
% Data completeness	88.9 (26.06-3.30)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	88.7 (26.06-3.30)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.15	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.46 (at 3.31Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS, PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.7_650)	Depositor
D D.	0.252 , 0.363	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.248 , 0.363	DCC
R_{free} test set	1166 reflections (5.09%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	39.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.378	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.29, 55.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.34, < L^2>=0.17$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.90	EDS
Total number of atoms	11278	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	25.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 63.49 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 9.5976e-06. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bo	ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.51	0/2639	0.75	0/3590
1	В	0.51	0/2639	0.75	$2/3590 \ (0.1\%)$
1	G	0.51	0/2639	0.74	1/3590 (0.0%)
1	Н	0.49	0/2639	0.73	0/3590
2	С	0.50	0/180	0.63	0/245
2	D	0.46	0/187	0.60	0/255
2	I	0.72	0/180	0.67	0/245
2	J	0.41	0/187	0.64	0/255
All	All	0.51	0/11290	0.74	3/15360 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	190	ILE	CB-CA-C	-6.11	99.38	111.60
1	В	264	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-5.98	101.54	115.30
1	G	206	VAL	CB-CA-C	-5.71	100.55	111.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2596	0	2620	503	0
1	В	2596	0	2620	427	0
1	G	2596	0	2620	488	0
1	Н	2596	0	2620	485	0
2	С	175	0	137	19	0
2	D	182	0	144	30	0
2	I	175	0	137	23	0
2	J	182	0	144	25	0
3	A	44	0	26	18	0
3	В	44	0	26	20	0
3	G	44	0	26	30	0
3	Н	44	0	26	17	0
4	Н	4	0	0	0	0
All	All	11278	0	11146	1854	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 83.

The worst 5 of 1854 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:G:247:LEU:HD12	1:G:248:VAL:H	1.10	1.16
1:B:305:MET:HB3	1:H:175:LYS:HD2	1.22	1.15
1:G:144:HIS:CD2	1:G:337:TRP:HA	1.84	1.12
1:A:31:VAL:HG12	1:A:74:MET:HG2	1.23	1.11
1:A:305:MET:HE2	1:G:231:ASN:H	0.97	1.10

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	336/339 (99%)	234 (70%)	75 (22%)	27 (8%)	1 6
1	В	336/339 (99%)	231 (69%)	70 (21%)	35 (10%)	0 3
1	G	336/339 (99%)	220 (66%)	74 (22%)	42 (12%)	0 1
1	Н	336/339 (99%)	222 (66%)	82 (24%)	32 (10%)	0 4
2	С	20/25~(80%)	12 (60%)	6 (30%)	2 (10%)	0 3
2	D	21/25~(84%)	15 (71%)	3 (14%)	3 (14%)	0 1
2	I	20/25~(80%)	14 (70%)	5 (25%)	1 (5%)	2 14
2	J	21/25 (84%)	13 (62%)	5 (24%)	3 (14%)	0 1
All	All	$1426/1456 \ (98\%)$	961 (67%)	320 (22%)	145 (10%)	0 3

5 of 145 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	12	ARG
1	A	105	ALA
1	A	146	ASP
1	A	155	CYS
1	A	206	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	284/284 (100%)	213 (75%)	71 (25%)	0 2
1	В	284/284~(100%)	208 (73%)	76 (27%)	0 1
1	G	284/284 (100%)	208 (73%)	76 (27%)	0 1
1	Н	284/284~(100%)	223 (78%)	61 (22%)	1 4
2	С	19/22~(86%)	16 (84%)	3 (16%)	2 11
2	D	20/22~(91%)	17 (85%)	3 (15%)	3 13
2	I	19/22~(86%)	17 (90%)	2 (10%)	7 25
2	J	20/22~(91%)	18 (90%)	2 (10%)	7 27

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
All	All	1214/1224 (99%)	920 (76%)	294 (24%)	0 2	

5 of 294 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Н	13	ILE
1	Н	303	LEU
1	Н	56	PHE
1	Н	149	VAL
1	В	104	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 29 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	269	GLN
1	Н	259	GLN
1	G	45	HIS
1	Н	152	ASN
2	С	64	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The



Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
3	NAD	G	340	-	42,48,48	1.16	5 (11%)	50,73,73	1.90	9 (18%)
3	NAD	В	340	-	42,48,48	1.16	4 (9%)	50,73,73	1.91	12 (24%)
3	NAD	Н	340	-	42,48,48	1.04	3 (7%)	50,73,73	1.37	6 (12%)
3	NAD	A	340	-	42,48,48	1.15	3 (7%)	50,73,73	1.82	11 (22%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAD	G	340	-	-	11/26/62/62	0/5/5/5
3	NAD	В	340	-	-	5/26/62/62	0/5/5/5
3	NAD	Н	340	-	-	16/26/62/62	0/5/5/5
3	NAD	A	340	-	-	7/26/62/62	0/5/5/5

The worst 5 of 15 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\mathring{\mathrm{A}})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
3	A	340	NAD	C2N-N1N	-3.82	1.30	1.35
3	G	340	NAD	C2N-N1N	-3.31	1.30	1.35
3	В	340	NAD	O4B-C1B	3.28	1.45	1.41
3	G	340	NAD	C3N-C7N	-3.07	1.46	1.50
3	G	340	NAD	O4D-C1D	3.01	1.45	1.41

The worst 5 of 38 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	В	340	NAD	PN-O3-PA	-6.64	110.05	132.83
3	A	340	NAD	PN-O3-PA	-6.28	111.28	132.83
3	G	340	NAD	PN-O3-PA	-6.24	111.42	132.83
3	В	340	NAD	O4D-C1D-C2D	-4.89	99.78	106.93
3	G	340	NAD	O4B-C1B-C2B	-4.34	100.58	106.93

There are no chirality outliers.



5 of 39 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	340	NAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O1A
3	A	340	NAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O2A
3	A	340	NAD	C3B-C4B-C5B-O5B
3	A	340	NAD	O4D-C4D-C5D-O5D
3	G	340	NAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O1A

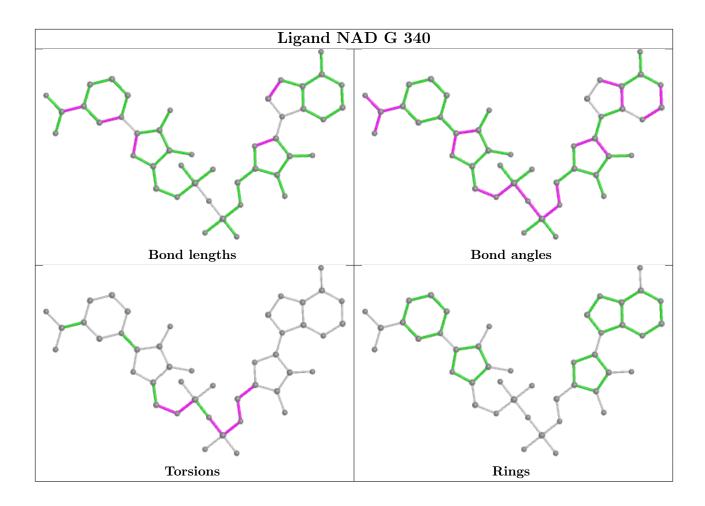
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 85 short contacts:

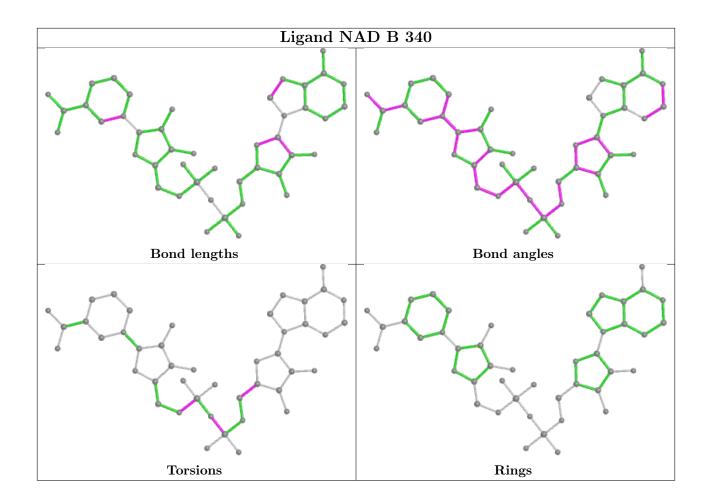
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	G	340	NAD	30	0
3	В	340	NAD	20	0
3	Н	340	NAD	17	0
3	A	340	NAD	18	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

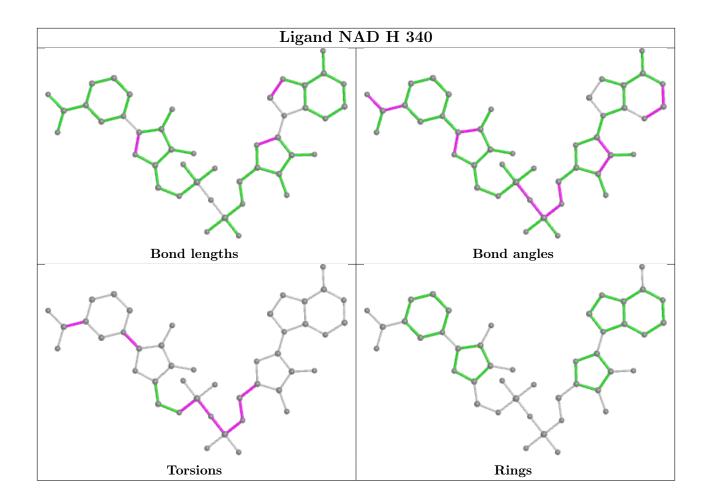




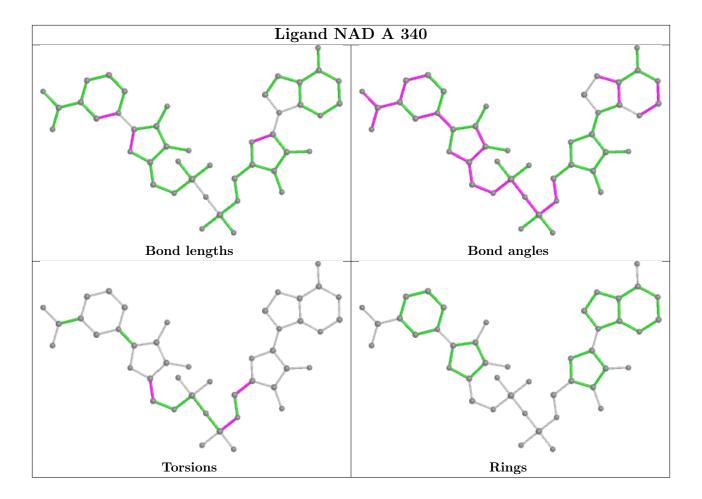












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	338/339 (99%)	-0.56	0 100 100	2, 20, 39, 58	0
1	В	338/339 (99%)	-0.49	1 (0%) 94 94	6, 25, 44, 68	0
1	G	338/339 (99%)	-0.53	1 (0%) 94 94	4, 22, 41, 69	0
1	Н	338/339 (99%)	-0.45	0 100 100	5, 27, 52, 66	0
2	С	22/25~(88%)	-0.11	1 (4%) 33 32	10, 28, 49, 67	0
2	D	23/25~(92%)	0.24	1 (4%) 35 34	26, 46, 67, 95	0
2	I	22/25~(88%)	-0.33	0 100 100	9, 25, 51, 54	0
2	J	23/25~(92%)	0.01	2 (8%) 10 10	17, 40, 70, 86	0
All	All	1442/1456 (99%)	-0.48	6 (0%) 92 93	2, 24, 48, 95	0

The worst 5 of 6 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	D	53	THR	6.0
2	J	53	THR	2.9
2	С	55	PRO	2.2
2	J	63	GLU	2.2
1	G	338	ALA	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

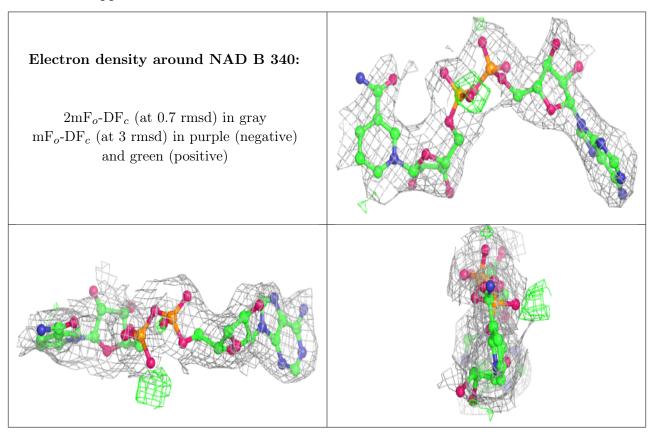


6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	NAD	В	340	44/44	0.94	0.19	10,25,43,45	0
3	NAD	A	340	44/44	0.95	0.16	10,17,29,33	0
3	NAD	G	340	44/44	0.95	0.17	9,15,26,34	0
3	NAD	Н	340	44/44	0.96	0.14	10,23,30,34	0

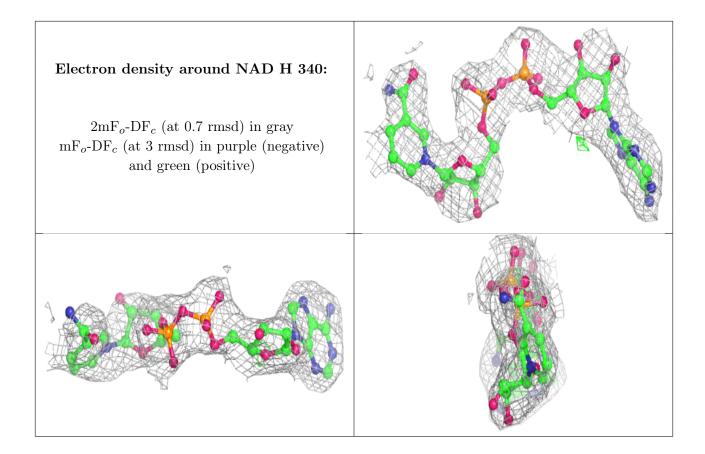
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





Electron density around NAD A 340: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o -DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive) Electron density around NAD G 340: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o -DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)





6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

