

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 13, 2020 – 03:26 am BST

PDB ID : 5AOV

Title : Ternary Crystal Structure of Pyrococcus furiosus Glyoxylate Hydroxypyruvate

Reductase in presence of glyoxylate

Authors : Lassalle, L.; Girard, E.

Deposited on : 2015-09-12

Resolution : 1.40 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Mol Probity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.11

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

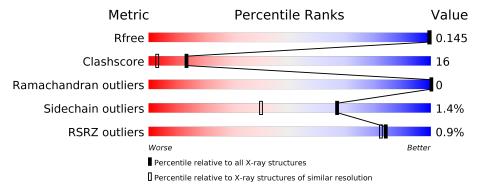
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



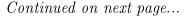
Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	1714 (1.40-1.40)
Clashscore	141614	1812 (1.40-1.40)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1763 (1.40-1.40)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1762 (1.40-1.40)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1674 (1.40-1.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain							
			<mark>%</mark>							
1	A	336	84%	15%	•					

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mo	ol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2		NAP	A	1335[B]	X	-	-	-
3		GLV	A	1356	-	-	X	-





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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	1PE	A	1342	-	X	-	-
4	1PE	A	1343	-	-	X	-
4	1PE	A	1345	-	X	-	-
4	1PE	A	1347	-	-	X	-
4	1PE	A	1349	-	-	X	-
4	1PE	A	1359	-	-	X	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

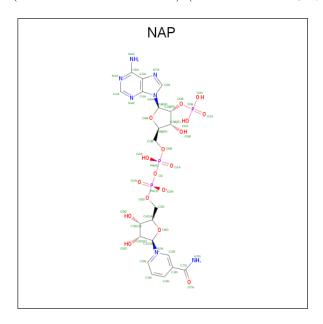
There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6415 atoms, of which 2894 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called GLYOXYLATE REDUCTASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	334	Total 5676	C 1810	H 2858	N 483	O 517	S	0	19	0

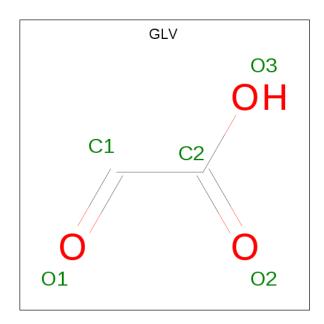
• Molecule 2 is NADP NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: NAP) (formula: C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>28</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>17</sub>P<sub>3</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total 96	C 42	N 14	O 34	P 6	0	1

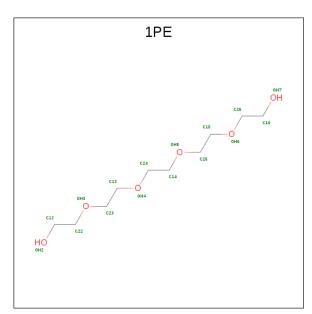
• Molecule 3 is GLYOXYLIC ACID (three-letter code: GLV) (formula: C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 5 2 3	0	0
3	A	1	Total C O 5 2 3	0	0

 $\bullet \ \, \text{Molecule 4 is PENTAETHYLENE GLYCOL (three-letter code: 1PE) (formula: $C_{10}H_{22}O_6$)}. \\$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0

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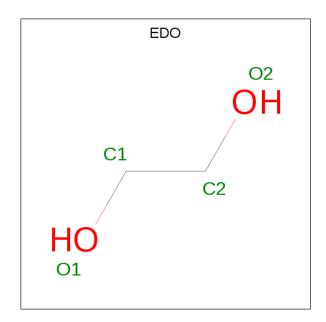


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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 10 6 4	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 10 6 4	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 10 6 4	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 10 6 4	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 13 8 5	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 16 10 6	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 16 10 6	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 13 8 5	0	0

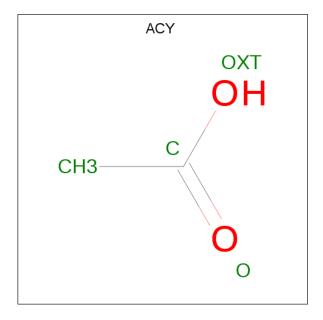
 $\bullet$  Molecule 5 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_2H_6O_2}).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
5	Λ	1	Total	С	Н	О	0	0	
0	Λ	1	10	2	6	2	0	U	
5	A	1	Total	С	Н	Ο	0	0	
	Λ	1	10	2	6	2	0	U	
5	A	1	Total	С	Η	О	0	0	
	Λ	1	10	2	6	2	U	0	
5	Δ	1	Total	С	Η	О	0	0	
	Λ	1	10	2	6	2	0	U	
5	Δ	1	Total	С	Η	О	0	0	
	11	1	10	2	6	2			

 $\bullet$  Molecule 6 is ACETIC ACID (three-letter code: ACY) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_2H_4O_2}).$ 





$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total				0	0
	11	_	7	2	3	2	0	
6	Λ	1	Total	$\mathbf{C}$	Η	O	0	0
U	Α	1	7	2	3	2	0	U

## • Molecule 7 is water.

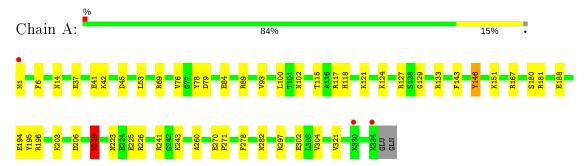
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	422	Total O 422 422	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: GLYOXYLATE REDUCTASE





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 41	Depositor
Cell constants	114.58Å 114.58Å 118.12Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	40.51 - 1.40	Depositor
Resolution (A)	47.73 - 1.40	EDS
% Data completeness	99.5 (40.51-1.40)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.4 (47.73-1.40)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.05	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.12 (at 1.40Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (PHENIX.REFINE)	Depositor
D D.	0.131 , 0.143	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.134 , $0.145$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	7473 reflections $(5.03%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	20.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.125	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	$0.41 \; , \; 58.5$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.46, < L^2>=0.29$	Xtriage
	0.019 for l,-k,h	
	0.023  for -l,-k,-h	
Estimated twinning fraction	0.025  for -h,-l,-k	Xtriage
	0.018  for  -h,l,k	
	0.059  for -h,k,-l	
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.98	EDS
Total number of atoms	6415	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	30.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.98% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ACY, NAP, EDO, GLV, 1PE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	Bond lengths		ond angles
Mol   Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	1.03	$2/2909 \ (0.1\%)$	1.13	$18/3925 \; (0.5\%)$

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

#### All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	${f Atoms}$	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	A	188	GLU	CB-CG	5.46	1.62	1.52
1	A	146	TYR	CE1-CZ	-5.05	1.31	1.38

The worst 5 of 18 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	167	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.35	125.47	120.30
1	A	219	MET	CG-SD-CE	-9.50	85.00	100.20
1	A	127	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.45	115.58	120.30
1	A	241[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.94	124.77	120.30
1	A	241[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.94	124.77	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	117	ARG	Sidechain



### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2818	2858	2899	71	0
2	A	96	0	49	2	0
3	A	10	0	2	3	0
4	A	147	0	192	76	0
5	A	20	30	30	0	0
6	A	8	6	6	0	0
7	A	422	0	0	25	2
All	All	3521	2894	3178	101	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

The worst 5 of 101 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{l}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
4:A:1359:1PE:H241	7:A:2214:HOH:O	1.34	1.25
1:A:143:PHE:H	4:A:1359:1PE:H132	1.12	1.11
1:A:243:LYS:HZ2	4:A:1349:1PE:H132	1.14	1.07
4:A:1359:1PE:H242	7:A:2185:HOH:O	1.58	1.01
1:A:151:LYS:HZ2	4:A:1347:1PE:H132	1.24	1.00

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	Clash overlap (Å)
7:A:2059:HOH:O	7:A:2251:HOH:O[3_645]	1.94	0.26
7:A:2220:HOH:O	7:A:2354:HOH:O[6_765]	1.97	0.23



#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	351/336 (104%)	342 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
1	A	301/284 (106%)	297 (99%)	4 (1%)	69	42

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1	MET
1	A	100	LEU
1	A	180	SER
1	A	219	MET

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Α	14	ASN



#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

26 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

N / 1	TD.	GI.	Ъ	т. 1	В	ond leng	$\operatorname{gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
5	EDO	A	1353	_	3,3,3	0.56	0	2,2,2	0.31	0
4	1PE	A	1347	_	12,12,15	0.90	0	11,11,14	1.46	3 (27%)
5	EDO	A	1352	_	3,3,3	0.56	0	2,2,2	0.42	0
2	NAP	A	1335[B]	-	45,52,52	2.84	13 (28%)	56,80,80	2.79	11 (19%)
2	NAP	A	1335[A]	-	45,52,52	3.12	11 (24%)	56,80,80	2.21	15 (26%)
4	1PE	A	1337	-	6,6,15	0.43	0	5,5,14	0.82	0
5	EDO	A	1350	_	3,3,3	0.53	0	2,2,2	0.19	0
4	1PE	A	1339	_	6,6,15	0.84	0	5,5,14	1.87	2 (40%)
4	1PE	A	1348	-	15,15,15	0.82	0	14,14,14	1.74	4 (28%)
4	1PE	A	1346	-	9,9,15	0.62	0	8,8,14	1.91	4 (50%)
4	1PE	A	1349	-	15,15,15	0.81	0	14,14,14	1.83	5 (35%)
6	ACY	A	1357	-	1,3,3	6.90	1 (100%)	0,3,3	0.00	-
4	1PE	A	1344	-	9,9,15	0.51	0	8,8,14	2.34	4 (50%)
5	EDO	A	1354	_	3,3,3	0.61	0	2,2,2	0.12	0
4	1PE	A	1340	-	6,6,15	0.78	0	5,5,14	1.66	2 (40%)



Mal	T	Chain	Dag	Link	В	ond leng	$_{ m gths}$	Е	ond ang	gles
Mol	Type	Chain	${f Res}$	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	1PE	A	1345	-	9,9,15	0.54	0	8,8,14	2.26	4 (50%)
6	ACY	A	1358	-	1,3,3	3.17	1 (100%)	0,3,3	0.00	-
3	GLV	A	1356	-	1,4,4	0.03	0	0,4,4	0.00	-
4	1PE	A	1342	_	6,6,15	0.78	0	5,5,14	1.88	2 (40%)
4	1PE	A	1343	_	9,9,15	1.00	0	8,8,14	1.64	2 (25%)
4	1PE	A	1359	-	12,12,15	0.70	0	11,11,14	2.64	6 (54%)
3	GLV	A	1336	-	1,4,4	0.77	0	0,4,4	0.00	-
5	EDO	A	1351	-	3,3,3	0.58	0	2,2,2	0.11	0
4	1PE	A	1341	_	6,6,15	0.65	0	5,5,14	1.87	2 (40%)
4	1PE	A	1355	-	6,6,15	0.81	0	5,5,14	1.52	0
4	1PE	A	1338	-	6,6,15	0.69	0	5,5,14	1.77	1 (20%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	EDO	A	1353	_	-	0/1/1/1	_
4	1PE	A	1347	_	-	5/10/10/13	-
5	EDO	A	1352	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
2	NAP	A	1335[B]	_	1/1/12/12	6/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
2	NAP	A	1335[A]	-	-	6/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
4	1PE	A	1337	-	-	0/4/4/13	-
5	EDO	A	1350	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
4	1PE	A	1339	_	-	0/4/4/13	_
4	1PE	A	1348	_	-	5/13/13/13	_
4	1PE	A	1346	-	-	4/7/7/13	-
4	1PE	A	1349	-	-	6/13/13/13	_
4	1PE	A	1344	-	-	4/7/7/13	-
5	EDO	A	1354	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
4	1PE	A	1340	-	-	2/4/4/13	-
4	1PE	A	1345	-	-	6/7/7/13	_
3	GLV	A	1356	-	-	0/0/2/2	-
4	1PE	A	1342	-	-	4/4/4/13	-
4	1PE	A	1343	-	-	4/7/7/13	-
4	1PE	A	1359	_	-	5/10/10/13	-
3	GLV	A	1336	-	-	0/0/2/2	-

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Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Link	${f Chirals}$	Torsions	Rings
5	EDO	A	1351	_	-	0/1/1/1	-
4	1PE	A	1341	-	-	1/4/4/13	-
4	1PE	A	1355	-	-	2/4/4/13	-
4	1PE	A	1338	-	-	2/4/4/13	-

The worst 5 of 26 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
2	A	1335[A]	NAP	C2D-C1D	-11.83	1.35	1.53
2	A	1335[A]	NAP	O4D-C1D	11.34	1.56	1.41
2	A	1335[B]	NAP	O4D-C1D	9.44	1.54	1.41
2	A	1335[B]	NAP	C2D-C1D	-9.18	1.39	1.53
6	A	1357	ACY	СН3-С	6.90	1.57	1.48

The worst 5 of 67 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	${f Atoms}$	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	A	1335[B]	NAP	C3D-C2D-C1D	11.58	118.41	100.98
2	A	1335[B]	NAP	O4D-C1D-C2D	-9.84	92.55	106.93
2	A	1335[A]	NAP	C3D-C2D-C1D	9.14	114.74	100.98
2	A	1335[B]	NAP	C2D-C3D-C4D	-8.29	86.54	102.64
2	A	1335[B]	NAP	N3A-C2A-N1A	-4.94	120.96	128.68

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	$\mathbf{Type}$	Atom
2	A	1335[B]	NAP	C2D

5 of 62 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Atoms
2	A	1335[A]	NAP	O4D-C1D-N1N-C6N
4	A	1343	1PE	C12-C22-OH3-C23
4	A	1349	1PE	C12-C22-OH3-C23
4	A	1345	1PE	C12-C22-OH3-C23
4	A	1344	1PE	C23-C13-OH4-C24

There are no ring outliers.

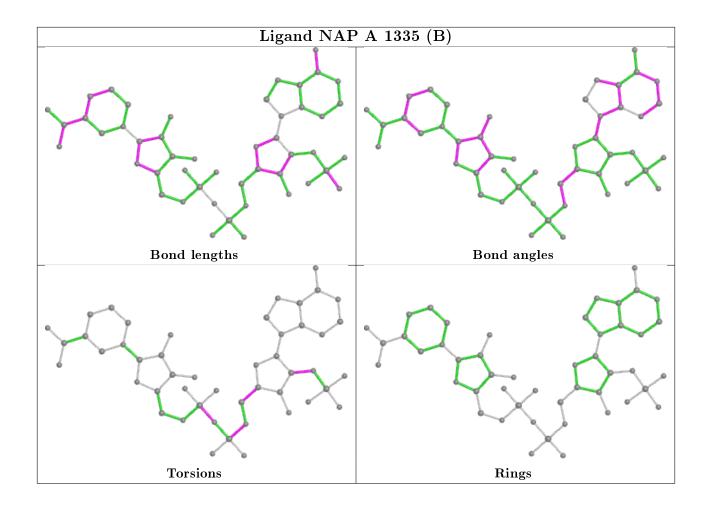
15 monomers are involved in 81 short contacts:



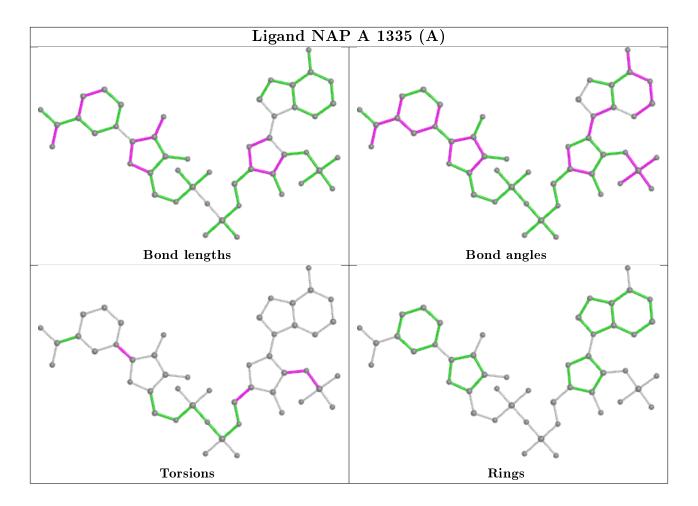
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	1347	1PE	9	0
2	A	1335[A]	NAP	2	0
4	A	1339	1PE	1	0
4	A	1348	1PE	5	0
4	A	1346	1PE	4	0
4	A	1349	1PE	14	0
4	A	1344	1PE	1	0
4	A	1340	1PE	2	0
4	A	1345	1PE	2	0
3	A	1356	GLV	2	0
4	A	1343	1PE	24	0
4	A	1359	1PE	11	0
3	A	1336	GLV	1	0
4	A	1341	1PE	1	0
4	A	1338	1PE	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	334/336 (99%)	-0.48	3 (0%) 84 82	16, 23, 40, 78	0

All (3) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	RSRZ
1	A	334	ASN	5.3
1	A	1	MET	5.1
1	A	330	LYS	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B\text{-}factors}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	EDO	A	1351	4/4	0.70	0.16	59,71,78,79	0
4	1PE	A	1344	10/16	0.72	0.23	39,63,69,70	0
5	EDO	A	1354	4/4	0.74	0.24	68,82,95,114	0
5	EDO	A	1352	4/4	0.75	0.25	66,79,92,92	0

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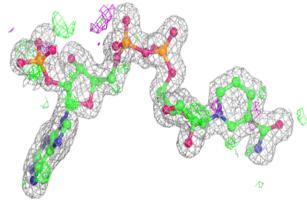
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{\textbf{B-factors}}(\hbox{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	1PE	A	1359	13/16	0.76	0.28	20,39,58,64	13
4	1PE	A	1355	7/16	0.78	0.19	75,78,87,99	0
4	1PE	A	1341	7/16	0.83	0.09	64,69,75,79	0
4	1PE	A	1345	10/16	0.84	0.10	38,47,67,73	0
5	EDO	A	1353	4/4	0.85	0.35	47,70,87,95	0
4	1PE	A	1343	10/16	0.85	0.19	28,47,68,73	0
4	1PE	A	1346	10/16	0.85	0.15	37,71,78,82	0
4	1PE	A	1348	16/16	0.87	0.15	34,53,75,77	0
6	ACY	A	1357	4/4	0.87	0.12	25,31,33,37	0
4	1PE	A	1340	7/16	0.89	0.18	46,55,78,82	0
4	1PE	A	1338	7/16	0.90	0.10	52,58,78,79	0
5	EDO	A	1350	4/4	0.91	0.09	49,60,72,83	0
6	ACY	A	1358	4/4	0.93	0.09	30,36,44,53	0
3	GLV	A	1356	5/5	0.93	0.31	19,21,36,50	5
4	1PE	A	1349	16/16	0.93	0.11	30,48,82,87	0
4	1PE	A	1347	13/16	0.93	0.11	30,46,66,87	0
4	1PE	A	1337	7/16	0.94	0.07	31,33,44,52	0
4	1PE	A	1342	7/16	0.94	0.08	41,51,77,81	0
4	1PE	A	1339	7/16	0.95	0.09	49,56,77,88	0
2	NAP	A	1335[A]	48/48	0.98	0.09	13,18,29,31	48
3	GLV	A	1336	5/5	0.98	0.06	15,24,26,29	0
2	NAP	A	1335[B]	48/48	0.98	0.09	14,17,22,26	48

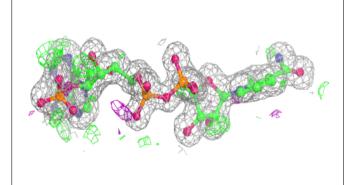
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

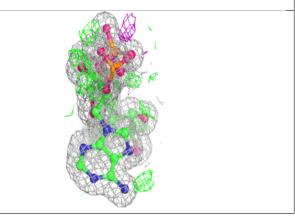


# Electron density around NAP A 1335 (A): $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c \ ({\rm at}\ 0.7\ {\rm rmsd}) \ {\rm in}\ {\rm gray}$

 ${
m mF}_o{
m -DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

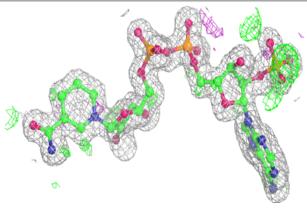


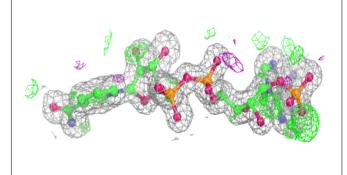


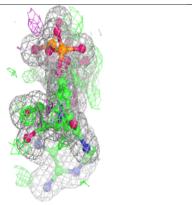


#### Electron density around NAP A 1335 (B):

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

